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CONTENTS.

PAGE

Calvert and Darnall Gleanings from English Wills. *Mrs. Russel Hastings,* - - - - - - - - - - 1

The Indians of the Chesapeake Bay Section. *James E. Hancock,* 23

Some Descendants of Colonel Philip Briscoe. *L. W. Reid,* - 40

Restoration of the Senate Chamber. *J. Appleton Wilson,* - - 54

Colonial Records of Ann Arundell. *Contributed by Louis Dow Scisco,* - - - - - - - - - - - - 62

Proceedings of the Society, - - - - - - - - 68

List of Members, - - - - - - - - - - 86

Index, - - - - - - - - - - - - 115

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MARYLAND

HISTORICAL MAGAZINE

Vol. XXII. MARCH, 1927. No. 1.

CALVERT AND DARNALL GLEANINGS FROM ENGLISH WILLS.

Mrs. Russel Hastings.

(*Continued from* Vol. XXI, p. 324.)

In the following wills which elucidate somewhat the English background of the Darnall family of Maryland, there is no proof of the immediate ancestry of Col. Henry Darnall, who played an important part in the early history of the Colony. It is to be hoped that evidence which has escaped the present writer's attention may be brought forward before the series is ended, so that the Darnall descendants may have here a definite starting point from which to embark upon a search for their pedigree in the old world. Wilson Miles Cary, whose finished work was flawless, left among his manuscript notes (deposited with the Maryland Historical Society after his death) a number of pedigree charts which appear to have been only tentative. There is unfortunately no way of knowing just what his attitude was toward, for instance, the Darnall chart which makes Col. Henry Darnall the son of Philip Darnall and grandson of Henry Darnall of "Bird's Place," Essendon, Herts. Mr. Cary's hypothesis, if carried out, would make a man who died in 1711 the grandson of a man who died in 1608, which is of course possible, but which requires explaining to the genealogically minded.

As new English surnames connected with the Calverts and Darnalls come to the surface, examination of the annals of early Maryland shows that practically all these names appeared in the new world in some form or other. Indeed one may almost say that an early settler bearing one of these surnames might profitably be sought for first in the Calvert circle, provided of course, he did not come in a migration which was entirely foreign to the purposes of the Proprietary.

The Will of JOHN DARNALL[1] of Hertingfordbury, Hertfordshire, dated 20 Jan., 1604/5.

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[1] John Darnall, one of the Secondaries of the Pipe, m. (according to a pedigree in Clutterbuck's *Herts*, Vol. II, p. 201) (1) Susan, dau. of John Mynn of Hertingfordbury, Herts; (2) Susan or Susanna Lawrence, dau. of Roger Lawrence of Hertingfordbury and his w. Elizabeth, dau. of *George* Mynne of Hertingfordbury. This pedigree of all that are given by different writers seems to be the most plausible and, after one error has been pointed out, may be accepted with some degree of confidence. The daughters of George Mynne, who m. 1574, were named in his will in the preceding issue of the *Magazine* as Mary, Susan and Ann. We know by their father's epitaph (p. 310) that he had but three daughters. Elizabeth Mynne therefore was probably the sister of George Mynne and one of the daughters of John Mynn of Hertingfordbury, and as such we may let her rest until proof to the contrary arises. By his first wife Susan Mynne, John Darnall had at least one surviving son, Henry Darnall of Gray's Inn, London, and of "Bird's Place," Parish of Essendon, Herts. There is uncertainty in the present writer's mind as to the mother of John Darnall's eldest daughter Ann who m. Francis Bristowe before 1604/5, but careful study inclines one to the belief that Ann Bristowe, called by Ann Butler her "neece" and already married when the other children of John Darnall were young, was a full sister of Henry Darnall and a half-sister of these little girls, although John Wise calls Francis Bristowe his wife's son-in-law. John Darnall had by his second wife Susanna Lawrence; (1) Elizabeth who m. Christopher Vernon of Hertingfordbury before 1619, and of whom later; (2) Susan who m. first (after 1631 apparently) Henry Chitting, Chester Herald, b. in Bury St. Edmunds, Suffolk, d. in Islington, Middlesex, 7 Jan., 1637/8. Henry Chitting had m. previously Anne, dau. of William Bennet of New Hall, Jocelins, Essex, and sister of Joyce, wife of John Duke, etc., by whom he had issue. Henry Chitting had by Susan Darnall, one son Francis Chitting. The widow soon married Thomas Morris, "Clerk," of Ash in Kent, who was living in 1652 (*V. of Essex*, Harleian, 1634, p. 347; *V. of Herts*, Harleian, p. 72; *Dict. of Nat. Biog.* for Chitting); (3) Mary or Marie, who m., after 1631 apparently, William Carter of Hatfield Woodside, Herts, of whom later. William Carter was of the Garston, Watford, Herts family which is said in the Carter Family Tree by Oliver to have produced Col. John Carter of Corotoman, Va. and for this reason it will be particularly interesting to study these kinsmen of the Calverts and Darnalls.

Susanna Lawrence, after the death of her husband John Darnall, m. (2) John Wise of London who d. 1625. She was named sole executrix of the wills of Anne Boteler, of John Darnall and of John Wise and must have

"In the name of God Amen I JOHN DARNALL of Hartingfordbury in the Countye of Hartff; gent' beinge of perfecte mynde and remembrñce (thankes be to Allmightie God) doe nowe make this for my laste will and Testamente And because tyme dothe not p'mitte me to make yt in such a good forme and order as I might and shoold if tyme wolde serve me; yet for the satisfieng of my mynde, I will nowe fullie and thoroughlye explane my meanenge for avoydinge all controversye that mighte rise by lawe yf I had no will. And therefore I doe nowe make and ordayne this for my laste will and Testam't and soe forever to remayne firm and sure if hereafter I doo not otherwise determyne thereof. ffirst that whereas I am bounde to leave vnto my wife SUSAN DARNALL ffortye poundes of lawfull money

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been a woman of rather peculiar ability for her time. In all English genealogical research the student must wander through a maze of conflicting statements and this is particularly true with regard to Susanna Lawrence. The *Visitation* pedigrees are least to be relied upon, since they are merely a statement made by some member of the family to the visiting Herald and more or less accurately set down by him. The newly published *Victoria County Histories* of England are a monumental work, which embody the best of what has gone before and add an abundance of freshly discovered documentary evidence. The *Victoria History of Herts,* Vol. III, p. 467, repeats however the *Visitation of Herts* error of making Susanna the daughter of William Lawrence when she is definitely named in her daughter Elizabeth Vernon's M. I. as the daughter of Roger Lawrence, and of which later. The *Victoria History* does add to our knowledge by giving the names of Susanna's sisters in 1606. They were Ann, wife of John Jeve; Elizabeth, wife of Rowland Hall; and Alice, an idiot. Roger Lawrence seems to have been a son of William Lawrence of Hertingfordbury, Herts and Dorothy Wrottesley of Wrottesley, Staffordshire, and grandson of John Lawrence of Hertingfordbury and Ann, dau. of Thomas Frankes (*V. of Herts,* Harleian, p. 72). John Darnall's origin is uncertain. He certainly was not of the Lincolnshire family which produced Sir Thomas Darnell, since his son Henry Darnall of London was given a grant of arms in 1603 which entirely differed from those of the well-known Lincolnshire family and are said by Burke in his *General Armory* to be quartered with those of the Darnells of Thornley, Durham. Now the "Darnells of Thornley, Durham" are not easily traced, and so the arms borne by the Darnalls of London and Hertfordshire become a subject which requires careful study, in connection with those used by the Darnalls of Maryland (*Lincolnshire Pedigrees,* Harleian, Vol. 1, p. 289; *Genealogist,* Vol. 14, p. 124).

of Englande and certen household stuff w'ch was geven me by her mother when I first married her I will that shee shall have yt accordinglie. I know not what the household stuff is, but not muche, and therefore I referre yt to her owne conscyence because it is to be distrybuted to oure children, And beinge her owne as well as myne I hope shee will not defraude them thereof. And whereas before I have said I am bound to paye her ffortye poundes, I wold have her to keepe her chaine of gold her bracelette of gold, and the sixteene buttons of goulde and pearle allso abatinge of the ffortye poundes aforesaid but Tenne powndes for them all and shee in that consederacoñ to have but Thirtye poundes in full satisfactyon of the ffortye powndes of money that is specified for me to paye her, And I give and bequeath unto my sonne HENRYE DARNALL all my wearinge apparrell, unto whom in regard I have departed withe a good porcoñ of money longe since for his maytenance and prefermente as appeerith by certen Indentures made betweene him and me and others and by dyvers acquyttances under his ownehande and seale testifienge the receipte thereof as allso by dyvers other benefyttes and ffatherlye affectyons towerds him and not unknowne unto him and dyvers others of his ffrendes and myne. And for the good likinge of him I wold doo muche more if my habilitye were to my mynde. And for that some other of my children are vtterlye unprovided for and are nowe to be remembred I muste leave him vnspoken of anye more in this my laste will and Testamente wisshinge and desiringe of Allmightie God and as I hope he will have that brotherlie care of them I meane by his good advise and councell towards them as I have had allwayes a ffatherly care towerds him in his bringinge upp and in manye other good benefyttes bestowed uppon him And I geve and bequeathe unto my daughter ANNE BRISTOWE my white stone potte withe the sylver cover all guilte And for that I have bestowed her in maryage and departed with a good porcoñ of moneej withe her allso so that for the like causes aforesaid I muste leave her unspoken of in a maner in this my laste will and Testamente wishinge that I mighte doo aswell by the reste remaynenge whiche are ELIZABETH DARNALL SUSAN DARNALL and MARYE DARNALL as I have don by both them afore provided for And whereas I have latelye purchased of one RICHARD DARNALL of Castell Frome in the Countye of Hereff. gent. to me my heires and assignes certen lande Tenementes and heredytamentes beinge a ffourth parte of the ffarme of Epcombes wherein now I dwell as appeerith by certain deedes from him to me made under his hande and seale And for the which Landes lieinge so necessarie and convenyente to the howse as it dothe I was so much the desirous thereof And for the same ffourth parte in consideracoñ that my wife SUSAN DARNELL shall yeold up her estate and interest of the howse in Shordiche in the Countye of Midd' wch I latelye sould for parte of the paymente of the landes aforesayd, in whiche howse she hath an estate after my decease duringe her life; I will that shee shall have the ffourth partie of the lands Tenements and heredytaments aforesaid duringe her life wch is more than double the value of the howse aforesaid. And after her decease I will and bequeathe same landes Tenements and heredytamentes to the heires males of my bodye betweene me and the said SUSAN my wife lawfullie begotten. And for defaulte of such yssue the Remaynder thereof to suchof my daughters as I have not yet allreadye preferred in maryage namelye ELIZABETH DARNALL, SUSAN DARNALL & MARYE DARNALL Three daughters of us the said JOHN DARNALL and of the said SUSAN my wife and to such other daughters or heires females as I the saide JOHN DARNELL shall hereafter have or begette on the bodye of the said SUSAN my wife lawfullie begotten or to be begotten and not in my life preferred in maryyage (as aforesayd) and to the righte heires of the saide ELIZABETH DARNALL SUSAN DARNALL and MARYE DARNALL oure daughters as aforesaide And of suche other daughters and heires female of my bodye as hereafter I shall have or begette of the bodye of my said wife as aforesaid and to their heires forever. And my will further is, and I doe by this my laste will charge all my said Three younger daughters and everye of them with this specyall charge and comaundemente whiche I will in no case that they breake namelye that if anye of them at anye time hereafter shall have a purpose and determynacoñ to sell her parte of the saide landes above bequeathed unto her by this my laste will that shee or they that shalbe so mynded to departe with the same shall make ffirste offer thereof unto FRANCIS BRISTOWE gent my sonne in lawe who maryed my elldest daughter begotten To the intente that he or they gevinge reasonablye for yt as another man wolde maye have it before anye in the world, that (if God shalbe so pleased) the most parte of the said lande maye againe come together into one hande In the meane tyme this is my will and well wisshinge, my debtes payde I give and bequeathe all my goods, corne, cattell, plate, Lynen, Beddinge, howsehould stuff and all other Implements of howsehould whatsoever and wheresoever they be to be equally devided in ffower even porcoñs, that is, vnto my said wife and my Three yonger daughters ELIZABETH DARNALL, SUSAN DARNALL and MARYE DARNALL, And everye one of my said daughters porcoñs to be payde and delyvered unto them severallye when they shall come to their severall ages of Eighteene yeares, or at the daye of their severall maryages which shall firste happen. And if anye of them dye before their severall ages of Eighteen yeares or before the daye of their sevrall maryages wch shall firste happen as aforesaid. Then I will the survivors or the sirvivor of my said Three daughters to have the parte of her or them so deceased And of this my laste will for the greate good lykinge and truste that I have in my said lovinge wife and that shee will have a naturall care and a motherlie pittye unto oure chilldren to performe theis my bequestes and legasies to the best benefytte and prefermente of them as I faithefullie truste and hope that shee will, I make and ordayne her my sole Executrix. And nowe for the full explaynge of my mynde the better I wolde have no wrestinge or questyon made of anye word or woordes by lawe to allter or change any thinge of my mynde and playne meanenge herein, but let the laste will and Testamente of the dead take place accordinge to the trewe meanenge is of the dead that so appointed yt. In wytnes whereof I have written this for my laste will and Testamente withe my owne hand and signed and sealed yt the ffower and Twentith daye of January in the Second yeare of the raigne of our soveraigne Lord James by the grace of God Kinge of Greate Bryttaine, ffrance and Ireland defender of the ffaithe &c One Thousand Sixe Hundreth and ffower. p' me JOHN DARNALL Signed, sealed and published the saide ffower and Twentith daye of Januarye in the presence of us, H. DARNALL, JOHN SCURFIELD, THOMAS FEYLD, CHR., WILLM REVELL." (P. C. C. Hayes 81)

Proved; 15 December, 1605, by SUSAN DARNALL, relict & executrix named in the will. (Abstract. Original in abbreviated Latin.)

The Will of HENRY DARNALL[2] of Essendon, Hertfordshire, dated 17 Feb., 1607/8.

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[2] The M. I. of Henry Darnall, formerly on a stone in St. Mary's, Essendon Parish, Herts, read thus: "Here Resteth the Bodies of Henry Darnell of Birds Place in this Parish, Esq. Counsellor at Law and of Mary his wife, daughter of William Took, Esq. second son of William Tooke one of Auditors of his Majestys Courts of Wards and Liveries; by whom he had Issue, John, Henry, Anne, Thomas, Susan, Philip and Ralph Darnall, all living at the time of his decease; Mary, Philip and Ralph died in his lifetime; which Henry dyed in the 43rd year of his age in Febr. Anno 1607, And the said Mary, his Wife dyed the 7th of May 1632 in the 59th year of her age." This inscription was published by Chauncey in his *Historical Antiquities of Hertfordshire,* 1700, p. 278, but subsequent authors record its disappearance. It will be seen in the will above that Henry Darnall calls Mrs. Susan Darnall his "mother-in-law," which almost invariably in old wills means stepmother. This amply confirms the statements of the early genealogists that Susan Lawrence and John Darnall had only daughters. The wife of Henry Darnall was Mary, dau. of William Tooke of Essendon and his wife Mary, dau. of Nicholas Tichborne of Royden, Essex, and grandau. of William Tooke of Popes, Herts, and his wife Alice Barley. The Barleys of Bibblesworth Hall, Herts, had many connections in the family group under consideration. Alice Barley (Tooke) was the dau. of Robert Barley. Her bro. Francis Barley m. Dorothy, illegitimate dau. of Richard,

"In the name of God Amen The Seventeenth daye of ffebruarye in the yeare of oure Lord God One Thowzand Six Hundreth and seaven, I HENRY DARNALL of Esinden in the countie of Hartff gent beinge weake of bodie yet of perfect

---

Lord Rich, and was thus a kinswoman of Sir Thomas Wroth's wife, Lady Mary Rich. Francis and Dorothy Barley had a dau. Elizabeth who m. Sir Ralph Wiseman, Kt. father of Sir Thomas Wiseman. It will be recalled that among the first "gentlemen adventurers" to Maryland was Henry Wiseman, son of Sir Thomas Wiseman, Knight, and that Thomas Cornwallis' wife was Penelope Wiseman. Alice Barley (Tooke) had a sister Lucy who m. Nicholas Bristowe of Ayot St. Lawrence, Herts (Clerk of the Jewels to Henry VIII and succeeding sovereigns), and grandfather of Francis Bristowe who m. Ann Darnall (Clutterbuck's *Herts*, Vol. II, pp. 135, 254, 351, Vol. III, p. 67; *A Relation of Maryland*, 1635 (Sabin's Reprint, No. II) contains the original list of the "gentlemen adventurers that are gone in person to this Plantation").

In 1603, Henry Darnall, Counsellor, of Gray's Inn, was granted the following arms by W. Dethick, Garter; 1 and 4-Arg. on a bend bet. two fleurs-de-lys Sa. three leopards faces Or; 2 and 3-Gu. on a pale Or a lion ramp. Az.; Crest, a lion's head couped Az. bet. two wings Gu. (*Genealogist*, Vol. 14, p. 124; *Grantees of Arms*, Harleian, Vol. 66, p. 70). The elaborate arms on the monument of Christopher and Elizabeth Vernon close to Ann, Lady Calvert's tomb in Hertingfordbury Church include among other quarterings, the arms granted to Elizabeth's half-brother in 1603 (Cussan's *Herts*, Vol. II, Hertford Section, p. 109). The surviving brothers and sisters of Mary Tooke, w. of Henry Darnall, were: Christopher; William, who m. Judith Hartop; Nicholas; James who m. Dorothy Grey of London; and Dorothy who m. Edward Willon. One Richard Willen, well known to the Proprietary, came to Maryland (*V. of Herts*, Harleian, p. 167; *Md. Hist. Soc. Fund Pub.*, Vol. 28, pp. 239, 242, etc.).

The surviving children of Henry Darnall and Mary Tooke were: (1) John the eldest whose will follows that of his father; (2) Henry who was "out of the Realm" in 1631 and of whom the writer knows nothing further; (3) Ann who was living in 1619 when she was a legatee of Ann Boteler, but of whom the writer knows nothing further; (4) Thomas who is not heard of after his father's will and who presumably died in childhood—he is obviously not Sir Thomas Darnell of Lincolnshire, as has been suggested; (5) Susan who was living in 1631, the Widow Cole; (6) Philip, who was from the first an intimate of the Calverts. On 7 Dec., 1622, Sir George Calvert deeds to Sir Henry Fane, William Peaseley and Philip Darnall of London all his lands in trust for his heirs (Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll., Calvert Papers, No. 34, 35). That Philip Darnall was of Clohamon, Co. Wexford, Ireland where the newly created Lord Baltimore was making his home, we know by a deed dated 21 Dec., 1626, which is described in remembrance (thanks be unto God therefore) doe make and ordayne this my laste will and testamente in maner and forme followinge, that is to saye, ffirste I bequeathe my soule unto

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Inq. in Officio Rotuloram Cancellariae Hiberniae, Meath Section, temp. Chas. I, 165. Philip Darnall was also out "of the Realm" in 1631. One cannot help wondering if these two brothers were not sharing the adventures of Lord Baltimore in Ireland, Newfoundland and Virginia at this time. It will be remembered that the only surviving child of Joan, Lady Baltimore, was named Philip, which may indicate kinship or warm friendship for Philip Darnall. (7) Ralph or Rodolphus who was admitted to Gray's Inn, 20 Sept., 1632. He was a barrister, was Clerk Assistant to the House of Commons, was father of Sir John Darnall and father as well of the first wife of Charles Calvert, third Lord Baltimore and of whom later. "Bird's Place," the seat of the Darnalls, stood near the site of the present house at Essendon Place and was torn down in 1833 (Cussan's *Herts,* Vol. II, Hertford Section, p. 159).

The Prerogative Court of Canterbury has been searched without success from 1622 to 1655 and from 1679 to 1699 in an attempt to trace Philip Darnall, and similarly from 1635 to 1655 for Ralph Darnall. The wills of Catholics are rarely found for this period and the conversion of some of the Darnalls may account for the absence of any testamentary evidence relating to them. A Philip Darnall was granted John Jenkin's abandoned plantation in Maryland in 1664. In 1679 Philip Darnall and his wife Mary were living in London and were written a letter in the care of Lady Somerset near Herne Stile by Charles, Lord Baltimore, who calls them both "cosen" ("cosen" apparently being a term of endearment in those days for one's kinsmen of any degree) (*Md. Hist. Soc. Fund Pub.,* Vol. 28, pp. 284, 310). On 10 Nov., 1672, Cecilius, Lord Baltimore, wrote to his brother Gov. Charles Calvert in behalf of a young Darnall who had gone out to the Colony, and Gov. Charles in replying hopes that "your Lordship and his father from his owne hand will receive an account of my care of him." Henry Darnall in 1672 was granted Portland Manor, and Henry Darnall of Maryland had a sister Elizabeth Darnall who was granted land in the Colony in 1662 which she left to her brother Col. Henry Darnall upon her death before 1664. He also had a brother John Darnall whose will was proved in Maryland 18 Feb., 1684/5. The original will with a badly cracked seal is on file in Annapolis and gives this writer the impression—what there is left of it—of a seal with quarterings. Mrs. Mary Darnall d. in Maryland and adm. was granted her son Col. Henry Darnall, 2 June, 1692 (Rec. in Land Office, Annapolis). Philip and Mary Darnall of London had been thanked by Charles, Lord Baltimore, in 1679 for their interest in the young Calvert children. It hardly seems possible that the Philip Darnall who was b. circa 1604 was taking a lively interest in his cousin's children at the age of 75, and that his wife was the Mrs. Mary Darnall who d. ir 1692 in Maryland.

Allmightie God my maker and Redeemer fullye hopinge and stedfastlie assuringe myselfe throughe the deathe and passion of Jesus Christe to have remission and forgevenes of all my synnes and to be saved. Secondlie I bequeathe my bodye to the earth whereof it is made to be decentlie buryed even where it shall please God to provide for me by the good discretion of my executrix hereunder named. And as touchinge all such temporall goods as God in this worlde hathe endewed me withe, I geve and dispose of them as followeth (viz.) ffirste I doe geve and bequeathe all my goods, chattels, householde stuffe and the debtes wch are owing unto me and all my moveables whatsoever unto my deerely beloved wife MARYE DARNALL To have and to houlde to her, her executors and assignes for ever for and towerds the paymente of my debts the sustentacoñ of herself, the good and carefull education of my children whom I knowe to be aswell hers as myne owne, and therefore doubte not of her tender and motherly care over them so farre as God shallenhable her. And as touchinge my freehould landes, tenementes and heraditamentes in Esinden aforesaide or elsewhere, I will geve and bequeath all the same (so muche as I maye by lawe) unto the sayde MARYE DARNALL my beloved wife, to have and to houlde to her and her assignes duringe her naturall life towards her mayntenaunce and the bringinge uppe of my saide children, w^{ch} estate of my goods and landes (if it had bin greater or the parties w^{ch} expect porcoñs from the same had bin fewer) I could have distributed the same withe a better shewe of a more fatherlie and wise care, Howbeit, knowinge and assuringe myselfe that God doth oftentimes shew himself a better ffather than their naturall ffather and besides knowinge by experience the true harted and naturall affectyons of my sayed wife I doe wholie repose their estates in the providence of God and in her their survivinge parente, ffurther my will and mynde is, and by this my laste will, I ordaine, constitute and appoyncte that ymediatelie uppon and after the decease of my said wife (wth in convenient tyme) my mother in lawe mistris SUZAN DARNALL and my brother in lawe JAMES TOOKE gent or the survivor of them, or the executors or assignes of the survivor of them shall alien and sell one parte of all my freehould lands (in three parts to be devided) to suche pson and persons and their heires as will geve moste for the same, and the money thereof comeinge to be distributed and equallie devided amongst my yonger chilldren (vizt) HENRYE DARNALL, THOMAS DARNALL, PHILLIPPE DARNALL, RALPHE DARNALL, ANNE DARNALL and SUSAN DARNALL, that is to saye to so manye of them as shalbe lyvinge at the tyme of the sale to be madefor and towerds their porcoñs and maintenaunce And of this my laste will and testamente I doo make and ordayne the sayde MARYE DARNALL my beloved wife my sole and onely executrix In wytnes whereof to this my laste will I have putte my hande andseale the sayde seventeenth daye of ffebruarye in the yeare first above wrytten. H. DARNELL Subscribed, sealed and published in the presence of JUDITHE TOOKE, MARYE DARNALL, JAMES TOOKE. Memorand. that after the ensealinge and publishinge hereof, theis words vizt. that is to saie to so manye of them as shalbe lyvinge at the time of the sale so to be made were interlyned and made parte of his saide will betweene the Two and Twentie and Three and Twentie lines by the commaundement of the sayde HENRY DARNALL the testator. H. DARNELL, MARYE DARNALL, JUDITH TOOKE, JA. TOOKE." (P. C. C. Windebank 35)

Proved; 27 April, 1608, by MARY, the relict and executrix named in the will. (Abstract.)

The Will of JOHN DARNALL [3] of Hertingfordbury, Hertfordshire dated 25 October, 1631.

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[3] John Darnall, eldest son of Henry Darnall of "Bird's Place," appears to have died unmarried. The Aunts Susan and Mary Darnall whom he mentions must have been his father's half sisters who evidently married Henry Chitting and William Carter after this date, rather later in life than was usual.

"In the name of God; the holy Trinity ffather sonne and holy Ghost onely pfectly mercifull and pfectly mighty Amen this five and twentieth day of October in the yeare of our Saviour his Incarnation one thousand six hundred thirty and one I JOHN DARNALL of Hartingfordbury in the county of Hartford gent. sonne and heir of HENRY DARNALL sometime of Esingdon in the said county of Hartfor Esqr being weak of body but sound of mynd I humbly thanke God for it doe make and ordayne this my last will and testament in maner and forme followinge (that is to say) ffrst and chiefly I Co͞mend my poore soule unto the boundless mercy of God that gave it firmely trusting that that for the inestimable meritts of our Saviour Jesus Christ he will graciously receive it Item I will and appoint my body to be buried at the will and disposinge of my executor hereafter to be named to whome I wholy referre the ordering of my poore funerall hartely and earnestly entreating and praying him that my corps may be buried in the Churchyard of Hartingfordbury aforesaid where I was born and bred neare to the upper end of the Chancell of the said Church Item I give unto the poore of the said parish forty shillings and to the poore of Esinden aforesaid twentie shillinges And of this my last will and Testamt I do here by these p͞nts make constitute and ordaine my lovinge and worthy unckle and freinde CHRISTOPHER VERNON of Hartingfordbury aforesaid Esqr wth whome I have for the moste pte of my time lived and byn bred my sole Executor giving him full power and authoritie to take receive doe and execute all that belongeth to the right of my executor desiring him with all earnestnes and w^th^ much assurance to speed in my suite that he will ever have a special care and willinge desire fully to performe whatsoever I have here co͞mitted to his charge and trust uppon full assurance of his well experimented faythfull love ever shewed towarde me Item I will and bequeath to my welbeloved brother RAPH DARNALL the some of one hundred pounds to my welbeloved sister SUSAN COLE widow as a remembrance of my brotherly love towards her and of her great love and care shewed unto me in my late sicknes the sum of onehundred poundes Item I give and bequeath to my other two brothers HENRY and PHILLIPP DARNALL if they be living at the tyme of my death being now both out of this Realme the some of forty poundes a peece and my will is that if either of them shalbe then dead that the survivor of them shall have the whole. Item I will and bequeathe to my dearly beloved mother if she be living at the time of my death over and besides the thirty poundes wch I owe her the some of tenn pounds and to my dearly beloved unckle and aunt VERNON as a rembrance of my love to them both for all their kindnes shewed unto me twenty poundes a peece and to their eldest sonne Mr FRANCIS VERNON the choyce of all my bookes except my latin Bible w^ch^ I bequeath to my said unckle VERNON Item I give and bequeath to all the younger children of my said unckle and Añt VERNON thirteen shillings and fower pence a peece Item I give and bequeath to my welbeloved Ante M^rs^ MARY DARNALL unto whom I have byn much beholdinge for her love and care towards me the silver pott w^ch^ my grandmother WISE gave me AND to my welbeloved Ante Mrs SUSAN DARNALL as a token of remembrance for her kindnes towards me the some of fyve poundes Item I will and bequeath to my welbeloved Unckle and Ante Mr JAMES TOOKE and his wife the some of twenty two shillings a peece wch I most hartily intreat each of them to accept as small Seales of my great thanckfulnes towards them Item I give and bequeath to all my unckle VERNONS servants except my loving friend and old fellow Mr THOMAS HYNDE and my loving friend Mr WALTER PARKHURST tenn shillings a peece thanking them all for their paines taken with me And to the said THOMAS HYNDE all my wearing apparrell and lynen And to the said WALTER PARKHURST all the residewe of my bookes after my Cosen Mr FRANCIS VERNON hath taken his choyse as aforesaid All other my goods and chattells whatsoever unbequeathed my debts paid and fun'alls discharged I will and bequeath to my foresaid executor In witnes whereof I have published this to be my last will and Testamt by subscribing my name and setting thereunto my seale the day and yeare first above written JOHN DARNALL. Sealed published and deliv'ed by the said JOHN DARNALL in the p'sence of THOMAS HYNDE, NICHOLAS BRISTOW, RALPH DARNALL, BAPTIST PYTLET, MORGAN HOWARD." (P. C. C. St. John 117)

Proved; 24 November, 1631, by CHRISTOPHER VERNON Esqr, executor named in the will. (Abstract)

The Will of JOHN WISE [4] of Sacomb, Hertfordshire, dated 4 May, 1621.

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[4] John Wise was an interesting person and for that reason his will is given in full to add to our knowledge of the individuals who made up the Calvert and Darnall circle in England. He became the second husband of Henry Darnall's step-mother and cousin, Susanna Lawrence, after the death of her husband John Darnall. John Wise was the son of Robert Wyse of St. Giles in the Fields and his wife Joan, dau. of John Walgrave of London. Joan Wise was living in London as a widow in 1566 and sometime between 1570 and 1574, m. James Bristowe of London, whose will dated 1591, left much of his estate to his kinsman Francis Bristowe and to Francis' brothers and sisters, James, Philip, Julius and Julian Bristowe. James Bristowe made his step-son John Wise his executor and when, in the above will, John Wise calls Francis Bristowe his old friend, we can readily see the reason for it. In time John Wise married Francis Bristowe's mother-in-law, the widow Susanna Darnall. In 1925 there was published in England a work on London topography which has particular interest for us. It is the *Early History of Picadilly* etc., by C. L. Kingsford, and is based almost entirely upon a lawsuit, *Bristowe* vs. *Wilson,* 1585, in which the Walgrave-Wise-Bristowe holdings were in litigation and from which we glean most of our account of John Wise's family.

Francis Bristowe's home was in Sacomb, Herts, and it is perhaps for this reason that John Wise was living in Sacomb at the end of his life. Sir Robert Boteler, mentioned by Anne Boteler in her will, was Lord of the Manor of Sacomb. A hundred years or more later "pretty" Nanny Calvert, "one of my Lord's sisters," lived her married life as Lady of this self-same manor after her Fleet marriage, 8 May, 1731, to Thomas Rolt of Sacomb. Her daughter Mary m. Timothy Caswell, brother of the Rev. George Caswell, and although in none of the Pedigrees does she appear as the daughter of Benedict Leonard, 4th Lord Baltimore, the evidence given in *Md. Hist. Mag.*, Vol. IX, pp. 135, 140, 145 is conclusive. These family letters speak of her fortunate marriage to "Mr. Rolf" and the birth of her firstborn, a daugh-

"In the name of God the holie Trinity father sonne and holie Ghost onlie perfectlie mightie Amen This fourth of Maie in the yere of our saviour his Incarnation one thousand six hundred twentie one I JOHN WISE of Sacom in the countie of Hartford gent, sonne and heyre of ROBERT WISE sometyme of the parish of St. Gyles in the feilds in the Countie of Midd. gent. (being sound of mynd and bodie, I humblie thanke God for it) doe make and ordayne this my last will and testament in manner and forme followinge (that is to saie) first and cheiflie I comẽnd my poore sinfull soule unto the boundless mercie of God that gave it firmly trusting that for the unestimable meritts of our Saviour Jesus Christ he will graciously receive it Item I will and appoynt my bodie to be buried at the will and disposinge of my Executrix hereunder to be named to whom I wholie referre the ordering of my funerall and all Circumstances thereto belonging hartely and earnestlie entreating and prayinge her that my corps (if with Convenience it maye be done) be buried in the Church or Churchyard of that parishe wherein I shall happen to dye in the after noone of the daie next ensuinge the daie of my death the reasons me moving to this desire I have alreadie Ymparted to my sd. executrix

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ter, at the exact time of the marriage of Ann Calvert and Thomas Rolt, which is recorded in the *Fleet Registers*, p. 57, which adds that "no one attended" and that "a gent. from my Lord Baltimore gave £2-2s." Nanny Calvert appears to have been a great favorite with the Calvert family in spite of her irregular connection with them. A Rev. George Caswell is mentioned in *Md. Archives*, Vol. 14, pp. 475, 520, and is perhaps the one named above (Clutterbuck's *Herts*, Vol. II, p. 429; Vol. III, p. 183; Cussan's *Herts*, Vol. II, Broadwater Section, p. 161; *Vict. Hist. of Herts*, Genealogical Volume, p. 63; *Md. Hist. Mag.*, Vol. III, p. 323).

Among the legatees of John Wise were William Cambden the antiquary; Alexander Gill, Sr., the famous high-master of St. Paul's School; John Wall the divine, and Mr. Edward Calvert, of whom the writer knows nothing. The occasional appearance of unidentified Calverts in these wills should induce further effort on the part of genealogists who are interested in the Lords Baltimore. Sir George Calvert had some near kinsmen who have escaped the notice of historians and of whom something will be said later. The present contribution to the subject is the merest fragment of all that might be done in this most absorbing field.

and some other of my freindes Item I give unto the poore of the saied parish the some of ffortie shillings Item I will and bequeath towards the reparacoñs of the saied Church twentie shillings to be delivered to the Churchwardens of the saied Church by my saied Executrix to be ymployed so soone as it shalbe needfull and Convenient. And of this my last will and testament I doe hereby these presents make constitute and ordayne my most faithfull loving and most dearely beloved wife SUSAN WYSE my full and sole executrix giveing her full power and authoritie to take receive have enjoye doe and execute all that belongeth to the office right and priveledge of an Executrix desiring her with all earnestnes and much assurance to speede in my suite that shee will ever have a tender Care and a willing desire fullie to performe whatsoever I have here com̃itted to her trust upon assurance of her well experimented faithfull love unto me which that shee maie be the more willinge and able to p'forme I the said JOHN WYSE doe by this my last will and testam't devise give will bequeath assigne and sett over unto my saied Executrix and her heyres forever all those my messuages houses edifices lands Tenements and hereditaments whatsoever with all and singuler their appurtenances easments and commodities scituate and being in the parish of St. Margarett or els where in the Cittie of Westminster which are nowe houlden of me by divers severall persons for divers sev'all termes of yeeres and for sev'all rents as by the demises thereof made more playnly appeareth and all my right tytle Interest revercon remaynder and demaund whatsoever which I have or maie have in or to the premisses or anie parte or parcell thereof together with all evidences and writings concerning the same unto my saied Executrix her heyres and assignes for ever To havehould and enjoy all and singuler the p'misses with all and everie their appurtenances to her my said executrix her heyres and assignes for ever with such further direction as in a Codicill hereunto annexed appeareth And of this my last will and testament I doe nominate constitute and appoynte for overseers my assured loving freinds my wives sonnes in lawe

FRANCIS BRISTOWE of Sacon aforesaied gent. and CHRISTOPHER VERNON of London gent. hartely praying them to give their best advise and assistance to my foresaied Executrix in the due performance of this my will Nowe concerninge the rest of my guifts and legacies hereafter to be mentioned the greatest whereof (as I meane it) is to my faithfull and lovinge servant THOMAS ANTROBUS for his longe and true service to my good Contentment well performed which I thinke good thus to explane and declare It is nowe divers yeares past since I promised him for his service past and yet of likeliehood to come to give him in my will ffiftie pounds of good and lawfull money of England for a legacie which he advised as it seemed by some freind desired me for his more safetie to assure unto him by obligacon which I then did whereunto I doe nowe by this my will add the full some of Twentie pownds of like money to make upp my saied guift and legacie to him the full some of threescore and tenne powndes to be paied vnto him the saied THOMAS if he shalbe livinge at the tyme of my death within the terme of one yeare next then ensuing uppon condition that he the saied THOMAS within the saied terme of one yeare at or before the payment made unto him of the saied threescore and tenne pownds doe deliver or cause to be trulie delivered readie Cancelled into the hands of my saied Executrix the foresaied bond made by me unto him for fiftie pounds as aforesaied and otherwise not to have the saied encrease of the twentie pownds aforesaied or anie part thereof Moreover I give and bequeath unto my saied servant the fetherbed boulster pillowe two payre of sheets and other Convenient Clothing belonging to the foresaied bedd whereon he now usuallie lyeth if he happen to be lyving at the tyme of my death Item two of my strongest shirts and my sword to be delivered unto him within the space of one moneth next after my death Item I give and bequeath unto my kinswoman JOAN WHEELER daughter of my cozen JOHN WHEELER late of London Apothecarie thirtie powndes of good and lawfull money of England to be paied unto the saied JOAN within one yeare next after my death Item I give and bequeath unto ———————— WHEELER eldest sonne of my kinsman and godsonne JOHN WHEELER twentie pownds of like money of England to be paied unto him at his full age of sixteen yeeres Item I give and bequeath unto my auntient and loving ffriend FRAUNCIS BRISTOWE aforesaid twentie pownds of like monie to be paied unto the saied FRAUNCIS within one yeare next after my death. Item to ANNE BRISTOWE wife of the said FRANCS ffive pownds to be paied unto her at the terme aforesaied Item to my godsonne FRANCIS BRISTOWE sonne of the foresaied FRAUNCIS tenne pownds of like money to be paied unto him at his full age of sixteene yeares Item unto JAMES BRISTOWE eldest sonne of the foresaied FRAUNCIS BRISTOWE the elder ffortie shillings Item to NICHOLAS BRISTOWE and JOHN BRISTOWE brethren of the saied JAMES each of them twentie shillings Item to FRAUNCIS JANE SUSAN and ANNE BRISTOWE daughters of the saied FRAUNCIS BRISTOWE the elder to each of them twentie shillings Item I give and bequeath unto my assured and beloved freinde Mr CHRISTOPHER VERNON aforemencoñed a peece of silver plate of the price of ffive pownds Item to his nowe wife ELIZABETH VERNON Three pownds to make her a ringe Item to FRAUNCIS VERNON the eldest and EDWARD VERNON the second sonne of the saied CHRISTOPHER and ELIZABETH to FRAUNCIS ffortie and EDWARD twentie shillings Item to SUSAN and ANNE VERNON daughters of the saied CHRISTOPHER and ELIZABETH to each of them twentie shillings Item I give and bequeath unto SUSAN DARNALL and MARY DARNALL daughters of my aforesaied Executrix each of them three powndes Item I give and bequeath unto my much esteemed and most lovinge freind and Godsonne Mr JOHN WALL batchellor of Divinity of Christ Church in Oxford ffive powndes to make him a seale ringe and my seale of silver the ympressor embleme whereof I thinke will well fitt his ringe if it please him so to remember mee Item I give and bequeath unto my auntient trustie (and uppon good cause) much beloved freind Mr RICHARD HEWES twentie pownds to be paied unto him within the space of one yeare next after my death Item I give and bequeath unto my loving and well deserving freind Mr EDWARD CALVERT tenne pownds to be paied to him within one yeare next after my death and to his neece my goddaughter ELIZABETH GILL twentie shillings Nowe to conclude these remembrances of my love with my two worthie freindes Sr ANTHONIE PALMER Knight of the Bath and Mr CAMBDEN Clarenceaux King of Armes I most hartely entreate each of them to accept a small ringe of twentie shillings price which I bequeathe unto them as small seales of testimony that there is no man livinge to whom I can iustlie acknowledge myselfe so much beholding for materiall freindshipp and many courtesies received as I am to each of them assuring myselfe that neither of them will dispise the small vallewe of my said tokens howe unworthie soever they may seeme of such and so worthe freinds Nowe concerning my books which with cost and care I have been longe gatheringe I doe give and bequeath and bestowe them as is mencoñed in a schedule unto this my last will and testament annexed All other my goods and chattells whatsoever I doe whollie give and bequeath unto my executrix and loving wife SUSAN WISE In witnes whereof I have written these presents with myne ownehand and doe testifie the same to be my last will and testament by subscribing my name and setting thereunto my seale by me JOHN WYSE signed sealed and delivered in the presence of FRANC. STONE and EDWARD ROFE.

A note of my bookes that I leave to my freinds to be delivered to my Executrix Imprimis to Sr ANTHONY PALMER my Tremelius his bible, in folio, to my son VERNON Hallions Cronicle Tiliets range de grande d ffrance & Baselicon genealogicon, to my sonne BRISTOWE my Mercators Atlas my best spanish dictionary my ffrench dictionarie and all my spanish and french books not here particularlie named and alsoe my latine Calepias dictionarie and my great book of citties, to my sonne VERNON all my Italian Books my Italian dictionary my Ptolemes Geography and my Thesaurus Geographicus, to my godsonne Mr WALL my ———— Terra Seneta Camdeni Britania Abridgement of Cesar Baronius in two tomes Epistolae Judicae & Polanus a Palansdorpe uppon the Prophet Daniell and the lives of the English bishopps in latyne by bishopp Goodwyn, to my Cosen FEILD my Polantheia, to my good Cosen and freind Mr ROBERT MYNE whom I put here as he came to my remembrance my Polidore Virgills Cronicle of England in Latyn To my good freind Mr NEWTON my lives of the Archbishopps of Canterbury, to Mr STAKE the elder Sinagogo Judairate my good frenid Mr GYLL scholemaister Paules schoole my Dutch dictionary & vegetius, to Mr. STRANGE the Preacher Rationale divinorum, to Mr EDWARD CALVERT my spanish bible my lesse spanish dictionarie and Historia de la India oriental, to FRANCIS VERNON Clenards greeke gramar in two Tomes Scapulacs greeke Lexicon and my Greeke Testament, to my servant THOMAS ANTROBUS my English Bible Stowes Cronicle and Hackluits English voiages, to my daughter BRISTOWE my Chaucer and my writing table book.

Whereas I the foresaied JOHN WISE have by this my last will and testament unto this Codicill annexed devised given willed bequeathed assigned and sett over unto my faithfull and most dearlie beloved wife SUSAN WISE whom I have made my sole executrix of this my last will all those my messuages howses edifices lands tenements and heraditaments whatsoever with all and singular their appurtenances easements and comodities scituate and being in the parish of St Margaret or els where in the Cittie of Westminster To have hould and enioy all and singuler the premisses with all and everie their appurtenances to her the saied SUSAN my saied Executrix her heyres and assignes forever as a full marke and testimony of my love unto her And to the end she maie be the more willinge and able to performe dischardge and satisfie all my foresaied legacies and bequests as I am well assured she will doe yet because we are all subject to like mortalitie and for that it may so fall out that Almightie God maie take her also to his mercie or otherwise dispose of herbefore these things can be dischardged according to the trust reposed in her My will therefore is and I doe hereby fullie declare that if it shall so fall out that my saied executrix or such as shee shall put in trust or appoynt thereunto shall faile to performe paie and discharge all and everie the debts legacies and bequests in this my last will lymitted bequeathed and appoynted according to the tymes therein prefixed and appoynted that then my foresaied overseers FRAUNCIS BRISTOWE and XPOFER VERNON and my loving freind Mr EDWARD CALVERT or the S'vivor of them shall and will by these presents have full power and authoritie to sell so many and so much of my saied Messuages houses lands tenements and heraditaments lying in the parish of St. Margarets Westminster aforesaied as will raise every the soñe and soñes of money so behind and vnsatisfied at the tyme and tymes in my foresaied will limytted and appoynted together with such an overplus as shall defray all fitt Consideracoñ of forbearances losses damages and Chardges to each person respectivelie for the forbearance and want thereof from the foresaied tyme wherein by my saied will they ought to have received the same And that with the moneys arrisinge of the foresaied sale they my overseers as aforesaied shall paie and discharge to all and everie person and persons respectively such soñes of money and other Consideracons for forbearance and losses as aforesaied as to them shall respectively belonge and appertayne And if it shall happen by the saied sale to raise any more or greater soñe or soñes of money then shall so dischardge my saied debts legacies and bequests as aforesaied then my will is that they shall paye & deliver all such overplus of the saied moneys so raised to my saied executrix her executors Administrators or assignes accordinge to my true meaninge herein first ment and intended and my will is that all and everie Conveyance sale and feoffment to be made of any the p'misses to any person or persons or their heyres by my saied overseers and EDWARD CALVERT as aforesaied for discharge onlie of such of my saied debts legacies and bequests as shall happen to be unpaied at the tymes lymitted in this my saied will and not otherwise nor for any grater some then as is formerlie mentioned shalbe good and effectual in the lawe accordinge to my true meaninge herein formerelie declared Notwithstandinge my former devise thereof made In witnes whereof I have to this Codicill also sett my hand and seale the twelveth daye of July in the first yeare of the raigne of our soveraigne Lord Kinge Charles by me JOHN WISE Signed and subscribed in the presence of EDWARD CALVERT THOMAS HYNDE THOMAS ANTROBUS." (P. C. C. Hele, 41)

Proved; 22 May, 1625, by SUSAN the relict and executrix named in the will. (Abstract)

The P. C. C. was searched in vain for some trace of William Peaseley, son-in-law of Sir George Calvert. Two Peaseley wills were found in the period from 1642 to 1682 and they are here given in abstract to facilitate further search along this line.

Abstract of the Will of WILLIAM PEISLIE of Hitcham, Bucks, citizen & late of London, draper, dated 13 March, 1655/6, and proved 22 April, 1657 by the executor. Brother; GEORGE PEISLIE. Cousin, EDMUND, eldest son of brother EDMUND. MARY, daughter of brother GEORGE PEISLIE. Sister MARGARET DUNKLIE. Her son ROBERT BEDFORD. Cousin, URSLIE WATSON. Sister, wife of brother EDMUND PEISLIE. [No wife mentioned] Residuary legatee and executor, my brother EDMUND PEISLIE. Signed WILLIAM PEISLEY. Witnesses, JOHN KING, WM. SERGENT.

Abstract of the Will of JOHN PEISLEY of Ducklington, Oxfordshire, yeoman, dated 1 July, 1656, and proved 16 Dec., 1656 by the executor. Desire to be buried at Shilton, Berkshire. Tenement in Shilton and all else to wife ANNE, except £10 to sister MARY HUGHES of Burford, £5 to sister ANNE JOHNSON of Ducklington and to her daughter ANNE JOHNSON £5. Executrix, wife ANNE. Witnesses; ELIZABETH EDGERLEY (marke), ANNE PRIOR (mark), WILLIAM BURLEY.

(To be continued.)

THE INDIANS OF THE CHESAPEAKE BAY SECTION.

JAMES E. HANCOCK.

When a lad, I heard that my ancestor in this colony had been Military Officer for Anne Arundel County during the period when the wars were being waged between the Susquehannocks and the Senecas, and as Anne Arundel was one of the frontier counties of Maryland, and it was the duty of the Military Officer to protect the settlers, my youthful imagination clothed this Stephen Hancock in the rôle of an heroic Indian fighter. This boyhood fancy developed an interest in the Maryland Indians that led through the various phases of arrow-head collecting, etc., and, incidentally, gave considerable collateral information about them, which, while general, is of great help in making proper inferences about the natives who lived in this section when our colonists came over.

Without exception, the records of the early explorers tell of the hospitable qualities of the aborigines, describing their gentle amiability as a general characteristic of the tribes on the Atlantic seaboard, which was in great contrast to the cruel qualities that the Indians afterwards developed because of the exactions and persecutions of the whites in many sections. Probably no record is more significant in this respect than that of Columbus himself, who described their innocent character in these words: "They were no wild savages, but very gentle and courteous, without knowing what evil is, without stealing and without killing"; and later we find Columbus writing to Ferdinand and Isabella that he would be able to furnish them with gold, cotton, spices, and slaves, "as many as your Highnesses shall command to be shipped." Indeed, in Columbus' record lies the epitome of the tragedy that transformed this primeval paradise into a land of bondage, desolation and death for its natives. Sir Ralph Lane, describing his welcome by the Indians, tells of how they came with tobacco, corn, furs and kindly gestures to befriend the strange white men, but, as he adds " one of them stole a cup, wherefore we burnt their town and spoiled their corn." And so the early records of the Spanish, the French, and English explorers read, including those of Captain John Smith and Father White, who came in contact with the Indians of the Chesapeake and its tributaries.

Father White, speaking of the Indians of Southern Maryland with whom our Maryland colonists lived, gave an excellent account of their physical appearance and manner of living, as well as of their moral qualities; " The natives are very tall and well proportioned, their skin is naturally dark and they make it uglier by staining it generally with red paint, mixed with oil, to keep off the mosquitos; thinking more of their own comfort than of appearances. They disfigure their countenances with other colors too, painting them in various and truly hideous and frightful ways, either dark blue above the nose and a red below, or *vice versa.* They generally have black hair, which they carry around in a knot to the left ear. They adorne their neck with glass beads, strung on a thread like a necklace.

" They are clothed for the most part in deer skins, which hang down behind like a cloak. They wear aprons around the middle and leave the rest of their body naked. The soles of their feet are as hard as horn, and they tread on thorns and briars without being hurt. Their arms are bows and arrows, three feet long, tipped with stag's horn or a white flint, sharpened at the end.

" They live in houses built in an oblong oval shape. Light is admitted through a window in the roof—a foot and one-half long—which also serves to carry off the smoke, because they kindle the fire in the middle of the floor and sleep around the fire.

" The race are of a frank and cheerful disposition, and they live for the most part on a kind of paste, which they call ' pone ' and ' ominy ' both of which are made from Indian corn, and sometimes they add fish and game. They are careful to refrain from wine and warm drinks and cannot be persuaded to taste them, except those whom the English have corrupted with their own vices. With respect to chastity, I must confess that I have never observed, in any man or woman, any act which savored of levity. They marry several wives, yet they keep inviolate their conjugal faith. The women present a sober and modest appearance.

"They cherish a generous feeling toward all, and make a return for whatever kindness is shown them. They resolve upon nothing rashly or while influenced by a sudden impulse of the mind; but they act deliberately and when anything of importance is proposed at any time, they think it over for a while in silence, then they speak briefly for or against it and are very tenacious of their purpose.

"They acknowledge one God in heaven, yet they pay Him no outward worship, but they strive in every way to appease a certain imaginary spirit which they call 'Ochre' that he may not hurt them. They worship corn and fire as gods that are bountiful to the human race.

"They have some things among them that may well become Christians to imitate, as their temperance in eating or drinking and their justice to each other; for it is never heard that those of one nation will rob or steal from another. Also their conversation with each other is peaceable and free from scurrilous words that may give offense. They are very hospitable to one another and to strangers, and are of grave comportment. In their assembly no man can expect to find as much time pass with more silence and gravity."

The reports of the early explorers who came to these shores give varying accounts of the habits and customs of the Indians, all of which evidence the fact of the country being inhabited by a race that differs from ours in their physical appearances, mental attitudes and manner of living. Cortez and others told of the Aztecs and the Incas who had developed a system of government that compared favorably with the governments of Europe, and who were acquainted with astronomy and were efficient in sculpture and architecture. Their religion was based on sun worship.

They irrigated and cultivated great tracts of arid land—some idea of which may be gained from the report of De Soto of his march to the Mississippi, when he tells of his soldiers making their way through a cornfield 30 miles long—a vast wilderness of cultivated foodstuff.

Those who landed on the North Atlantic coast came in contact with another branch of the same race, which in turn was divided into nations and tribes of varying types, but all showing that the American race came from a common stock.

Whether the Indians were or were not autochtones, may be a matter of scientific dispute. Geological deposits show human remains in certain sections at a very early period, and many authorities claim that the Indian had emerged from savagery into barbarism in America long before Darwin's famed simian had lost his tail on the plateaus of Asia. They had no written records of their origin, although they had a later legend that is interesting as a sidelight on their way of accounting for things, which tells how in the beginning the Great Spirit sowed seeds in the earth from which sprang the races of men. When these buds fruited, some went to the nearby stream to wash the soil from their bodies and washed themselves so clean that they became pale and weak—the white men; others were so lazy that they would not wash at all—the negro, but others washed just enough so that it did not destroy their strength, and they were the Indians.

As in Europe, America was probably populated by migrations from some certain place, which were caused by the urgent need of food as the original communities grew. Because of the geographical lay of the valleys, this was probably from South to North, or *vice versa,* and it may be that in North America they found their way to the Atlantic seaboard by following the buffalo, which came up the Mississippi Valley in the spring in search of more abundant pastures, until they were stopped by the Great Lakes, when they inclined to the East into what is now New York, and returned South by way of the low lands east of the Alleghenies and on through the passes of Georgia and Alabama in their circuit. The traditions of the Indians of the Atlantic coast evidence such a migration, because they all speak of their people as having come from the Northwest.

When the early explorers came to this country they found the several nations of Indians more or less definitely located, although, because of tribal movements, some of these nations occupied overlapping territories, whose boundary it was impossible to fix. The Algonquins occupied the whole of the eastern country south of Hudson Bay to the latitude of Georgia, excepting the wedge occupied by the Iroquois, who held the territory immediately bounding the Great Lakes and upper St. Lawrence, including most of what is now the State of Ohio and the western and central parts of New York and Pennsylvania. This gave the Algonquins control of the Atlantic coast, from Newfoundland to the Carolinas, except where the Tuscaroras, an Iroquoian tribe, and the Catawbas, a Siouan tribe, had filtered through, both of which had become located in the Carolinas. The Muskhogeans lived in the swamps of the Southland. Except the Susquehannocks, who were also Iroquoians, who had come down from New York through the valley of the river that now bears their name, the Indians of Maryland were of Algonquin stock, apparently descended from the Delawares, the Lenni Lenape, *genuine native men.*

The Indian tribes who inhabited the tidewater Chesapeake region in Colonial times were a simple-living people, who looked for little beyond their actual needs. The remains of these vanished people, scattered throughout this section, show an intelligence and an enterprise that could hardly be expected of savages, and gives us an insight into their manner of living that, coupled with the records of certain observers of kindred and nearby tribes, quite well establish their modes of existence.

The social organizations of the Indians with whom our colonists came in contact was based on family and tribal life, and the various tribes were scattered in villages along the rivers and bay shores where fish and oysters were easy to obtain, establishing communities at certain points so that they might protect their hunting grounds and game preserves from the invasion of the other tribes.

When Lord Baltimore planted his first colony, the Delawares occupied the northern stretches of Eastern Maryland in what is now Cecil, Harford and Kent Counties. On the Eastern Shore were other tribes closely related to the Delawares—the Nanticokes, on the Nanticoke River; the Wicomicos, on the Wicomico River; the Choptanks, on the Choptank River; the Ozinis, on the Chester River, and the Tockwocks on the Sassafras River—all banded together into a confederacy headed by the Nanticokes. In the section around what is now Baltimore, the Patapscos occupied the country drained by the Patapsco River in which are now Baltimore and Howard Counties; the Conoy tribes, the Doags and the Matteawomas were in Anne Arundel County; the Chapticos in Charles County, and the Piscataways in Montgomery and Prince George Counties, extending to the Potomac River, living under the Piscataway confederacy. The majority of tribes on the Western Shore were closely related to the Powhatans and when the colonists came to St. Mary's they were apparently included in the Powhatan confederacy; although later, when the Powhatans had lost much of their influence, they combined under the confederacy of the Patuxents who were their strongest tribe. These included the Yeocomocos, the Secowocomocos, the Potobacos, the Patuxents and the Potomacs, occupying the territory between the Potomac and the Patuxent Rivers.

There is evidence that the Powhatan tribes were visited by Spanish explorers at an early date and a Jesuit Mission was established among them, in 1570, although relatively little is known of the Powhatan tribes until the settlement of the Jamestown Colony.

The Powhatans were generally friendly to the whites until they were driven to hostilities because of the exactions of the Virginia colonists. The confederacy, which appears to have been of recent origin at the time of Powhatan's succession was greatly weakened by his death, in 1618, and the Powhatan tribes were afterwards ground between the colonists on the East, the depredations of the Cherokees from the South, and the Susquehannocks and other Iroquois tribes from the North

It is probable that the Powhatan tribes and also the Nanticokes separated from the Delawares shortly after they reached the eastern country, wandering off in search of good fishing and hunting grounds—the Powhatans settling on the western shore of the Chesapeake and the Nanticokes on the Eastern Shore Peninsula, between the Chesapeake and the Delaware. The Conoy tribes, according to their own account, were an offshoot from the Nanticokes, as is shown by their application in 1660 to the Maryland Colony to confirm their choice of an "emperor," in explanation of which custom they said, "Long ago there came a King from the Eastern Shore who commanded over all the Indians now inhabiting within the bounds of this Province and also over the Potomacs and Susquehannocks, whom for that he did as it were embrace and cover them all they called Vttapoingassinem; this man dying without issue made his brother Quokanassaum King after him, after whom succeeded his brothers, after whose death they took a sister's son and so from brother to brother and for want of such to a sister's son the Government descended for thirteen generations without interruption until Kittamaguunds time who died without brother or sister and appointed his daughter to be Queen, but that the Indians withstood as being contrary to their customs, whereupon they chose Weghucasso for their King who was descended from one of the Vttapoingassinem brother, (but which of them they know not) and Weghucasso at his death appointed their other Vttapoingassinem to be King being descended from one of the first kings, this man they saved was Jan Jan Wizous, which in their language signifies true king. And would not suffer us to call him Tawzin which is the style they give the sons of their Kings, who by their customs are not to succeed in rule, but his brothers or the sons of his sisters."

Excepting the Susquehannocks, who ranged the territory of that river and the valleys east of the Blue Ridge and who were called Hunting Indians, the Indians of Maryland were distinguished as Fishing Indians, although their men also went on short hunting trips, leaving their wives and children in the villages, to return to them within a few days. The country around abounded in deer, rabbits, squirrels, turkeys, partridges and other small game. Their fields of corn and beans were permanent around the villages. Living from the water was so easy that it produced a gentler nature than most of us attribute to the Indians. The men supported their families by hunting and fishing and cut down the trees and stripped the bark to build their homes. The men made the canoes by building a fire at the base of a tree and burning it partly through. They then remove the charred portions with their stone implements and built successive fires until the tree fell. Selecting a suitable log, they hollowed it out by similar process until they fashioned it into a craft that met their every need. The men made their implements for hunting and for war and for work in the fields, and these being made of stone their occupations took considerable time. The men also, through their clans, had charge of religious affairs, with the incidental duty of memorizing rituals and tribal records. They undertook the dangers of war, made the laws, conducted the treaties, and generally regulated tribal affairs, although the women had certain prerogatives and were permitted to become property owners under tribal law. The women reared the children, smoked the meat and fish for future uses, gathered rushes and made them into baskets and other incidentals for household use. They cultivated in our tidewater district several kinds of corn and peas, as well as melons and pumpkins, and even two or three kinds of fruit trees. This employment of women in agricultural work had a religious as well as an economic significance, because the Indians believed that it gave greater fertility if the women sowed the seeds and gathered the crops, and the division of labor of the sexes was intended to protect the welfare of the tribe and perpetuate the family. The position of the women was subordinate to that of the men, but they were not slaves, as is generally supposed, and they often ruled as chiefs in the absence of a proper strong man.

The mothers usually arranged marriages for their boys and girls, but marriages between members of the same clan were not tolerated. The mother of the boy would bring some game that had been killed by her son to the girl's relatives and would receive a gift in return. If the marriage was agreed upon, the man would send her a beaver or some other animal that he had killed, which the girl would cook and take to his lodge. This constituted the ceremony. The marriage bond itself was loose and separations were easy, and a hunter was permitted to have sevral wives if he could provide for them.

The houses in the villages were usually community houses—oblong, with dome-like roofs, 40 to 60 feet in length, supported by beams, and accommodated several families, possibly in close relationship, although individual lodges were frequent. These community houses were formed of poles fixed in the ground at regular intervals, which were bent over at the sides to form an arch at the top. Pieces running horizontally were fastened to these uprights, which served as braces and supports for mats, bark or other coverings, with vents at the tops to let out the smoke. These arbor-like houses were very warm and were sufficient protection against rain and wind. Generally their homes were grouped into towns which were palisaded and surrounded by posts ten or twelve feet high.

Except for a deference paid to the headmen of the several clans, who ruled in time of peace, each man in these communities considered himself as good as another, and in times of war the fighting men established themselves as volunteers under some popular leader who might or might not be their village chief. Around the village council fire, every man had the right to be heard, but when there was need of the deliberation of a tribe or a confederacy, the old men or the orators were selected by the various villages to attend these assemblies. Nor did the judgment of these councils bind the entire village or tribe. Any one might refuse to obey its rulings if it pleased him, and it was this weakness of discipline that frequently urged on tribal jealousies which caused the Indians to give way to the whites. Lacking in self control and the child of impulse, he refused lengthy military service, and yielded to any sustained resistance that the colonists made, who better understood the need of obedience before a common foe.

In fishing, the Indians had little to learn from the Europeans. Their hooks, made of carved shell or bone, were shaped very much like those of metal brought over by the settlers. Captain John Smith speaks of the vast numbers of fish in the Chesapeake and its tributaries, telling in particular of one experience in the Potomac, when they were so thick that they impeded the passage of his boat so that he could not made a landing. When we say that the Indian was barbarous, we must remember his manner of living, which gave him the food that he craved. Evidences abound of his high sense of personal honor and that he had an active mind and could plan with an excellent logic. The Europeans brought many ideals of social developments that clashed with their ideas. At first the Indians regarded the Europeans as of supernatural origin and they gave them every evidence of hospitality and confidence, but the Spaniards, and afterwards the English, sold them into slavery or killed them on the slightest pretext. When the trader came, who traveled from tribe to tribe buying furs for trifles, and often cheating and robbing the Indians, and encouraging them in the use of intoxicants, it completely demoralized their native life.

One difference between the races that made untold discontent were the conflicting ideas of property rights, especially that of land ownership. The clothes that they wore belonged to the Indian, the household effects and the children belonged to the women, but the land belonged to the tribe and no Indian had a right to sell it, except with the consent of his tribe. In the purchase of land the policy of the Maryland Colony was unique and most honorable, and although it antedated the fame of Penn's purchase by many years it has not been so well advertised.

Many of the customs and beliefs of the Maryland Indians must be construed as similar to the customs of other eastern Indians bordering on this section, of whom certain accounts exist, and it is interesting to know that before the coming of the whites the Indians of this section employed an equipment for defense that was made of wooden slats, wooden rods or reeds woven together by thread or sinew, which soon became obsolete because of the iron implements and the guns introduced by the whites.

Champlain and Lafitau, who lived for years as missionaries among the Iroquois, both speak of those tribes being equipped with such armor, and Heriot, speaking of the Virginia Indians, said: "Having no edge tools or weapons of iron or steele to offend us withall, neither know they how to make any; those weapons that they have are only bows made of witch hazle, and arrows of reed and flat edged truncheons also of wood about a yard long, neither have they anything to defend themselves but targets made of barks; and some armours made of sticks wickered together with thread."

It is also fair to assume that trading existed as an institution among the Eastern tribes, as is evidenced by the following, from Lafitau: "The savage nations always traded with each other. Their commerce, like that of the ancients, is a simple exchange of wares for wares. They all have something particular that the other has not, and the traffic makes these things circulate among them. Their wares are grain, wampum, furs, robes, tobacco, mats, canoes, cotton beds, domestic utensils, in a word, all sorts of necessities of life, required by them." And Lawson, speaking of the North Carolina Indians, said: "The women make baskets and mats to lie upon, and those who are not extraordinary hunters make bowls, dishes, and spoons of gum-wood, others when they find a vein of clay, make pipes, which are often transported to other Indians, who perhaps have greater plently of deer and other game."

Their years were numbered by winters—cohonks—in imitation of the call of the wild goose which came to them in cold weather. Their years were divided into five seasons—the budding time, the earing of the corn, the heat of the summer, the harvest season, and the winter. Their months were counted as moons and their days were divided into three parts—the rise of the sun, the power of the sun, and the lowering of the sun.

They shaved or cut short their hair on the right side of their heads so that it would not interfere with their bow strings, leaving the hair grow long on the left side. They pulled out the hair of the beard as soon as it grew.

Before the colonists came with their steel tools the greatest need of the Indians was stone, from which they made their arrow-points, spear-heads, axes, hammers, chisels and knives, and many evidences of their art in manipulating rocks have been unearthed in Maryland fields and along our water courses. Not satisfied with the water-worn pebbles and rocks lying here and there, they went to the mouths of streams and gathered the selected rocks that were brought down by the floods from the upper gorges. In the more hilly section and especially along the various falls where the rock strata was exposed, they quarried out larger blocks of stone by inserting long sticks in the fissures of the rock and prying it off, or split it by building fires in its crevices. At the quarries were workshops for the manufacture of all sorts of implements of war or of the chase. Soapstone abounded in this district and they worked this softer rock into mortars for grinding their corn and other domestic uses. Their shops at the Falls of the Patapsco and at the Falls of the Potomac show great accumulations of rejected stones, many of which were partly worked. Flints and rhyolite were largely found in the more mountainous district of the Blue Ridge. The harder stones were flaked, pecked, or abraded, but the soapstones were hollowed out and shaped by their sharper stone tools. Clay was used for making pottery.

More than one-half of the arrow-heads found in our tidewater section are of quartz and are of two kinds, one for war and the other for the chase. The first were of triangular form with a re-entering angle at the base by which they were attached to the shaft in a notch at its end, so that when the shaft was withdrawn the arrow-head would remain in the wound. The second, and by far the more numerous, were also of triangular form with sides slightly convex, with a projecting point at the base, forming two notches, one on each side, by which it was permanently attached by a sinew to the shaft. Other instruments were knives, axes, chisels and hammers, many of which were polished with great care.

Like all primitive people, the religion of the Indians was an animism that was based on their superstition of the influences of natural forces on the individual. They carried these relationships between the animate and the inanimate into their mythology in their attempt to explain causes and events, until these relations of the individual to the outer world and the forms created by his imagination and emotion may be defined as the principle of their religion. They believed in immortality, although the abode for their spirits was not very definite, beyond it being a happy hunting ground. They had a kind of chief deity of which they made magic images, and they placated many minor deities by paying worship to everything that was likely to do them harm, such as fire, water, thunder and lightning. Their Medicine Men or Magicians were practically their priests, and while every object was endowed by them with magic power, animals, especially the larger ones, were feared because of their natural influences. This magical influence of the animal accounts for their own clan conception, whether the bear, the wolf, the turkey, the tortoise or others. The Indians did not attempt to explain the beginning of the world. That was eternal, without beginning or end, but their legends accounted for almost everything else that happened in nature, even to the causes of the markings on animals; as, for instance, how the bear one day, attempting to catch a chipmunk, only scratched his claws over him, and the marks that were left on his fur were the markings of the chipmunk for evermore. With the Indians, whatever was once settled, was settled for all time, and whatever was not controlled by the will—dreams, sickness, and death, for instance—

was a matter of magic and could be controlled by outside causes. The nature of disease was very mysterious to him and he attributed it to supernatural causes, believing that they were caused by offended or malevolent beings through secret practicing by an enemy. In every tribe there were men, and sometimes women, who exorcised these powers by placating opposing powers which they tried to influence by prayers and songs to the spirits of the dead or to mythical animals, or by the sorcerer's art. They also practiced blood-sucking, poulticing and sweating. They dieted to the point of total abstinence to starve out the devil. Every village had its altar—a place where sacrifices were made or offerings laid out or ceremonies performed—it might only be a pile of stones or shells, but most frequently it was an oval or circular palisade of carved stakes surrounding an area in the center of which was a fire and a mat on which the symbols were placed. The fire was always sacred and even in the houses it was never treated lightly by the people therein. Many authorities regard the fire in the peace-pipe or calumet as symbolic of an altar that gave a sacredness to their deliberations. Their dead were laid on mats or skins in deep holes and then covered with earth. The bodies of their chiefs, however, were usually not buried, but after taking off the flesh from the bones and drying it, it was replaced and wrapped with mats and laid upon a scaffold in regular order with those who had previously died.

The Indians looked on the earth as the mother from which came all created things, the mother who produced food for the children. From this primitive religious sense of the earth, land was not regarded by them as property. Like the air, it was necessary to the livelihood of the race and, therefore, was not to be appropriated by the individual. As he developed out of savagery, and began to cultivate the soil and range the hunting and fishing places contiguous to his villages, he established tribal rights over such land for the use of the tribe, but this occupancy of the land never gave him the conception that he had individual rights, or that the land was merchantable. The whites brought a different idea of land rights when they came—the conception that the title to the land was vested in the individual—and these radically differing conceptions of land rights led to much friction between the races. But Lord Baltimore and the Maryland colonies, with a breadth of vision unusual in those days, acknowledged these Indian rights of tribal occupancy, as is shown by Lord Baltimore's purchase of these tribal rights when he acquired the site of St. Mary's in 1634 and, later, when he developed the idea of sequestering Indian lands or reservations about 1650. This policy was afterward followed by William Penn in 1683. In other colonies, individual whites would frequently purchase land from individual Indians, only to find that under the tribal laws of the Indians the individual had no right to sell it, and many conflicts resulted from such misunderstanding. Lord Baltimore, however, insisted that all purchases should be made through the tribe and with tribal sanction, in consequence of which much friction was avoided in the Maryland colony and pleasanter relations maintained between the races. It is interesting to know that these principles of Lord Baltimore were adopted by the Continental Congress in 1783, which forbade private purchase or private acceptance of land from the Indians, and the Ordinance of 1787 made the consent of the Indians requisite to the cession of their lands; and from the adoption of the Constitution to the Act of March 3, 1871, all cessions of land were by treaty with the Indians, and the United States negotiated with the several Indian tribes precisely as if they were foreign nations.

Because of the treaties made with the Indians of Southern Maryland, in which the colonists agreed to protect the several friendly tribes against the ravages of the Susquehannocks; the Susquehannocks in turn made war upon the settlements, until in 1652 a treaty of peace was made with them. The Susquehannocks, whom Captain John Smith described as a mighty nation of warriors, had by this time become weakened to a fighting strength of 700. In 1661 the smallpox broke out among them and carried off half of the force, until they in turn could not protect themselves against their enemies from the North, the

Senecas and the Cayugas, and they begged the assistance of the colonists, who eventually made a treaty with them in 1666. In 1674 the Susquehannocks, having been reduced to a fighting strength of less than 300 warriors, could no longer hold their lands against the Senecas, and they left their homes in the northern part of the colony to take up their abode in the old territory of the Piscataways, who had been established further up the Potomac on Indian lands created under a previous treaty with them. The Senecas followed the Susquehannocks to their new homes and the intervening territory in Baltimore, Anne Arundel, and what is now Howard and Frederick Counties, was made unsafe by a warfare that lasted for several years, during which the settlers suffered much damage in stock and other property.

In 1650 the Chapticos had moved to the headquarters of the Wicomicos. The Indian lands were laid out in 1692, but this treaty of 1692 caused the enmity of the Senecas and other Iroquois tribes, who harrassed the peacefully inclined Algonquin tribes. Successive treaties followed, especially those of 1705 and 1715, which developed a better policy between the colonists and the Indians until, in 1742, the treaty was made with the Iroquois, which insured the help of the Iroquois tribes against the French.

By 1700 many of the Indians of Southern Maryland had settled down among the colonists, the women serving the whites, and the men hunting and fishing. Eventually, dispirited by this experience, and having nothing to hope for in the future, they married with negroes and became extinct. Those who cared for the free life wandered off and were adopted into other tribes, probably the Piscataways, who were the dominating tribe of the Western Section, or by the Nanticokes, who were the strongest tribe on the Eastern Shore.

Adoption was almost a universal institution among the Indians that had its counterpart in what we call naturalization. A man who had wandered off from his own tribe or had been captured in war might be adopted into another tribe by rite, and this method of adoption might apply not only to individuals but to families and tribes. If a tribe had been decimated by disease, or weakened by war, it could be adopted into another tribe even if of a different nation.

Similar movements were occurring among all the Eastern tribes. Shortly after the occupation of the colonists, conflicts between the two races arose. The natural simplicity of the Indians could not cope with the greed for land that was developed in several of the colonies and they became angry at the encroachments of the whites. They saw their game being destroyed for furs, instead of food, and their youths were being contaminated by the practices of the traders and trappers who were often brutal men. The changing conditions weakened the tribal life, and in their efforts to avoid conflicts they gradually retreated from the seaboard and became adopted into the stronger tribes of the Iroquois. The Tuscaroras, who were of Iroquoian stock, and had drifted off from the main body when they came East, had settled in the Carolinas and became one of the dominating nations in the South. Their troubles with the settlers in that section encouraged their migration to the northward, and they slowly retreated through the Valley of the Shenandoah into Maryland. The presumption is that the remnants of the Maryland Indians on the Western Shore were adopted into the Tuscaroras in their retreat up the Valley of the Susquehanna and went west to Ohio about 1750.

The Nanticokes, who had probably taken in the other tribes on the Eastern Shore, also retreated up the Valley of the Susquehanna and by 1748 had become established in southern New York on the east branch of the Susquehanna under the protection of the Iroquois.

Most of them joined with the Mohicans, who migrated west to Ohio about 1785 and amalgamated with the Delawares, who had previously gone there and become a powerful nation, although some drifted westward along the southern shore of the Great Lakes with the Iroquois when they went West.

Long before 1800 the Maryland Indians had practically disappeared from this section, leaving nothing behind but those mute relics of their former occupancy that are found by the collector of stone arrow-points and axes, and their beautifully sounding names of many of our rivers and mountains.

SOME DESCENDANTS OF COLONEL PHILIP BRISCOE.

L. W. Reid.

The ancestry of Dr. John Briscoe, who settled in Frederick (afterwards Berkeley) County, Virginia, about 1752, and his brother George Briscoe, who accompanied or more probably followed him, as given in *Colonial Families of the United States of America,* Vol. III, p. 84, is incorrect. They were, it seems, sons of Dr. Philip Briscoe, son of Philip,[1] usually called Colonel Philip, and Susanna (Swann) Briscoe. The proof is as follows:

In the Maryland Land Office, Accounts, Book 21, p. 446, we find "The Account of Elizabeth Briscoe, admx. of all and singular the Goods, Chattels, Rights and Credits of Philip Briscoe late of St. Mary's Co. Deceased." Net personal estate is £271, 1, 6¾. At the end of account is "Balance to be disposed of one third to the Deceased's widow, the residue to John Briscoe, Philip Briscoe, Edward Briscoe, James Briscoe, Walter Briscoe, George Cole Briscoe, Elizabeth Briscoe and Sarah Briscoe orphans of the Deceased." The date of this account is 17th July, 1745.

In the Land Office we find also, Inventories, Book 28, p. 518, Nov. 1743, "An Inventory of the Goods and chattels of Mr. Philip Briscoe late of St. Mary's Co. Deceased, appraised by Luke Gardiner and Wm. Bond the Day and Year above written."

Among the items in this inventory are "One young negro woman named Dinah £40, one young negro named Peter £41, one negro woman Susanna very old £10, one mulatto girl Priscilla £26." Among the items are also medicines and a "Doctor's Book."

In the will of Susanna (Swann) Briscoe, dated 5th Feb., 1739/40, prob. 24th July, 1740 (Land Office, Book 22, p. 212), she bequeaths to her son Philip Briscoe "a negro woman Susanna and her daughter Dinah my negro boy Peter and my mulatto girl Priscilla." It will be noted that these four negroes appear in the above inventory, proving that Dr. Philip Briscoe was the son of Col. Philip and Susanna (Swann) Briscoe.

Proof that Dr. John Briscoe and George Briscoe, who settled in Frederick Co., Va., were brothers is afforded by a chart made May 1838 by Maj. Thomas Briscoe (1791-1867), a grandson of Dr. John Briscoe. This chart is now in the possession of Miss Juliet Hite Gallaher of Waynesboro, Va., a granddaughter of Maj. Thomas Briscoe; she has kindly given me a copy of this chart and certain Bible records, to which I shall refer later, and allowed me to use them. I shall give this chart exactly as it is written by Major Briscoe, omitting all descendants after the third generation.

"Roots among the first settlers of Md. about 1633-35 A. D.
1st. Generation John Briscoe and Elizabeth, maiden name unknown.
 Issue: I. George Briscoe md. Frances McMillan of Pr. Wm. Co., Va.
 Issue: 1. James Briscoe, issue; 2. Cuthbert Briscoe, no issue.
  3. George Cole Briscoe, no issue; 4. Elizabeth md. Hedges, issue;
  5. Philip, no issue; 6. Samuel, issue; 7. Harrison, issue;
  8. Edward, issue.

2. Dr. John Briscoe 2nd., Berkeley Co., Va., md. 1st Elizabeth McMillan of Pr. Wm. Co., Va., gr. dau. of Thos. Harrison of Chappawamsick; md. 2nd. Ann Lamar of Queen Anne Co., Md., no issue. Issue by Elizabeth McMillan: 1. Israel; 2. Parmenas; 3. Dr. John Briscoe; 4. Elizabeth; 5. Sally; 6. Fanny; 7. Hezekiah.

3. ——— Briscoe, md. ———
Issue: 1. Miss Briscoe md. ——— Chapelier; 2. Cassandra, md. Purvis, no issue; 3. Philip Briscoe of St. Mary's Co., Md., and others not known."

A word of comment on this chart may not be out of place. Although Maj. Thomas Briscoe unfortunately gave the name of his greatgrandfather, the father of Dr. John and George Briscoe, incorrectly, as will be shown, a mistake which lead to the confusion in this line as published, he probably was well acquainted with his great uncle George Briscoe, who lived near him and did not die until 1805 (Bible records), and, of course, knew his closer relations descended from Dr. John Briscoe. The brother, 3, of Dr. John Brisioe and George Briscoe has not as yet been identified and it seems probable that "Philip Briscoe of St. Mary's Co., Md." given as his son was his brother, Philip^{3} Briscoe (Philip,^{2} Philip^{1}). A Cassandra Briscoe married James Purvis (Mar. contract, dated 3d Mar., 1787, recorded Winchester, Deed Book 29), who was one of the executors of George Briscoe's will (see below). It is probable that Maj. Briscoe knew Mrs. Purvis as she lived near his home and did not die until 1819.

The chart deals no further with the children of George Briscoe, except as they intermarried with the descendants of Dr. John Briscoe; but it continues the lines of the children of Dr. John and Elizabeth (McMillan) Briscoe, especially that of their son Dr. John Briscoe, who married Eleanor Magruder, one child of this marriage being Maj. Thos. Briscoe.

The fact that George and Frances (McMillan) Briscoe had a son George Cole Briscoe at once suggests a connexion with Dr. Philip [2] Briscoe (Philip [1]).

At Charles Town, Jefferson Co., West Va., is the will of a George Briscoe, dated 9th Feb., 1802, prob. 9th July, 1805 (Book 1, p. 207). It is in part as follows: "I give and bequeath to my seven sons the tract of land whereon I live supposed to contain between five and six hundred acres to be equally divided among them according to quality and quantity, to be enjoyed by them and their heirs forever, viz. John Briscoe, George C. Briscoe, Cuthbert Briscoe, Philip Briscoe, Samuel Briscoe, Harrison Briscoe and Edward Briscoe, nevertheless should any of my sons die under the legal age of 21 without heirs, then and in that case it is my will and desire that the property devised this son or sons shall be equally divided among the surviving or their heirs to be enjoyed by them forever."

To his daughter, Elizabeth Hedge, he leaves personalty.

Executors: Friends John Briscoe and James Purvis and son John Briscoe. (Signed) George Briscoe.

Witnesses: Richd. McSherry, George S. Washington, Andrew Rhonemies.

John Briscoe gives bond of $15,000.

That the George Briscoe of the above will is the George Briscoe of the chart, brother of Dr. John Briscoe, seems evident although Maj. Briscoe has called the eldest son "James" instead of "John."

That the full name of this George Briscoe was George Cole Briscoe will appear from the following records.

Although he signed his will as George Briscoe and in the appraisal of his personal estate, 8th April, 1806 (Charles Town Will Book 1, p. 277) which includes 20 slaves and 10 horses, the total being $6266.16, he is called George Briscoe, in the final account of his estate, 12th Sept., 1810 (Will Book, 1, p. 598), he is called Capt. George C. Briscoe.

At Martinsburgh, Berkeley Co., then Virginia now West Va., there is a deed dated 1st and 2nd Aug., 1777 (Book 4,

p. 221) by which Thos. Mason conveys to George Cole Briscoe two tracts of land adjoining, of 255 and 300 acres respectively.

At Charles Town, Jefferson Co., West Va., there is a deed, dated 20th March, 1807 (Book 4, p. 215) by which John M. Briscoe and Maria, his wife, Cuthbert Briscoe and Elizabeth, his wife, George Cole Briscoe by John Briscoe, his attorney in fact, Philip Briscoe, Samuel Briscoe, Harrison Briscoe and Edward Briscoe all of Jefferson Co., Va., convey to Wm. Cameron of Lancaster Co., Pa., two tracts of land devised by George C. Briscoe to the above, one tract having been bought by George C. Briscoe from Thomas Mason being next land of George Washington and Smith Slaughter, the other tract being bought by George C. Briscoe from Thos. Mason at the same time and being next to other land and to Richard McSherry's.

The land bequeathed by George Briscoe to his seven sons is the land conveyed by Thomas Mason to George Cole Briscoe.

We have also as further evidence that the full name of the George Briscoe of the will and chart was George Cole Briscoe three deeds recorded at Martinsburgh.

Book 4, p. 190, 16th and 17th June, 1777, George Cole Briscoe and Frankey Briscoe, his wife, convey to Richard Evans 378 acres of land on Middle Creek in Berkeley, formerly Frederick Co., Va.

Book 11, p. 622, 14th Aug., 1790, George Briscoe and Frances Briscoe, his wife, convey to Richard McSherry 55 acres, 70 roods of land; in body of deed grantor is designated as George Cole Briscoe, although he signed as George Briscoe. Book 11, p. 626, 21st Aug. 1792, George Cole Briscoe and Frances Briscoe, his wife, convey to Richard McSherry 233 acres of land.

Attention is called to the fact that in these three deeds the wife of George Cole Briscoe signs as Frances (or Frankey) Briscoe, which corresponds to the name of the wife of George Briscoe as given on chart.

To identify this George Cole Briscoe with George Cole[3] Briscoe (Philip,[2] Philip[1]), we have, so far as the writer knows, no direct evidence, but that there was a second George Cole Briscoe of suitable age will be seen to be highly improbable.

An examination of the descendants in the male lines of Col. Philip Briscoe for three generations shows that there are known only the two following George Briscoes in addition to George Cole 3 (Philip,2 Philip 1); that is, George 2 (Philip 1), who predeceased his father, and George 3 (Edward,2 Philip 1) who died between 14th May, 1752 and 30th June, 1755.

Among the descendants of John Briscoe of Kent Co., (Will, 20th June 1709, 7th June, 1715) we find no George Briscoe of suitable age. We are lead therefore to the conclusion that the above George Cole Briscoe and his brother Dr. John Briscoe were sons of Philip 2 (Philip 1) and they will be so designated hereafter in this article.

It is well to say that a careful search of the Maryland records reveals no persons who can be identified with the Dr. John II and Dr. John III of the article in Colonial Families in the United States of America, and it was this that lead the writer to an examination of the record at Martinsburgh and Charles Town with the above result.

At the end of this article will be found records taken from the Bible of Hezekiah 4 Briscoe (John,3 Philip,2 Philip 1). They are published by the kind permission of Miss Gallaher, who owns the Bible in question.

The date of death of George Briscoe, "7th June, 1805," will be seen to accord with that of the will given above. The item "Elizabeth Briscoe (the mother of old Dr. John Briscoe, formerly of Frederick Co. then of Berkeley Co., who 2nd John was one of the early settlers of the valley of Virginia) was born in the year 1693 and died in the 74th year of her age in the year 1767" is especially interesting as the name of the widow and admx. of Philip 2 (Philip 1) was Elizabeth and this is evidently the same person. Her maiden name has not been determined so far as the writer knows. She has been said to have been an Elizabeth De Courcy, but an examination of the early generations of the De Courcy (Coursey) family discloses no marriage to a Briscoe and indeed leads to the conclusion that she could not have been a De Courcy. The evidence is briefly as follows. Hezekiah Briscoe's Bible records state that Elizabeth Briscoe, mother of Dr. John Briscoe, whom we have seen to be John [3] (Philip,[2] Philip [1]), was born in 1693. It is impossible therefore that she could have been Elizabeth [4] Coursey, daughter of John [3] and Elizabeth (Macklin) Coursey, as stated in the above mentioned article in "Colonial Families of the United States of America," since this John Coursey was born 12th July, 1709. (Land Office Chan. Rec. Book 8A, p. 1053).

Elizabeth Macklin, moreover, is shown by the will of her father, Robert Macklin, (Land Office, Book 14, p. 450) to have been under 18 years of age 11th Nov., 1716.

An examination of the records shows that among the descendants of Col. Henry Coursey there are only two Elizabeth Courseys, who could have been born as early as 1693.

These are two granddaughters, the one, daughter of his son Henry by his first wife, Mary Harris; the other, daughter of his son John by his second wife, Elizabeth (Smith) Carpenter.

The former, Elizabeth [3] Coursey (Henry,[2] Henry [1]) was the wife of William Cummings, 7th Nov. 1727 (Will of her mother, Elizabeth (Desmyniers) Coursey (Land Office, Book 19, p. 644).

The latter, Elizabeth [3] Coursey (John [2] Henry [1]) was the wife of Thomas Wilkinson, 25th March, 1725 (Will of Elizabeth Coursey, widow of Col. William [2] Coursey (Land Office, Book 19, p. 28).

As John [3] Briscoe (Philip,[2] Philip [1]) was born in March 1717, according to Hezekiah Briscoe's Bible records, and his father was alive 5th Feb., 1740, (Will of Susanna Briscoe, see above), it is evidently impossible that his mother could have been either of the above Elizabeth Courseys.

It may be added, although it seems unnecessary, that there is evidence to show that it is improbable that either of the above Elizabeth Courseys could have been born as early as 1693.

The mother of John[3] Briscoe (Philip,[2] Philip[1]) could moreover not have been a descendant of either Maj. William Coursey or John Coursey brothers of Col. Henry Coursey, for John Coursey died unmarried and Maj. Wm. Coursey died prior to 12th Aug., 1685 (Land Office, Inv. and Acc. Book 8, p. 410), and had only one son, William, who left no issue. The name George Cole given one of the sons of Dr. Philip[2] and Elizabeth Briscoe suggests a possible connexion with the Cole family. A partial examination of the Cole records offers as a possibility for the wife of Dr. Philip[2] Briscoe Elizabeth Cole, youngest daughter of George Cole of Calvert Co. (Will; 2nd Oct., 1699, 3rd Oct., 1700. Land Office, Book 11, p. 5). According to this will, the daughter Elizabeth might have been born in 1693.

If any one has any data relating to this Elizabeth Cole or in any way to the wife of Dr. Philip[2] Briscoe, the writer would be grateful for it.

There is an item in the Rent Roll of the Manors of Frederick, Lord Baltimore (Scharf Papers, Md. Hist. Soc.) which seems to refer to George Cole Briscoe. In that for the manor of Chapticoe, entry no. 25 is the lease to Leonard Briscoe of 214 acres, 25th March, 1743, upon the lives of Leonard Briscoe and George Briscoe, whose ages at date of this rent roll, Jan. 1768, are given as 47 and 35 respectively. Entry 27 gives George Briscoe as "tenant in possession" of 310¼ acres, the only other information regarding this land being that lease was upon "One life as supposed about 45."

The George Briscoe mentioned in entry 25 was born in 1733 which accords with the probable date of birth of George Cole[3] (Philip,[2] Philip[1]).

There is also a deed at Winchester, Frederick Co. Va., dated 6th May, 1767, (Book 2, p. 399) by which Peter McKean conveys certain land to George Briscoe. In this deed, George Briscoe is described as of Frederick County, Colony of Virginia.

A good deal of data regarding the descendants of Dr. John[3] (Philip,[2] Philip[1]) has been published in the article in "Colonial Families of the United States of America," but nothing, regarding those of his brother George Cole Briscoe, has been published, except when there was an intermarriage between the two lines.

I shall give a few records which seem to relate to the children of George Cole Briscoe.

Cuthbert Briscoe and Elizabeth Thompson mar. 6th July, 1800, by the Rev. Alexander Balmain (Winchester, Va., Mar. Rec.).

Joseph Hedges and Elizabeth Briscoe mar. 24th Nov., 1798, by the Rev. John Hutt (Martinsburgh, West Va. mar. Rec.).

Samuel Briscoe and Eliza Creasan mar. 19th Oct., 1815 (Charles Town, West Va. Mar. Rec.).

John Briscoe and Margaret Williamson mar. 10th Jan., 1793, by the Rev. Moses Hoge (Martinsburgh, West Va., Mar. Rec.).

Harrison ^{4} Briscoe and Edward ^{4} Briscoe, sons of George Cole ^{3} Briscoe, married respectively Henny ^{5} Briscoe and Elizabeth ^{5} Briscoe, daughters of Parmenas ^{4} Briscoe (John,^{3} Philip,^{2} Philip ^{1}). The earliest unmistakable reference to Dr. Philip ^{2} Briscoe that the writer has found is in "The Account of John and Marmaduke Simms, joint exectrs. of the last will and testament of Fortune Simms late of Charles Co. deceased," one item being "To Dr. Philip Briscoe for physical means as by receipt appears, 778" (pounds of tobacco) (Land Office, Inv. and Acc., Book 23, p. 100). The date of the account is 19th Sept., 1702, and that of probate of will of Fortune Simms 10th Dec., 1701. This would seem to place date of birth of Dr. Philip Briscoe not later than 1680, and as his brother, Capt. John Briscoe was born in 1678 (Dep. Chas. Co. Rec., Lib. P. #2, fol. 2), he was probably born in 1679 or 1680. An earlier item which probably relates to Dr. Philip ^{2} Briscoe is found in "The Account of Joseph Walters, exectr. of Patience Burwell's will,' dated Feb. 14th, 1698/9 (Land Office, Inv. and Acc., Book 18, p. 137). It is "To pd. Mr. Briscoe for Physick and attendance of ye executrix 500 tobc."

If this is Dr. Philip [2] Briscoe, it would seem to indicate either that he and his elder brother, John, were born a little earlier that the above dates or that he practised medicine before he was of age. We notice also that as early as 5th March, 1705, his father distinguished himself as Philip Briscoe, Sr.

The writer has been able to gather very little information concerning the children of Dr. Philip and Elizabeth Briscoe other than John and George, but the following suggestions may be helpful. James may be the "James Briscoe of Berkeley Co. and Colony of Va.," who executed, 14 May, 1778, what seems to be merely a deed of gift conveying certain personal property to Elizabeth Davis for the support of her son Samuel, witnessed by John Briscoe and John Briscoe, Jr. This instrument is, however, recorded, 16 March, 1779, as the will of James Briscoe (Martinsburgh, West Va., Will Book 1, p. 160). Walter Baker, who married Elizabeth [4] Briscoe (John,[3] Philip,[2] Philip [1]) was appointed administrator, 16th March, 1779 (Order Book, 1777-79, p. 369), and John Briscoe Jr. was appointed guardian of Edward Briscoe orphan of James Briscoe, deceased (Order Book 4, p. 5). Walter is probably the Walter Briscoe who married Elizabeth Briscoe 13th May, 1762, (Trinity Parish, Charles Co. rec.). Edward may be the Edward Briscoe who married Rachel Chapelear, widow of Isaac Chapelear about 1741-42, although this Edward Briscoe is more probably Edward [3] (Edward,[2] Philip [1]).

It is tempting also to endeavour to identify the daughters, Elizabeth and Sarah, with the Elizabeth Garner and Sarah Parker (Barber?) mentioned by Susanna (Swann) Briscoe in her will as granddaughters, although the fact that they are referred to in the above given account of their father's estate by their maiden name seems to render this unlikely.

As to the son Philip, he may be the Philip Briscoe, who married Mary Parnham, widow of Dr. Francis Parnham, between 26th Jan. 1758, and 3rd July, 1758.

If the date of death of Chloe (Hanson) Briscoe, wife of

Philip[3] Briscoe (John[2] Philip[1]) was known, this might be decided. Chloe (Hanson) Briscoe was certainly alive 2nd Aug., 1755, when she joined her husband in a deed conveying certain land, but the writer has been unable to find any later reference to her. He would be grateful for any information regarding the date of her death.

Records from the Bible of Hezekiah[4] Briscoe (John,[3] Philip,[2] Philip[1]).

This Bible was printed in Edinburgh, 1762, by Alexander Kincaid. Miss Gallaher says: "It was given by Hezekiah Briscoe to his brother, John Briscoe, who, in turn, gave it to his son, Maj. Thomas Briscoe, who gave it to my Mother, Amelia Frances Briscoe, his youngest child, who gave it to me."

Briscoes were originally amongst the first settlers of Maryland. Elizabeth Briscoe (the mother of old Doctor John Briscoe, formerly of Frederick Co. then of Berkeley Co. who 2nd John was one of the early settlers of the Valley of Virginia) was born in the year 1693 and died in the 74th year of her age in the year 1767. The above named Doctor Jno. Briscoe (her son) was born in March 1717 and died the 7th Dec. 1788. Elizabeth Briscoe (who was Eliz. H. McMillian of Prince William Co., Va.), the wife of the above Dr. Briscoe, was born May 1730 and died 5th July 1774.

The above Dr. Briscoe married his second wife Ann (who was Ann Lamar of Prince George's Co., Maryland) on the 27th of March 1776 in the 46th year of her age, she died in year 1812, left no children.

John Briscoe, Esq., formerly of Berkeley Co., and afterwards of Jefferson, the son of the above Doctor Briscoe, was born 2nd July, 1752 and died May 12th 1818. He married

Eleanor Magruder, only daughter of Alexander and Susan Magruder of Frederick, Maryland, which Susan was Susan Lamar near Queen Anne Town, Pr. George's Co., Md., and sister to the above Ann Lamar and both daughters of old John Lamar.

Izreel Briscoe was born 11th April, 1747.

Parmenas Briscoe was born ye 1st day of May 1749 on Monday. Jno. Briscoe was born ye 2nd day of July 1752 on Thursday. Elizabeth Briscoe was born ye 10th day of August 1755 on Monday. Sarah Briscoe was born ye 13th day of October 1759 on Saturday. Frances Briscoe was born ye 28 of Oct. 1762 on Thursday.

Ruth McMillian was born ye 27th day of Feb. 1745.

John Briscoe Senr. was born in March 1717.

Elizabeth Briscoe Senr. was born in May 1730.

Old Elizabeth Briscoe died 22nd of February 1767 age 74.

Cuthbert McMillian died 28th of March 1771 age 25.

Hezekiah Briscoe was born ye 26 of June 1774.

Elizabeth Briscoe departed this Life ye 5th day of July 1774 at eleven at night.

John Briscoe Senr. was married to Ann his wife ye 27th day of March 1776, in ye 46 year of her Life, that is she was 46 on September ye 28th in ye aforesaid year.

Mrs. Frances Briscoe, now wife to W. Ignatius Davis Departed this Life 25 Day of June 1795, it Being on a Sunday, aged 32 years.

Mrs. Frances Briscoe, wife to George Briscoe, Departed this Life 24 June 1795 it being on a Wednesday.

George Briscoe died in ye year 1805 on June 7.

John Briscoe was born July 2nd, 1752 and lived to be 31 years of age and then married Eleanor Magruder, daughter of Alexander & Susanna Magruder, Feb. 19, 1784. Eleanor Magruder, my wife, was born January 6th, 1766, we both have lived to have ten children.

Frances Briscoe, daughter of John & Eleanor Briscoe was born the 7th day of May 1799 about half past five in the morning it being on a Tuesday.

Warner Briscoe the second by that name son to John and Eleanor Briscoe was born the 28 June 1801 it being on a Sunday about nine in the evening.

Henry T. McMillian Briscoe the son of John and Eleanor was born the 22 March, 1805 on a Friday at eleven o'clock in the evening.

Departed this life Mrs. Susannah Magruder April 14, 1805 after living to the respectable age of 79 years, whose life and conduct can rarely be equaled.

My much beloved wife Eleanor Briscoe departed this life the 11th of March 1806, after a long illness of eighteen months at eight in the evening.

Thomas Briscoe, son of John & Eleanor Briscoe was born on the 20th of February 1791 on Sunday night at nine o'clock.

Magruder Briscoe, son of John & Eleanor Briscoe, was born on the 25 day of April 1785 at ten in the evening on Monday.

Elizabeth Briscoe, daughter of John & Eleanor Briscoe, was born on a Tuesday 24th day of October 1787.

John Briscoe, son of John & Eleanor Briscoe, was born 28th day of January 1789 on Wednesday at three o'clock in the evening.

Susannah Briscoe, daughter of John & Eleanor Briscoe was born on the 27th day of January 1793 on a Sunday evening about eight o'clock & departed this Life on the 3rd day of February 17— it being on a Sunday Evening about ten o'clock.

Maria Harrison Briscoe, daughter of John & Eleanor Briscoe, was born on the 13th of May 1794 ten minutes after one o'clock in the morning it being on a Tuesday. Maria Harrison Briscoe, daughter of John & Eleanor Briscoe, departed this Life 1 day of August it being on a Friday 1794.

Warner Briscoe, son to John & Eleanor, was born 16th day of April 1795, it being on a Thursday at sunrise.

Susan Lamar Briscoe, daughter of John & Eleanor, was born 16th day of April 1795—it being on a Thursday morning at sunrise.

Susan Lamar Briscoe, daughter to John & Eleanor, departed this life the 28th day of April 1795.

Warner Briscoe, son to John & Eleanor. departed this life the 29th day of April 1795.

Courtney Ann Briscoe, daughter to John & Eleanor Briscoe, was born the 12th day of Oct. 1797 it being on a Wednesday morning about 4 o'clock.

Capt. John McMillian Departed this Life 31 day of October in the 77 year of his age. 1811.

Mr. Alexander Magruder died the 14th day of November in the year of our Lorde 1784 it being on a Sunday at Four o'clock in the Evening.

Susannah Magruder was Born the 23rd of November in the year 1726 and died in the year 1805 in the 79 year of her age, April 14th.

Eleanor Magruder was born the 26th January in the year 1766 and intermarried John Briscoe and died March the 11th, 1806.

Magruder Briscoe, son of John & Eleanor Briscoe, was born Monday the 25 of April 1785 at 10 o'clock at night.

Elizabeth Briscoe, Daughter to John & Eleanor Briscoe, was born the 24th day of October on Tuesday at 10 o'clock 1786.

John McMillian died ye year 1760 on the 22nd day of September.

John Briscoe, Senr died 7th day of December about 9 o'clock in the evening of Sunday 1788.

These records are given as nearly as possible in the exact form in which they appear in Hezekiah Briscoe's Bible. They occur on several pages in different handwritings and the order of their entry is uncertain. The first entries here given are thought to be in the handwriting of Maj. Thomas Briscoe. The words "2nd John" in the first entry are written on the margin at the end of a line in the same handwriting.

L. W. R.

RESTORATION OF THE SENATE CHAMBER.

J. APPLETON WILSON.

The Maryland Historical Magazine for December, 1907, contains a paper prepared by Mr. DeCourcy W. Thom, on the restoration of the old Senate chamber at Annapolis. This gives the general facts connected with the work, but perhaps a brief account of the steps taken in securing accurate data for the work of restoration, to the end that each portion should be as nearly as possible a true copy of the original, might be of interest.

"In 1876 the Legislature had appropriated a sum of money for the excavation of a cellar and the installation of a heating plant, under the old State House. No cellar had been originally provided, and there was but little ventilation below the ground floor. When the work was begun, it was found necessary to underpin the outside walls, except the North wall, from three to five feet. Then it was discovered that the floor timbers were absolutely rotten where they rested in the walls, and otherwise in places. This led to an examination of the timbers of the roof, tower and second floor, where nearly similar conditions existed. The flooring consisted of three layers which had been simply nailed, one over the other, as the under floor had become worn. On the roof was found four or five successive layers of tin, one above another, the lowest, which was probably the original covering, was composed of small loose unsoldered pieces, laid with a lap as is usual with shingles or slate. The wood sheathing was nearly all badly decayed. The floor above the Senate Chamber had sagged some five or six inches in the centre, and was held up by huge chains encased in clumsy wooden boxings, the chains hung from the roof trusses, equally detrimental and dangerous. Before the meeting of the Legislature of 1878, for whose accommodation the work was rushed night and day, Gov. Carroll requested a report outlining what had been done and what other work was necesary. This report was appended to his message of that year." The above is quoted from a long article which appeared in the *Sun* of Dec. 26, 1903, by Mr. George A. Frederick, who was the Architect in charge of the work at the time, and who prepared the report. He continues: "All the plastering had been removed (from the Senate Chamber) and restored from drawings and models made from casts of the original ornamental parts. I much regretted in this room, being compelled to remove the gallery, which for want of time could not be replaced. It was in a ruinous and dangerous condition. Careful measurements were taken and accurate drawings prepared of every part, so that nothing will prevent its exact reproduction, if such should be determined upon. Not only was the gallery in a ruinous condition, but its removal at that time was an imperative necessity, as the room itself could not be repaired, and the gallery (as it existed) kept in position during the progress of the work. The Board of Public Works fully realized this, and held a special meeting to consider the course to pursue, and as I insistingly advised its reconstruction should be done in materials of more substantial character than those first employed, and as time was pressing to get the chamber ready for the meeting of the General Assembly, and moreover, as the Board of Public Works already had gone far beyond the appropriation made for the repairs, it concluded it was better to leave the renewal and replacement of this work to the decision of the then fast approaching session. With the close of the work at that time, my employment as Architect ceased."

He then says, "In the latter half of 1877, night and day I worked and labored for the State of Maryland in the completion of the repairs, harder than ever I did in my life. The Legislature, impotent to vent its resentment on the Board of Public Works, for having as it claimed, transcended its powers in exceeding the appropriation made, as also its defined objects, saw fit to punish me, the Board's agent, by withholding nearly

$2000 of my commission as Architect, nor have I to this day, 24 years afterward, been able to secure that equity which is due to the humblest of citizens. I at last abandoned the struggle with its waste of time and money, concluding that if the great State of Maryland thus preferred to deal out injustice to its own citizens I would try to survive it. Hard it is to be deprived of the earned wage but more cruel yet to receive instead the unearned implied odium of the iconoclast." Whatever the reasons, the year 1878 closed with the Senate Chamber utterly stripped of all original interior work, even the window frames and sash being new. Not one vestige was left except the plaster cornice of the room, which is quite elaborate, and is, as Mr. Frederick says, a reproduction of the original. It may be remarked that Gov. Carroll and the Legislature, received constant criticism for its destruction of the Senate Chamber, but I consider it only fair to present the other side of the picture.

When Mr. Mayer and myself were appointed by the Legislature in 1894 to investigate the feasibility of restoring the Senate Chamber to its original condition, and the probable cost of making the required changes, this was its condition. The resolution was carefully guarded by the sentence, " Provided the said gentlemen are willing to perform said service without compensation." I might say in passing, that it has been a labor of love unto the end. Our report was never acted on, and nothing whatever was done until Mr. Warfield became Governor in 1904 and appointed the Committee with Mr. Pennington and myself as a special sub-committee to carry out the work. If it had not been for the investigations necessary for the report of 1894 I do not believe an authentic restoration could have been made.

The room is 40.7 x 35. inside measurement, and 19.6 high. A heavy beam had been placed in the centre of the ceiling which divided it into two equal sections and changed the appearance entirely. This was removed, and our next work was to take out the entire floor and ceiling and replace the wood joists with steel beams and flat arches of terra cotta blocks. The ceiling was then replastered and an exact reproduction of the cornice replaced. The silken canopy on a large frame, which covered the wall behind the speaker's platform was then removed and behind it was found the niche in the thickness of the wall, the level of its finish giving us the height of the floor of platform above the floor of the room. The decoration of the niche had disappeared. At this juncture a small photograph given me by Mr. Daniel R. Randall, showing the South end of the room and the gallery, was invaluable, as without it a true restoration would have been impossible. Mr. Shafer of the Land Office, had been wise enough to save a candle box full of the plaster modillions and fragments of the entablature from the gallery front. These were carefully put together and compared with the photograph, which gave us exactly what we needed. The balusters were carefully copied from the photograph and the exact number used. Then Mr. Randall came again to the rescue, and evolved two of the supporting columns which had rested in his hay loft for all these years; this gave us exactly the height of the gallery from the floor, and we had only to use them and have the others made. A plan prepared by Messrs. Hayward & Bartlett in 1858 from actual measurement showed the location of these columns on the floor and so we had the width of the gallery. This plan also showed the stairway and the true and false doors in West wall. The two wall pilasters which received the curved ends of the gallery, were found in the State House cellar, and only needed bases which were missing. The plaster was cut from the wall where we assumed them to belong, and our guess was confirmed by finding the original wood nailing blocks still in place in the brickwork. The doorway to gallery was found in the same way. When the plaster was removed, the doorway was there roughly bricked up and with the original oak lintel over it. These points determined, how were we to know the proper treatment for the niche? We finally ascertained in some way which I have forgotten, that the small photograph had been made by Mr. W. M. Chase, 941 W. Franklin St. On writing to him he said he could find no negatives of the old Chamber but sent me a small photograph of the wall opposite the gallery which was he had discovered, in an old sample book. Of course this was exactly what we lacked, and gave us the columns, and entablature about the niche. I then wrote for a photo of Trumbull's picture in the rotunda of the Capitol at Washington, and Mr. Elliott Woods, the Architect in charge, sent me a very clear print. This picture was painted in 1814 and from it we were able to reproduce the hoods and consoles above the two small doors, one of which is false. The photographs had been taken about 1868 before any changes had been made in the room except that the chimney breast had been removed. As Mr. Frederick has stated that he had prepared careful drawings of the gallery so that it might easily be reproduced, I asked him that we might have the advantage of these. He replied, under date of June 16, 1905, that he had given up his office, and such papers as he had retained were packed away, and he was about to leave the City for some months and could not comply with my request.

The small photograph of the South wall also showed the main doorway and the enclosure below the gallery for spectators. This had small swing doors with panels of gathered silk, and on each side, a small bracketed seat for a door keeper. These were reproduced as accurately as a minute examination of the photograph admitted. In my constant search for authorities I found a copy of the *Columbian Magazine* published in Philadelphia, February, 1789, which contained a short notice of the State House, and more important still, a plan of the main floor. This plan showed the gallery columns on the floor, the location of fireplace and doors in West wall. These were merely confirmatory, but the " Throne " for the Speaker was all important and was shown as three risers above floor and of an oval shape, somewhat flatter than a half circle. This was carefully followed. It also gave the original staircases, one on either side of the building, from a landing of one of these, the gallery was reached These had disappeared many years ago, and the hall in which they stood had been changed to rooms so that it was not possible to reproduce them. A new stairway was accordingly provided carefully designed on lines of the period. This does not show in the Senate Chamber and is really no part of the true restoration. To throw, if possible, more light on the matter I wrote the Director of the School of Fine Arts of Yale University asking for any drawings or sketches by Trumbull which they might have, but without success. The Washington picture, strange to say, shows the gallery at the North side of room instead of the South side. This is remarkable for a man noted for his accuracy of detail but in Lossing's " Field Book of the Revolution," on page 197, it is stated that the Artist, for the purpose of having the proper light, and shadow has omitted the three large windows (there are really four). The painting shows a delicate sage green on the walls. In searching for the proper color, I removed several coats of paint from a spot on the inside of niche and just before reaching the original plaster, came upon the identical color. This was repeated with the same result in several other places on the walls, so confirming Trumbull's extreme accuracy.

It was plain that the two windows in the North wall, and four on the East, had not been changed in any way since the building was erected. The brickwork was undisturbed, and the rubbed and bonded flat arches over the openings were as they had been placed. On removing the modern panel work below the sills on the inside, the brick jambs were found extending to the floor. The question then arose, had there been seats below the sills? Correspondence with those who had been familiar with the room since 1845, as Judge Hagner and others, developed that they well remembered the wide seats and had often laid hats and papers upon them, and rested on their cushions. The window sash were carefully copied from originals in the tower, and 24 lights to a window was decided upon as the usual division and the best for the purpose. We found modern boxed inside shutters to all windows and have allowed them to remain, only changing the mouldings to conform with the period. Persons who had known the room agreed that inside shutters had been used, which was confirmed by the examination of nearly all the Annapolis houses erected about the same time as the State House. The details for doors, wash board, chair rail, &c., were taken from actual examples of the period. For the fireplace and mantel we had nothing to go upon but the testimony of persons who had been familiar with the old room. This is also true of the fire irons, &c. By removing the plaster the original joining of old and new brickwork was revealed, giving the width of chimney breast as 8 ft. Judge Alexander B. Hagner well remembered the fire place and described it as a " huge rough cavern." Mr. S. W. Brooks, who had been employed at the building for more than fifty years, said he had always supplied it with four foot cord wood sticks, so it was made four feet and six inches wide, and very deep. The hearth was paved with original hexagon bricks which had formed the floor of the main hallway, and enough of which were fortunately recovered in the cellar. The fireplace itself was lined with original old brick. No trace of the mantel could be found as it was removed in 1858 when the chimney was taken down. No trustworthy data could be had except that it was of wood. A new mantel was designed, based on well known examples of the time, with the same frieze which appears in the gallery and above the niche. All the testimony agreed that the facing was of plaster painted black, which has been followed.

The interior woodwork has been painted white, which was almost universal at that period and which is confirmed by the photograph of 1868. The washboard is black, and the delicate rail capping the enclosure below the gallery is of mahogany. Mr. Brooks said that the andirons were rough and heavy with a long shovel and a kind of fork for mending the fire, all of wrought iron. Sketches made by him and elaborated until they met his ideas were prepared, and put into the hands of

Gustav Krug & Son, of this City, who perfectly interpreted the drawings. Mr. Brooks also said that the center chandelier was of brass as shown in the painting by Edwin White, dated 1858, and which now hangs on the landing of the new marble staircase. It held sperm candles, and each Senator had in addition a candle on his desk. A chandelier has been made to conform as nearly as possible with the White picture and provided with imitation candles lighted by electricity. The doors have been furnished with polished brass rim locks and drop handles copied from an example of the Revolutionary period. Lossing's 'Field Book," published in 1850 states that the Senate Chamber at that time had remained unchanged since its erection, which tends to confirm the photographs of 1868 as having been taken from the original work.

During the course of the restoration every available source was appealed to for accurate information, and much correspondence was necessary, beside many interviews with persons who had been familiar with the old room. It is a source of regret that original furniture could not have been found and used as far as possible, and if necessary, reproductions could have been made. Some of this furniture was located and could have been purchased. This would have rounded out the work and completed it in a most satisfactory manner.

At the conclusion of the work, a bronze tablet was placed on the East wall with the following inscription:

ORIGINAL SENATE CHAMBER OF MARYLAND.

IN THIS ROOM GENERAL GEORGE WASHINGTON RESIGNED
HIS COMMISSION AS COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF THE
ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
DECEMBER 23, 1783.

THE RESTORATION TO ITS ORIGINAL DESIGN WAS MADE
DURING THE ADMINISTRATION OF EDWIN WARFIELD,
GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND, A. D. 1905,

BEING AUTHORIZED BY THE COMMISSION IN CHARGE OF THE
STATE HOUSE ANNEX BUILDING,
THE WORK WAS DONE UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE
FOLLOWING ADVISORY COMMISSION:

EDWIN WARFIELD, GOVERNOR,
CHAIRMAN.

J. APPLETON WILSON	JOSIAS PENNINGTON
CLAYTON C. HALL	J. DAVIDSON IGLEHART
JOHN S. GITTINGS	JOHN WIRT RANDALL
DE COURCY W. THOM	GEORGE H. SHAFER

BALDWIN & PENNINGTON,
Architects.

COLONIAL RECORDS OF ANN ARUNDELL.

Contributed by LOUIS DOW SCISCO

Ann Arundell County, created by legislative act in 1650, is the second oldest county of Maryland in point of distinct organization. The present court house at Annapolis was erected in 1824 and was remodelled in 1892. Reconstruction work in 1925 made it fireproof. The present record room has steel shelving and every facility for use of the records.

On October 18, 1704, the State House at Annapolis was burned. At that time the county records were in offices on the second floor of the building and only three volumes were saved from the fire. At the legislative session of May, 1705, commissioners were created, with power to examine and approve land-title papers of which the record had been destroyed by the fire. Such papers could then be placed again on record. Under this act about 400 documents were passed upon and recorded during the next few years, reproducing to this small extent the lost land records of the county. Except for these renewal entries, the existing records of the county begin in 1700. From that point the series seems to be complete to the present day.

The clerk's office reports no miscellaneous records or files of loose papers belonging to the colonial period. The volume records are in excellent condition, showing very few instances of broken or missing leaves. The earliest records of Ann Arundell, as in other counties, doubtless consisted of a single alphabetical series with no separation of land entries from court records. Before the year 1700, however, the two kinds of records had been differentiated and the alphabetical indicata of the books had given place to letter combinations, presumably representing the initials of the several clerks of the court. As now existing the clerk's land records are as follows;

Liber W T No. 1, marked "1699 1702," is a survivor of the fire of 1704. It has 338 pages of indentures recorded from February 17, 1699-1700, to November 23, 1702. It has an index with 165 references.

Liber W T No. 2, marked "1702 1708," is another survivor of the fire. It has 697 pages of indentures recorded from about November, 1702, to March 9, 1708-09. There is no index.

Liber I H No. 1, marked "1668 1705," contains title papers whose record was renewed after the fire of 1704. They are entered as approved by the commissioners in various sessions from December 4, 1705, to August 30, 1706. The book has 330 pages and an index of 107 grantees. The years 1668 and 1705 indicate the range in dates borne by the papers recorded.

Liber J H No. 2, is a continuation of the title record renewals, as authorized in commissioners' sessions from September 10, 1706, to March 11, 1706-07. The volume has 247 pages, with an index of 53 references to grantees. The papers range in date from 1665 to 1707.

Liber I H No. 3, marked "1665," continues the title record renewals. Apparently there is a small gap between this and the preceding book. The volume opens with a continued session of commissioners prior to March 2, 1707-08. It closes with the session of March 8, 1708-09. The book has 137 pages and an index of 77 grantees. The recorded papers range in date from 1662 to 1709.

Liber W H No. 4, marked "1709," continues the renewals of title records. It opens with records approved in the commissioners' session of August 9, 1709, and closes with those of the session of March, 1719-20.

There are 336 pages, with an index of 123 grantees. The recorded deeds and patents range in date from 1663 to 1720.

Liber I T No. 5, marked "1676 1752," seems to be the final volume of title renewals. It has no headings for commissioners' sessions, but one document emanates from a session of 1743. Contents range in date from 1661 to 1754, but are mostly prior to 1700. The book has 146 pages of records and twice that number blank. There is no index.

Liber P K, marked "1708 1712," is a volume of currently entered records, following W T No. 2. It has 527 pages of entries made from March 11, 1708-09, to October 17, 1712, with two added papers of March and April, 1713. Its index shows 194 references.

Liber I B No. 2, marked "1712 1718," has 548 pages of indentures recorded from October 23, 1712, to May 21, 1719. It has no index. Shipping documents are noticeable among its contents.

Liber C W No. 1, marked "1719 1722," has 534 pages of indentures recorded from May 29, 1719, to July 14, 1722, with two added papers of October and November, 1722. Its index has 337 references.

Liber R C W No. 2, marked "1722 1724," has 260 pages of indentures recorded August 10, 1722, to July 3, 1724, with an added paper of September, 1724. It has 209 items in index.

Liber S Y No. 1, marked "1724 1728," has 446 pages of indentures recorded August 3, 1724, to July 20, 1728.

Liber R D No. 1, marked "1728 1729," has 252 pages of indentures recorded August 20, 1728, to June 23, 1729.

Liber T I No. 1, marked "1729 1730," has 347 pages of indentures recorded August 27, 1729, to September 15, 1730.

Liber I H T I No. 1, marked "1730 1733," has flyleaf legend showing that I H No. 1 is the correct designation. It has 636 pages of land and other indentures recorded September 11, 1730, to November 8, 1733.

Liber R D No. 2, marked "1733 1737," has 535 pages of land and other indentures recorded December 7, 1733, to October 29, 1737.

Liber R D No. 3, marked "1737 1739," has 254 pages of indentures recorded October 29, 1737, to May 15, 1740, with addenda recorded from May to August, 1740.

Liber R B No. 1, marked "1740 1744," has 436 pages of indentures recorded May 17, 1740, to October 24, 1744.

Liber R B No. 2, marked "1744 1747," has 569 pages of indentures recorded November 3, 1744, to March 18, 1747-48.

Liber R B No. 3, marked "1747 1754," has 748 pages of indentures recorded March 19, 1747-48, to December 21, 1754, with an added entry of November, 1755.

Liber B B No. 1, marked "1754 1757," has 295 pages of land indentures among which are miscellaneous entries of strays, bonds, shipping notices, etc. Record dates are from December 23, 1754, to May 6, 1757.

Liber B B No. 2, marked "1757 1763," has 804 pages of indentures recorded from May 7, 1757, to August 13, 1763.

Liber B B No. 3, marked "1763 1768," has 818 pages of indentures recorded August 8, 1763, to March 10, 1768.

Liber I B and J B No. 1, marked "1768 1770," has 543 pages of indentures recorded March 8, 1768, to March 7, 1770.

Liber I B No. 2, marked "1770 1771," has 360 pages of indentures recorded March 9, 1770, to March 18, 1771.

Liber I B No. 3, marked "1770 1773," has 533 pages of indentures recorded March 18, 1771, to February 9, 1773.

Liber I B No. 4, marked "1773 1774," has 536 pages of indentures recorded February 12, 1773, to August 12, 1774.

Liber I B No. 5, marked "1774 1778," has 739 pages of indentures recorded August 10, 1774, to August 26, 1778.

The county court records of Ann Arundell were transferred some years ago to the custody of the Land Office of the State. There they were rebound and now constitute a portion of what are known in the office as the "judgment records," preserved in steel cases in the basement under the Land Office. In this basement are also about 200 volumes of unclassified records believed to be of little value. It is possible that some miscellaneous records of Ann Arundell may be in this unclassified material, but, if so, they are inaccessible.

The Ann Arundell court records embrace 33 volumes beginning with the year 1703. Earlier records presumably were lost in the State House fire of 1704. With only two or three exceptions the court books are in good condition. There is a notable gap from 1723 to 1734, and another gap for the revolutionary period, but otherwise the series is nearly complete. As the old colonial courts exercised many administrative functions these older court records are valuable for historical purposes. A detailed list of volumes follows:

Liber G, marked "1702 to 1704," is the earliest record of the county court series, containing the sessions from January 12, 1702-03, to March 4, 1704-05. It has 713 pages.

Liber T B No. 1, marked "1704 to 1708," has 814 pages, beginning with continuation of March 4, 1704-05, and closing with September 4, 1708.

Liber T B No. 2, marked "1708 to 1712," has about 520 pages, containing sessions from November 9, 1708, to June 10, 1712.

Liber T B No. 3, marked "1712 to 1714," contains sessions from August 12, 1712, to March 8, 1714-15. It has erratic paging from 1 to 199, followed by 101 to 454.

Liber V D No. 1, marked "1714 to 1716," has 546 pages, beginning with continuation of March 8, 1714-15, and closing with March 12, 1716-17.

Liber R C, marked "1717 to 1719," has 610 pages covering the sessions from June 11, 1717, to November 2, 1719.

Liber R C No. 1, marked "1719 to 1720," has continued record for November 2, 1719, and closes with November 8, 1720. It has 428 pages.

Liber unlettered, marked "1722," has continued sessions record for August, 1722, following which is the session of November 13, 1722. The record occupies 58 unnumbered pages. Four-fifths of the volume is blank.

Liber unlettered, marked "1723," holds the session records for June 11 and August 13, 1723. There are 178 pages of record followed by about 80 blank.

Liber I B No. 1, marked "1734 to 1736," contains sessions from June 11, 1734, to June 8, 1736. It has 492 pages. Preceding the court record is the commission of John Brice to be "clerk and keeper of the records" of the county.

Liber I B No. 2, marked "1736 to 1738," has sessions from August 10, 1736, to November 14, 1738, in 595 pages. The book has been seriously damaged in the past by dampness.

Liber unlettered, marked "1738," has 433 pages, the content of which continues the session record for November 14, 1738.

Liber A B, marked "1738 to 1740," has 498 pages, with session records from March, 1738-39, to November 13, 1739. The first two leaves are in bad condition.

Liber I B No. 1, marked "1740 to 1742," has 848 pages, embracing the sessions from August 12, 1740, to March 8, 1742-43.

Liber I B No. 4, marked "1743 to 1744," has 562 pages, covering sessions from June 14, 1743, to June 12, 1744.

Liber I B No. 5, marked "1744 to 1745," has 576 pages, with sessions of August 14, 1744, to November 12, 1745.

Liber I B No. 6, marked "1745 to 1747," has 723 pages, with sessions of March 11, 1745-46, to March 8, 1747-1748.

Liber I S B No. 1, marked "1748 to 1750," has 748 pages, with session records from June 14, 1748, to March 12, 1750-51.

Liber I S B No. 2, marked "1751 to 1754," has 949 pages, with session records from June 11, 1751, to June 11, 1754.

Liber I S B No. 3, marked "1754 to 1756," has 899 pages with session records from August 13, 1754, to November 9, 1756.

Liber I S B No. 4, marked "1757 to 1760," has 696 pages with session records from March 8, 1757, to June 10, 1760.

Liber I M B No. 1, marked "1760 to 1763," has 942 pages with sessions of August 12, 1760, to November 8, 1763.

Liber I R B No. 1, marked "1764," has 529 pages, with sessions of June 13, 1764, to November 13, 1764.

Liber unlettered, marked "1764 to 1765," has 85 pages, continuing the session of November 13, 1764, and closing with March 12, 1765.

Liber unlettered, marked "1765," has 428 pages, with continuation of session of March 12, 1765, and closing with August 13, 1765.

Liber I M B No. 2, marked "1765 to 1767," has 453 pages, continuing the session of August 13, 1765, and closing with June 9, 1767.

Liber I M B No. 2, marked "1767 to 1768," has 537 pages with sessions from August 11, 1767, to August 9, 1768.

Liber E B No. 1, marked "1768 to 1770," has 543 pages, containing the sessions from November 8, 1768, to March 13, 1770.

Liber E B No. 2, marked "1770 to 1771," concludes the session of March 13, 1770, in 18 pages. Following are pages 1 to 494 with sessions of June 12, 1770, to March 12, 1771.

Liber E B Y, marked "1770 to 1772," has 544 pages, continuing the session of March 12, 1771, and closing with August 14, 1772.

Liber D G No. 1, marked "1772 to 1773," has 553 pages, continuing the session of August 14, 1772, and closing with August 10, 1773.

Liber unlettered, marked "1773," continues the session of August 10, 1773, and closes with November 8, 1773, occupying 117 pages. About two-thirds of the volume is blank.

Liber unlettered, marked "Criminal Docket 1775 to 1778," has 180 pages occupied by court dockets and recognizance lists in connection with court sessions from March, 1775, to November, 1778. About two-thirds of this volume also is blank.

There is no county series of probate records in Ann Arundell for the colonial period. As Annapolis was the seat of the main probate office of the colony there was no county probate office and no segregation of county proceedings. The existing probate records of the register of wills begin in 1777 and are in the court house.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SOCIETY.

November 8, 1926.—The regular meeting of the Society was held today at its home. Vice-President Thom presided in the absence of President Harris.

Mr. John L. Sanford presented on behalf of Mrs. Edmund Sattler, a fine lithographic reproduction of a photograph of "The Inauguration of Jefferson Davis as President of the Confederate States of America, in Front of the Capitol at Montgomery, Alabama, on February 18, 1861; and an old-fashioned umbrella of about 1850.

Mr. Radcliffe moved that a special resolution of thanks be sent to Mrs. Bessie Wheless for a gift to the Society of the Banner presented to Capt. Dorsey's Co. A, 1st Md. Regiment. Unanimously carried.

The following persons, previously nominated, were elected to Active membership:

Mrs. F. Conrad Stoll,
Mrs. Edward L. Rich,
Mrs. Laura E. Vietch,
Mrs. H. Hunter,
Miss Caroline R. Hollyday,
Miss Mary W. Rothrock,
Rev. Edward P. Hanne,
Dr. Francis Dana Coman,
Lloyd L. Jackson, Jr.
William M. Storm,
Dr. E. B. Freeman,
Dr. Fletcher P. Vietch,
Charles H. Buck,
Maurice H. S. Unger,
Dr. Lewis K. Woodward,
James Pearre Wantz,
James McSherry Shriver,
Guy W. Steele,
Kenneth Koontz Kroh.

And to Associate membership:

Mrs. Joseph H. Day,
Mrs. Caroline Rogers (Kemper) Bulkley.

The following deaths were reported from among our members:

James W. Thomas,	Mrs. W. Bernard Duke,
Clarence R. Evans,	Alfred S. Niles.

Vice-President Thom stated that the Council at its last meeting (Nov. 4th) had passed the following resolution:

" Knowing that in the week beginning November 8th, 1926, each one of the forty-eight states of the American Union is to be solicited to give its share towards the one million dollar Endowment Fund sought by the " American Historical Association " in order that it may utilize the resultant income to ascertain new facts in American history and to publish them appropriately so that from the experience of our past, we shall better serve the needs of our future; the Council of the Maryland Historical Society especially recommends this entire plan and heartily approves the efforts of the Maryland Committee to raise the sum of fifteen thousand dollars as our state's quota of this National Endowment Fund.

" In order to raise in Maryland our fifteen thousand dollars, a small sum in comparison with the five hundred thousand dollars being similarly sought by the New York State Committee, it is necessary that all who believe in the work of the Maryland Committee shall do their best to help, for indeed the general interest in the practical services of history is very limited.

" Maryland should not be allowed to lag in this matter."

It was moved that this resolution be approved by the Society. Discussion followed and the above resolution was carried.

James McC. Trippe, Esq., was then introduced and gave a most interesting paper entitled " Naval History of the Chesapeake Bay."

December 13, 1926.—The regular meeting of the Society was held today at its home. Vice-President Thom presided in the absence of President Harris.

The following persons previously nominated, were elected to Active membership:

James Oscar Preston,	James Dixon,
Owen Walker,	Miss M. Mercedes Murray,
Gilbert Grosvenor,	Mrs. Tunstall Smith.

To Associate membership:

Miss Florence van Rensselaer.

Mr. John L. Sanford called attention to the course of lectures to be given on the following dates:

January 17, 1927—" The Fundamental Cause of the American Revolution," by John H. Latané, Ph. D.

January 24, 1927—" The French Alliance," by John H. Latané, Ph. D.

January 31st, 1927—" The New British Empire," by E. Raymond Turner, Ph. D.

The following deaths were reported from among our members:

William Hollingsworth Mackall,
Julius Levy,
Mrs. Florence MacIntyre Tyson.

William W. Norman, Esq., was then introduced and gave a most interesting paper entitled " Discoveries and Inventions before Modern Times."

January 10, 1927.—The regular meeting of the Society was held tonight at its rooms with the President in the chair.

The Library Committee reported that there had been received from the family of our late fellow-member Dr. Bernard C. Steiner, one thousand bound volumes and approximately one thousand pamphlets from his private library, as a memorial collection; and that a handsome engraved book-plate had been provided for the permanent marking of the collection. It was thereupon unanimously

Resolved, that the Society records its great appreciation of this splendid gift, not only for its intrinsic and historical value, but as a permanent memorial to its valued fellow member, who during his lifetime contributed so freely of his time and talent to further the purposes of the Society; and it is further

Resolved, that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to those members of Dr. Steiner's family who have so generously contributed to the resources of the Society.

Attention of the members was called to the extra-illustrated volume of one of our Fund Publications, "Memoirs of Jared Sparks" by Brantz Mayer, containing autograph letters of appreciation, together with photographs of the writers, who were prominent men of the times.

The President called attention to the course of lectures to be given by Dr. John H. Latané and Dr. E. Raymond Turner of Johns Hopkins University, and asked each member to assist in making this course a success.

The President stated that the seven portraits of certain members of the Calvert family which were discovered some time ago in Italy had been bought by General Lawrason Riggs, and brought to this country and restored. Through the courtesy of General Riggs these portraits are to be exhibited in the Gallery of this Society on February 14th, and Dr. J. Hall Pleasants will give a talk relating to their history.

The following persons previously nominated, were elected to Active membership:

John Norville Gibson Finley,
Lt.-Col. Olin Oglesby Ellis,
Joseph L. Wheeler,
Norris Harris,
Dr. C. Hampson Jones,
Mrs. A. S. Murray,
Miss Charlotte Murray,
Miss Maria Letitia Stockett.

The following deaths were reported from among our membership:

Brig.-Gen. Jas. A. Buchanan,
James B. Latimer,
Edward B. Owens,
Elizabeth H. Stokes,
Decatur H. Miller,
George A. Blake.

It was brought to the attention of the Society that it was in order to place in nomination the officers and members of the Committees for the year 1927. The following nominations were made.

President.

W. Hall Harris.

Vice-Presidents.

Van Lear Black.
Clinton L. Riggs.
DeCourcy W. Thom.

Corresponding Secretary.

J. Appleton Wilson.

Recording Secretary.

George L. Radcliffe.

Treasurer.

Heyward E. Boyce.

Trustees of the Athenaeum.

Jesse N. Bowen, *Chairman.*
G. Corner Fenhagen.
William H. Greenway.
James E. Hancock.
William M. Hayden.
William C. Page.

Gallery Committee.

Howard Sill, *Chairman.*
Thomas C. Corner.
John M. Dennis.
Laurence Hall Fowler.
Elisha H. Perkins.

Library Committee.

Louis H. Dielman, *Chairman.*
Henry J. Berkley.
Walter I. Dawkins.
Richard M. Duvall.
A. Morris Tyson.
Edward B. Mathews.
Raphael Semmes.

Finance Committee.

William Ingle, *Chairman,*
Edward Bruce.
Peter E. Tome.

Publication Committee.

Samuel K. Dennis, *Chairman,*
J. Hall Pleasants.
John M. Vincent.

Membership Committee.

James D. Iglehart, *Chairman.*

Alice H. Brent.	Daniel R. Randall.
George Arnold Frick.	Francis E. Waters.
Isaac T. Norris.	T. Murray Maynadier.

Committee on Genealogy and Heraldry

Francis B. Culver, *Chairman.*

Harriet P. Marine.	Thomas E. Sears.
William J. McClellan.	Percy G. Skirven.
William B. Marye.	

Committee on Addresses and Literary Entertainment.

John L. Sanford, *Chairman.*

George Cator.	John H. Latané.

The nominations were then closed, but it was stated that Art. III, Sec. 8 and 9 of the Constitution provided that additional nominations could be made within ten days following the meeting.

Mr. Radcliffe was recognized by the chair and thereupon offered the following resolution:

Whereas The Maryland Historical Society has always believed that a historical society should take as keen an interest in contemporary events of importance as it takes in those of the past, in history in the making as in the study of facts of bygone days,

Whereas, we note with interest the fact that the gubernatorial chair in Annapolis is now occupied by a man whose tenure of that office has broken many precedents. He is the first Governor of Maryland to succeed himself during the eighty years of the life of our Society. He has been Governor of our State for a longer period of time than any one else since our Society was organized, and the coming inauguration of Governor Ritchie on Wednesday next for a further term of four years is one of the many facts in his administration which will be emphasized in the records of our Society.

In extending our best wishes to Governor Ritchie, our fellow-member, we recall with great pleasure the fact that his father, the late Judge Albert Ritchie, was practically a lifelong member of the Maryland Historical Society and for many years its distinguished and highly efficient President. Judge Ritchie's services to the State of Maryland as a scholar and a jurist were invaluable.

In so extending our best wishes to Governor Ritchie it gives us great pleasure to refer again to our admiration and affectionate regard for the memory of his father.

Mr. Thomas Foley Hisky seconded that resolution and it was unanimously carried.

Judge T. J. C. Williams was introduced and read a most interesting paper entitled "Some Incidents in Maryland having Relation to Federal Affairs."

A rising vote of thanks was extended to Judge Williams for his most delightful paper.

ANNUAL MEETING.

February 14, 1927.—The annual meeting of the Society was called to order, with President Harris in the chair.

The election of officers being in order, on motion duly seconded, it was ordered, that there being no contests, the Secretary be instructed to cast a ballot for the officers and standing committees; whereupon Mr. George L. Radcliffe cast the ballot, as printed (see page 72), and read at the meeting of January 10, 1927.

The following reports were read, in full, or by title, and were ordered to be printed in the *Magazine*.

Report of the Council.

The Council reports:

The Reports of the Treasurer, the Trustees of the Athenaeum, and the Standing Committees so fully inform the Society of the details of operation during the past year that the Report of the Council can be little more than a condensation of them.

The Permanent Endowment Fund has, during the year, been enlarged by the receipt of pecuniary legacies from the Estates of J. Wilson Leakin, $10,000.00 (less inheritance tax), of Mrs. Bessie E. Johnston Gresham, $1,000.00, of Mrs. Emilie McKim Reed, $1,000.00, and of gifts from William Power Wilson, $500.00, Miss Eleanor S. Cohen, $1,000.00, Philip F. Trippe, $2.50, and from Mrs. Rebecca Littlejohn (for photostat fund) $100.00. Of each and all of these benefactions the Society is deeply appreciative and for them sincerely grateful.

In addition to the pecuniary legacies set out in the Report of the Treasurer, the Society has received specific articles of value and historic interest under the Wills of Mrs. Bessie E. Johnston Gresham and of Mr. J. B. Noel Wyatt, who also bequeathed the Society a considerable sum in remainder after life estates. The family of the late Bernard C. Steiner presented to the Society Dr. Steiner's large and very valuable library of approximately one thousand bound volumes and an even larger number of pamphlets. Mr. J. Appleton Wilson presented a collection of Civil War battlefield relics and the cabinet in which they are contained, Mr. H. Oliver Thompson a number of rare and valuable lithographs, unique collections of fugitive publications, etc.

With the assistance of an Endowment Fund thus increased, with judicious allotment under the recently established budget system and with careful economy, the Treasurer has been enabled to report a gratifying surplus, justifying the increased budget allotments which have been made for the coming year and permitting, for the first time, the retention of a modest Contingent Fund to meet emergencies connected with the maintenance of the considerable buildings and the expanding operations of the Society.

It is gratifying to note the broadening recognition and approval of the aims and of the authority of the Society, evidenced not only by steadily increasing membership but, by the greater frequency and confidence with which the benefit of its accumulated records and reliable information is sought by public officials as well as by historians, genealogists and private individuals, many of whom are residents of other and distant States. So far as its limited force permits, it is both a pleasure and a duty to supply desired information and to avail of opportunities to correct legends before they attain the dignity of appearing to be items of history.

While the Society is now upon an efficient, though but too modest, operating basis, its mines of historical wealth remain very partially worked, for lack of adequate funds for repairing, calendaring, editing and publishing masses of documents of the greatest historical importance. Illustrative incidents constantly occur. A copy of the "Breviate" of the celebrated Penn-Calvert litigation was offered at a high price;—search in the Society's vaults revealed a copy which, upon critical examination, proved to be a more accurate and much more valuable copy. "Cresap's Rangers," consisting of his own Company and that under Captain Price marched in 1775 from Frederick some five hundred and fifty miles to the relief of Boston. The roster of these two Companies had not been discovered until, within the past month, that of Captain Price's Company was found in the war-chest of General Otho Holland Williams, who was its First Lieutenant and in command at Cambridge. The Navy Department in preparing its exhibit of colors and banners secured from the Society permission to make a handsome copy of Pulaski's Banner and definitely to settle controversies concerning its design, colors, &c.

Miss Helen Frick, who is forming a wonderful collection of photographs of early portraits, has been so kind as to send the Society copies of the very large number secured by her in Maryland.

The fragments of the Star Spangled Banner, removed from it by its sometime owner, have been delivered to the National Museum and are now on permanent exhibition with the Banner.

The Philadelphia Academy of the Fine Arts borrowed for its special exhibition during the Sesqui-Centennial Exposition, the Society's paintings of the Surrender at Yorktown, of the Bombardment of Fort McHenry and portraits of Generals Mifflin and Gates. These have been safely returned, the Academy having, by permission, very skilfully cleaned and varnished the paintings while in its possession.

The introduction by the Committee on Addresses of a course of three historical lectures, by Professors Latané and Turner, marked the revival of an old custom of the Society which had for many years been discontinued and which it is hoped may now become an annual feature of its activities.

General Lawrason Riggs very courteously permitted the first exhibition of the six very early Calvert Portraits, painted by Gustavus and John Hesselius about 1761, secured by him in Italy and skilfully restored, to be in the Society's Gallery, Dr. J. Hall Pleasants reading an instructive and interesting paper concerning their history and that of the members of the family of whom these are portraits.

Mr. J. Appleton Wilson, long the Society's representative on the Municipal Art Commission, felt he could no longer serve in that capacity and Mr. Laurence Hall Fowler was designated to fill the vacancy. He has been duly commissioned but it has continued impossible to secure a meeting of the Commission.

Respectfully submitted, for the Council,

W. Hall Harris,
President.

Report of the Library Committee.

It is a pleasure to report that accessions to the Library during the past year have been larger than heretofore, and have been of great value and interest. The outstanding gift is the large collection from the private library of Dr. Bernard C. Steiner, presented by his family as a memorial. Many of the volumes duplicated others already in the possession of the

Society, and where there was no " association " interest in these originals, they have been discarded and replaced by the items from Dr. Steiner's collection. Each book contains a memorial book-plate, and each pamphlet is so marked as to identify its origin. A thousand volumes have thus been added, and about an equal number of pamphlets. The discarded duplicates will be sold or exchanged for the benefit of the Society.

The list of donations covers more than 21 pages of the accessions book and is consequently much too long to set forth in detail. They consist of books, pamphlets, sheet music (local imprints), photostats, photographs, song sheets, lithographs, manuscripts, maps, and genealogies. Special mention must be made of a unique collection of Civil War song sheets of great rarity, value and interest, the gift of Mr. H. Oliver Thompson, who has also contributed a number of rare lithographic local views.

The work of preservation of manuscript material has progressed satisfactorily and greater progress may be expected during the coming year as a second worker has been added to the staff. The work completed comprises, Black Book, No. 2, containing 145 manuscripts, Black Book No. 3, containing 200 pieces, Charles County, Liber A, 260 pages, the Otho Holland Williams papers, 668 pieces repaired and ready for binding, together with a number of maps, engravings and large rolls. The appropriation for 1928 has been increased by five hundred dollars which will aid materially in pushing the work. One serious difficulty confronts us and that is the lack of adequate working space. The rooms originally intended for that purpose have been devoted to storage and exhibition purposes and work is done in unsuitable rooms, remote, crowded and often too cold for comfort.

The re-cataloguing goes steadily forward under the capable hands of Miss Davison. Church records are being copied and indexed by Miss Harrison.

A most advantageous arrangement has been made with the American Antiquarian Society, at Worcester, Mass. Duplicate copies of files of the "American" have been sent for collation and rebinding. We are charged for the actual cost of the work and secure a complete volume (where possible) and the Antiquarian Society retains the surplus issues for its own use, and credits them against the cost for our work. The first consignment of five volumes has just been returned, the completed volumes having stubs for the insertion of photostat copies, when and if obtainable, and the salvage on this lot has offset the cost of labor, etc. Eventually we shall have the finest file of the "American" in the United States.

The photostat machine has been put in regular operation on part-time and considerable work has been accomplished. The next report should show great progress in this direction.

The application of the budget system has worked well and your committee reports that it has lived within its appropriation. A very small amount has been spent for the purchase of books, but a considerable amount has gone into binding and rebinding of books much in demand. Much binding remains to be done, but by careful husbanding of our slender resources we hope to make a satisfactory showing.

Respectfully submitted,

L. H. Dielman,
Chairman, Library Committee.

Report of the Committee on Genealogy and Heraldry.

The Committtee on Genealogy and Heraldry, in making its annual report, desires to direct attention to the ever-increasing interest on the part of the public in the matter of family history. Many visitors, from various sections of the country, have used the library for genealogical purposes during the year. It is noteworthy that an appreciable number of these visitors are descendants from old Maryland families that left this State in the westward migrations which occurred during the latter part of the eighteenth century and the beginning of the nineteenth century. The action of the Library Committee, therefore, in approving the acquisition for the Society, by purchase or otherwise, of genealogies of Maryland families and of publications containing such genealogies, is a wise provision.

During the past year about one hundred and fifty volumes of books of reference, available for genealogical research work, which had been temporarily withdrawn from use on account of damaged bindings, have been rebound and are now in service. A complete card-index record of all printed and manuscript genealogies relating to Maryland families, in the possession of the Society, is now in course of preparation.

The Society possesses a great amount of material, in manuscript form, relating to the American Revolution. Several years ago the bulk of this material was published in Volumes XI, XII, XVI, XVIII and XXI of the Maryland Archives. More recently another volume, XLIII, was published, and it is understood that the remaining material consisting of Revolutionary War data, service records, etc., will appear in a forthcoming volume of the Archives.

Among the Society's manuscript collections are numerous lists of subscribers to the "Oath of Fidelity" in the State of Maryland. These papers have been withdrawn from general use on account of their frail condition. With our newly acquired photostat machine in operation, the suggestion is made that copies of the aforementioned lists can be made by the photostat process and bound in a convenient form for general use.

During the year Miss Harrison has indexed the Society's collection of "Vestry Proceedings" relating to seventeen Maryland Parishes. They are as follows: Anne Arundel County (All Hallows, Queen Caroline, St. Ann's, St. James); Baltimore County (St. John's and St. George's, St. Thomas); Calvert County (All Saints, Christ Church); Cecil County (St. Mary Ann, St. Stephen); Charles County (Trinity); Dorchester County (Dorchester); Frederick County (Prince George's-Rock Creek); Kent County (St. Paul's, Shrewsbury); Prince

George's County (St. Paul's); Queen Anne's County (St. Luke's).

The following donations, of a genealogical character, have been made to the library during the year:

Magazine of the Society of the Lees of Virginia, Vols. 1-3 (from Miss Alice M. Reading).

John Stump of "'Stump's Fancy" in Cecil County (from Judge H. Arthur Stump).

Lineage Books of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, 5 vols. (from the National Society, D. A. R.).

Sketches of Tudor Hall and the Booth Family, by Ella V. Mahoney (1 vol.). Donor, Mr. Louis H. Dielman.

The Thomas Family as descended from David and Anna Noble Thomas (1 vol.). Donor, Professor William S. Lyle.

A manuscript genealogical chart of the Harwood Family of Anne Arundel County, Maryland. Compiled by the donor, Dr. Henry J. Berkley.

Typewritten manuscript genealogy of the Legge Family. Compiled by the donor, Mrs. Etta Legge Galloway.

"Our Own Little Story of the Gaylords." Compiled by the donor, Miss Isabel Brooks.

Manuscript genealogical chart of the Linthicum, Stockett, Mackall, Howard, Ghiselin, etc. families. Compiled by Wilson Miles Cary. Donor, Dr. Henry J. Berkley.

"Lawrence Leach of Salem, Massachusets and Some of his Descendants." Compiled by the donor, Mr. F. Phelps Leach.

Typewritten manuscript containing additional tombstone inscriptions in Worcester County, Maryland. Compiled by the donor, Mr. Millard F. Hudson.

"Proprietors of the Northern Neck of Virginia" (from Mr. Fairfax Harrison).

Typewritten manuscript genealogy of the Weems Family of Maryland (from P. V. H. Weems, U. S. N.).

"Dorsey Chart," descendants of the family in Maryland, 1657-1926. Compiled by the donor, Mr. Horace Arrell Browne.

"Rogers Papers." Genealogical data relating to the Rogers, Owings, Cockey and other families (from Mrs. Charles B. Rogers).

Respectfully submitted,

FRANCIS B. CULVER,

Chairman.

Report of the Treasurer.

GENERAL ACCOUNT.

Balance on hand January 1, 1926		$ 1,156.00

Receipts.

Membership Dues	$ 5,741.00	
Income, Peabody Fund	1,081.00	
Income, Other Investments	2,455.00	
Groundrent Athenaeum Building property	6,000.00	
Investigation, searches, &c	85.20	
For Confederate relics (Civil War Room)	115.00	
Certificates of Membership	24.00	
Library Committee	119.75	
Publication Committee	131.10	
Magazine Account	208.86	
Petty Cash	50.00	
Interest on Bank Balances	55.52	
		16,066.43
For Permanent Endowment Fund:		
Estate J. Wilson Leakin	$ 9,395.00	
William Power Wilson	500.00	
Miss Eleanor S. Cohen	1,000.00	
Philip F. Trippe	2.50	
Estate Mrs. Bessie E. J. Gresham	1,000.00	
Estate Mrs. Emilie McKim Reed	1,000.00	
		12,897.50
For General Account:		
Mrs. Rebecca Littlejohn (for photostat machine),	100.00	
Rent, War Records Commission	916.67	
Telephone	29.25	
Miscellaneous	32.00	
		1,077.92
		$31,197.:85

Expenditures.

General Expenses:	Salaries and Wages	$7,619.00	
	Fuel	1,244.00	
	Photostat	574.66	
	Insurance	187.13	
	Water Rent	56.50	
	Light	159.08	
	Postage	193.28	
	Repairs	556.75	
	Stationery & printing	100.90	
	Petty Cash, extra labor and miscellaneous	785.69	
			$11,476.99

Magazine Account		$ 1,665.96	
Publication Committee		299.47	
Library Committee		1,382.97	
Gallery Committee		9.00	
Confederate relics (Civil War Room)		5.00	
Investments:			
$5000. New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R. Co. 5½%, 1975	$5,055.63		
5000. Virginia Ry. Co. 5%, 1962	5,126.67		
1000. Baltimore & Ohio R. R. (S. W. Div.) 5%, 1950	1,008.94		
1000. Amer. Tel. & Tel. Co. 5%, 1960	1,028.94		
1000. Amer. Tel. & Tel. Co. 5%, 1960	1,016.03		
		13,236.21	
Special Contingent Fund		2,000.00	
			$30,075.60
Available Cash Balance, December 31, 1926,			$ 1,122.25

Respectfully submitted,

HEYWARD E. BOYCE,
Treasurer.

STATE ARCHIVES ACCOUNT.

Balance, January 1, 1926		$2,133.85
RECEIPTS.		
From State of Maryland a/c Special Repair Fund	$1,000.00	
From State of Maryland, balance 1926 appropriation	.88	
General Receipts	368.29	
Interest, Bank balances	44.16	
		1,413.33
		$3,547.18
EXPENDITURES.		
Repairs of Archives	$ 907.93	
Miscellaneous, Materials, &c	60.85	
		968.78
Balance, December 31, 1926		2,578.40
		$3,547.18

Respectfully submitted,

HEYWARD E. BOYCE,
Theasurer.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON ADDRESSES AND LITERARY ENTERTAINMENTS.

The Committee on Addresses and Literary Entertainments reports that during the past year, to wit, from February 1, 1926 to February 1, 1927, the programme at the meetings of the Society was as follows:

February 8, 1926.—" An Historical Review of the Care of the Insane in Maryland," by Edward N. Brush, M. D.

March 8, 1926.—" A Letter Written in 1857, by an American Naval Officer on a Visit to Jerusalem," was furnished by DeCourcy W. Thom, Vice-President of the Society, and read by John L. Sanford, Esq.

April 12, 1926.—" Some Notes on Southern Maryland," by Hon. T. Scott Offutt.

May 10, 1926.—" Newspapers in the Time of Cromwell," by Joseph C. France, Esq.

June 28, 1926.—At this Special Meeting the Eastern Shore Society being the guest of The Maryland Historical Society, awarded prizes in an historical essay contest, and a short address on Thomas Jefferson was made by Professor John H. Latané.

October 11, 1926.—" Some French Chateaux," by John L. Sanford, Esq.

November 8, 1926.—" Naval History of the Chesapeake Bay," by James McC. Trippe, Esq.

December 13, 1926.—" Discoveries and Inventions before Modern Times," by Mr. William W. Norman.

January 10, 1927.—" Some Incidents in Maryland History having Relation to Federal Affairs," by T. J. C. Williams, Esq.

In addition to the above and reviving an old custom a special course of lectures was given under the auspices of the Society and in its building on the evenings of the following dates at 8 o'clock:

January 17, 1927.—" The Fundamental Causes of the American Revolution," by Professor John H. Latané.

January 24, 1927.—" The French Alliance," by Professor John H. Latané.

January 31, 1927.—" The New British Empire," by Professor E. Raymond Turner.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN L. SANFORD,
Chairman.

Report of Membership Committee.

An account of the deaths, resignations and new members for the year 1926 may be tabulated as follows:

New Members	96	
Deaths	32	
Resignations	13	
Total number of Life Members		13
Total number of Active Members		1158
Total number of Associate Members		114
		1285

James D. Iglehart, M. D.,
Chairman.

NOTE.

William Parks, Printer and Journalist of England and Colonial America. With a list of the issues of his several presses. By Lawrence C. Wroth. The William Parks Club, No. 3, William and Mary College, 1926.

This elaboration of Mr. Wroth's original sketch of Parks and of his work, has the same charm and clearness that marks the former study, and bears evidence of the same careful and conscientious study that has made his " Printing in Colonial Maryland," a model for future bibliographers. Prior to the issue of Mr. Wroth's general study William Parks was but little more than a name, but now thanks to his biographer he has had more adequate and satisfactory rehabilitation, than any other Colonial printer, save perhaps, Benjamin Franklin. It is a great pity that the Club was unable to secure the services of a real printer, for so fine a work deserves a better setting. A satisfactory and sympathetic appreciation of the book appeared in the N. Y. Times Book Review, Feb. 27, 1927, at page 24.

LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE MARYLAND HISTORICAL SOCIETY

HONORARY MEMBERS

Clemenceau, Georges (1923)	Paris, France.
Marsden, R. G. (1902)	13 Leinster Gardens, London, Eng.

LIFE MEMBERS.

Bridges, Mrs. Priscilla B. (1910)	Care Dr. J. R. Bridges, 630 College St., Charlotte, N. C.
Calvert, Charles Exley (1911)	34 Huntly St., Toronto, Canada.
Corner, Thomas C. (1913)	260 W. Biddle St.
Hills, Mrs. William Smith (1914)	Care of Mrs. D. E. Waters, Grand Rapids, Mich.
Howard, David Ridgely (1921)	939 St. Paul St.
Howard, Miss Elizabeth Gray (1916)	901 St. Paul Street.
Littlejohn, Mrs. Robert M. (1916)	23 E. 67th St., New York City.
* Mankin, Miss Olivia (1919)	The Walbert.
Marburg, Miss Emma (1917)	19 W. 29th Street.
Morris, Lawrence J. (1927)	437 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Norris, Isaac T. (1865)	1224 Madison Ave.
Shirk, Mrs. Ida M. (1913)	Care of R. C. Faust, Central Union Trust Bldg., 42nd St. & Madison Ave., New York City.
Short, Capt. John Saulsbury (1919)	38 E. 25th Street.
Librarian	Loyola College.
Williams, Miss Nellie C. (1917)	214 Riverside Drive, N. Y. City.

CORRESPONDING MEMBERS

Alderman, E. A., LL. D. (1893)	University of Va., University, Va.
Battle, K. P., LL. D. (1893)	Chapel Hill, N. C.
Bell, Herbert C. (1899)	R. D. Route, No. 4, Springfield, O.
Bixby, Wm. K. (1907)	King's Highway and Lindell Ave., St. Louis, Mo.
Black, J. William, Ph. D. (1898)	Union College, Schenectady, N. Y.
Brooks, William Gray (1895)	257 S. 21st St., Phila., Pa.
Brown, Henry John (1908)	4 Trafalgar Sq., London, W. C., Eng.
Bruce, Philip A. (1894)	Norfolk, Va.
Buel, Clarence C. (1887)	134 E. 67th St., New York.
Cockey, Marston Rogers (1897)	117 Liberty St., New York.
Earle, George (1892)	Washington Ave., Laurel, Md.

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* Died, 1926.

Ehrenberg, Richard (1895)	Rostock, Prussia.
Ford, Worthington C. (1890)	1154 Boylston St., Boston, Mass.
Hall, Hubert (1904)	Public Record Office, London.
Harden, William (1891)	226 W. President St., Savan'h, Ga.
Hersh, Grier (1897)	York, Pa.
Lampson, Oliver Locker (1908)	New Haven Court, Cromer, Norfolk, England.
Munroe, James M. (1885)	Savings Bank Bldg., Annapolis, Md
Snowden, Yates (1881)	University of S. C., Columbia, S. C.
Stevenson, John J. (1890)	215 West End Ave., New York.
Tyler, Lyon G., LL. D. (1886)	Williamsburg, Va.
Winslow, Wm. Copley, Ph. D., D. D., LL. D. (1894)	525 Beacon St., Boston, Mass.
Wood, Henry C. (1902)	Harrodsburg, Ky.

ASSOCIATE MEMBERS.

Andrews, Charles Lee (1911)	42 Broadway, New York.
Applegate, Mrs. Emily R. (1924)	Wellsburg, W. Va.
Ashburner, Thomas (1917)	Care Babcock & Wilcox Co., 140 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.
Balch, Thomas Willing (1923)	1634 Spruce St., Philadelphia.
Baldwin, Wm. Woodward (1924)	926 Cathedral St., Baltimore.
Baltzell, Henry E. (1914)	Wyncote, Montgomery Co., Pa.
Baltzell, Wm. Hewson (1915)	Wellesley, Mass.
Beall, Miss Elizabeth Hillary (1926)	Morristown, N. J.
Beall, John A. (1926)	Morristown, N. J.
Bell, Alex. H. (1916)	3400 Garfield St., N. W., Washington, D. C.
Bennett, Clarence (1920)	433 California St., San Francisco, Cal.
Benson, Harry L. (1910)	8 Bayonne Ave., Hamilton, Md.
Best, Frank E. (1924)	820 Lyman Ave., Oak Park, Ill.
Blake, Mrs. Joseph (1924)	Blake House, Irvington, N. Y.
Bliss, Leslie E. (1925)	H. E. Huntington Library, San Gabriel, Cal.
Bouvier, Mrs. Henrietta J. (1919)	580 Park Ave., New York City.
Brunner, Charles Calvin (1924)	1139 Harvard St., Wash'gton, D. C.
* Buchanan, Brig. Gen. J. A. (1909)	2210 Massachusetts Av., Wash., D.C.
Bullitt, William Marshall (1914)	1711 Inter-Southern Bldg, Louisville, Ky.
Callahan, Griffin C. (1902)	25 N. Kirklyn Ave., Upper Darby P. O., Delaware Co., Pa.
Carpenter, Mrs. H. R. (1920)	5803 Waterman St., St. Louis, Mo.
Carty, Rev. Arthur (1924)	256 Farragut Terrace, Phila.
Clark, Allen C. (1926)	Equitable Bldg., Washington, D. C.
Claypool, Mrs. W. M. (1922)	966 D St., San Bernardino, Cal.

Craycroft, Robert Lee (1925)........42 Broadway, New York City.
Covington, Prof. Harry F. (1914)....Princeton, N. J.
Day, Mrs. Jos. H. (1926).............2417 McDowell St., Augusta, Ga.
Dent, Louis A. (1905)...............Saul Bldg., Washington, D. C.
Dorsey, Vernon M. (1921)...........635 F St., Washington, D. C.
Eaton, Dr. Paul (1917)............ Harvard Medical School, Boston, Mass.
Foster, Frederick (1921)............84 State St., Boston, Mass.
Fothergill, Mrs. Augusta B. (1924)..P. O. Box 883, Richmond, Va.
Gaither, Miss Ida Belle (1921)......712 College Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Gates, Mrs. Florence J. (1920)..... 103 Maryland Av., N. E., Washington, D. C.
Gifford, W. L. R. (1906)............St. Louis Merc. Lib. Assoc., Mo.
Gobright, Mrs. Francis M. (1917)....2519 Bellevue Ave., Detroit, Mich.
Gordon, Mrs. Burgess Lee (1916)....306 N. 3rd St., Steubenville, Ohio.
Gould, Lyttleton B. P. (1925).......65 Central Park W., New York City
Groome, H. C. (1926).................Airlie, nr. Warrenton, Va.
Guilday, Rev. Peter, Ph. D. (1915)...Catholic University, Wash., D. C.
Hager, Frank L. (1921)..............204 Spring St., Fayette, Mo.
Hamilton, Hon. George E. (1924).....Union Trust Bldg., Wash., D. C.
Hargett, Arthur V., M. D. (1926)....103 Park Ave., New York City.
Harper, Benjamin Ogle (1920).......Crane Parris & Co., Washington, D.C.
Harrison, Mrs. Edmond Pitts (1923)..Grandin Road, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Harrison, Fairfax (1921)............Belvoir, Virginia.
Harvey, Mrs. Wallace P. (1923).....4 E. 88th St., New York.
Hastings, Mrs. Russell (1925)......925 Park Ave., New York City.
Hobson, Mrs. Effie Sargent (1920)...1505 Main St., Ventura, Cal.
Hoffman, Samuel V. (1910).......... 258 Broadway, New York.
Holt, Mrs. Frank (1924).............301 Beverley Terrace, Staunton, Va.
Hook, James W. (1924)..............224 Everit St., New Haven, Conn.
Hopkins, Samuel Gover (1911).......6th and Walnut St., Phila., Pa.
Hough, H. C. Tilghman (1925).......345 Broadway, New York City.
Hudson, Millard F. (1923)..........New Berne Apts., Wash., D. C.
Janin, Mrs. Violet Blair (1916)....12 Jackson Place, Washington, D. C.
Jenkins, Mrs. E. Calvert (1924).....Gridley, Butte County, California.
Johnson, Frederick T. F. (1915).....McGill Building, Washington, D. C.
Keith, A. L. (1924).................Lock Box W, Vermillion, S. Dakota.
Kimble, Miss Pearl B. (1921)........Box 1925, Tulsa, Okla.
Kleugel, Mrs. H. A. (1924)...........Fairmount Hotel, San Francisco.
Kuhn, Miss Florence Calvert (1921).Marmet, W. Va.
Laird, William Winder (1923).......Wilmington, Delaware.
Landis, John T. (1921)..............59 Farrand Park, Detroit, Mich.
* Latimer, James B. (1920)..........547 W. Jackson Boulevard, Chicago.
Leach, Miss May Atherton (1907)....2118 Spruce St., Phila., Pa.
Lehr, Mrs. Louis (1926).............1155 Sixteenth St., Wash., D. C.
Lesh, Mrs. C. P. (1923)..............3650 Central Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

Libby, Mrs. George F. (1919) .... 219 Majestic Bldg., Denver, Colo.
Little, Rev. Francis K. (1916) ...... Rhinebeck, N. Y.
Lyden, Frederick F. (1925) .... 42 Broadway, New York City.
Lynn, Mrs. Alberta (1922) .... Cadiz, Harrison County, Ohio.
Martin, Mrs. Edwin S. (1905) .... New Straitsville, Ohio.
Melvin, Frank Worthington (1926) .. 32 Broad St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Metcalf, Mrs. Carrie S. (1922) ...... Smithfield, Pa.
Mohler, Mrs. V. E. (1921) .... St. Albans, W. Va.
Morse, Willard S. (1908) .... 526 Adelaide Ave., Santa Monica, California.
Moss, Jesse L. (1906) .... Newberry Library, Chicago, Ill.
Nicklin, Col. Benjamin Patten (1921) U. S. Recruiting Office, Huntington, W. Va.
Nicklin, John Bailey Calvert (1920) . 516 Poplar St., Chattanooga, Tenn.
Norton, Miss Lillian A. (1924) ..... Box 25, Penna. Ave. Station, Washington, D. C.
Oursler, Miss Mary C. (1921) ...... 1415 Longfellow St., N. W., Washington, D. C.
Owen-Chahoon, Mrs. M. D. (1913) .. Care H. L. Henderson, 1420 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa.
Paull, Mrs. Harry W. (1925) .... Wellsburg, W. Va.
Pierce, Mrs. Winslow S. (1915) ...... "Dunstable," Bayville, Long Island.
Rayner, William B. (1914) .... 2641 Connecticut Ave., Wash., D. C.
Reid, Legh Wilber (1923) .... Box 151, Haverford, Penna.
Rogers, Col. Arthur (1920) .... 2040 E. 96th St., Cleveland, Ohio.
Rothrock, Miss Mary W. (1926) ... Lawson McGhee Library, Knoxville, Tenn.
Sayve, Countesse Jean de (1925) ..... 13 Ave. Bosquet, Paris, France.
Scisco, Louis Dow (1925) .... 2022 Columbia Rd., Wash., D. C.
Sellman, John Henry (1917) .... 38 Beechcroft Rd., Newton, Mass.
Serpell, Miss Alethea (1919) ..... 902 Westover Ave., Norfolk, Va.
Sheppard, Mrs. Henrietta D. (1925) .. 17 Frederick St., Hanover, Pa.
Simms, Harold H. (1921) .... 352 Woodbine Ave., Rochester, N.Y.
Smoot, Lewis Egerton (1921) .... 2007 Wyoming Ave., N. W., Washington, D. C.
Speake, A. Howard (1923) .... 4540 Klingle Rd., Wash., D. C.
Sprigg, Carroll (1926) .... 124 W. 84th St., New York City.
Stevenson, Geo. Urie (1915) .... 4746½ Drexel Blvd., Hyde Park, Chicago.
Sutliff, Mrs. S. Dana (1921) .... Shippensburg, Pa.
Taylor, Mrs. Harry L. (1920) .... Wyoming Apts., Washington, D. C.
Thruston, R. C. Ballard (1917) ...... Columbia Building, Louisville, Ky.
Tilghman, Sidell (1925) .... 84 Madison Ave., New York City.
Trippe, Philip Francis (1919) .... P. O. Box 661, Youngstown, Ohio.
Tunnelle, Miss Mary B. (1922) ...... Glen Olden, Pa.
Wallis, Mrs. Thomas Smythe (1923) . Cherrydale, Virginia.

Watson, Mrs. Alexander Mackenzie (1920) .... 1114 3rd Ave., Louisville, Ky.
White, John Baker (1925) .... Box 1462, Charleston, W. Va.
Wilson, Bishop Luther B. (1926) .... 150 Fifth Ave., New York City.
Wilson, Samuel M. (1907) .... Trust Co. Building, Lexington, Ky.
* Wilson, William Power (1924) ..... 608 Winthrop Bldg., Boston, Mass.
Wood, Wm. W. 3rd (1921) .... 523 N. Wayne St., Piqua, Ohio.

ACTIVE MEMBERS

Where no P. O. Address is given, Baltimore is understood.

Abercrombie, Dr. Ronald T. (1916) .. 18 W. Franklin St.
Albaugh, George W. (1923) .... Westminster, Md.
Albee, Mrs. George (1921) .... Laurel, Md.
Alcock, John L. (1922) .... 2742 St. Paul St.
Alexander, Charles Butler (1923) ... Charlotte Road.
Ames, Joseph S. (1910) .... Charlcote Place, Guilford.
Ammidon, Mrs. Daniel G. (1924) ... Care of Morgan Harjes Company, Place Vendome, Paris, France.
Andrew, Miss Ada M. (1922) .... 3305 Windsor Hill Rd., Walbrook.
Andrews, C. McLean, Ph. D. (1907) ... Yale Univ., New Haven, Conn.
Andrews, Matthew Page (1911) ...... 849 Park Ave.
Appold, Lemuel T. (1902) .... Care of Colonial Trust Co.
Armistead, George (1907) .... 1025 Cathedral St.
Arrowsmith, Rev. Harold N. (1924) .. 204 St. Martin's Rd., Guilford.
Ash, Miss Mollie Howard (1924) ..... Elkton, Md.
Atkinson, Matthew S., Jr. (1925) .... 37 South St.
Atkinson, Robert A. (1914) .... 19 S. Calvert St.
Atwood, William O. (1917) .... 2809 St. Paul St.

Baer, John P. (1920) .... 305 N. Charles St.
Baer, Michael S. (1920) .... Maryland Casualty Tower.
Baer, William S., M.D. (1919) ...... 4 E. Madison St.
* Baily, G. Frank (1908) .... 1025 St. Paul St.
Baily, James (1921) .... 1430 Park Ave.
Baily, Mrs. James (1922) .... 1430 Park Ave.
Baker, J. Henry (1910) .... 9 E. Franklin St.
Baker, William G., Jr. (1916) ...... Care of Baker, Watts & Co.
Baldwin, Charles Gambrill (1920) .. 845 Park Ave.
Baldwin, Chas. W., D.D. (1919) .... 226 W. Lafayette Ave.
Baldwin, Mrs. Fanny Langden (1920) . 845 Park Ave.
Baldwin, Rignal W. (1926) .... 16 E. Lexington St.
Baldwin, Miss Rosa E. (1923) .... Cloverdale Road.
Banks, Miss Elizabeth (1926) .... 2119 Bolton St.
Barclay, Mrs. D. H. (1906) .... 14 E. Franklin St.
Barrett, Henry C. (1902) .... "The Severn."
Barroll, L. Wethered (1910) .... 412 Equitable Building.

Barroll, Morris Keene (1917)........Maryland Club.
Bartlett, J. Kemp (1900)............2100 Mt. Royal Ave.
Barton, Carlyle (1924).............1606 Munsey Building.
Barton, Randolph, Jr. (1915)........207 N. Calvert St.
Baugh, Mrs. Frederick H. (1922).....508 Woodlawn Rd., Roland Pk.
Beacham, Mrs. Harrison T. (1919)...313 Woodlawn Rd., Rd. Pk.
Bealmear, Herman (1916)..........1610 W. Lanvale St.
Beatson, J. Herbert (1914).........Fidelity Trust Co.
Beatty, John E. (1921)..............B. & O. Building.
Beatty, Mrs. Philip Asfordby (1910).9 N. 24th St., Camphill, Pa.
Beck, Howard C. (1918).............4001 Bateman Ave.
Beecher, Wm. Gordon (1919).........409 Calvert Building.
Beers, Walter W. (1924).............Greenway Apartments.
Beeuwkes, C. John (1924)............626 Equitable Building.
Bell, Edmund Hayes (1920)..........1510 Walnut St., Phila., Pa.
Benjamin, Roland (1915)............Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Md.
Benson, Mrs. Wm. (1924)............University Apartments.
Bergland, John McF., M. D. (1924)..4 W. Biddle St.
Bergland, Mrs. John McF. (1924)....4 W. Biddle St.
Berkley, Henry J., M. D. (1900)......1305 Park Ave.
Berkley, Mrs. Henry J. (1922)......1305 Park Ave.
Bernard, Richard Constable (1923)..1312 John St.
Bevan, H. Cromwell (1902)..........1317 Park Ave.
Biays, Tolly A. (1926).............14 E. Lexington St.
Bibbins, Mrs. A. B...................2600 Maryland Ave.
Biddle, Mrs. J. Wilmer (1916).......1009 N. Charles St.
Billstein, Nathan (1898)...........Riderwood, Md.
Birckhead, Rev. Hugh (1925)........811 Cathedral St.
Bishop, William R. (1916)..........5 E. 27th St.
Bixler, Dr. W. H. H. (1916)..........19th & Fairmount Ave., Phila., Pa.
Black, Harry C., Jr. (1920)..........Fidelity Building.
Black, Mrs. Van Lear (1921)........1205 Eutaw Place.
Black, Van Lear (1902).............1113-17 Fidelity Bldg.
Blackford, Eugene (1916)...........200-4 Chamber of Commerce.
* Blake, George A. (1893)...........3904 Greenway, Guilford.
Blakeslee, Mrs. Wilber (1923)......3920 Maine Ave.
Boisseau, John E. (1924)............3 E. Fayette St.
Bond, Dr. A. K. (1922)...............3104 Walbrook Ave.
Bond, Carroll T. (1916).............1125 N. Calvert St.
Bond, Miss Christiana (1919)......1402 Bolton St.
Bond, Duke (1919)..................Charles & Read Sts.
Bond, Miss Isabella M. (1918)......1402 Bolton St.
Bond, James A. C. (1902)............Westminster, Md.
Bonsal, Leigh (1902)................511 Calvert Building.
Booker, Mrs. William D. (1919).. { c/o Dr. John Booker,
Chapel Hill, N. C.

Boone, Mrs. R. Sanchez (1925).......1221 N. Calvert St.
Bordley, Dr. James, Jr. (1914).......201 Professional Bldg.
Bosley, Charles B. (1923)............16 E. Lexington St.
Boswell, Mrs. T. Steptoe (1923)....22 E. Eager St.
Bouchet, Charles J. (1921)..........206 E. Biddle St.
Boulden, Mrs. Chas. Newton (1916)..The Homewood Apts.
Bouse, John H., M. D. (1926)........317 S. Ann St.
Bowdoin, Mrs. Wm. Graham (1916)...1106 N. Charles St.
Bowdoin, W. Graham, Jr. (1909).....3020 N. Calvert St.
Bowen, Herbert H. (1915)...........817 Beaumont Ave., Govans.
Bowen, Jesse N. (1916).............Citizens National Bank Bldg.
Bowie, Clarence K. (1916)...........401 Maryland Trust Bldg.
Bowie, Miss Virginia Berkley (1926).811 Hamilton Terrace.
Boyce, Fred. G., Jr., (1916)..........4102 Greenway, Guilford.
Boyce, Heyward E. (1912)............Drovers National Bank.
Boyle, Miss Ann E. H. (1924)........2636 N. Charles St.
Bradford, Samuel Webster (1916)....Belair, Md.
Bramble, Forrest (1919)............207 N. Calvert St.
Branch, Rev. Henry, D. D. (1920).....Leesburg, Va., R. F. D. No. 3.
Brattan, Mrs. J. Y. (1919)..........1802 St. Paul St.
Brent, Mrs. Duncan K. (1922).......Ruxton, Md.
Brent, Mrs. Robert F. (1916)........The St. Paul Apts.
Bristor, Joseph W. (1925)...........2205 N. Calvert St.
Brown, Alexander (1902)............"Mondawmin," Liberty Heights Av.
Brown, Mary Howard (1920).........Kingsville, Md.
* Brown, John W. (1890)............201 Ridgewood Rd., Roland Park.
Brown, W. McCulloh (1919)........10 W. Hamilton St.
Brown, Mrs. William T. (1916)......Chestertown, Md.
Browne, Arthur Lee (1913)..........341 Courtland St.
Browne, Rev. Lewis Beeman (1907)..St. John's Rectory, Frostburg, Md.
Browne, Mary N., M. D. (1919).......Rochambeau Apts.
Browne, Thos. Horace Arrell (1926).1806 Park Ave.
Bruce, Howard....................Bartlett Hayward & Co.,
P. O. Box 1191.
Bruce, Mrs. James (1924)...........Bedford Place, Guilford.
Bruce, W. Cabell (1909).............Ruxton, Md.
Bruce, Mrs. Wm. Cabell (1920)......Ruxton, Md.
Brune, H. M. (1902).................841 Calvert Building.
Buchanan, Thomas Gittings (1917)..116 Chamber of Commerce.
Buck, Albert H. (1921)..............Allston Apts.
Buck, Burton Gray (1921)..........231 E. North Ave.
Buck, Charles H. (1926)............2900 Wyman Parkway.
Buck, Kirkland C. (1921)...........Eutaw Savings Bank.
Buck, Walter H. (1926).............609 Union Trust Bldg.
Buckingham, Mrs. William A. (1920).1918 Eutaw Place.
Buckler, William H. (1923)........ 09 Banbury Road, Oxford, England.
Burch, Wm. Baltzell (1924).........Valley Lee, Md.

Burns, F. Highland (1919)..........806 University Parkway.

Cain, Mrs. James M. (1922)..........Church Hill, Md.
Cairnes, Miss Laura J. (1923).......4008 Roland Ave.
Candler, Miss Otie Seymour (1923)..Roland Park P. O.
Carey, Charles H. (1919)..........2220 N. Charles St.
Carey, James (1913)................2220 N. Charles St.
Carey, John E. (1893)................"The Cedars," Walbrook.
Carr, Mrs. Chever (1923)............2615 Maryland Ave.
Carroll, Douglas Gordon (1913).....Brooklandville, Md.
Carroll, Miss M. Grace (1923)......111 Ridgewood Rd., Roland Park.
Carter, Miss Mary Coles (1923).....204 W. Monument St.
Carter, Miss Sally Randolph (1923).204 W. Monument St.
Cary, Miss Maude Birnie (1925).....16 W. Read St.
Cathcart, Maxwell (1922)..........1429 Linden Ave.
Cator, Franklin P. (1914)...........13-15 W. Baltimore St.
Cator, George (1911)................803 St. Paul St.
Chace, Mrs. Daniel C. (1925)........6 W. Virgilia Av., Chevy Chase, Md.
Chamberlaine, Rev. Alward (1925)..Centerville, Md.
Chapman, James W. Jr. (1916)......2016 Park Ave.
Chapman, W. J. (1916)............ Forest Ave., Eden Terrace, Catonsville, Md.
Chesnut, W. Calvin (1897)..........1137 Calvert Building.
Chestnut, Mrs. W. Calvin (1923)....Ridgewood Rd., Roland Park.
Chetham, Mrs. L. B. (1924).......... 1015 N. Charles St.
Claggett, Mrs. T. West (1925)......Homewood Apartments.
Clark, Miss Anna E. B. (1914).......The St. Paul Apartments.
Clark, Walter L. (1921)............Calvert Bldg.
Clarke, D. Frank (1924)............143 St. Charles Road.
Clarkson, Mrs. Thos. B. (1925)......De Soto Apartments.
Classen, Charles H. (1924).........218 Roland Ave.
Cleveland, Richard F. (1925)...... Care of Semmes, Bowen & Semmes, Citizens National Bank Building.
Clift, Josiah, Jr. (1919)............212 W. Monument St.
Close, Philip H. (1916).............. Belair, Md.
Coad, J. Allan (1922)...............Leonardtown, Md.
Coale, W. E. (1908)..................109 Chamber of Commerce
Coe, Ward B. (1920).................Fidelity Building.
Cohen, Miss Bertha (1908)..........415 N. Charles St.
Cohen, Miss Eleanor S. (1917)......The Latrobe.
Cohn, Charles M. (1919)............Lexington Bldg.
Coleman, William C. (1916)........16 E. Eager St.
Colston, George A. (1914)........... 403 Keyser Building.
Coman, Dr. Francis Dana (1926)....Johns Hopkins Club.
Compton, Key (1921)................219 Woodlawn Rd., Roland Park.
Compton, Mrs. Key (1921)...........219 Woodlawn Rd., Roland Park.
Conkling, William H., Jr. (1920).....106 E. Baltimore St.

Connolly, Gerald C. (1919)........1116 N. Eutaw St.
Connolly, James E., M. D. (1923)....1116 N. Eutaw Place.
Cook, Mrs. George H. (1919)........1001 St. Paul St.
Cooke, Mrs. J. Addison (1922)........150 West Lanvale St.
Coonan, Edward V. (1907)...........121 W. Lafayette Ave.
Cooper, J. Crossan (1912)...........Stock Exchange Building.
Corbin, Mrs. John W. (1898)........2208 N. Charles St.
Corkran, Mrs. Benjamin W. (1919)..200 Goodwood Gardens.
Cornelius, Thomas Reese (1924).....Gittings Ave.
Corner, Geo. W. (1917)...............Wyman Park Apts.
Cotten, Bruce (1912)................Cylburn, Station L, Baltimore.
Cottman, Thomas E. (1917)..........Chattolanee, Md.
Cotton, Mrs. Jane Baldwin (1896)...239 Beacon St., Boston, Mass.
Coudon, Joseph (1920)..............Perryville, Maryland.
Coulter, John Mifflin (1923).......2421 St. Paul St.
Crain, Robert (1902)..............{ 7005 Otis Bldg.,
810 18th St., N. W., Wash., D. C.
Crane, Wm. Herbert (1924)..........Edgecliffe House, Mt. Wash., Balto.
Cranwell, J. H. (1895)...............1622 Park Ave.
Croker, Mrs. Edward J. (1922).......3803 Juniper Road.
Cromwell, B. Frank (1918)..........401 Garrett Bldg.
Cromwell, Mrs. C. Hammond (1924)..Ellicott City, Md.
Cromwell, Mrs. W. Kennedy (1916)..Lake Roland.
Cross, W. Irvine (1925)..............B. & O. Building.
Cullen, Dr. Thos. S. (1926).........20 E. Eager St.
Culver, Francis Barnum (1910)......3204 Guilford Ave.
Culver, John K. (1925)..............Mt. Washington, Md.
Culver, Mrs. John K. (1925).........Mt. Washington, Md.

Dabney, Dr. William M. (1916)......Ruxton, Md.
Daingerfield, Mrs. P. B. Key (1925)..Latrobe Apartments.
Dallam, C. Braxton (1924)...........4001 Greenway.
Dalsheimer, Simon (1909)...........The Lord Baltimore Press.
Damuth, Rev. Warren K. (1923)......P. O. Box 264, Thurmont, Md.
Dandridge, Miss Anne S. (1893)......18 W. Hamilton St.
Darrell, Mrs. Cavendish (1921)......1109 N. Eutaw St.
Dashiell, Benj. J. (1914)............Dunkirk P. O., Calvert Co., Md.
Dashiell, N. Leeke, M. D. (1904).....2927 St. Paul St.
Dashiell, Mrs. Nicholas L. (1922)...2927 St. Paul St.
Daves, John Collins (1923).........136 W. Lanvale St.
Davis, E. Asbury (1924).............119-21 S. Howard St.
Davis, Dr. J. Staige (1916)..........1200 Cathedral St.
Davis, Septimus (1907)..............4100 Greenway.
Davis, Dr. W. W. (1921).............Box 724, Baltimore, Md.
Davison, Miss Elizabeth T. (1925)...Cecil Apts.
Davison, Miss Caroline V. (1925)...Cecil Apts.
Dawkins, Walter I. (1902)..........1119 Fidelity Bldg.

Dawson, Mrs. Thomas M. (1925).....1702 N. Charles St.
Day, Miss Mary Forman (1907)....The Concord, Apartment 31, Washington, D. C.
Deems, J. Harry (1926)..............154 Wilson St.
Deford, B. F. (1914)..................608 W. Franklin St.,Richmond, Va.
Deford, Mrs. B. Frank, (1916)......608 W. Franklin St.Richmond, Va.
Delaplaine, Edward S. (1920)........Frederick, Md.
Denmead, Garner Wood (1923).......227 St. Paul St.
Dennis, Mrs. James T. (1923)........1002 N. Calvert St.
Dennis, James U. (1907)............2 E. Lexington St.
Dennis, John M. (1919).............Union Trust Bldg.
Dennis, Oregon Milton (1922).......New Amsterdam Bldg.
Dennis, Samuel K. (1905)...........2 E. Lexington St.
Dennison, H. Marcus (1923).........10 E. Read St.
Detrick, Miss Lillie (1919)........104 E. Biddle St.
Devecmon, William C. (1919).........Cumberland, Md.
Dickey, Charles H. (1902)........Maryland Meter Company, Guilford Av. and Saratoga St.
Dickey, Edmund S. (1914)...........Maryland Meter Company.
Dielman, Louis H. (1905)...........Peabody Institute.
Diffenderfer, Claude A. (1926)......Ruxton, Md.
Digges, Llewellyn A. (1925).........1312 Eutaw Place.
Distler, Mrs. John Cyrus (1926)....De Sota Apts.
Ditman, Miss Grace Barrow (1919)..219 E. Biddle Street.
Ditman, Mrs. William C. (1919)....219 E. Biddle Street.
Dixon, James (1926)................Easton, Maryland.
Dixon, Mrs. William A. (1919)......207 Wendover Road, Guilford.
Dodson, Herbert K. (1909)...........344 N. Charles St.
Doebler, John H. (1920)...........Pennsylvania & Bosley Aves., Towson, Md.
Doebler, Valentine S. (1922)......Greenway & St. Martin's Rd., Guilford, Baltimore.
Donaldson, Mrs. John J. (1923).....140 W. Lanvale St.
Donnelly, Edward A. (1919)........213 N. Calvert St.
Donnelly, William J. (1916)........Commerce and Water Sts.
Dorsey, Mrs. Charles P. (1920)......3712 Springdale Ave.
Dorsey, Miss Anne H. E. (1919).....Ellicott City.
Dowell, Mrs. George (1921).........The Belvedere Hotel.
Dowling, Jesse T. (1926).............3909 Springdale Ave.
Duer, Henry Lay (1923)............Calvert Bldg.
Duer, Henry T. (1923)...............Baltimore Club.
Duffy, Edward (1920)................138 W. Lanvale St.
Duffy, Henry (1916).................110 W. North Ave.
* Dugan, Hammond J. (1916).........520 N. Charles St.
Dugan, Miss Mary Coale (1919)....225 W. Preston St.
Duke, W. Bernard (1909)...........406 Water St.
* Duke, Mrs. W. Bernard (1908).....Riderwood, Md.

Dukehart, Morton McL. (1920)......2744 N. Calvert St.
Duker, Mrs. Henry P. (1925)........3800 N. Charles St.
Duker, Henry P. (1925).............3800 N. Charles St.
Duker, Herman (1924)..............530 Albemarle St.
Duker, Mrs. J. Edward (1923).......Charles Street Ave.
Dulac, Mrs. Victor (1925)..........Temple Court Apartments.
Dulaney, Henry S. (1915)............Charles St. and Forest Aves.
Dunahue, Mrs. Wilbur C. (1923)....1620 Bolton St.
Duncan, Miss Eliza W. McKim (1921).4132 Roland Ave.
Dunham, Francis Lee, M. D. (1921)..1111 N. Eutaw St.
Dunott, Mrs. Daniel Z. (1926)......1005 N. Calvert St.
Dunton, Wm. Rush, Jr., M.D. (1902)..Harlem Lodge, Catonsville, Md.
DuVal, Mrs. Edmund Bryce (1926)...2833 St. Paul St.
Duvall, Richard M. (1902)..........16 E. Lexington St.
Duvall, Mrs. Richard M. (1919).....The Sherwood.
Duvall, Samuel Grafton (1925).....Frederick City, Md.
Duvall, Mrs. Samuel Grafton (1925).Frederick City, Md.

Earle, Dr. Samuel T. (1922).........1431 Linden Ave.
Earle, Swepson (1916)...............512 Munsey Building.
Easter, Arthur Miller (1918).......102 E. Madison St.
Edel, Alfred T. (1925)..............14 Wendover Road, Guilford.
Egerton, Stuart (1919).............106 Elmhurst Road.
Ellicott, Charles E. (1918)..........Melvale, Md.
Ellinger, Esther Parker (1922).....12 W. 25th St.
Ellis, Lt. Col. Olin Oglesby (1927)..Guarantee Title & Trust Co.
Emmart, Wm. W. (1924) ....Union Trust Building.
England, Charles (1924)............1507 Park Ave.
* Evans, Clarence R. (1924).........2810 St. Paul St.
Evans, Mrs. Cora R. (1924)..........2810 St. Paul St.
Evans, Mrs. Ella Warfield (1924)....Calvert Court Apartments.
Evans, Frank G. (1923).............Eutaw Savings Bank.
Evans, H. G. (1918).................818 University Parkway.

Fahnestock, Albert (1912).........2503 Madison Ave.
Falconer, Chas. E. (1915)............1630 Bolton St.
Fallon, Wm. B. (1920)...............6 Elmhurst Road.
Faure, Auguste (1916)..............735 Grand View Ave., Sunland, Calif.
Fenhagen, G. Corner (1918)..........325 N. Charles St.
Ferguson, J. Henry (1902)..........Colonial Trust Co.
Fickenscher, Miss Lenore (1920)....Guilford Manor Apartments.
Findley, Miss Ellen B. (1919)......1510 Bolton St.
Finley, John Norville Gibson (1927).Enoch Pratt Library.
Fisher, D. K. E. (1916)............1301 Park Ave.
Fisher, Miss Grace W. (1907).......1610 Park Ave.
Fisher, Dr. Wm. A. (1924)............715 Park Ave.
Fisher, William H. (1925)..........1724 St. Paul St.

Fitzgerald, Charles G. (1923)........3507 N. Charles St.
Fitzhugh, Henry M., M. D. (1921)....Westminster, Md.
Flanagan, Sherman E. (1925).......Westminster, Md.
Fleming, Miss Elizabeth Boyd (1925).Canterbury Hall Apartments.
Focke, Ferdinand B. (1925)..........1718 Bolton St.
Fooks, Major Herbert C. (1921)......723 Munsey Building.
Forbes, George (1924)...............601 Maryland Trust Building.
Ford, Miss Sarah M. (1916)..........1412 N St., N. W., Wash'n, D. C.
Foster, Mrs. E. Edmunds (1917)......23 E. 22nd St.
Foster, Reuben (1921)...............23 E. 22nd St.
Fowler, Laurence Hall (1919)......347 N. Charles St.
Fowler, Miss Louisa M. (1923)......St. Timothy's School, Cat'nsv'le, Md.
France, Jacob (1926)................Calvert Building.
France, Mrs. Jacob (1926)..........Catonsville, Md.
France, Dr. Joseph I. (1916)........15 W. Mt. Vernon Place.
France, Mrs. J. I. (1910)............15 W. Mt. Vernon Place.
Frank, Eli (1923)..................North and 4th Aves., Mt. Wash.
Franklin, Mrs. Benjamin (1921).....104 W. 39th St.
Freeman, Bernard (1916)...........749 Cobb St., Athens, Georgia.
Freeman, Dr. E. B. (1926)...........412 Cathedral St.
Freeman, J. Douglas (1914).........203 Woodlawn Rd., Roland Pk.
Freeman, Mrs. Julius W. (1917)....2731 St. Paul St.
French, Howard A. (1924)...........304 W. Baltimore St.
French, Dr. John C. (1924)..........416 Cedarcroft Road.
Frick, Miss Elizabeth R. (1925).....1523 Bolton St.
Frick, George Arnold (1914)........20 E. Lexington St.
Frick, J. Swan (1895)...............Guilford.
Frick, John W. (1916)...............835 University Parkway.
Friedenwald, Harry, M. D. (1919)...1212 Eutaw Place.
Friedenwald, Julius, M. D. (1919)...1013 N. Charles St.
Furst, Frank A. (1914)..............3407 Elgin Ave.
Furst, J. Henry (1915)..............23 S. Hanover St.

Gaither, Charles D. (1919).........Winona Apts.
Gale, Walter R. (1921)..............233 W. Lanvale St.
Gambel, Mrs. Thos. B. (1915).........2017 St. Paul St.
Gantt, Mrs. Harry Baldwin (1915)..Westmoreland Apts., Wash. D. C.
Garcelon, Mrs. Herbert I. (1924)... Severna Park, Anne Arundel Co., Md.
Gardiner, Asa Bird, Jr. (1912)......1111 Linden Ave.
Garrett, John W. (1898)............Garrett Building.
Gault, Matthew (1914).............1422 Park Ave.
Gibbs, Charles H. (1920)............511 Garrett Building.
Gibbs, John S., Jr. (1914)...........Lakeside, Md.
Gibbs, Mrs. Rufus N. (1924)..........1209 St. Paul St.
Gibson, Arthur C. (1920)............Safe Deposit and Trust Co.
Gibson, W. Hopper (1902)............Centreville, Md.

Gilbert, D. C. (1923)	3116 Gwynn Oak Ave.
Gill, Mrs. Robert Lee (1924)	102 Club Road.
Gill, Robert Lee, Jr. (1925)	102 Club Rd., Roland Park.
Gillies, Mrs. M. J. (1919)	Walbert Apartments, No. 54.
Gillis, Dr. Andrew G. (1923)	1033 N. Calvert St.
Girdwood, Allan C. (1916)	743 Calvert Building.
Girdwood, Mrs. John (1921)	102 E. 25th St.
Gittings, James C. (1911)	613 St. Paul St.
Gittings, Miss Victoria E. (1920)	231 W. Preston St.
Glass, David Wilson (1921)	2000 E. 30th St.
Glenn, John, Jr. (1915)	16 St. Paul St.
Glenn, John M. (1905)	1 Lexington Ave., New York, N. Y.
Glenn, Rev. Wm. Lindsay (1905)	Edgewood, R. F. D.
de Goey, Miss Virginia (1927)	The Sherwood.
Goldsborough, Charles (1908)	St. Paul Apartments.
Goldsborough, Mrs. Fitzhugh (1919)	1700 St. Paul St.
Goldsborough, Miss Helene (1923)	Riderwood, Md.
Goldsborough, Louis P. (1914)	35 W. Preston St.
Goldsborough, Murray Lloyd (1913)	Easton, Md.
Goldsborough, Phillips Lee (1915)	National Union Bank.
Goodnow, Dr. Frank J. (1916)	Johns Hopkins University.
Goodenow, Mrs. R. K., Sr. (1925)	914 N. Charles St.
Goodrich, G. Clem (1916)	Catonsville, Md.
Gorman, Mrs. Grace Norris (1923)	Laurel, Md.
Gorter, James P. (1902)	128 Court House.
Gough, Mrs. I. Pike (1916)	2402 N. Charles St.
Gough, T. R., M. D. (1919)	Barnesville, Md.
Gould, Clarence P. (1908)	Western Reserve University, Cleveland, Ohio.
Grafflin, Robert L. (1925)	Baltimore Trust Co.
Graham, Albert D. (1915)	Citizens' National Bank.
Grape, Adrian H. (1919)	204 Clay St.
Gramkow, Mrs. Emma (1919)	Elm St., Concord, Mass.
Greenway, Miss Elizabeth W. (1917)	2322 N. Charles St.
Greenway, William H. (1886)	2322 N. Charles St.
Gregg, Maurice (1886)	719 N. Charles St.
Gresham, Thomas Baxter (1919)	815 Park Ave.
Griffis, Mrs. Margaret Abell (1913)	Glyndon, Md.
Griffith, Mrs. Mary W. (1891)	10 Francis St., Annapolis, Md.
Griswold, B. Howell, Jr. (1913)	Alex. Brown & Sons.
Grosvenor, Gilbert (1926)	National Geographic Society, Wash., D. C.
Habighurst, Mrs. Chas. F. (1916)	1620 Bolton St.
Hall, Cary D., Jr. (1919)	706 Fidelity Bldg.
Hall, Mrs. Edward Jr. (1926)	Joppa, Md.
Hall, J. Bannister (1924)	829 Park Ave.

Hall, Mrs. J. Bannister (1924)......829 Park Ave.
Hall, Dr. William S. (1922).........215 Woodlawn Rd., Roland Park.
Haman, B. Howard (1912)...........1137 Calvert Bldg.
Hambleton, Mrs. F. S. (1907)........Hambledune, Lutherville, Md.
Hambleton, T. Edward (1914)........Hambleton & Co., 8 S. Calvert St.
Hamilton, S. Henry (1923)..........112 E. Preston St.
Hamman, Mrs. Louis (1923)..........10 Norwood Place, Guilford.
Hammond, Edward (1923)............140 W. Lanvale St.
Hammond, Edward Hopkins (1923)...Union Trust Bldg.
Hammond, Edward M. (1914).........Fidelity Bldg.
Hammond, Edward Hopkins (1923)...801 Union Trust Building.
Hance, Mrs. Tabitha J. (1916)......2330 Eutaw Place.
Hancock, James E. (1907)...........2122 St. Paul St.
Handy, J. Custis (1923).............45 East 55th St., New York City.
Hann, Samuel M. (1915).............230 Somerset Rd., Roland Pk.
Hanne, Rev. Edward R. (1926).......Westminster, Md.
Harlan, Henry D., LL.D. (1894).....Fidelity Building.
Harley, Chas. F. (1915)..............Title Building.
Harper, George Houston (1921)......Canterbury Hall.
Harrington, Hon. Emerson C. (1916).Cambridge, Md.
Harris, Norris (1927)...............3128 Baker St.
Harris, Mrs. Norris (1926)..........3128 Baker St.
Harris, W. Hall (1883)..............Title Building.
Harris, Mrs. W. Hall (1919)........511 Park Ave.
Harris, William Barney (1918)......Roland Park Apts.
Harris, Wm. Hugh (1914)......... } Care Edwin Warfield, Sykesville, Md.
Harris, Mrs. William Hugh (1919) }
Harrison, George (1915).............1706 Eutaw Pl.
Harrison, J. Edward (1915)..........1741 Park Ave.
Harrison, Mrs. John W. (1919)......Middle River, Md.
Harrison, Miss Rebecca (1919)......11 E. Chase St.
Hart, Robert S. (1923)...............Greenway Apts.
Hartman, Herbert T. (1925).........Chestertown, Md.
Harvey, Mrs. William P. (1919)....932 N. Charles St.
Harwood, James Kemp (1923)........30 W. Biddle St.
Hayden, William M. (1878).........Eutaw Savings Bank.
Hayes, A. Gordon (1919)............214 W. Madison St.
Hayes, Robert F., Jr. (1923)........3526 Roland Ave.
Hayward, William H. (1918)........110 Commerce St.
Hayward, F. Sidney (1897).........Harwood Ave., Govans, Md.
Helfenstein, Rev. Edward T. (1920)..1505 Park Ave.
Helfrich, Mrs. Samuel (1920).......Catonsville, Md.
Hemphill, Mrs. James M. (1926).....Elkridge, Md.
Henderson, Charles F. (1919)......Continental Trust Bldg.
Henderson, Mrs. Louisa P. (1919)..Cumberland, Md.
Henderson, Newton R. (1925).......4018 Bateman Ave.
Hendrickson, Finley C. (1925).......Cumberland, Md.

Henry, Mrs. Roberta B. (1914)......1517 Bolton St.
Herring, Thomas R. (1919)..........717 N. Broadway.
Hevell, Charles H. (1922)...........514 Willow Grove Ave.
Hewes, M. Warner (1922)............2315 Maryland Ave.
Hickman, Edward L. (1924)..........Cedarcroft, Baltimore.
Hilken, H. G. (1889)................4 Bishop's Road, Guilford.
Hicks, Thomas (1919)...............106 W. Madison St.
Hill, John Philip (1899)............712 Keyser Bldg.
Hines, Rev. Charles J. (1922)........27 S. Ellwood Ave.
Hinkley, Miss Harriette (1923).....808 Cathedral St.
Hinkley, John (1900)...............215 N. Charles St.
Hisky, John Guido (1925)..........Catonsville, Md.
Hisky, Thomas Foley (1888).........215 N. Charles St.
Hitchcock, Ella Sprague (1919)......219 City Hall.
Hite, Mrs. Elizabeth C. (1923).... Care of J. A. Lisle, 14 E. Lexington St.
Hodgdon, Mrs. Alexander L. (1915)...Pearson's, St. Mary's Co., Md.
Hodges, Mrs. Margaret R. (1903).. 142 Duke of Gloucester St., Annapolis, Md.
Hodson, Eugene W. (1916)...........Care of Thomas & Thompson.
Hoff, Mrs. Violet B. (1924).........307 Southway, Guilford, Balto.
Hollander, Jacob H., Ph. D. (1895)...1802 Eutaw Place.
Holloway, Charles T. (1925)...... 39 Colbert Road, East, West Newton, Mass.
Holloway, Mrs. R. Ross (1918).... Severna Park, Anne Arundel Co., Md.
Hollyday, Miss Caroline R. (1926)...Winona Apts.
Hollyday, Guy T. O. (1923).........18 E. Lexington St.
Homer, Francis T. (1900)............Riderwood, Md.
Homer, Mrs. Jane Abell (1909)......Riderwood, Baltimore Co.
Hooff, Miss Mary Stabler (1922).....1205 Linden Ave.
Hooper, James E. (1921).............Ruxton, Md.
Hopkins, John Howard (1911)......2001 Park Ave.
Hopkins, Mrs. Mabel Ford (1924)....5 Somerset Pl., Guilford, Balto.
Horsey, John P. (1911)............649 Title Building.
Howard, Charles McHenry (1902)....901 St. Paul St.
Howard, Charles Morris (1907)......1010 Munsey Bldg.
Howard, Mrs. Chas. Morris (1921)...1205 St. Paul St.
Howard, John D. (1917)..............209 W. Monument St.
Howard, J. Spence (1922)............12 E. Lexington St.
Howard, Wm. Ross (1916)...........Guilford Ave. and Pleasant St.
Hubbard, Wilbur W. (1915)..........Chestertown, Md.
Hubner, William R. (1920)..........Safe Deposit and Trust Co.
Hughes, Adrian (1895)..............4104 Maine Ave., West Forest Pk.
Hughes, Mrs. Mary P. (1924)........2823 St. Paul St.
Hughes, Thomas (1886).............1018 Cathedral St.
Hull, Miss A. E. E. (1904)...........Charles Apts.

* Humbrichouse, Harry H. (1918)......465 Potomac Ave., Hagerstown, Md.
Hungerford, Arthur F. (1925)........809 N. Charles St.
Hunter, Mrs. H. (1926)..............Albion Hotel.
Hunting, E. B. (1905)...............705 Calvert Building.
Hurd, Henry M., M. D. (1902)........1023 St. Paul St.
Hurst, Charles W. (1914)............24 E. Preston St.
Hurst, J. J. (1902).................Builders' Exchange.
Hyde, Enoch Pratt (1906)............Washington Apartments.
Hyde, Geo. W. (1906)................3908 N. Charles St.
Hyde, Henry M. (1923)...............103 W. 39th St.
Hynson, Rev. Benjamin T. (1921)....10 K. St., N. W., Washington, D. C.
Hynson, George W. (1925)............U. S. Fidelity & Guarantee Co.

Iglehart, Francis N. (1914).........11 E. Lexington St.
Iglehart, Iredell W. (1916).........313 Suffolk St,
Iglehart, James D., M. D. (1893)....211 W. Lanvale St.
Ijams, Mrs. George W. (1913)........1707 St. Paul St.
Ingle, William (1909)...............1710 Park Ave.
Ives, Mrs. William M. (1925)........Mt. Washington, Md.

Jackson, Hon. Howard (1924)........Mayor's Office, City Hall.
Jackson, Mrs. George S. (1910)......34 W. Biddle St.
Jackson, Lloyd L. Jr. (1926)........Severn Apts.
Jacobs, Mrs. Henry Barton (1916)..11 W. Mt. Vernon Place.
Jacobs, Henry Barton, M. D. (1903)..11 W. Mt. Vernon Place.
James, Norman (1903)................Catonsville, Md.
Janney, Stuart S. (1924)............6th Floor, Title Building.
Jencks, Mrs. Francis M. (1924)......1 W. Mt. Vernon Place.
Jenkins, George C. (1883)...........16 Abell Building.
Jenkins, M. Earnest (1924)..........717 St. Paul St.
Johnson, Charles W. L. (1923)......909 St. Paul St.
Johnson, Mrs. Edward M. (1924).....843 University Pkwy.
Johnson, J. Hemsley (1916).........626 Equitable Building.
Johnstone, Miss Emma E. (1910)....855 Park Ave.
Jones, Arthur Lafayette (1911)... { Care of J. S. Wilson Co., Calvert Building.
Jones, Mrs. Harry C. (1919)........2523 Madison Ave.
Judik, Mrs. J. Henry (1918)..........Kenoak Road, Mt. Washington, Md.

Karr, Harry E. (1913)...............1301 Fidelity Bldg.
Keech, Mrs. Carolina Pagon (1924)..203 Ridgewood Road, Roland Park.
Keech, Edw. P., Jr. (1909)..........900-901 Maryland Trust Bldg.
Keech, Colonel Frank B. (1919)....52 Broadway, New York.
Keene, Miss Mary Hollingsworth (1917) .... } 8 W. Hamilton St.
Keidel, Geo. C., Ph. D. (1912)........300 E. Capitol St., Wash't'n, D. C.
Kelly, Howard A., M. D. (1919).......1418 Eutaw Place.

Kennedy, Joseph P. (1915)...........Charles and Wells Sts.
Keys, Miss Jane G. (1905)..........208 E. Lanvale St.
Keyser, Mrs. H. Irvine (1894)......104 W. Monument St.
Keyser, R. Brent (1894)............910 Keyser Building.
Keyser, W. Irvine (1917)............206-7 Keyser Building.
Keyser, William, Jr. (1925).........Keyser Building.
Kilpatrick, Mrs. Rebecca H. (1917)..1027 St. Paul St.
Kinsolving, Rev. Arthur B. (1922)...Saratoga and Cathedral Sts.
Kirk, Henry C. (1908)..............3126 Cloverhill Rd.
Kirk, Mrs. Henry C. (1917)..........3126 Cloverhill Rd.
Kirwan, George W. (1919)..........11 E. Chase St.
Klinefelter, Mrs. Emily Hendrix (1915) .... Chestertown, Md.
Klinefelter, Henry H. (1922)........Chestertown, Md.
Knapp, Charles H. (1916)............1418 Fidelity Building.
Knapp, William G. (1919)..........920 N. Charles St.
Knox, J. H. Mason, Jr., M. D. (1909)..211 Wendover Rd., Guilford.
Kroh, Kenneth Koontz (1926).......Westminster, Md.
Lankford, H. F. (1893)..............Princess Anne, Md.
Latané, John Holladay, Ph. D., LL. D. (1913) Johns Hopkins Univ.
Leach, Miss Mary Clara (1924)......4014 Edmondson Ave.
Leakin, Margaret Dobbin (1920).....Lake Roland, Md.
Leakin, Miss Susan Dobbin (1923)...103 W. Monument St.
Lee, Cassandra (1923)..............Washington Apts.
Lee, Miss Elizabeth Collins (1920).103 Linden St., Towson, Md.
Lee, H. H. M (1923).................806 Reservoir St.
Lee, John L. G. (1916)...............511 Calvert Building.
Lee, Richard Laws (1896)..........2843 N. Calvert St.
Legg, John C., Jr. (1916)............110 E. Redwood St.
Legg, Joseph B. (1924)...............2508 N. Calvert St.
Leonard, Wm. Wirt (1924)...........3401 Greenway.
Levering, Eugene (1895)............Merchants' National Bank.
Levis, Miss Anna G. (1925).........2326 N. Charles St.
* Levy, Julius (1921)................Lombard and Paca Sts.
Levy, William B. (1909)............11th floor, Fidelity Building.
Lilburn, Mrs. A. E. T. (1926)........1118 N. Calvert St.
Limerick, J. Arthur (1924)...........960 N. Howard St.
Linthicum, J. Charles (1905)........20 E. Lexington St.
Linville, Charles H. (1918)..........4220 Wickford Rd.
Littig, Mrs. John M. (1919).........Cambridge Apartments.
Ljungstedt, Mrs. A. O. (1915).......Bethesda, Md., Route 1.
Lockard, G. Carroll, M. D. (1919)....4 E. Preston St.
Lockwood, William F., M. D. (1891)..8 E. Eager St.
Lord, Mrs. J. Walter (1923).........44 Roland Court.
Lord, Mrs. J. Williams (1919).......1010 N. Charles St.
Lowndes, W. Bladen (1921)..........Fidelity Trust Company.
Lucas, Wm. F., Jr. (1909)............221 E. Baltimore St.

Lurman, Theodore S., Jr. (1923).....1316 Eutaw Place.
Lyell, J. Milton (1916).............1801 Citizens Natl. Bank Bldg.
Lyon, Miss Grace (1923)............223 Wendover Rd.

Mabou, Thomas C. (1925)............2624 Guilford Ave.
McAdams, Rev. Edw. P. (1906)......313 2nd St., Washington, D. C.
McClellan, William J. (1866).......1208 Madison Ave.
McColgan, Charles C. (1916).......211 N. Calvert St.
McColgan, Edward (1921)...........Greenway Apts.
McCormick, Roberdeau A. (1914)....McCormick Block.
McEvoy, P. J. (1919)................402 Cathedral St.
McEldowney, Mrs. John S. (1926)...1607 Bolton St.
MacGill, Richard G., Jr. (1891)....Atholton, Md.
McGroarty, William B. (1920).......Falls Church, Va.
Machen, Arthur W. (1917)..........1109 Calvert Bldg.
McIlvain, Miss Elizabeth Grant (1917) .... 908 St. Paul St.
* Mackall, W. Hollingsworth (1909).Elkton, Md.
McKenrick, Mrs. Carl Ross (1923)...Lake Avenue and Roland.
Mackenzie, Thomas (1917)...........607 Continental Building.
Macklin, Mrs. Charles F. (1925)....1209 N. Calvert St.
McKim, S. S. (1902).................Savings Bank of Baltimore.
McLane, Allan (1894)...............Garrison, Md.
McLane, Miss Catherine (1919)......211 W. Monument St.
McLane, Miss Elizabeth C. (1919)...211 W. Monument St.
MacSherry, Allan (1914)............325 Woodlawn Rd., Roland Pk.
Magruder, James M., D. D. (1919).....Hockley Hall, Annapolis.
Maloy, William Milnes (1911).......1403 Fidelity Building.
Mandelbaum, Seymour (1902)........619 Fidelity Bldg.
Manly, Mrs. Wm. M. (1916).......... 1109 N. Calvert St.
Manning, Cleveland P. (1921).......918 N. Calvert St.
Marburg, Miss Amelia (1919).......6 E. Eager St.
Marburg, William A. (1919)........6 E. Eager St.
Marbury, William L. (1887)........700 Maryland Trust Building.
Marine, Miss Harriet P. (1915)......717 Reservoir St.
Markell, Mrs. Francis H. (1923)....Frederick City, Md.
Marriott, Telfair Wilson (1923)....1115 St. Paul St.
Marriott, Mrs. Telfair W. (1919)...1115 St. Paul St.
Marsden, Mrs. Charles T. (1918)....100 W. University Pkwy.
Marshall, Mrs. Charles (1917)......The Preston.
Marshall, John W. (1902)..........13 South St.
Marye, William B. (1911)...........207 E. Preston St.
Massey, James Allen (1923).........1801 33rd St. Boulevard.
Massey, Mrs. James Allen (1923)....1801 33rd St. Boulevard.
Massey, Miss M. E. (1925)..........105 Maple Ave., Chestertown, Md.
Mather, L. B. (1922).................315 E. 22nd St.
Mathews, Edward B., Ph. D. (1905)..Johns Hopkins University.

Matthews, J. Marsh (1926)	Fidelity Bldg.
Maxson, Charles W., M.D. (1923)	827 N. Charles St.
Maxson, Mrs. Charles W. (1923)	827 N. Charles St.
May, George (1924)	P. O. Box 530.
Maynadier, Thomas Murray (1919)	Walbert Apts.
Maynard, Mrs. Richard (1923)	Gambrills, Md.
Mayo, Mrs. Charles J. F. (1921)	Plaza Apts.
Meanly, M. Brooke (1923)	Ruxton, Md.
Meiere, T. McKean (1916)	1724 N. Calvert St.
Meyer, Mrs. Robert B. (1924)	3047 Brighton St.
Mickle, Mrs. Marbury (1923)	122 Universtiy Pkwy.
Middendorf, J. W. (1902)	107 W. Lanvale St.
Miles, Joshua W. (1915)	Princess Anne, Md.
Milholland, Francis X. (1925)	B. & O. Building.
Miller, Charles R. (1916)	2200 Roslyn Ave.
* Miller, Decatur H., Jr. (1902)	506 Maryland Trust Building.
Miller, Edgar G., Jr. (1916)	808 Fidelity Building.
Miller, Paul H. (1918)	808 Fidelity Building.
Miller, Theodore Klein (1921)	University Parkway.
Miller, Mrs. Warren D. (1924)	160 W. Washington St., Hagerstown, Md.
Miller, Mrs. William E. (1922)	7 Beechdale Rd., Roland Park.
Milligan, John J. (1916)	603 N. Charles St.
Mintz, Julius (1924)	400 Equitable Bldg.
Mitchell, Mrs. Robert L. (1921)	2112 Maryland Ave.
Moore, Miss Mary Wilson (1914)	2102 N. Charles St.
Morgan, Mrs. C. S. (1924)	610 Cathedral St.
Morgan, John Hurst (1896)	10 E. Fayette St.
Morison, Miss Sidney B. (1924)	827 St. Paul St.
Mosher, Mrs. Frederick I. (1921)	4204 Penhurst Ave.
Mudge, Mrs. Virginia F. (1924)	2827 St. Paul St.
Muller, Miss Amelia (1917)	807 W. Fayette St.
Mullin, Miss Elizabeth Lester (1916)	10 E. Madison St.
Munder, Norman T. A. (1920)	Coca-Cola Building.
Murdock, Miss Mildred Laws (1926)	1527 Bolton St.
Murphy, Mrs. J. Hughes (1923)	822 S. 48th St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Murray, Mrs. A. S. (1927)	21 E. Eager St.
Murray, Miss Charlotte (1927)	21 E. Eager St.
Murray, Daniel M. (1902)	Elk Ridge, Md.
Murray, James S. (1919)	4411 Greenway, Guilford.
Murray, John Donaldson, M.D. (1921)	Elkridge, Md.
Murray, Rt. Rev. John G. (1908)	Chas. St. Av. and Univ. Parkway.
Murray, Miss Mercedes M. (1926)	2833 Hampden Ave.
Myers, William Starr (1902)	104 Bayard Lane, Princeton, N. J.
Myers, Willis E. (1911)	10 E. Fayette St.
Mylander, Walter C. (1923)	3811 Barrington Road.

Nathan, Melford (1926)	Cambridge, Md.
Neal, Rev. J. St. Clair (1914)	Bengies, Baltimore Co., Md.
Nelligan, John J. (1907)	Safe Deposit and Trust Co.
Nelson, Alexander C. (1907)	210 E. Redwood St.
Nelson, J. Arthur (1921)	227 St. Paul St.
Nesbitt, Rev. John (1921)	Catonsville, Md.
Newcomer, Waldo (1902)	National Exchange Bank.
Nicodemus, F. Courtney, Jr. (1902)	Smithtown Branch, Long Is.
Nicolai, Charles D. (1916)	4105 Pennhurst Ave.
Nicolai, Miss Charlotte (1923)	122 University Pkwy.
* Niles, Alfred S. (1924)	1606 Munsey Building.
Nimmo, Mrs. Nannie Ball (1920)	De Vere Place, Ellicott City, Md.
Noble, Edward M. (1919)	Denton, Maryland.
Nolting, William G. (1919)	11 E. Chase St.
Norman, Wm. W. (1925)	Greenway Apartments.
Norris, Miss Mabel G. (1923)	1716 W. Lafayette Ave.
Norris, Walter B. (1924)	Wardour, Annapolis, Md.
Norwood, Frank C. (1921)	Frederick, Md.
Nyburg, Sidney L. (1921)	1504 Citizens National Bank Bldg.

Ober, Gustavus, Jr. (1914)	Torch Hill, Lutherville, Md.
Odell, Walter George (1910)	3021 W. North Ave.
Odell, Walter G., Jr. (1922)	501 Title Bldg., Annex.
O'Donovan, Charles, M. D. (1890)	5 E. Read St.
O'Ferrall, Alfred J. (1925)	8 Light St.
Offutt, T. Scott (1908)	Towson, Md.
Oliver, John R., M. D. (1919)	The Latrobe.
Oliver, W. B. (1913)	Wyman Park Apartments.
Olivier, Stuart (1913)	Standard Oil Bldg.
Olson, Mrs. Albert F. (1925)	3925 Cedar Ave., Roland Park.
O'Neill, J. W. (1919)	Havre de Grace, Md.
Onion, Mrs. Frank (1923)	1218 N. Calvert St.
Oppenheimer, Reuben (1924)	626 Equitable Building.
Orem, John H., Jr. (1925)	2408 N. Charles St.
Osborne, Miss Inez H. (1917)	Havre de Grace, Md.
Owen, Franklin B. (1917)	804 Guardian Bldg., Cleveland, O.
Owens, Albert S. J. (1914)	14 Court House.
* Owens, Edward B. (1915)	120 Cedarcroft Rd., Cedarcroft.
Owings, Dr. Edward R. (1926)	1733 Linden Ave.

Paca, John P. (1897)	620 Munsey Building.
Page, Mrs. Henry, Jr. (1919)	c/o Dr. Henry Page, Univ. of Cincinnati, Ohio
Page, Wm. C. (1912)	Calvert Bank.
Pagon, Robinson C. (1921)	209 Ridgewood Road.
Pagon, W. Watters (1916)	Lexington Bldg.
Parke, Francis Neal (1910)	Westminster, Md.

Parker, John (1916)................3508 Edgewood St.
Parker, Sumner A. (1924)............913 St. Paul St.
Parkhurst, Harry E. (1924)..........Gunther Building.
Parker, Mrs. T. C. (1918)..........1250 Riverside Ave., Jacksonville, Florida.
Parks, Miss Ida M. (1922)...........Guilford Manor Apts.
Parr, Mrs. Chas. E. (1915)..........18 E. Lafayette Ave.
Parran, Mrs. Frank J. (1908)........144 W. Lanvale St.
Parran, Dalyrmple (1926)...........2 E. Lexington St.
Parrish, Mrs. Oscar J. (1925).......2017 Edgewood St.
Passano, Edward B. (1916)..........York Rd. and Susquehanna Ave.
Passapae, Wm. M. (1924).............11 E. Lexington St.
Patton, Mrs. James H. (1913).......622 W. University Parkway.
Paul, Mrs. D'Arcy (1909)...........Blythewood Rd., Roland Pk. P. O.
Pearre, Aubrey, Jr. (1906)...........Calvert Building.
Pennington, Dr. Clapham (1917)....1530 Bolton St.
Pennington, Josias (1894)...........Professional Building.
Pennington, Mrs. Josias (1916).....1119 St. Paul St.
Pentz, Mrs. Bettie F. (1919)........1646 E. Fayette St.
Perine, Mrs. George Corbin (1916)...1124 Cathedral St.
Perine, Washington (1917)..........607 Cathedral St.
Perkins, Elisha H. (1887)...........Winona Apartments.
* Perkins, Wm. H. 3rd (1924)........1325 Eutaw Place.
Peter, Robert B. (1916)..............Rockville, Md.
Pitts, Tilghman G. (1924)...........129 E. Redwood St.
Pleasants, J. Hall, M. D. (1898).....201 Longwood Road, Roland Park
Pollitt, L. Irving (1916)............1715 Park Place.
Porter, Miss Bessie (1926)..........Latrobe Apts.
Porter, Frank Gibson, D. D. (1926)..4209 Walnut Ave.
Post, A. H. S. (1916)................Mercantile Trust and Deposit Co.
Poultney, Walter De C. (1916)......St. Paul and Mulberry Sts.
Poultney, William D. (1925)........505 Park Ave.
Powell, Henry Fletcher (1923)......309 W. Lanvale St.
Powell, Wm. C. (1912)..............Snow Hill, Md.
Powell, Mrs. William M. (1922).....Canterbury Hall, Baltimore.
Preston, Alexander (1922)..........Munsey Bldg.
Preston, James H. (1898)...........916 Munsey Bldg.
Preston, James Oscar (1926)........Homewood Apts.
Price, Dr. Eldridge C. (1915).........1705 Park Ave.
Price, Mrs. Juliet Hammond (1924)..16 Elmwood Rd., Roland Park.
Price, William H. J. (1917)..........825 Equitable Building.
Purdum, Bradley K. (1902)..........Hamilton, Md.
Purdum, Mrs. B. K. (1923)...........Hamilton, Md.
Purdum, Frank C. (1922)............Hamilton, Md.

Radcliffe, George L., Ph. D. (1908)...Fidelity Building.
Radcliffe, J. Sewell (1926)..........P. O. Box 936, City Hall Sta., N. Y.

Ramey, Mrs. Mary E. W. (1922)	9 E. Franklin St.
Ranck, Samuel H. (1898)	Public Lib'y, Grand Rapids, Mich.
Randall, Blanchard (1902)	200 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.
Randall, Mrs. Blanchard (1919)	8 W. Mt. Vernon Place.
Randall, Daniel R. (1917)	712 Keyser Bldg.
* Randolph, George F. (1916)	B. & O. Building.
Ray, Enos (1922)	Chillum, Prince George Co., Md.
Rayner, Albert W. (1905)	610 Fidelity Bldg.
Redwood, Mrs. Mary B. (1907)	918 Madison Ave.
Reese, Henry F. (1922)	3300 Liberty Heights Ave.
Reese, Mrs. J. Evan (1917)	110 Edgevale Road, Roland Park.
Remington, Stanley G. (1920)	347 N. Charles St.
Requardt, John M. (1926)	Carlton Apts.
Requardt, Mrs. John M. (1926)	
Revell, Edward J. W. (1916)	1308-09 Fidelity Bldg.
Reynolds, Joseph G. (1923)	Long Green, Md.
Reynolds, Mrs. Joseph G. (1923)	Long Green, Md.
Rich, Edward N. (1916)	Union Trust Building.
Rich, Mrs. Edward L. (1926)	Catonsville, Md.
Richardson, Clinton O. (1924)	P. O. Box 85.
Richardson, Mrs. Hester D. (1901)	2127 N. Charles St.
Ridgely, Miss Eliza (1893)	825 Park Ave.
Ridgely, Mrs. Helen (1895)	Hampton, Towson, Md.
Ridgely, John, Jr. (1916)	Towson, Md.
Rieman, Mrs. Charles Ellet (1909)	10 E. Mt. Vernon Place.
Rieman, Charles Ellet (1898)	10 E. Mt. Vernon Place.
Rigger, William L. (1925)	Hampton Court Apartments.
Riggs, Clinton L. (1907)	606 Cathedral St.
Riggs, E. Francis (1922)	Route No. 1, Hyattsville, Md.
Riggs, Laurie H. (1924)	Fidelity Building.
Riggs, Lawrason (1894)	632 Equitable Building.
Ritchie, Albert C. (1904)	Annapolis, Md.
Robertson, Geo. S. (1921)	417 Park Bank Bldg.
Robertson, Mrs. Wm. Hanson (1924)	"Chenar Farm," Easton, Md.
Robinson, Ralph (1894)	1310 Continental Building.
Robinson, William Champlin (1917)	32 South Street.
Rodgers, Edwin Summers (1923)	12 W. Hamilton St.
* Rogers, Charles B. (1925)	1018 St. Paul St.
Rogers, Mrs. Henry W. (1914)	Riderwood P. O., Balto. Co., Md.
Rollins, Thornton (1911)	746 W. Fayette St.
Rohrer, C. W. G., M. D. (1910)	22 Ailsa Ave.
Rolph, Mrs. Mary Emma (1922)	Centerville, Md.
Rose, Douglas H. (1898)	10 South St.
Rose, John C. (1883)	P. O. Building.
Roszel, Major Brantz Mayer (1919)	Shenandoah Valley Academy, Winchester, Va.

Rouzer, E. McClure (1920)	Maryland Casualty Tower.
Rowe, Miss Georgia M. (1925)	2321 N. Calvert St.
Rowland, Samuel C. (1923)	Keyser Bldg.
Ruhrah, John, M. D. (1923)	11 E. Chase St.
Rumsey, Charles L., M. D. (1919)	812 Park Ave.
Rupp, Miss Augusta Worthington (1924)	Windward and Danbury Rds., Govans, Md.
Rusk, Wm. Sener (1924)	Graduate Club, Hanover, N. H.
Russell, Mrs. James (1923)	2735 St. Paul St.
Ruth, Thos. De Courcey (1916)	120 Broadway, New York City.
Ryan, Augustine J. (1921)	Gay and Lombard Sts.
Ryan, Wm. P. (1915)	1825 E. Baltimore St.
Sadtler, Miss Florence P. (1925)	2308 N. Calvert St.
Sanders, Miss Clara M. (1924)	701 5th Ave., Rognel Heights.
Sanders, Wm. Burton (1924)	Westminster, Md.
Sanford, John L. (1916)	2729 N. Charles St.
Sappington, A. DeRussy (1897)	733 Title Building.
Sattler, Mrs. Edmund (1920)	100 W. University Pkwy.
Sauerwein, E. Allan, Jr. (1924)	1303 Lexington Building.
Scott, James W. (1919)	205 W. Fayette St.
Scott, Townsend (1922)	209 E. Fayette St.
Scott, Mrs. Townsend (1922)	23 E. Eager St.
Scott, Townsend, Jr. (1922)	209 E. Fayette St.
Scull, Charles O. (1926)	210 Ridgewood Rd., Roland Park.
Scully, Mrs. Lela Orme (1920)	Baden, Md.
Sears, Thomas E., M. D. (1894)	2741 Guilford Ave.
Seeman, Frederick C. (1919)	110 Hopkins Place.
Sellers, Miss Annabel (1919)	801 N. Arlington Ave.
Sellman, James L. (1901)	P. O. Box "O," Baltimore, Md.
Sellman, Miss Lucinda M. (1919)	1402 Linden Ave.
Semmes, John E. Jr. (1916)	825 Equitable Building.
Semmes, Raphael (1923)	Chadwick House, 25 Gillet St., Hartford, Conn.
Seney, Robert N. (1921)	58 Roland Court.
Seth, Frank W. (1914)	Room 960, 11 Broadway, N.Y.City.
Seth, Joseph B. (1896)	Easton, Md.
Shackelford, Wm. T. (1926)	1307 Park Ave.
Shamer, Maurice Emory (1924)	3300 W. North Ave.
Shannahan, John H. K. (1919)	Sparrows Point.
Shipley, George (1924)	The Cecil.
Shipley, Isaac N. (1926)	Frederick, Md.
Shirley, Henry C. (1926)	Reistertown Road.
Shirley, Mrs. Henry C. (1926)	
Shriver, Alfred Jenkins (1921)	University Club.
Shriver, James McSherry (1926)	Westminster, Md.
Shriver, Samuel H. (1923)	1415 Eutaw Place.

Shoemaker, Mrs. Edward (1919).....1031 N. Calvert St.
Sill, Howard (1897)..................12 E. Pleasant St.
Simmons, Mrs. H. B. (1916)..........Chestertown, Md.
Sioussat, Mrs. Annie Leakin (1891)..1000 N. Charles St.
Sioussat, St. George Leakin (1912)..University of Penn., Phila., Pa.
Skinner, Mrs. Harry G. (1913).......3518 Newark St., Cleveland Park, Washington, D. C.
Skinner, M. E. (1897)...............1103 Fidelity Bldg.
Skirven, Percy G. (1914)............3915 Park Heights Ave.
Slack, Eugene A. (1919)............Tudor Hall Apartments.
Sloan, Miss Anne M. (1924)..........Church St., Lonaconing, Md.
Sloan, Charles W. (1924)...........University Apartments.
Sloan, Dr. Martin F. (1926).........105 Woodlawn Rd., Roland Park.
Slocum, Mrs. Geo. Washington (1925).1208 N. Calvert St.
Smith, Mrs. Chester M. (1923)......58 W. Biddle St.
Smith, Mrs. Henry Edmond (1923)...1500 Park Ave.
Smith, John Donnell (1903).........505 Park Ave.
Smith, Miss Margaret M. (1919)....1229 Park Ave.
Smith, Thomas Marshall (1919)....16 Somerset Rd., Roland Pk.
* Smith, Tunstall (1917)............The Preston.
Smith, Mrs. Tunstall (1926)........The Preston Apts.
Smythe, Joseph P. (1921)............712 Cathedral St.
Snowden, Wilton (1902)............605 Cathedral St.
Solter, George A. (1925)............Court House, City.
Soper, Hon. Morris A. (1917)........102 W. 39th St.
Speare, Almus Reed (1923)...........Rockville, Md.
Spence, Dr. Thomas Humphreys (1922).........................College Park, Md.
Spencer, Jervis, Jr. (1922)...........Maryland Trust Bldg.
Spring, Mrs. Preston B. (1926)......Trappe, Md.
Stanley, Edward S. (1924)...........2 E. Lexington St.
Staton, Mrs. John W. (1918).........Snow Hill, Md.
Staub, John T. (1924)..............Care United R. W. & Elec. Co., Continental Building.
Staub, William H. (1919)..........6 Somerset Rd., Roland Park.
Steele, John Murray, M. D. (1911)...Garrison, Md.
Steele, Mrs. John Murray (1922)....Garrison, Md.
Steele, Miss Margaret A. (1917)....Winona Apts.
Steele, Miss Rosa (1925)............Arundel Apartments.
Stein, Chas. F. (1905)...............S. E. Cor. Courtl'd & Saratoga Sts.
Steinmueller, Theodore A. (1924)....221 E. Baltimore St.
Steuart, James E. (1919).............Title Building.
Steuart, Miss M. Louisa (1919)....839 Park Ave.
Steuart, Richard D. (1919).........Preston Apartments.
Stewart, David (1886)................1005 N. Charles St.
Stewart, Redmond C. (1916).........207 N. Calvert St.

Stewart, Mrs. Wm. A., Jr. (1925)....205 W. Lanvale St.
Stickney, George H. (1923)...........Keyser Building.
Stickney, Rt. Rev. Msgr. Louis R. (1922)..........................408 N. Charles St.
Stirling, Rear Admiral Yates (1889)..11 E. Chase St.
Stirling, Mrs. Campbell Lloyd (1923).2211 N. Charles St.
Stockbridge, Henry, 3d (1917)........Ten Hills, Md.
Stockbridge, Mrs. Henry, Jr. (1921)..11 N. Calhoun St.
Stockett, J. Noble (1919)...........1430 Linden Ave.
* Stokes, Miss Elizabeth H. (1920)..Latrobe Apartments.
Stoll, Mrs. Conrad F. (1926)........Annapolis Blvd., Brooklyn, Md.
Straus, Philip Gutman (1921).......The Alhambra Apts.
Strayer, Miss Minnie (1926)........400 N. Carey St.
Stuart, Mrs. Samuel E. D. (1923)....1418 Mt. Royal Ave.
Stuart, Miss Sarah Elizabeth (1915).Chestertown, Md.
Sucro, Mrs. Araminta Belt (1923)...2 Harvest Road.
Sudler, Miss Carolina V. (1915).....Calverton Apts., Washington, D. C.
Sullivan, Felix R. Jr. (1922)........8 W. Preston St.
Summers, Clinton (1916).............Bedford Square, Guilford.
Sumwalt, Mrs. Mary H. (1909)......426 W. 57th St., Kansas City, Mo.
Sweeny, Mrs. Louis F. (1919)........2813 St. Paul St.
Symington, John F. (1924)...........1407 Philpot St.
Tabler, Dr. H. E. (1926).............Box No. 2, Hancock, Md.

Talbott, Mrs. Bertha C. Hall (1913).Rockville, Md.
Tapscott, John S. (1923)............16 E. Lafayette Ave.
Taylor, Archibald H. (1909).........405 Maryland Trust Building.
Taylor, Ralph Corbin (1921).........328 University Parkway.
Thayer, W. S., M. D. (1902)..........1208 Eutaw Place.
Thirlkeld, Rev. L. A. (1918)........509 W. Hayward Ave.
Thom, DeCourcy W. (1884)..........405 Maryland Trust Building.
Thom, Mrs. Mary W. (1919).........105 Wendover Rd., Guilford.
Thom, Mrs. P. Lea (1902)............204 W. Lanvale St.
Thomas, Mrs. Catherine Bowie Clagett (1925)..................2739 N. Calvert St.
Thomas, Douglas (1925).............2739 N. Calvert St.
Thomas, Mrs. Harvey C. (1914)......2110 Mt. Royal Terrace.
Thomas, Miss Eliza Snowden (1919)..1102 McCulloh St.
Thomas, Geo. C. (1915)..............2426 N. Charles St.
* Thomas, James W., LL. D. (1894)...Cumberland, Md.
Thomas, John B. (1910)............S. E. Cor. Charles and 33rd Sts.
Thomas, William S. (1915)..........1302 Eutaw Place.
Thompson, Arthur (1921)...........501 Water St.
* Thompson, Miss Charlotte (1923)..811 N. Charles St.
Thompson, Gough W. (1922).........300 N. Charles St.
Thompson, H. Oliver (1895)..........Title Building.
Thomsen, John J. (1923)............Severn Apts.
Tiffany, Herbert T. (1919)...........132 W. Lafayette Ave.

Tiffany, Mrs. Louis McLane (1920) . . 831 Park Ave.
Tilghman, Lt.-Col. Harrison (1917) The Shelton, Lexington Ave. & 49th St., New York City.
Tilghman, Oswald (1906) . . . . Easton, Md.
Tingley, Thomas J. (1924) . . . . 1706 Citizens National Bank Bldg.
Tinsley, T. Garland (1924) . . . . Keyser Building.
Tolson, Albert C. (1916) . . . . 82-83 Gunther Building.
Tome, Peter E. (1919) . . . . Wyman Park Apartments.
Torsch, C. Burnett (1921) . . . . 26 Somerset Road.
Torsch, Mrs. C. Burnett (1921) . . . . . . 26 Somerset Road.
Towers, Albert G. (1920) . . . . Title Building.
Treide, Henry E. (1922) . . . . 4201 St. Paul St.
Trippe, Andrew Noel (1924) . . . . Walbert Apartments.
Trippe, Barclay H. (1924) . . . . Easton, Md.
Trippe, James McC. (1918) . . . . 1602 Bolton St.
Trippe, Richard (1917) . . . . Citizens National Bank Building.
Trundle, Mrs. Wilson Burns (1914) . 2414 Madison Ave.
Tubman, Robert E. (1915) . . . . Cambridge, Md.
Tubman, Mrs. Samuel A. (1921) . . . . . . Hopkins Apts.
Tucker, Mrs. Clarence A. (1922) . . . . Sudbrook Park.
Turnbull, Miss Anne Graeme (1919) . 1623 Park Ave.
* Turnbull, Mrs. Chester B. (1916) . . Cedarcroft, Hollen & Sycamore Sts.
Turnbull, Edwin L. (1916) . . . . 1530 Park Ave.
Turner, Howard (1916) . . . . Betterton, Kent Co., Md.
Turner, Rev. Joseph Brown (1915) . . . . 75 Main St., Port Deposit, Md.
Turner, Mrs. J. Franklin (1926) . . . . Cecil Apts.
Tyson, A. M. (1895) . . . . 207 N. Calvert St.
* Tyson, Mrs. Florence MacIntyre (1907) . . . . 251 W. Preston St.
Tyson, Malcolm Vanvechten (1924) . . 251 W. Preston St.

Uhler, John Earle (1924) . . . . 1402 Eutaw Place.
Urie, John D. (1924) . . . . Chestertown, Md.

Van Bibber, Miss Lena Chew (1923) . 129 W. North Ave.
Van Hollen, Donald B. (1925) . . . . . . Cedarcroft & Hollen Rd., Cedarcroft.
Van Rensselaer, Miss Florence (1926) 2100 Massachusetts Ave., Wash., D. C.
Vest, Dr. Cecil W. (1923) . . . . 1014 St. Paul St.
Vickers, Mrs. Robert (1923) . . . . 1317 Eutaw Place.
Vickery, Stephen G. (1925) . . . . 1223 N. Calvert St.
Vietch, Dr. Fletcher P. (1926) . . . .
Vietch, Mrs. Laura E. (1926) . . . . . College Park, Md.
Vincent, John M., Ph. D. (1894) . . . . . Johns Hopkins University.

Walker, Mrs. Catherine F. (1915) . . . Chestertown, Md.
Walker, Owen (1926) . . . . 5225 Reistertown Rd.
Wallace, Chas. C. (1915) . . . . 804 Union Trust Bldg.
Walters, Henry (1880) . . . . Abell Building.

Wantz, James Pearre (1926)........Westminster, Md.
Warfield, Edwin, Jr. (1914).........“Oakdale,” Sykesville, Md.
Warfield, F. Howard (1919)........2507 N. Charles St.
Warfield, Mrs. Gustavus (1925).....Albion Hotel.
Warfield, S. Davies (1902)...........40 Continental Trust Building.
Warner, Mrs. Alexander (1923).....613 St. Paul St.
Warner, Mrs. Theodore (1919)......Hotel Roosevelt, Washington, D. C.
Waters, Francis E. (1909)..........905 Union Trust Building.
Waters, J. Seymour T. (1902)........601 Calvert Building.
Waters, Miss Mary E. (1916)........2226 Eutaw Place.
Waters, Miss Myra (1924)...........Laurel, Md.
Watkins, Mrs. Samuel (1921).......Ellicott City, Md.
Watts, Mrs. John A. (1922)..........Odenton, Md.
Watts, J. Clinton (1914)............2504 Maryland Ave.
Watts, Sewell S. (1916)............Calvert and Redwood Sts.
Weaver, Jacob J., Jr., M. D. (1889)....1709 S St., N. W., Wash., D. C.
Webb, Miss Ella (1922).............2030 Park Ave.
Webb, Mrs. Oscar E. (1923)..........Sudbrook Park, Pikesville, Md.
Webb-Peploe, Mrs. Laura Hammond (1922) .... Berkley Arms Apts.
Webber, Charles R. (1920)...........B. and O. Building.
Welsh, Mrs. Robert A. (1916)........Millersville, A. A. Co., Md.
West, Harry (1916).................Hanover and Fayette Sts.
Weston, B. Latrobe (1919)..........U. S. Fidelity and Guarantee Co.
Wetherall, Wm. G. (1924)...........800 Eastern Ave.
Wetzel, Dr. George Lewis (1926)....Union Mills, Md.
Wheeler, Joseph L. (1927)...........Enoch Pratt Library.
White, Charles Hoover (1923)......Rolling Road, Relay, Md.
White, Mrs. George Howard, Jr. (1920) .... 907 St. Paul St.
White, Miles, Jr. (1897).............607 Keyser Building.
White, Theophilus (1925)...........Cambridge Apts.
Whitham, Lloyd B., M. D. (1923).....514 Cathedral St.
Whitridge, Morris (1890)............10 South St.
Whitridge, William (1919)..........4112 Greenway, Guilford.
Whitridge, William H. (1886)........604 Cathedral St.
Whitridge, Mrs. Wm. H. (1911)......604 Cathedral St.
Wickes, Col. Joseph L. (1923)..... c/o Public Service Commission, Munsey Building.
Wiegand, Henry H. (1923)...........222 Roland Ave.
Wight, Oliver B. (1923).............Munsey Bldg.
Wight, Wm. Howard (1922)..........Cockeysville, Md.
Wilcox, Henry Buckley (1922)......52 W. Biddle St.
Wild, Mrs. Michael B. (1922)........928 Cathedral St.
Wilkinson, A. L., M. D. (1923).......Raspeburg, Balto. Co., Md.
Willard, Daniel (1913)..............B. & O. Building.
Williams, C. T. (1921)...............Fidelity Building.
Williams, E. A. (1920)..............P. O. Box. 1023, Baltimore.

Williams, Miss Elizabeth Chew (1916) .... 108 W. 39th St.
Williams, Miss Elsie M. (1925) ..... Waterbury, Md.
Williams, George Weems (1919) ..... Blythewood Rd., Roland Park.
Williams, R. Lancaster (1919) ...... Stevenson, Md.
Williams, Raymond S. (1917) .... Calvert Bldg.
Williams, Robert W. (1922) .... Poplar Hill Rd., Roland Pk.
Williams, Stevenson A. (1914) .... Belair, Md.
Williams, T. J. C. (1907) .... 103 W. 29th St.
Williamson, R. E. Lee (1918) .... Maple Lodge, Catonsville, Md.
Willis, William Nicholas (1923) .... Delmar, Delaware.
Willson, Mrs. Notley (1917) .... Rock Hall, Md.
Wilson, Mrs. Edward C. (1920) ...... Bellona Ave., Govans.
Wilson, J. Appleton (1893) .... 1013 St. Paul St.
Wilson, Mrs. J. Appleton (1919) .... 1013 St. Paul St.
Wilson, Mrs. Letitia Pennell (1917) . 3905 Gwynn Oak Ave.
Wilson, Mrs. Louis N. (1923) .... 2843 St. Paul St.
Wilson, Mrs. Velletta M. (1924) ..... 1419 E. Lanvale St.
Wilson, Miss Virginia A. (1926) ..... 1013 St. Paul St.
Wilson, Mrs. William T. (1898) ..... Care of Safe Deposit & Trust Co.
Winchester, Miss Anne Irwin (1923) . Belair, Md.
Winchester, Marshall (1902) .... Fayette & St. Paul, S. W.
Winebrenner, David C., 3rd (1926) ... Frederick, Md.
Winebrenner, Philip Ritchie (1926) . Frederick, Md.
Winslow, Randolph, M. D. (1921) .... 1900 Mt. Royal Ave.
Wood, Frederick Wm. (1926) ...... 2429 Keyworth Ave.
Wood, Mrs. Frederick Wm. (1926) ..
Woods, Hiram, M. D. (1911) .... 842 Park Ave.
Woods, Mrs. Hiram (1920) .... 842 Park Ave.
Wootton, W. H. (1905) .... 509 Hawthorne Rd.
Worthington, Claude (1905) .... 3502 Denison Rd.
Worthington, Ellicott H. (1917) .... 1531 Bolton St.
Worthington, Richard W. (1925) .... 3607 Fairview Ave.
Worthington, Thomas Chew, M. D. (1920) .... 3830 Bonner Road, Forest Park.
Wright, W. H. DeCoursey (1921) ..... 800 Cathedral St.
Wroth, Lawrence C. (1909) .... John Carter Brown Library, Providence, R. I.
Wroth, Peregrine, Jr., M. D. (1921) ... Hagerstown, Md.
* Wyatt, J. B. Noel (1889) .... 1012 Keyser Building.

Yeakle, Ira B. (1922) .... 3768 Forest Park Ave.
Young, Andrew J. Jr. (1916) .... 814 Fidelity Building.
Young, Mrs. Sarah J. Gorsuch (1917) . 214 Chancery St., Guilford.

Zell, Mrs. Harry S., Jr. (1924) .... Walbert Apartments.
Zell, Randolph Clement (1925) ..... Walbert Apartments.

CONTENTS.

PAGE

Calvert and Darnall Gleanings from English Wills. *Mrs. Russel Hastings*, ... 115

Smallwood Family of Charles County. *Arthur L. Keith*, . 139

Colonial Records of Talbot County. *Contributed by Louis Dow Scisco* 186

Extracts from Account and Letter Books of Dr. Charles Carroll, of Annapolis, ... 190

Proceedings of the Society, ... 206

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LOUIS H. DIELMAN,
Editor.

MARYLAND

HISTORICAL MAGAZINE

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CALVERT AND DARNALL GLEANINGS FROM ENGLISH WILLS.

Mrs. Russel Hastings.

(*Continued from* Vol. XXII, p. 22.)

The Carter wills which follow were gathered not only for the purpose of discovering new ramifications of the Darnall family of Maryland, but also in the hope that new light might at the same time be shed upon the ancestry of Col. John Carter of Nansemond County and Corotoman, Lancaster County, Virginia. The M. I. of William Carter clearly shows that he was not (as has been suggested, and indeed stated) the father of Col. John of Corotoman. Col. John Carter's son Robert used arms which were a variant of those used by the Garston, Watford, Hertfordshire family to which William and Robert Carter belonged, and while we have discovered nothing new about the Virginia Carters, any delving in this field has its value, if only for purposes of elimination. Quite accidentally also we have stumbled upon the Carter kinsmen of the Calvert's "cozen" William Branthwaite of Maryland, who held so many offices during his brief career. A Groome family which on the surface appears to be the same which figures in the early history of Maryland and Virginia comes forth in the same group.

The Will of WILLIAM CARTER[1] of Hatfield, Hertfordshire, dated 20 May, 1652.

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[1] The following M. I.'s of William Carter's family were recorded by Clutterbuck in 1821 (*History of Hertfordshire*, Vol. 11, p. 370) among the epitaphs in St. Ethelreda's Church, Bishops Hatfield, Herts. This church is important for its tombs of the Cecil family, Earls of Salisbury.

"In the Name of God Amen the Twentith daie of May in the yeare of our Lord God one thowsand six hundred fiftie two, I WILLIAM CARTER of the parish of Hatfield in the countie of Hertford Esquire beinge of perfect mynde and memory Thankes be to God Doe make and ordayne this my last Will and Testament in manner followinge; My soul I committ to God Almightie my Creator stedfastly beleevinge through the merritts death and passion of his deare and welbeloved Sonne Jesus Christ my onlie Mediator Advocate and Redeemer to receive life everlastinge, And my bodie to be buryed at the discretion of my Executrix and as concerninge my ffarme and lands called Walters wthin the parish of North Mymes in the

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Hatfield House was in the possession of the royal family for almost a century until James I, fancying "Theobalds" in Herts, the Cecil's home, arranged an exchange. This transaction brought the Cecils to Hatfield House which they have since occupied.

"Here rests in expectation of the last trump, the body of William Carter of Hatfield Woodside, Esq. one of the Commissioners of the Peace for this County of Hartford and the libertie of St. Albans, Counsellor at Law of the Middle Temple, a man of admirable pietie and integritie, both towards God and towards man. He married Mary, the daughter of John Darnell of Hartingfordbury, Esq. by whom he had divers children, two only survived him, viz: William and Robert. He departed this life to enjoy the beatifical vision on the 9th of November 1652. Novi in carne mea hic visurum dominum."

"Here lyeth the body of Robert Carter, second sonne of William Carter late of Hatfield Woodside, Esq. who departed this life the 11th of April 1664, aetatis suae 18." There is also an epitaph to "Mrs" Elizabeth Carter of Hatfield, daughter of William Carter of Hatfield Woodside, Esq. and Mary his wife, aged 14 years 9 months, who died 5 May, 1652. William the eldest surviving son of William Carter was admitted to Oriel College Oxford at the age of 18 years in 1663, was admitted to the Middle Temple in 1664, sold Hatfield Woodside in 1666 and administered in his mother's place in 1668. No further record of his life has been found.

Mary Darnall was, as stated *ante*, p. 2, the half sister, as well as cousin, of Henry Darnall of Bird's Place, Essendon, Herts, who is supposedly the ancestor of the Maryland Darnalls. William Carter, Sr., was the son and heir of Robert Carter of Garston Manor, Watford in Cashio Hundred, Herts, whose will is also given. William Carter, Sr., was admitted to the Middle Temple, 10 Dec., 1611 (*Middle Temple Records,* saide countie of Hertford, the Inheritaunce whereof was purchased by my deare ffather ROBERT CARTER deceased in my name To the use of me and my heires for ever, I doe hereby give bequeath and devise the inheritaunce of the said ffarme unto my Sonne ROBERT CARTER and his heires for ever And whereas my said deare ffather by the advice of Councell did take an Assignement unto himselfe of a lease for many yeares then and yet enduringe formerly made unto JOHN BRISCOE of Barnett Gentleman, w^ch^ said lease my saide deare ffather did by his last will and Testamt dated the Eighth daie of January, 1623, give devise and bequeath unto FRANCIS CARTER Docter of Divinitie and HENRY

Vol. II, p. 544). Near the floor tablet of William Carter is that of William Curll who d. 16 Apr., 1617, ae. 78, presumably the William Curll who is said to have been William Carter's maternal grandfather.

At this point it is necessary to explain the reasons for assuming that Col. John Carter of Corotoman, Virginia was of the Garston Carter family. Crozier, in his *Virginia Heralidica*, gives the arms used by the Corotoman Carters as "Argent a chevron between 3 cartwheels vert; crest, on a mount vert, a greyhound sejant argent, sustaining a shield of the last charged with a cart wheel vert." These arms, he says, were used on the tomb of Robert Carter at Christ Church, Lancaster County, Virginia. No record however has been noticed by the present writer of the use of arms by his father Colonel John Carter the emigrant. Chauncey says (*Hist. Antiquities of Hertfordshire,* 1700, p. 484) that the arms of the Garston Carters were; "Argent a chevron sable between three Catherine wheels vert; Crest, upon a wreath on a mount proper, a talbot sejant reposing his dexter foot on an Eschocheon argent charged with a Catherine wheel vert." In 1612, there were "exemplified" for William Carter of Westminister the exact arms given by Chauncey. The *V. of London, 1633-4,* Harleian, Vol. I, p. 142, places this William Carter as the grandson of Richard Carter of Garston, as was the Robert whose will we are giving herewith. The arms used by Robert Carter of Virginia are a variation of these, which make use of the Cart-wheel instead of the Catherine-wheel, and the Greyhound instead of the Talbot. The *V. of Herts, 1634,* Harleian, p. 37, gives the arms of the Garston Carters as "Argent, a chevron sable between two roundles in chief and in base a Catherine-wheel vert; Crest, on a mound vert a greyhound sejant argent sustaining with the dexter paw a shield of the last charged with a Catherine-wheel of the first." These arms are likewise given in the *Victoria History of Hertfordshire,* Vol. II, p. 460. An expert on Heraldry could find deep meanings in these slight variations of the same coat-

CARTER Gentl: two of my younger Bretheren and to their Executors and assignes And all the Estate right title interest terme and termes of years of him the said ROBERT CARTER in the said ffarme Notw^th standinge uppon trust and Confidence And uppon condicon That if I WILLIAM CARTER should make such Assuraunce and assureances of severall Annuities unto my younger Bretheren as by the last will and Testament of my said deare ffather was given and bequeathed unto them, That then the said FRAUNCIS and HENRY should assigne all their said interest in the said Lease of the said ffarme and lands called Walteres unto me the said WILLIAM CARTER and my Assignes or unto whome I should appointe, And whereas the said FRAUNCIS CARTER and HENRY CARTER in pursuance of the said last Will and Testament of my said ffather and p'formaunce of the Trust soe reposed in them by a Deed Tripertite Dated the seaven and twentith daie of May in the Eight years of the late Kinge Charles, by my consent and at my desire testifyed by my ioyninge w^th them in the said Deed, Did assigne and sett over all their Estate right title and interest, and terme and termes of yeares in and the said ffarme called Walteres unto one WILLIAM BLATHWAITE of the Middle Temble London Esquire and to his assignes uppon the like trust for mee the said WILLIAM CARTER And to be disposed of at my will and pleasure, Nowe my will and meaninge is, That the whole right title interest and trust of in and to the said lease of the said ffarme called Walteres, shall goe alonge with the Inheritaunce of the said ffarme unto my said Sonne ROBERT CARTER and his heires, and shall bee disposed off by my said Sonne ROBERT and his heires at his and their free will and pleasure, And for and concerninge my howse wherein I nowe dwell And all

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armour, no doubt, and it is to be hoped that eventually we may know just why "King" Robert Carter had these arms emblazoned on his royal tomb with quarterings which indicated his descent from the Darcy, Kirby, Shears or Candish families (Glenn, *Some Colonial Mansions*, Vol. I, p. 217 *et seq;* Papworth, *Alphabetical Dictionary of Coats of Arms*, Vol. I, pp. 670-1).

my landes and Tenementes wthin the parish of Hatfeild aswell as in my owne occupacon as holdings of others as well ffreeholde as Coppyholde in the said p'ish of Hatfeild (Except fyve acres more or lesse in a Close over against Burnte oke late parcell of Hatfeild Wood in the occupacon of my Cozen HENRY BROOKE) all or the most parte thereof were formerely settled uppon my deare and welbeloved wife MARIE CARTER for her Jointure, My will is, That shee my said wife Doe and shall quietly and peaceably enjoye the same duringe her life And my will further is That my said deare wife MARIE CARTER untill my two Children WILLIAM CARTER and ROBERT CARTER Doe attaine unto their severall ages of one and twentie yeares Doe receive the rents yssues and profitts aswell of the said ffarme called Walteres in the said parish of Northmymes As of all other my Messuages landes Tenementes and hereditamentes whatsoever and wheresoever lyinge and beinge not formerly given and intended for her Jointure untill my said Children attaine unto the age of one and twentie yeares to be disposed of for the benefitt breedinge and Educacon of my said two Children WILLIAM CARTER and ROBERT CARTER at her discretion. And the overplus thereof to be disposed of by my said deare wife uppon my said two Children when they shall attain unto the age of one and twentie yeares at the like discretion of my said wife as they shall be most obedient unto her and best deservinge at her hand And if either of my said Children happen to dye before the age of one and twentie yeares, My will is That the Survyvour shall have the whole benefitt thereof at his age of one and twentie yeares And if both my said Children shall happen to dye before the age of one and twentie yeares wthout yssue Then my will is That the said overplus if anie bee, shall be equally devyded between the Children of my Sister ANGELLETT BROOKES deceased MARIE ROLFE deceased and MARGARETT MEGGES that shall bee then lyvinge, And if it shall happen my deare wife should dye before my saide Children attaine unto the age of one and twentie yeares, Then my earnest desire is unto my lovinge Cozen RALPH TOOKE of Essenden in the said Countie of Hertford Esquire And my lovinge Brother in lawe THOMAS MORRIS of Ash in the Countie of Kent Clerke That they would take the care of my said Children and of their estates and breedinge vnto whome I doe give hereby full power and Authoritie and to the Survyvour of them after the decease of my said deare wife, to receive the rentes yssues and profittes of all my Estate whatsoever And to dispose thereof for the bringinge upp breedinge Educatinge and benefitt of my said Children at their discretion And that the overplus thereof if anie shall bee (All charges beinge first allowed unto them that they shall at anie time bee put unto concerninge my said Children and their Estate and Twentie poundes a peece of good and lawfull money of England To bee deducted and allowed unto themselves for their paynes in seeinge this my last Will and Testament performed) My will is shall bee equally devyded and paid unto them by said Children at the age of one and Twentie yeares, And if either of my said Children happen to dye before the age of one and twentie yeares, the Survyvour to have the whole as aforesaid And if both shall happen to departe before the age of one and twentie yeares wthout issue Then the said overplus to be equally devyded betweene the Children of my said Sisters as aforesaid Item I give and bequeath unto my Brother THOMAS DIXON Esquire and my welbeloved Sister FRAUNCES DIXON his wife as a Remembraunce of my love ffortie shillinges a peece to buy them Ringes And I give and bequeath unto my Brother HENRY BROOKES and my Cozen HENRY BROOKES and WALTER BROOKES his Sonnes and ELIZABETH WASTELL and MARIE BROOKES his Daughters fortie shillinges a peece to buy them Ringes And unto my Brother JAMES MEGGES and MARGARETT MEGGES his wife and my beloved Sister, and unto his Three Children ffortie shillings a peece to buy them likewise Ringes And unto my Brother WILLIAM ROLFE and his two Children ffortie shillinges apeece to buy them Ringes. Item I give and bequeath unto my welbeloved ffreindes my wifes Sisters, namely, to M^rs^ ANNE BRISTOWE M^rs^ ELIZABETH VERNON And M^rs^ SUSANN MORRIS the like summe of fortie shillinges a peece as a remembraunce of my love unto him [them?]. Item I give unto my Kinswoman and servaunt the Summe of Twentie poundes, to bee paid unto her at the daie of her marriage, Provided that shee marry w^th^ my wifes consent, my wife beinge then lyvinge at the tyme of her said Marriage Item I give and bequeath unto my olde and faithfull Servaunt ELLEN MOORE the summe of ffyve poundes And unto MARIE MATTHEWES the summe of ffortie shillinges of like money. Item I give unto the poore of the parish of Hatfeild the summe of five poundes of the like lawfull money. And I doe hereby make my deare wife MARIE CARTER sole Executrix of this my last will and Testament And my lovinge ffriendes RALPH TOOKE Esquire and THOMAS MORRIS Clarke before in this my last will and Testament menconed, to be Overseers of this my last will and Testament Unto whome I doe give and bequeath ffyve poundes a peece of like money To be paid after my funeralles and other duties for provinge my will are discharged All the residue of my goodes I give and bequeath over and above what is settled and disposed of as abovesaid unto my said deare wife whome I have made sole Executrix as abovesaid In witness whereof I have to every leafe beinge six in number subscribed my name and sett my seale the daie and yeare first above written WILL' CARTER, Published and declared to be my last Will and Testament In the p'nce of ED: COLT FRAUNCIS CHITTINGE ELIZABETH VERNON." (P. C. C. Brent 50)

Proved; 22 June, 1653, by MARY CARTER, the relict, executrix named in the will. 29 April, 1668, commission granted to WILLIAM CARTER, son of testator, to administer the goods of deceased, MARY CARTER dying before fully doing so. (Abstract.)

The Will of ROBERT CARTER[2] of Hatfield, Hertfordshire, dated 8 Jan., 1623/4.

"In the name of God that hath Created and made both the heavens the Earth and all other Creatures and by the Incarnacon of Jesus Christ both god and man his passion death resureccon and assention hath redeemed and saved mankinde and inspireth the same by his holie spirit the holye Ghost &c fforasmuch as it is neither given vnto vs to knowe the hower ne the daye wherein we shall dye or chaunge this transitorie life beinge a thing soe certaine that to escape the same we may not, Therefore right holesome shall it be for vs allwayes to be in redynes and not to slipp or deferre the tyme but rather so to be vigilent and wakinge in the obedience of the commandemente of god and Continually so to dispose and order our livinges actes and cogitacons as we maye be readye at his callinge whensoever And sithence that by the ordynaunces of men there be distinctions of pprietyes of goods w^ch^ by the lawes doe rest ptelye in the Arbiter of the owners not onely to vse them for the terme of their lives but also w^t^h priveledge to dispose of them in their liefe by their last willes to remayne vnto other after their decease ffor that cause I: ROBERT CARTER of the p'ishe of Hatfeild in the Countye of Hertf. gent beinge of nature in body mortall of religion a Christian and of health of bodye vncertaine for the preparacon of myselfe to the weale of my soule against such season as it shall please the almighty god that I shall change this transitorie lief Doe the VIIJth day of January in the yeare of our Lord god 1623 and in the yeare of the raigne of our sou'aigne Lord and King James by the grace of god of England ffraunce and Ireland the XXJth and of Scotland the LVIJth defendor of the faith &c' devise make ordaine constitute declare and determine this my last will and testament in maner and forme followinge ffirst I comende my soule vnto Almightie god my Creator fully hoping through the merites death and passion of his deare and welbeloved sonne Jesus Christ myne onely mediator advocat and redeemer to receive lief everlastinge And my body to be buried where God shall dispose by the discretion of my Executor And as Concerninge such ffreehold lands whereof I nowe am or at the tyme of my death shalbe possessed of estate of inheritance in ffee simple my will and meaninge is And I doe leave to discend to WILLIAM CARTER my sonne and next heire one third p'te thereof And the other two p'tes I doe give devise and bequeath vnto my sonne WILL'M and his heires vpon condicon that he shall pay all my debts and such legacyes and porcons as hereafter I have bequeathed vnto my three daughters MARY ANNE and MARGARET by this my last will and testament and according to the limittacon and appointment herein after sp'ied. And that he the said WILL'M CARTER wthin one yeare next after my decease shall become bounde to either of my said three daughters in a sev'all obligacon of the penaltie of CCCC^{ti} for the payment and p'formance of her said sev'all legacys and porcons accordinge to the meaninge of this my last will w^{ch} if my said sonne WILL'M shall not p'forme wth one yeare next after my decease Then my will and meaninge is that those fower severall Closes lyinge neare Hatfeild nowe in the tenure of GEORGE BALLARD cont' by estimacon XLIIIJ^{o} acres And all those sev'all closes lyinge wth in the p'ish of Watford vpon the west side of the highway leadinge from St. Albones vnto Watford Cont' by estimacon XLIIIJ^{o} acres called by the name of Stanborowes shalbe sould by my sonnes FRAUNCIS CARTER and WALTER CARTER, or the Survivors of them for the raysinge of the said porcons for my said daughters And I doe hereby (in such case) bequeath and devise and give unto my said two sonnes or to the Survivor of them full power and aucthoritye to bargaine sell graunt enfeoffe and confirme the same vnto any p'son or p'sons and to their heires in ffee simple and I doe hereby give devise and bequeath vnto my said three daughters to either of them the some of two hundred pounds to be paide the one halfe vpon the daye of the marriage of either of them and thother halfe at the full end of one yeare next after such marriage he the said WILL'M my sonne having three monethes warninge and notice given vnto him of the tyme of such marriage And if it fortune my wief for to dye before any ev'ye or either of my said daughters have received their said marriage porcons Then my will and meaninge is and I doe hereby devise and bequeath that my said sonne WILL'M from and after the death of my said wife shall allowe and paye to ev'ye anye or either of my said three daughters not married before the death of her mother the yearlye some of twentye markes for the vse and benefitt of her said porcon of two hundred poundes to her bequeathed the same to be paide halfe yearlye at the ffeaste of thanunciacon of St. Mary the virgin and St. Michaell the archangell by equall porcons for and vntill the tyme of her marriage The ffirst payment thereof to begin at the ffirst such ffeast happeninge after the death of my saide wyef And whereas my said wyef is Joynt purchaser with me for terme of her lief of p'te of the Manor of Garston in Watford purchased of one MICHAELL SARE and of a peece of meadow grounde in Aldenham purchased of my late vnckle THOMAS CARTER and WILL'M CARTER his sonne And of div'se lands wthin the p'ish of Hatfeild vizt. the howse wherein I nowe dwell purchased by sev'all grauntes of HENRY BRUEN gent., and of GEORGE STANBOROWE and MARGARET his wyef of XLV acres of lande late p'cell of Hatfeilde woode purchased of the late right honorable ROBERT EARLE of SALIS-

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[2] Robert, father of the foregoing William Carter, was the son of William Carter and the grandson of Richard Carter of Garston Manor, Watford, Herts, who held the manor at the time of the Dissolution. The name of Robert Carter's wife is proven to have been Petronella (Curll according to some authorities) by the fact that the land referred to in the will as purchased of Michael Sare, was bought by Robert Carter and his wife Petronell in 1586 (Vic. *Hist. of Herts*, Vol. II, p. 460; Clutterbuck's *Herts*, Vol. II, p. 370). Robert Carter's will was made about eight years before his death, and one child (perhaps more) was born after the document was signed. She was Frances, who m. Thomas Dixon of Braughing, Herts. The other sons-in-law of Robert Carter were William Rolfe, who m. Marie Carter and had issue; Henry Brooks of North Myms, Herts who m. his dau. Ann or Angelette and had issue; and James Meggs who m. his dau. Margaret and had issue.

BURYE of one ten'te nowe in the tenure of ROB'TE CAMPKYN and of one acre of land nowe in the tenure of JOHN MUN purchased of JOHN JOHNSON of one Close nowe called Baseleys Cont' by estimacon three acres and a halfe purchased likewise of the said JOHN JOHNSON and of two Closes Cont' by estimacon nyne acres purchased of RICHARD ROB'TES And of a copiehold ten'te called Cowpers p'chased of WILL'M HALE and M'GARETT his wief my Request vnto my said wief is That she wilbe pleased to hould herselfe Content and satisfied with the possession of the said lands in Hatfeilde so to her assured and wth fowerteene pownds yearlye rente for her p'te of the said Lands at Watforde and Aldenham during her lief in full satisfaccon of all Joyntures and Dower In Respect I have charged my sonne and heire so deepe wth payment of debts and legacies And in hope that she wilbe so contented I doe further give will and bequeath vnto her during her lief the five acre close in Hatfeild Woode lyinge near Brent Oake and my Interest of Brent oak ffeilde during the tyme of my lease if she shall so long live. And I doe further give and bequeath vnto my said wife all my horses kyne and Cattell Corn and haye in the barnes or w^{ch} shalbe growing vpon the grounds to her bequeathed at the tyme of my decease Cartes ploughes and other ymplements of husbandry And all my plate and howsehould stuffe whatsoev' remayneinge and benige at my house at Hatfeild at the time of my death vpon truste hope and confidence That as my will and desire is that she maye be therein so well provided for duringe her lief as my habilitye will affourde So the love and care of my said wief towards her said sonne and my heire wilbe such as that at her death she will likewise leave the said house vnto him soe well furnished wth househould stuffe, Corne Cattell and such like as the Lorde shall then blesse her with habilitye. And I doe give will and bequeath vnto my sonne HENRY my best ffetherbed boulster mattresse and pillowe wth a paire of blanketts at my lodginge at London and two payer of sheetes and two pillowbeers for the furniture of a bed in London for him. And all such Bedstedes Chestes Cupbourds boxes and desks tables stooles and chaires as shalbe remayning either at my lodging, or at the Auditors Office in London at the tyme of my decease And whereas at the tyme of my purchase of the ffarme and lands called Walters wthin the p'ish of Northmyms By advise of Counsell I tooke assurance for my selfe by waye of assignement of a lease for many yeares yet enduringe then formerlye made vnto JOHN BRISCOE of Barnett gent' And thenheritance of the same I passed in the name of my sonne WILL'M to him and his heires And whereas my interest in the same by force of the said Lease hath yet continuance by the space of many yeares to come I doe hereby give devise bequeath lymitt and appoint vnto my sonnes EDWARD, HENRY and GEORGE and to either of them a sev'all Anuitye of tenn pound a peece by the yeare duringe the terme of $\overset{\text{xx}}{\text{iiij}}$ yeares if he solonge shall live And I doe likewise give bequeath lymitt and appoint vnto my other three younger sonnes FRAUNCIS, WALTER and ROBERTE beinge nowe Schollers in Cambridge and to either of them a like Anuitye of tenn pound a peece by the yeare during the like terme of $\overset{\text{xx}}{\text{iiij}}$ yeares if he so long shall live. And in the meane tyme shall not be otherwise provided for by some Church livinge or other place office or p'ferrment of the yearly value of xl^{ti} by the yeare. The saide sev'all Anuyties of x^{ti} a peece by the yeare to either and ev-ye of my said sixe younger sonnes to be yssuing and goinge out of the Rents and p'fitts of the said ffarme and lands in Northmyms to be paid halfe yearlye at the feasts of thanunciacon of St. Marye the virgin and St. Michaell tharchangell by even and equall porcons And if it happen the said sev'all Anuityes or anye of them or any p'te or p'cell of them or of anye of them to be behinde and vnpaid by the space of xxxiiij dayes after any of the said ffeastes in w^{ch} they ought to be paid That then it shall and may be lawfull to and for ev'ye or anie of my saide sixe younger sonnes to whom such Anuytie shall not be fullye paide to enter and distreyne in and vpon the saide p'misses for the same. And the distresses there taken to lead drive and carry away wthhould, bargayne and sell vntill he or they be fully satisfied and paide aswell of the said Anuitye and charrgeis thereof as of the some of xxs noie pene to be fforfeyted and paide to such of my said sonnes and at ev'ye tyme that anye of them shalbe by such default compelled to make distresse for his said Anuitie And if it is fortune that any of my said three younger sonnes FRAUNCIS, WALTER or ROBTE shalbe hereafter otherwise p'vided for by any Church livinge or other place office or p'ferrement of the yearly value of XL^{ti} by the yeare That then my will and meaninge is that from and after the tyme of such p'ferrement the said Anuitye of X^{ti} by the yeare of him or them so otherwise p'ferred and p'vided for, for to cease and determyne And I doe further by this my last will and testament give devise and bequeath vnto my two sonnes FRAUNCIS and HENRY and to their Executors and assignes all the Estate right tytle interest tearme and teąrmes of yeares Clayme and demand whatsoev'r of me the said ROBTE CARTER of in and to the said ffarme and lands in Northmyms or anye p'te or p'cell thereof Notwithstandinge vpon trust and Confidence and vpon Condicon That if my sonne and heire WILL'M CARTER shalbe desirous to have the said Interest for terme of yeares to be assigned over vnto him or vnto any other to his vse And therevpon shall wthin the space or tyme of two yeares next after my decease make such sufficient assurance in the lawe vnto my said sixe yonger sonnes for their said sev'all anuyties of X^{ti} a peece according to the lymittacon of this my will as shalbe devised or advised by my very kinde and lovinge freindes EDWARD CASON of the Myddle temple esqr and JOHN BRISCO of Lincolnes Inn esquier That then my said sonnes FRAUNCIS and HENRYE or the Survivor of them shall by good sufficient and lawfull assurance assigne and sett over all their Interest right and title for terme of yeares of in and to the said p'misses then to come and vnexpired vnto my said sonne WILL'M or vnto any other by his nomynacon all the residue of my goods and chattells not herein before disposed of I give and bequeathe vnto my said welbeloved sonne and heire WILL'M CARTER whome I ordayne and make the whole and sole Executor of this my laste will and testament In witnes whereof I have written all the same w^th^ myne owne hand conteyninge this the fourthe sheete of paper and have subscribed my name vnto ev'ye sheete and have signed sealed deliv'ed declared and published it to be my last will and testament in the p'sence of sufficient witnesses, ROB'TE CARTER. Signed sealed and deliv'ed declared and published by the said ROB'TE CARTER to be his last will and testament the xvj^th^ day of Aprill 1624 in the p'sence of FRA: ERNLE, ROB'TE FITZ JOHN, RAPHE FITZ JOHN." (P. C. C. Audley 72)

Proved; 18 June, 1632, by the oath of WILLIAM CARTER, son of deceased and executor named in the will. (Abstract.)

The Will of THOMAS DIXON [3] of Braughing, Hertfordshire, dated 1 Feb., 1654/5.

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[3] Once more we are publishing a will which makes no genealogical contribution to the subject in hand, but which gives another indication of the interesting circle in which the Darnalls moved in England. There is an entire literature upon Sir Bulstrode Whitelocke, his distinguished father Sir James and his uncle Edmund Whitelocke. What the relationship was between Sir Bulstrode and Thomas Dixon, brother-in-law of William Carter, is not clear but the marriage of Sir Bulstrode's sister Cicely to Edward Dixon of Heldon in Tunbridge, Kent may have some bearing upon the question (Le Neve's *Pedigrees of the Knights*, Harleian, p. 420; *V. of Berks*, Harleian, Vol. II, p. 227; *Dict. of National Biography* for Whitelocke). Also Sir Bulstrode's grandmother was Joan Colte of Herts and Thomas Dixon seems to have had Colt kinsmen. The intermarriages among any given group of county gentry are so complicated, that a complete understanding of a typical will like that above would do much in the way of clearing up unexpected points. A leisurely study in the English field is sometimes productive of results for which the searchers for "lines" have worked in vain. Fitz-Gilbert Waters' *Genealogical Gleanings in England* is a brilliant exemplification of the less direct method of research.

"In the name of God Amen, the first day of ffebruary In the yeare of our lord God One thousand sixe hundred ffiftie and fower I THOMAS DIXON of Braughing in the countie of Hartford gentleman, the vnprofitable seruant of God weake in body, yet sound in minde (I praise Almighty God) doe make declare and ordayne this my last Will and Testament In manner and forme followinge ffirst and cheifely I doe most humbly recomend my spiritt into the safeguard and protection of the most holy glorious and blessed Trinity, of whose divine Maiestie I doe ever from the bottom of my heart crave pardon and remission of all my sinnes and offences, with true and stedfast faith that through the merritts of my onely Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, all my sinnes are forgiuen, And as for this earthly mansion of my body with a free hart I render it to the earth from whence it came Nothing doubting at the great day of the generall resurrection I shall receave the same againe by the mighty power of god not corruptible weake and vile body as it is nowe, but an incorruptible immortall strong and perfect body, and therefore I will that it shall be buried decently as vnto a christian apperteyneth in the parish Church of Braughing vnder my seate neare the Church wall. Item I give and bequeathe vnto Twentie poore Children (whom I shall nominate before my death) The Summe of Threescore poundes to be divided equally amongst them towards the setting them forth to bee apprentises Item I give and bequeath vnto my well beloved wife FRANCES DIXON All that my Capitall Messuage and dwelling house with the appurtenances and all and singular those my freehould and coppiehould lands within the parish of Braughing Westmill and Standon for terme of her life (Except one house or Tenement with the appurtenances now in the occupation of M^RS^ CAGE widdowe with the backsides, conteyneinge about two acres be it more or lesse, And two acres of ground lyeinge in Landgrave feild which I purchased of M^RS^ BRIDGETT OTTWAY widdowe which said last recyted house with all barnes stables courts Backsides Gardines, Orchards and foure acres of ground I give and bequeath vnto my Kinsman WILLOUGHBY WHITELOCKE sonne of BULSTRODE WHITELOCKE, one of the Lords Commissioners of the great seale of England Item I give and bequeath vnto my said Kinsman WILLOUGHBY WHITELOCKE All that my Capitall messuage with the appurtenances therevnto belonginge and all other my lands in Braughing, Stanton and Westmill To have and to hold all and singular the premisses with every theire appurtenances vnto the said WILLOUGHBY WHITELOCKE his heires and assignes for ever Item I give and bequeath vnto my Kinsman WILLOUGHBY WHITELOCKE all my lands Tenements and heriditaments lyinge and being at Wansworth in the county of Surrey nowe in the occupation of EDWARD CRIPS Brewer and M^{RS} LAWRENCE widdowe To have and to hould all and singular the said lands and heriditaments with all and singular theire and every of theire appurtenances vnto the said WILLUGHBY WHITELOCKE his heires and assignes for ever Provided alwayes that in consideration thereof the said BULSTRODE WHITELOCKE Lord commissioner of the great seale or the said WILLOUGHBY WHITELOCKE or theire assignes shall pay the summe of fower hundred pounds of lawfull money of England in manner and forme followinge for the satisfaction of such Legacies as are hereafter in these presents expressed and by mee bequeathed. And to pay such Annuities as are hereby disposed and bequeathed Chargable out of the said lands. Item I give and bequeath vnto my Kinswoman KATHERINE JONES one Annuity or yearely rent of Tenne pounds to be paid quarterly out of my lands at Wansworth to the said KATHERINE JONES for Terme of her life The first payment to beginne at the first of the vsuall quarters as shall be next after my decease. Item I give and bequeath to my Kinsman ANTHONY SQUIRE the younger sonne of my Kinswoman SUSAN SQUIRE The summe of ffive pounds and to her the said SUSAN SQUIRE the summe of ffive pounds To be paid within sixe monthes next ensueinge after my decease. Item I give and bequeath vnto my Kinsman

THOMAS LOWE, the sonne of my Kinswoman M^RS SUSAN LOWE, one Annuitie or yearely rent charge of Twenty pounds yearely duringe his naturall life, To be payable out of my lands in Braughing in the County of Hartford aforesaid; The first payment to beginne at the next of the vsuall feast or quarter dayes of payment as shall be next after the decease of myselfe and my wife and soe to continue dureing his naturall life. Item I give and bequeath vnto my Kinsman JOHN LOWE The Summe of Three pounds of lawfull money To be paid him yearely dureinge his naturall life, The first payment to commence at the first quarter day that shall happen next after the death of mee and my wife. Item I give and bequeath vnto my Kinswoman LUCRETIA GOBORNE, one Annuitie of sixe pounds to be paid out of my lands at Braughing yearely duringe her life. The first payment to begin and commence at the next of the vsuall quarters of the yeare which shall come after the death of myselfe and wife, and soe to be payd duringe her life. Provided that the said THOMAS LOWE, JOHN nor the said LUCRETIA theire Sister make any other clayme to any part of my lands goods or chattells, which in case they shall at any tyme doe, That then theire said severall or perticular Annuitie of them soe clayminge shall from thenceforth cease determyne and be vtterly voyd. Item I give vnto MARGARET WARNER my Kinswoman (sister of my Kinsman JOHN COLT late deceased) The summe of Tenne pounds to be paid within sixe monthes after my decease And to her Sisters JANE, ANNE and FRANCES Twentie shillings a peece of lawfull money at the tyme aforesaid. Item I give and bequeath vnto my cozen SARAH WALTER The summe of Thirtie pounds to be paid within sixe monthes after my decease Item I give vnto MARY MANING Five pounds of lawfull money to be paid as aforesaid Item I give and bequeath vnto my Cozen THOMAS OSBORNE sonne of WILLIAM OSBORNE The summe of Tenn pounds To be paid within six monthes next after my decease Item I give and bequeath vnto ROBERT OSBORNE The summe of Tenne pounds And vnto the rest of his brothers Twentie shillings a peece of lawfull money to be paid as aforesaid I give and bequeath vnto ELIZABETH OSBORNE theire Sister The summe of Tenn pounds of lawfull money To be paid within six monthes after my decease Item I give and bequeath vnto my Kinsman THOMAS ORGER The summe of ffive pounds of like lawfull money to be paid as aforesaid Item I bequeath vnto the brother of the said THOMAS ORGER The summe of Twentie shillings to be paid as aforesaid Item I give vnto my Cozen PHILLIPP MASCALLS two daughters Twentie shillings a peece of like money tobe paid asaforesaid Item I give and bequeath vnto ELIZABETH HUBERT widdowe The summe of Fourtie shillings of lawfull money To be paid within sixe monethes after my decease Item I give and bequeath vnto GREENE of Albury sonne of RICHARD GREENE deceased The summe of ffourtie shillings To be paid within sixe monthes after my decease Item I give and bequeath vnto THOMAS HUSGRAVE my servant the summe of Fourty pounds of lawfull money To be paid within sixe monthes after my decease Item I give vnto my servant THOMAS WYMAN The summe of Tenn pounds of like money to be paid as aforesaid Item I give and bequeath vnto my servant VALENTINE FORDHAM The summe of Tenn pounds of like money to be paid as aforesaid Item I give vnto my servant JOHN DAUGHTON The summe of Three pounds to be paid as aforesaid Item I give vnto JOHN ALIFFE Twentie shillings of like money to be paid as aforesaid Item I give vnto ANNE LUCAS the summe of Fourtie shillings to be paid as aforesaid. Item I give vnto JOANE LUCAS The summe of Twentie shillings to be paid as aforesaid Item I give and bequeath vnto my Kinsman M^{R} EDWARD BRETT The summe of Twentie pounds of lawfull money and a mourneing cloake Item I give vnto HUGH SYMMES gent' The summe of Twentie five pounds, Twentie pounds whereof he owes vnto mee by bond To be paid and released vnto him his heires, Executors and Administrators within sixe monthes after my decease by my Executors hereafter named Lastly I give all my goods and Chattels vndisposed of att my decease, to my Executors And I doe hereby nominate my right Honorable Kinsman BULSTRODE WHITELOCKE aforesaid and my well beloved wife FRANCES DIXON to be Coexecutors of this my last will and Testament And hereby I revoke all former wills whatsoever In witness whereof I have herevnto set my hand and seale dated the day and yeare herein first written. THO: DIXON. Signed, sealed, published and declared to be the last will and Testament of the above named THOMAS DIXON by him the said THOMAS DIXON in the presence of HENRY EDMONDS, SAMUELL COE, HENRY RANDALL, W^M^ SWIF' " (P. C. C. Berkeley 53)

Proved; 22 February, 1655/6, by the Rt. Hon. BULSTRODE WHITELOCKE, Kinsman, and FRANCES DIXON, relict of the deceased. (Abstract.)

The Will of FRANCIS[4] CARTER of St. Martin in the Fields, County Middlesex, dated 29 Sept., 1630.

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[4] Francis Carter may have been of the Watford, Hertfordshire family but no statement of his ancestry has been found. He bequeathed land in King's Langley and Watford parishes, Herts to his son Edward. In All Saints Church, King's Langley, was recorded a M.I. to William Carter who died 11 April, 1528 and Alys his wife. There also has been, perhaps still is, a floor brass of a man lying between two wives. Under one wife are four sons and five daughters, and under the other are five sons and four daughters. The man is John Carter, "late of Gifres" (Jeffries) who was buried 3 August, 1588 (Clutterbuck's *Herts*, Vol. I, p. 437; Victoria *Herts*, Vol. II, p. 243). The Kettels, kinsmen of Ann Boteler were likewise of this parish (*Md. Hist Mag.*, Vol. XXI, p. 315).

Francis Carter's dau. Ann m. Robert Branthwaite, "Jailer in the Tower and Secretary to Sir Richard Weston," as his second wife, his first having been Miss Poultney or Poulton. Ann Branthwait was buried 25 Nov., 1631 (*Rec. of St. Margarets, Westminster*, p. 559). According to Foster's *V. of Cumberland and Westmoreland, 1664*, p. 16, she was the mother of (1) Robert Branthwaite of Carlingill, Westmoreland, who m. Elizabeth Burton, sist. of Sir Thomas of Brampton, and had issue; (2) Oliver who d. unmarried before 1664; (3) William who d. "beyond seas" before 1664; (4) Eleanor who d. young; (5) Philadelphia who d. young. Robert Branthwaite the Jailer, who d. 1645, was the s. of Edward Branth-

"In the name of God Amen, the XXIX day of September in the yeare of our Lord god 1630 and in the sixt yeare of our Soverent Lord Charles by the grace of God King of England Scotland ffraunce and Ireland defender of the faith &cf I FRANCIS CARTER of the parish of St. Martin in the ffeildes

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waite, who d. 1629, of Carlingill, Westmoreland and his wife Miss Calvert of Kipling in Yorkshire, nearby. When one bears in mind that Sir George Calvert was b. in Kipling and that William Branthwayt who d. in Md. *circa* 1648 was called by Leonard Calvert "my well beloved cousin" one quite naturally concludes that William who died beyond seas, the grandson of Miss Calvert of Kipling, was identical with the Captain and Deputy-Governor of that name so frequently mentioned in the annals of early Maryland. Capt William Branthwayt, Gent., who came to Maryland *circa* 1638, m. *circa* 1645, Eleanor Stevenson of London, who with her sister Jane, were transported as servants of Sir Edmund Plowden, the Catholic. One should remember that wills of this period frequently designate persons of gentle birth as "my kinsman and servant" and William Branthwayt's wife was in all probability a lady of this sort (*Archives of Md.* Vol. I, p. 27; Vol. III, pp. 81, 160-1, etc.; Vol. IV, p. 524). The writer has no theory to offer as to the identity of Miss Calvert who m. Edward Branthwaite.

It will be noticed that Michael Branthwaite was a witness to Francis Carter's will. Sir George Calvert had a kinsman or "cosen" (the usual word for nephew at that time), Michael Branthwayt, who was English Agent in Venice, 1623, and Wotton's secretary. Michael was conceivably Robert Branthwait's brother since both were holding office under James I at the same period as was their relative Sir George Calvert (*Negotiations of Sir Thomas Roe*, 1741, containing about twenty letters from Michael Branthwayt, and a vast amount of correspondence with Sir George Calvert, p. 292, etc.; *Cal. of State Papers, Venetian Series, 1623-25*, pp. 110-545; *Patent and Close Rolls of Chancery of Ireland, Chas. I.*, p. 327, which refers to Robert Braithwaite of London, Constable of Castle of Dublin, 27 June 4 Chas. I). Francis Carter d. shortly before George, Lord Baltimore, one time also of St. Martin's Lane, and his will above is an interesting fragment to add to the history of that famous little street.

The Branthwaites were not Sir George Calvert's only kinsmen of the Calvert blood. There was in the diplomatic body in the reign of James I, one Samuel Calvert (who in 1621 had "lately died") attached to the service of Sir Ralph Winwood. George Calvert thanked Sir Ralph in 1606 for obliging his kinsman. Many references to this protegee of the first Lord Baltimore will be found in the court literature of the time (Nichols *Progresses of James I*, Vol. I, p. 500; Sawyer's *Memorials of Winwood*, Vol. II, pp. 54, 57; *Hist. Mss. Comm., 1899 Buccleuch Mss.*

in the Countye of Middlesex Cheif Clarke of his Ma'ts Roules being in good health and parfit remembrence thankes be given to Almighty god therefore doe make this my last will and testament as followeth ffirst I Committ my soule vnto Almighty God my Creator and vnto Jesus Christ my onely savior and Redeemer And to the holie Ghost my sanctifier And my body to the earth from whence it came to be buried at the discretion of my executors and overseers And as touching the worldly

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Winwood Papers, Vol. I, pp. 62-3; Birch's *Court and Times of James I*, Vol. II, p. 223; *Cal. of State Papers, Domestic Series, 1611-18*, p. 357).

There was still another Calvert who must claim our attention at this time. Dorothy, dau. of Leonard Calvert of Kipling, m. Christopher Smithson (d. 1650) s. of Leonard Smithson of Moulton, Middleton Tyas, Yorkshire (*Genealogist*, Vol. 33, p. 33). A Christopher Smithson is listed as a recusant of Middleton Tyas, 1604, ae. about 20 years, as is the w. of Leonard Calvert of Kipling (*The Roman Catholics of Yorkshire*, p. 69-72). The children of Christopher and Dorothy Smithson were: (1) George of Moulton, Yorkshire, who m. Eleanor, dau. of Col. Charles Fairfax, 20 Jan., 1652-3 at St. Helens Bishopsgate, London (*Genealogist*, Vol. 18, p. 254); (2) Thomas, b. 1625, of Jolby, Yorkshire, whose will was proved 12 May, 1649 by his bro. George; (3) Frances who m. John Burnet; (4) Mary who m. John Slingar and had issue; (5) Elizabeth who m. John, s. of the Rev. George Meriton of Moulton, Yorkshire, and had Matthew Merriton of London (*Genealogist*, Vol. 23, p. 164); (6) Helen who m. Matthew Wastell of Ellerton on Swale and had issue (*Genealogist*, Vol. 28, p. 171); (7) Grace who m. Nicholas Conyers of Cleasby, Yorkshire and had issue (*Genealogist*, Vol. 14, p. 56). The Calvert Papers included in the Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll. contain many references to the Smithsons of Yorkshire and London, among others to Hugh Smithson, ancestor of the Dukes of Northumberland and of James Smithson, founder of the Smithsonian Institution of Washington. It should not be difficult to trace the ancestry of the Maryland Smithsons from this point.

Sir George Calvert had also through his mother Grace Crossland, a group of Yorkshire connections bearing the surnames Talbot, Fauconby, Hawksworth, Key, Clapham, etc., etc., the study of whose alliances could not fail to be profitable in connection with the "Early Settlers List" of Maryland (Glover's *V. of Yorkshire*, p. 509; *Surtees Soc.*, Vol. 36, pp. 133). Walter Hawksworth the dramatist (d. 1606) was a first cousin of Grace Crosland Calvert (Foster's *Yorkshire Pedigrees*, Vol. I, Hawksworth, but see *Dict. of Nat. Biog.*).

Francis Carter's dau. Margaret m. Daniell Grome or Groome. The will of Samuel Groom of London, 1697, bequeaths lands in Maryland to which he was entitled under the will of his father Samuel Groome. He refers posicons which God in his marcy hath bestowed vpon me I dispose them as followeth, I have given by deed and surrender and doe confirme by this my will vnto my sonne EDWARD CARTER two tenements with 12 acres of land or neare thereabouts lyinge the one tenement in Kings Langley and the other tenement in the parish of Watford both in the County of Hartford to him and his heires and Assignes for ever with the moveables that are mine in them I give and bequeath to my said sonne EDWARD CARTER the Lease of a tenement houlden of my LORD of SALISBUREY Scituat in St. Martens lane the which is now in the occupation or possession of SR. GILFORD SLINGSBY but letten at first by me to SR. HENDRY FANE by lease and there is yet ffive yeares to com of that Lease vnexpired as I thinck the which is to be receaved 30^{ti} the yeare for, But I give it him vpon this Condicon that he pay to my dafter SUSAN WILLSON twenty pound the yeare vntill the some of one hundrid and fif and twenty pound be fully payed and to bee payed to him or hir assignes at every half yeare as the rent is receaved from those that hould that house And for the rest of the terme in that house which as I take it is 7 years I give to my sayed sonn

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to his cousins Daniel and Samuel Groome, sons of Daniel Groome. Daniel and Margaret Groome had at least two children, Margaret and Eleanor, baptised in 1627 and 1633, by the *Records of St. Margarets, Westminster*, London, pp. 125-140 (*Md. Hist Mag.*, Vol. I, p. 381).

Francis Carter's dau. Susan m., 14 Feb., 1629-30, Edward Wilson, Gent. of St. Martins in the Fields, London. It is interesting to notice that Sir Walter Raleigh's keepers in the Tower in 1618 were Sir Thomas and Edward Wilson, particularly as Robert Branthwaite is said to have held the unhappy office of Jailer at some time during the same reign (*Rec. of St. Michaels, Cornhill*, Harleian, p. 26; *Cal. of State Papers, Domestic Series, 1611-1618*, p. 573, etc.). Another dau. of Francis Carter m. a gentleman named Roe or Rowe, by whom she had Mary and Ann. It would not be strange if he were of the Roe or Rowe family, to which Sir Thomas, Michael Branthwaite's protector, belonged. The will of Francis Carter, Chief Clerk of His Majesty's Rolls, if properly studied, could lead us into fascinating by-paths in the history of London at the time of Maryland's beginning and it is with reluctance that we lay it down with these superficial observations.

EDWARD in consideracon of two hundrid markes promised to him by me as is to be sene granted by Indenture the first day of August 1626. I give and bequeath to my sone lawe DANELL GROME and my dafter MARGRET his wife holl time of the Lease of the West house I have in St. Ans lane in Westminster where my sayd son and dafter now dwell as it is now butted and bounded and houlden of SR. ROBERT PEY for the terme of 29 yeares and a half yet to come in consideration of threescore and 15^{ti} that I promised with my dafter at hir mariage more than I payed I give and bequeath to my dafter SUSAN WILLSON and to hir husband the Lease of the East house in St. Ans lane in Westminster to the full end and terme as I have of SR. ROBERT PEY which as I take it is 29 yeares and a half. It'm I give and bequeath to my sonne WILLIAM CARTER the holl time of the lease of the howse I now dwell in scituate towardes the vpper end of St. Martin's lane in Com' Midlesex to him and his heires with this condition that his brother EDWARD CARTER and his brother ROBERT BRANTHWAIT their wives and children to rest and dwell in this house for two yeares after my decease soe that his age doe not exceed 21 yeares and he to receave of them tenn pound the yere towards his maintenence and to have to his vse the parler and closet wth egresse and regresse to it I give to my dafter AN BRANTHWAIT the Anuitie of five pound the yeare granted to me to be payed out of the house SR. WILLIAM ASHTON dwelleth in in St. Martins lane which as I take it is 12 yeares to come from the day of the date of this will And my gilt Bason and Ewer waying 72 ounces or thereabouts And to hir a silke quilt and dimond ring which was hir mother in lawes I give and bequeath to my sonne FRANCIS CARTER the lease of a howse in Wapping that MICHAEL VNGOLL dwelleth in houlden of MR. WILLIAM DRAKE if it please god to send him alive into England & if not then to be devided to all his brothers and sisters To my sonn EDWARD CARTER whom I put in trust to bring vp CATTERN CARTER my eldest sonn

SAMVELL CARTERS daughter the anuity of ffive pound the yeare granted out of MR. HENDREY GIBES house scituate in St. Martins lane I give and bequeath to my grandafter CATER CARTER twenty and five pounds to be payed to hir by my Executors hereafter named to be payed to hir at the age of 19 yeares I give and bequeath to MARY ROE my grand dafter the some of 15^{ti}-0-0 to be payed to hir wthin one yeare after my decease I give and bequeath to my grandchild AN ROE 10^{ti}-0-0. to be payd to hir at the age of 20 yeares by my Exequtors I give and bequeath as hereafter is set downe To EDWARD CARTER the white silver Bason and Ewer To my dafter SUSAN WILLSON the gilt salt and Cover and the nutt gilt boale and Cover and a gilt boale of sixteene ounces and to hir the litell brasse porig pot and the brasse Chafer and white marbell morter To WILLIAM CARTER the plain gilt boull MR. TOTHILL gave mee of 22 ounces and to him the bed and furniture in the parler and my Cabinet in my Closet w^{t} tabell dornix and bookes of Architeckter that belong to me and those above in his Chamber and study that belong to him self To my dafter ROE the best peece of plate that is left vngiven Item I doe make and appoint my sonne EDWARD CARTER and my sonne lawe ROBERT BRANTHWAYT my ioynt executors of this my last will and testament to devide all my goodes and debts in an equall proportion w^{ch} are left vnbequeathed and equally to see my depts and legacies payed for which I leve to them the rest of my househouldstuffe the remainder of my plate and depts which is owing me the which in my booke of daily accounts is to be seen in the 29 of September 1630 FR: CARTER. witnesses hereof HENRIE BONNER Minister MIC: BRANTHWAITE." (P. C. C. Scroope 110)

Proved; 6 December, 1630, by EDWARD CARTER the son and ROBERT BRANTHWAITE, executors. (Abstract. Original in abbreviated Latin.)

(*To be continued.*)

SMALLWOOD FAMILY OF CHARLES COUNTY.

Arthur L. Keith.

James Smallwood, who arrived in Maryland in 1664, and his descendants were with a very few exceptions the sole bearers of the name in Maryland until comparatively recent times. One of these exceptions was a Thomas Smallwood who appears several times in the Baltimore County records from June, 1692, when he was a taxable on the south side of the Patapsco, to November, 1695. It is very improbable that he was identical with Thomas Smallwood, son of the above James, for during that period the latter Thomas appears in the Charles County records, as we shall see below. One Samuel Smallwood also appears in the Baltimore records June, 1713, and November, 1713. This Samuel encroaches upon the territory of James though there is nothing to indicate a relationship between the two. In one of his appearances in Charles County (Apr. 17, 1712) he is described as Samuel Smallwood of Baltimore County, carpenter, who with wife Martha sells land to Philemon Hemsley and to Mary, his wife. He may have been identical with the Samuel Smallwood who witnessed the will of Cornelius Brannon, St. Mary's County, Mch. 19, 1702. No closer contacts between him and James Smallwood have been found nor has any trace been discovered of later Smallwoods who might have descended from him.

A certain John Smallwell for some time proved a disturbing cause to the adjustments of the Smallwood genealogy. He settled in the immediate vicinity of James Smallwood and is found associated with the same families. It was easy to misread Smallwell into Smallwood. For instance, William Hutchinson and John Smallwell make indenture on May 5, 1691 (*La Plata,* Lib. R No. 1, fol. 232) yet in reference to this indenture he is called Smallwood (*Ibid.,* fol. 546). Baldwin's Calendar of Maryland Wills (Vol. II) gives his will as of John

Smallwood, Charles County, dated Nov. 6, 1695, prob. Jan. 3, 1695/6. But the name in the record at La Plata shows clearly as Smallwell. His line seems to have perished with himself and no confusion appears later because of the close resemblance of the two names.

The Prince George County records (Lib. T, fol. 157) show that Mr. John Smallwood, Hosier, of London on Aug. 27, 1734 appoints Capt. Postumus Thornton of Patuxent River, merchant, as his attorney. Aside from these exceptions the field is left pretty clear for the family of James Smallwood, at least prior to 1800.

All attempts to locate the English home of James Smallwood up to this writing have failed. The name appears in various parts of England for several centuries prior to 1664. Little effort seems to have been made by our English cousins of the name Smallwood to trace the family history.

The first mention of James Smallwood in Maryland is found in the Warrants at Annapolis (Lib. 9, fol. 439): May 24, 1666 Came James Smallwood and demands land for the transportation of himself and Hester, his wife, into this province, himself in 1664 and Hester in 1650. Warrant was then issued to James Smallwood to lay out 100 acres. From this record we learn that James Smallwood arrived in Maryland in 1664 and that he was of sufficient importance to provide for his own importation. He evidently arrived unmarried but before May 24, 1666 he had taken a wife Hester (or Esther) who had come into the province in 1650, probably as a child with parents or relatives. It does not appear why land was not taken for her before this date and it is difficult to see how James Smallwood, who certainly had no part in her transportation, was allowed to take 50 acres which represented the cost of her transportation.

Hester's family name has not been determined. However, an indication of her name may be found in the following record: Apr. 18, 1677. James Smallwood, Charles County, showed to the judge that John Evans, *his brother,* of said county, dec'd, had died intestate and prayed that the goods and chattels of said dec'd be committed to him. (*Test. Proc.* Lib. 9, fol. 59.) There are several ways in which James Smallwood and John Evans could have been brothers. John Evans's inventory seems to indicate an unmarried man (he had but one chair!). James Smallwood asks to take John Evans's effects to himself. No wife appears in the records of the settlement. The probability becomes strong that John Evans was a brother of James's wife Hester. On May 19, 1651 one John Nicholls of Charles County made gift of a cow to John Evans, son of William Evans, dec'd, whose widow John Nicholls had married. This John Evans is very probably identical with the John Evans of 1677, called brother of James Smallwood. If William Evans brought wife and two children John and Hester to the province in 1650 and died before May 19, 1651 he would have had slight opportunity for taking up land, and while the process appears irregular, James Smallwood in 1666 might be allowed to take land for Hester's importation which no one had yet claimed.

Hester was the mother of James's eleven children. She was still living on Aug. 9, 1692 on which date James Smallwood and Hester, his wife, sued Thomas Fowlkes for slander. (*La Plata,* Lib. R No. 1, fol. 456) (Case agreed out of court). She apparently died before Mch. 20, 1693 on which date her son John Smallwood made will, and as he mentions all his relatives, wife, daughter, brothers, sisters, father, brother's wife, and makes no mention of his mother, we may safely infer that she died before this date. Maj. James Smallwood in January and May, 1695 was the admr of Robert Thompson, Jr., dec'd, having intermarried Mary, relict of the dec'd. (*Test. Proc.* Lib. 15, fol. 63). She had previously been the wife of Giles Blizard of Charles County. After James Smallwood's death in 1714-15 she married a fourth time, to Alexander Herbert.

The land transactions of James Smallwood were numerous, in almost all of which he appears as warrantee or grantee. The warrant for 100 acres mentioned above, dated May 24, 1666, he assigned on Sept. 20, 1666 to Thomas Hussey (*Annapolis,* Lib. 10, fol. 257), On Feb. 7, 1669/70 he received assignment from Daniel Johnson (part of warrant for 550 acres) for 150 acres (*Annapolis,* Lib. 12, fol. 467) on which he was allowed grant of "Goates Lodge", 150 acres, lying in Charles County, Mch. 16, 1669/70 (Lib. 12, fol. 467). On Mch. 5, 1677 James Smallwood bought from John Duglas, Gent., land called "Welcome", 200 acres (*La Plata,* Lib. G No. 1, fol. 125). On June 8, 1681 Rand. Brandt assigned to James Smallwood 75 acres due on warrant. (*Annapolis,* WC No. 4, fol. 53). This land was surveyed the same year, 1681, but not patented until Oct. 26, 1694, and was given the name "Eltham". The date of the patent is given as Nov. 10, 1695 in a deed dated Mch. 10, 1718 in which James Smallwood conveys this land to John Smallwood (*La Plata,* Lib. H No. 2, fol. 231). On Apr. 20, 1687 Edmond Lindsey sold to James Smallwood land called "May Day", 300 acres, (*La Plata,* Lib. N, No. 1, fol. 210). On May 20, 1688, Cornelius Maddock, merchant, and Mary, his wife (she was the daughter of James Smallwood), sold to James Smallwood "Tatshall", 60 acres. On Mch. 15, 1688/9 James Smallwood had land surveyed, 110 acres, by virtue of a warrant to William Hutchinson for 1000 acres and by him assigned to James Smallwood. This tract was named "Porke Hall", sometimes more elegantly called "Park Hall". There must have been a conflicting claim to this land for on Aug. 10, 1694 William Griffin sold to Maj. James Smallwood, Sr for 10000 lbs of tobacco his right to "Porke Hall", 113 acres, more or less. (*La Plata,* Lib. S No. 1, fol. 344). On Oct. 17, 1694 "Batchellors Hope" was surveyed for James Smallwood, patented for 184 acres (*Annapolis,* Lib. C No. 3, fol. 166 and *Charles County Rent Rolls*). "Batchellors Delight", 235 acres, was surveyed Sept. 7, 1694 for Matthew Smallwood and Thomas Smallwood (they were sons of James) (*Annapolis, Charles County Rent Rolls.*) On May 14, 1695 warrant was issued to James Smallwood for 581 acres, due to him by renewment of that quantity, being remainder of a warrant for 1000 acres granted him on July 28, 1694 (*Annapolis,* Lib. A, fol. 5 and 39). William Diggs is his caution. It will be observed that the sum of the last two tracts mentioned equals 419 acres, which exactly represents the used part of this warrant. There seems to be no record showing how James Smallwood used the balance, 581 acres, due on his warrant, but since he was providing for his other sons it is reasonable to suppose that the land held later by his son James was part of the remainder. James Smallwood, Jr was in 1704 the possessor of "Hopewell", which was surveyed Aug. 29, 1696 for William Dent, 521 acres. Of this tract 495 acres were included in the lines of "Friendship" (*Annapolis, Charles County Rent Rolls*). James Smallwood, Jr in his will 1723, refers to land bought of Maj. William Dent and his will shows that he was at that time involved in a lawsuit with Dent's heirs regarding this land. After his death adjustments seem to have been made and his heirs remain in possession of 433 acres of "Friendship".

On Dec. 6, 1695 William Forster and Dorothy, his wife, exor of Michael Minoake, sold to James Smallwood, land called "St. Edmonds", 150 acres at head of Port Tobacco Creek, joining John Duglas, Gent. On Aug. 11, 1696 Thomas Whichaley and Elizabeth, his wife, sold to Pryor Smallwood and Bayne Smallwood (the price of 10000 lbs of tobacco being paid therefor by James Smallwood, Sr) part of Christian Temple Manor, 200 acres, lying on Mattawoman or St. Thomas Creek. (*La Plata,* Lib. Q No. 1, fol. 97). This transaction properly belongs to James Smallwood, Sr as neither Pryor or Bayne could have been over 16 years of age at the time. Warrant was granted July 6, 1696 to James Smallwood, Sr for 400 acres (*Annapolis,* Lib. A, fol. 110). On July 29, 1696 "Bayne", 100 acres, was surveyed for James Smallwood (*Annapolis, Charles County Rent Rolls*). The Rent Rolls show that "this land is now disclaimed". The quantity is given as 100 acres but the rent asked, 16 shillings, indicates a larger tract. The 100 is probably an error for 400. No later warrants, surveys, or sales to James Smallwood have been found. By the proceding acquisitions he was able to make generous provision for his eleven children. Most of these tracts remained in possession of his descendants for several generations and are sometimes the only means we have of determining the family connections. "Batchellors Hope" apparently did not satisfy the original hope and was disclaimed. For some reason "Bayne" was also disclaimed. "Goates Lodge" seems to disappear from the Smallwood holdings unless perhaps it changed its name. John Smallwood, son of James, according to his will, 1693-94, owned 300 acres. There is no record of his receiving land either by sale or original grant. He very probably received his land from his father. "Goates Lodge", 150 acres, may have been part of his plantation, to which he gives no name in his will.

James Smallwood was a very useful man in his community. His name is very frequent in the records of Charles County. Only a few instances will be given here. In 1676 James Smallwood and Ralph Shaw were apprs of the estate of Giles Cole (*Maryland Hist. Mag.,* Vol. XIX, 339). On Sept. 24, 1677 James Smallwood and Ralph Shaw were apprs of Edward Lindsay. In 1696 James Smallwood was one of the apprs of Col. Edward Pye. On Oct. 4, 1697 James Smallwood and Anthony Neale appraised the estate of Col. William Digges, and acted as security for the exors, Elizabeth Digges and Edward Digges. In 1698 James Smallwood assisted in appraising William Chandler's estate. In 1699 he was overseer of Hugh Teares's will, in 1701, trustee of John Bayne's will. This association with the Bayne or Bean family (so far as we know there was no kinship) was responsible for the name Bayne among the sons of James Smallwood, a name which persisted in the Smallwood family for several generations. In 1682 James Smallwood had business relations with John Pryor, merchant, at Westwood, and this contact was no doubt responsible for the name Pryor in the Smallwood family. On Jan. 30, 1687/8 Nicholas Lidstone (also Lydestone), mariner, of Dartmouth in the county of Devon, England, and William Hayne of the same place appointed James Smallwood of Charles County Maryland as their attorney (*La Plata,* Lib. N, No. 1, fol. 319). This association provides the explanation for another name in the Smallwood family, namely, Ledstone or Leadstone which also persisted for several generations.

The many plantations of James Smallwood suggest that he was chiefly a planter. But at least once he tried his hand at something else. On Dec. 14, 1686 James Smallwood was licensed and admitted to keep an ordinary at Chandlertown (*La Plata,* Lib. N, No. 1, fol. 7).

But in a public capacity James Smallwood was still more conspicuous. In 1676 he was appointed "post" to convey all public intelligence in Charles County, from thence to his Lordship and his Council (*Richardson. Side-Lights on Maryland History,* Vol. I, 96). As this service fell within the troublous period of Indian disturbances, the appointment as "post" involved considerable danger and distinction. In 1683 he was a commissioner of Charles County (*Md. Archives,* Vol. VII, 611). As a Protestant freeholder of Charles County he joined in a petition to the crown in 1689. In 1694 he signed with others the usual disclaimer of belief in transubstantiation. In the same year he contributed 800 lbs of tobacco toward the support of a free school. In 1694 he was high sheriff of Charles County (*Md. Archives,* Vol. XX, 68). In 1689 Mr. James Smallwood was appointed Major of foot in room of Maj. John Wheeler (*Md. Archives,* Vol. XIII, 242) and was named as one of a number to regulate the civil affairs in Charles County (*ibid.,* 243). On April 8, 1692 Major James Smallwood of

Charles County was appointed to deal with Indians as a near neighbor unto and well acquainted with most or all the Indians of the said county (*ibid.* Vol. VIII, 307). In 1692 Major James Smallwood was authorized to raise his company on the east side of Port Tobacco Creek and on north side of Potomac River within the bounds of Port Tobacco Parish (*La Plata,* Lib, R, No. 1, fol. 460). On June 9, 1700 he is called Lt. Col. James Smallwood (*La Plata,* Lib. A, No. 2, fol. 65), and shortly after that date to his death his name is regularly prefixed with the title, Colonel. In 1694 and later he was a member of the quorum of Charles County. On Sept. 4, 1708 Joseph Manning, James Smallwood, and William Stone sign bond to make true account of her Majesty's lands in Charles County (*Annapolis, Prov. Ct. Rec.,* Vol. PL No. 3, fol. 103). From 1692 until his death he represented Charles County in the Maryland Assembly and the published archives of that period are replete with references to him.

Col. James Smallwood's will is dated Sept. 16, 1712, prob. in Charles County, Jan. 12, 1714/5. This indicates that he died near the close of 1714 or the beginning of 1715. He styles himself as of Charles County yet his will indicates that he was living at the time on his wife's plantation Bew (or Beau) Plains in Prince George County. His wife Mary was named as extx (in the execution of this will she appears as wife of Alexander Herbert, her fourth husband). He names children James, Thomas, Prier, and Leadstone Smallwood, and Mary Tayler and Sarah More. Aside from these children Col. James had five other sons, three and probably four of whom had predeceased him. A fifth son was for some reason not named in his father's will though he lived until 1737. Of Col. James's nine sons seven left wills on record in Charles County (three of them earlier than their father's will), an inventory marks the death of another (Benjamin), and the ninth (Matthew) passes away unnoticed by the records. The names of all (apparently) the children can be determined from the will of John Smallwood who died in 1694. The order of all these children is not certain. Dates of birth have been found for some, depositions show the approximate birth of others, and the remainder are placed according to other indications. James Smallwood and wife Hester had the following children:

1. John Smallwood, born January, 1666/7, died 1694.
2. James Smallwood, born October, 1668, died 1723.
3. Mary Smallwood, born Nov. 2, 1670, md 1. Cornelius Maddocks, 2. ——Tayler (Taylor).
4. Matthew Smallwood, born April, 1673. Probably died before 1712 (mentioned in his brother John's will, 1694, but not in his father James's will, 1712).
5. Thomas Smallwood (old enough to act as exor of his brother John's will, 1694), died May 4, 1734.
6. William Smallwood (married in 1693 or before), died 1706.
7. Prior Smallwood, born about 1680 (42 years old in 1722), died 1734.
8. Benjamin Smallwood (not mentioned in his father's will), died 1737.
9. Bayne Smallwood, died 1709.
10. Leadstone Smallwood, born about 1687 (58 years old in 1745), died 1755.
11. Sarah Smallwood, married Henry More, still living in 1736.

1. John Smallwood (son of Col. James) was born Jan. 1666/7, made will Mch. 20, 1693/4, prob. Aug. 6, 1694. He mentions wife Lettis who is to have use of his plantation of 200 acres (unnamed) until she marries, in which case she is to have but 50 acres. Said plantation is to pass to daughter

12. i. Ester Smallwood (so in record at Annapolis but plainly Eliza at La Plata. Ester is correct).

The testator makes bequests to father Smallwood, brothers James, Matthew, Thomas, William, brother William's wife, sister Sarah, Henry Moore (relationship not shown), brothers Ledstone, Benjamin, Bayne and Pryor (who is to receive 50 acres joining "my daughter's land"), sister Mary Maddocks (who is to receive the other 50 acres joining Pryor's land), brother-in-law Cornelius Maddocks. Brothers James Smallwood and Thomas Smallwood are appointed exors. (Baldwin in Cal. of Md. Wills, Vol. II, erroneously represents the Ledstone, Pryor, and Bayne of the above will as surnames).

James Smallwood renounces his part in the execution of the will and Thomas Smallwood appears as sole exor. The court allowed him upon his administration of John Smallwood's estate one penny upwards in tobacco, Sept. ? 11, 1694 (*La Plata,* Lib. S, No. 1, fol. 342 ?).

2. James Smallwood (son of Col. James) was born October, 1668, made will Nov. 13, 1723, prob. Dec. 12, 1723. He had wife Mary Griffin as early as Aug. 10, 1703 (*La Plata,* Lib. A, No. 2, fol. 249) who was the mother of his children. He seems to have recently married her at this date. If he had any earlier wife no record thereof has been found. His wife Mary was the daughter of John Boyden and at the time of her marriage to James Smallwood was a widow Griffin. By her first husband she had son James Griffin (*La Plata,* Lib. M, No. 2, fol. 280 and Lib. 40 (or Y No. 2), fol. 336, deed of Mary Smallwood, als Mary Boyden, heir of John Boyden, and her son James Griffin to John Hamill, Feb. 22, 1731; the deposition of James Griffin, June, 1745, in which he calls James Smallwood, dec'd, his father-in-law. James Smallwood and wife Mary had seven children of whom one, Anne, was not named in his will, probably because already married. These children were as follows:

13. i. Ann Smallwood.
ii. Elenor Smallwood.
14. iii. John Smallwood.
15. iv. William Smallwood.
16. v. Matthew Smallwood (under 18).
17. vi. James Smallwood (under 18).
31. vii. Lydia Smallwood (under 16).

3. Mary Smallwood (daughter of Col. James) was born Nov. 2, 1670. She married (1) Cornelius Maddocks, merchant, (2) ———— Taylor. Her first marriage occurred before she was 16, for on Mch. 16, 1685/6 James Smallwood made gift of one cow and one mare to daughter Mary Maddocks (*La Plata,* Lib. M No. 1, fol. 27). Cornelius Maddocks died before Feb. 25, 1705/6. This inventory was presented Mch. 9,

1705/6. His widow Mary married ——— Taylor before Sept. 16, 1712 (date of her father's will). By her first husband she had the following children:

i. John Maddox.
ii. Edward Maddox.
iii. Benjamin Maddox.
iv. Phoebe Maddox, md Joseph Clements.

By her second husband she had

18. v. William Smallwood Taylor.
vi. Anne Taylor (her inventory at Annapolis, Aug. 10, 1745, is the source of information for her mother's children living then).
vii. Elizabeth Taylor.

4. Matthew Smallwood (son of Col. James) was born April, 1673. He married Grace Robertson as early as Dec. 10, 1703 (*La Plata,* Lib. A No. 2, fol. 326). He probably died soon after without will or other record to mark his departure. He is not mentioned in his father's will. No issue has been certainly found for him but it is worthy of note that the Rent Rolls of Charles County show that in 1753 one Smallwood Beane owned 117½ acres, one half of "Batchellors Delight", which was the amount that belonged to Matthew Smallwood by virtue of the survey of 1694. Matthew Smallwood might have left a daughter who became the mother of a Smallwood Beane, rightful heir to his portion in 1753.

5. Thomas Smallwood (son of Col. James) was old enough to have his mark of cattle and hogs recorded, June 28, 1692. He was exor of his brother John's will in 1694. In Prince George County, June, 1717, he sued Alexander Herbert and his wife Mary, extx of James Smallwood, claiming that at the instance of the said James, he (Thomas) had taken into his home a certain John and Anne Smallwood (they were the children of his dec'd brother William) to board and lodge, for which service the said James had promised 2000 lbs of tobacco, which had never been paid. Through his attorney

Daniel Dulany, Thomas won the suit (*Marlboro, Court Proc.* H, fol. 250). On June 10, 1718 Thomas Smallwood brought suit against William Bagg for libelling himself and family, and summons was issued for Thomas's evidences, namely, Stephen Cawood, Jr, Mary Cawood, Jr, Elizabeth Harris, John Smallwood, Jr, Mary Smallwood, and John Maddox (*La Plata,* Lib. I No. 2, fol. 74). The John Smallwood, Jr was not identical with the John whom Thomas had taken to board but was the son of James, the second, though he could not have been over 13 years old at the time. The Mary Smallwood, summoned as witness, was very probably the mother of John Smallwood, Jr and wife of James, the second; but she may have been the wife of John, the son of William, who married about this time to Mary Macknew. The outcome of this suit seems not to be recorded. On May 28, 1718 Thomas Smallwood surveyed "Smallwoods Plains", 300 acres. On Nov. 16, 1723 he surveyed "Smallwoods Addition", 100 acres (patented Sept. 7, 1744 to James Smallwood, son of Thomas, dec'd). In 1728 he surveyed "Amendment", 250 acres. On Nov. 30, 1732 (?), Thomas Smallwood, Sr, Gent., of Charles County bought from Henry Moore and wife Sarah of Prince George County, 200 acres lying in Prince George County, called "Wheelers Choice" (*Marlboro,* Lib T, fol. 50). The name of this tract was changed to "Moores Rest" (*Baldwin, Cal. Md. Wills,* Vol VII, 161). Thomas Smallwood died May 4, 1734 but owing to a caveat filed by his son James the will was not probated until April 9, 1735. It was dated Apr. 14, 1734. He named wife Alice as extx but on Sept. 17, 1735 the exor was Thomas Middleton who had married Alice Smallwood, the widow of Thomas, the said Alice being at this date also deceased. No other mention has been found of Alice. She may have been the mother of Thomas's children but since there was a marked tendency to perpetuate family names in the Smallwood family and since the name Alice does not appear among the many daughters and granddaughters of Thomas I suspect that Thomas had been married before. Thomas Smallwood according to his will had the following children:

19. i. James Smallwood.
20. ii. Thomas Smallwood.
21. iii. Pryor Smallwood.
22. iv. Elizabeth Smallwood, md Cawood.
v. Sarah Smallwood, md Roby.
23. vi. Esther Smallwood, md Harrison.
24. vii. Charity Smallwood, md Davy.
25. viii. Mary Smallwood (deceased at making of the will) md Berry.

6. William Smallwood (son of Col. James) had wife (not named), Mch. 20, 1693/4 (date of his brother John's will). On Jan. 13, 1701/2 Thomas Hunt sued William Smallwood and Elizabeth his wife, for slander (*La Plata,* Lib. Y No. 1, fol. 358). The defendants were acquitted. Wife Elizabeth died before June 5, 1705 on which date William Smallwood, Gent., signed articles of agreement with Elinor Tubman, who was about to become his wife (*La Plata,* C No. 2, fol. 129). (This Eleanor was the daughter of Henry Hawkins of Charles County, who died in 1699. She md. (1) Rev. George Tubman, (2) William Smallwood, (3) Edward Philpott). William Smallwood made will Feb. 17, 1705/6, prob. June 12, 1706. He mentions wife Eleanor, clearly not the mother of his children, and children

i. Jane Smallwood (not heard of later).
26. ii. John Smallwood
27. iii. Ann Smallwood.

To son John he left two tracts of land (unnamed but apparently "Eltham" and "Tatshall" which are found later belonging to the said John). Mention is made of brother Pryor Smallwood. Wife Eleanor and brother James Smallwood are named as exors. On Aug. 3, 1709 the inventory of Capt. William Smallwood was presented, at which time Eleanor, widow of William Smallwood, was the wife of Edward Philpott.

7. Pryor Smallwood (son of Col. James) was born about

1680. In Aug. 1720 he deposed that he was 40 years or thereabouts (*La Plata,* Lib. M No. 2. fol. 122). On July 2, 1708 Pryor Smallwood had wife Elizabeth, extx and relict of Peter McMillion (whose will was probated in Charles County, July 27, 1706). On Aug. 9, 1720 Pryor Smallwood sold to Daniel Bryan of Stafford County, Va. land called "St. Bridgetts" in Charles County. Wife Elizabeth gave consent (last mention found of Elizabeth) (*La Plata,* Lib. H No. 2, fol. 377). Prior Smallwood made will Feb. 23, 1732/3, prob. Mch. 29, 1734. To son William Smallwood he left 200 acres, part of Christian Temple Manor. To son Bayne Smallwood he left all his remaining lands excepting that daughters Ann and Elizabeth Smallwood are to have use of "Bayne" and "My New Design" while single. Daughter Hester is mentioned for whom the exor is to buy as speedily as possible a negro boy or girl. Son Bayne is appointed exor. His inventory, which shows that he had accumulated considerable wealth, was signed by Ledstone Smallwood and Matthew Stone, Senr, as next of kin. The nature of Matthew Stone's relationship to Prior Smallwood has not been determined, but if known it might throw light upon the family name of Elizabeth, wife of Prior. Prior Smallwood and wife Elizabeth had the following children:

28. i. Bayne Smallwood, born about 1711.
29. ii. William Smallwood.
iii. Ann Smallwood.
iv. Elizabeth Smallwood.
30. v. Hester Smallwood.

8. Benjamin Smallwood (son of Col. James) receives scant notice in the records. On Apr. 1, 1701 he sued John Wynn (who later married his niece) for the recovery of a horse. There is no record of his father having provided him with land nor is he mentioned in his father's will. On June 24, 1737 the inventory of Benjamin Smallwood of Prince George County, showing only a small estate, was signed by Elizabeth Cawood and Charity Davy, as next of kin. James Small-

wood, Thomas Smallwood, and Pryor Smallwood make oath that the inventory is correct. In these names we recognize five of the children of Thomas Smallwood, brother of Benjamin. He probably died unmarried and without issue.

9. Bayne Smallwood (son of Col. James) is mentioned in the will of John Bayne (1700) as godson. He married Charity Courts, daughter of Col. John Courts. He made will June 28, 1709 (?), prob. Dec. 2, 1709 in which he appoints brother James Smallwood as exor. He had no issue.

10. Leadstone Smallwood (the last surviving son of Col. James) was born about 1687. He deposed Sept. 5, 1738 that he was 51 years old or thereabouts (*La Plata,* Lib. 38 T No. 2, fol. 516). This age is confirmed by two later depositions, 1749 and 1755, in which he gives his age as 62 and 68. However, in a deposition made Dec. 22, 1718 his age is given as 36 years (*La Plata,* Lib. M No. 2, fol. 41), which would carry his birth back to 1682. The agreement of the other three depositions guarantees their accuracy. On Jan. 12, 1726 he surveyed and on Mch. 20, 1732 he patented " Addition to May Day ", 131 acres, which he sold on Mch. 14, 1744 to Francis Goodrich, Gent., being called in the deed Leadstone Smallwood, Gent. Wife Elizabeth joined in the deed (*La Plata,* Lib. O No. 3, fol. 25). On Apr. 7, 1731 he surveyed " The Gore ", 23 acres, which he patented Nov. 11, 1737. In 1735 William Smallwood and Leadstone Smallwood signed as next of kin the inventory of John Smallwood (son of the William who died in 1706). At the final accounting of his estate by Mary Smallwood, the extx, Mch. 4, 1740 Ledstone Smallwood, Senr and Thomas Cawood were her sureties. On June 17, 1736 Leadstone Smallwood and Elizabeth, his wife, made deed of gift to son Will Smallwood, 100 acres, part of " May Day ". On June 12, 1740 Ledstone Smallwood, Gent., and Elizabeth, his wife, and William Smallwood, Gent., and Ledia, his wife, sold to Arthur Westman a lot in Charlestown.

Leadstone Smallwood married Elizabeth Garland, daughter of Randolph Garland of Charles County, whose will dated Aug. 27, 1722, prob. Sept. 27, 1722, mentions daughter Elizabeth Smallwood and grandchildren Charity, Ann, Mary, Henrietta, Ledstone, and William Smallwood. Ledstone Smallwood and wife Elizabeth had at least two other children not named in this will, apparently being born later than the date of the will. One was John Smallwood who will be mentioned in his father's will of 1755, and the other was James Smallwood, called the son of Ledstone in June, 1749 (*La Plata,* Lib. 42, fol 340) and in Aug. 1749 (*Ibid.* fol. 410). He is not found elsewhere. He was probably born after 1722 and died before 1755. Leadstone Smallwood made will Jan. 20, 1755, prob. Feb. 22, 1755. To son Leadstone Smallwood he left "May Day", 200 acres, and a portion of "Addition to May Day". To son John Smallwood he left "Welcome". He also made bequests to daughter Susannah Smallwood, son William Smallwood, daughters Charity Mitchell, Mary Godfrey, Henrietta Newland, and Elizabeth Smallwood, and to granddaughter Elizabeth Noland. The children of Leadstone Smallwood and his wife were as follows:

31. i. William Smallwood.
32. ii. Leadstone Smallwood.
33. iii. John Smallwood.
iv. Charity Smallwood, md —— Mitchell.
v. Mary Smallwood, md —— Godfrey.
vi. Susannah Smallwood.
34. vii. Henrietta Smallwood, md —— Noland.
viii. Elizabeth Smallwood.
ix. James Smallwood.

11. Sarah Smallwood (daughter of Col. James) is mentioned in her brother John's will, 1693, as is also the man whom she married later, Henry More. It does not appear why the latter was mentioned by John Smallwood. If he was Sarah's betrothed, we shall have to place her birth elsewhere than among the youngest children of her father. Henry Moore of Prince George County and Sarah, his wife, on Nov. 30, 1732 (?)

sold to Thomas Smallwood, Sr, Gent., of Charles County "Wheeler's Choice", 200 acres. Deed was signed by Henry Moore, his mark, and Sarah More (*Marlboro,* Lib. T, fol. 50). Henry Moor (sic) of Prince George County made will Mch. 17, 1732/3, prob. Feb. 17, 1735/6. He mentions wife Sarah; also the following children:

i. Sarah.
ii. Esther.
iii. Charity.
iv. Ann Davis.
35. v. Benedictor.
vi. Elizabeth.
vii. William (Moore).
viii. Henry (Moore) (under 18).

12. Esther Smallwood (daughter of John Smallwood who died 1694) married Benjamin Adams. On June 9, 1742 Benjamin Adams of Charles County and Hester, his wife, sold to James Smallwood, planter, their right to "Pork Hall", 110 acres (*La Plata,* Lib. O No. 2, fol. 479). Pryor Smallwood, brother of James, had received "Poor Call" (Pork Hall) by the terms of his father Thomas's will, 1734. Pryor had died only a few months before this deed. Evidently James is trying to secure all right to this land, which he maintained until he was dispossessed in 1762. Hester Adams, widow, in January, 1763 sold to William Smallwood 100 acres, called "May ——" (*La Plata,* Lib. L No. 3, fol. 220). (William Smallwood sold "May Day" a few days later, Feb. 4, 1763, to James Craik, physician. The preceding transaction apparently was to enable him to furnish a good title). These properties had been for many years in the Smallwood family and there is no other way to account for Hester Adams's interest in them than to make her the daughter of John Smallwood. Benjamin Adams, Sr, made will July 14, 1756, prob. Nov. 13, 1758 in Charles County. He makes bequests to wife Easter and names the following children:

i. James Adams.
ii. Leonard Adams.

iii. Ann Adams, wife of Thomas Wheeler.
iv. Verlinda Adams, wife of Charles Brooke.
v. Thomas Adams.

13. Ann Smallwood (daughter of James who died 1723) married William Coghill. He made will Apr. 24, 1729, prob. June 4, 1729 in Prince George County. He mentions wife Ann and children Smallwood, Mary and Lidia. In event of wife Ann's death, the children are to be placed under the care of Mrs. Mary Smallwood. Wife Ann was named extx. Her bond was signed June 25, 1729 by John Smallwood, William Smallwood, and Henry Acton. Anne Cogghill of Charles County made will Nov. 24, 1729, prob. Mch. 18, 1730. She mentions son Smallwood Coghill (under 16) and daughters Mary and Lidia (both under 16). Mother Mary Smallwood is appointed extx and in the event of her death, brother Matthew Smallwood. The will was witnessed by Henry Acton, Sr, and Henry Acton, Jr. Mary Smallwood's bond was signed by Thomas Smallwood, Gent., and Henry Acton, Sr., Gent. The children of William Coghill by his wife Anne Smallwood were as follows:

i. Smallwood Coghill.
ii. Mary Coghill.
iii. Lidia Coghill.

Smallwood Coghill was warden of Broad Creek Church in 1759. He made will July 23, 1759, prob. Aug. 27, 1759 in Prince George County. He made bequests to wife Keziah Coghill, extx and to cousin Isaac Smallwood Middleton. No children named. The manner of Isaac Smallwood Middleton's relationship to the testator has not been determined. Smallwood Coghill's inventory was signed by Mary Middleton and John Smallwood, Jr, next of kin.

14. John Smallwood (son of James who died in 1723) was born about 1705. He deposed in 1745 that he was 40 years old or thereabouts (*La Plata,* Lib. 40, fol. 465). He was undoubtedly the oldest son of his father since the latter's will

enjoins his sons to make no arrangements without consent of their brother John, and he is authorized to continue the suit against the Dents in which the testator was then involved. The Charles County Debt Books show John Smallwood in possession of 100 acres of "Friendship" in 1753. We have already seen that "Friendship" and "Hopewell" overlay each other. Probably James Smallwood's suit with the Dents arose from conflicting claims resulting from this complication. The matter seems to have been adjusted after his death by two deeds, one dated Mch. 17, 1724, in which John Cofer, Jr, of Charles County, son and heir of Elizabeth Cofer, and one of the co-heirs of Hugh Thomas, late of Charles County, sold to Mary Smallwood. widow and extx of James Smallwood, for use of Mary Smallwood and the devisees of James Smallwood, all of Cofer's right claimed by him in "Friendship", 100 acres (*La Plata,* Lib. L, No. 2, fol. 217); the other dated Aug. 18, 1725, in which William Hoskins, Gent., of Charles County, sold to Mary Smallwood, widow and extx of James Smallwood for use of Mary Smallwood and the devisees of James Smallwood, "Friendship", 333 acres, lying on south side of Mattawoman fresh, joining land called "Hopewell", which the said James Smallwood bought of William Dent (*La Plata,* Lib. L No. 2, fol. 231). On Mch. 27, 1742 Mary Smallwood made deed to John Smallwood, William Smallwood, Matthew Smallwood and James Smallwood of land called "Friendship". This deed does not seem to appear in the Charles County records but is referred to in a deed made Oct. 29, 1793 by John Smallwood to Nicholas Blacklock of a part of "Friendship" (*La Plata,* Lib. No. 4, fol. 244). The Debt Books of Charles County, 1753, show 433 acres of "Friendship" in the possession of the above named Smallwoods. John Smallwood's wife is not known. He made will Mch. 28, 1768, prob. Nov. 3, 1770. To son John Smallwood he left part of "Friendship", also "Smallwood's Meadows"; to son Luke Smallwood he left part of "Friendship"; he makes bequests also to son James

Smallwood, son George Smallwood, daughter Sarah, wife of Seth Johnson; to grandson Kensey Johnson "if ever said Kensey should return to Maryland", to grandson Randolph Marlow, son of daughter Charity, late wife to Richard Marlow (in the settlement Randolph appears as Rudolph). Sons John and Luke Smallwood are named exors. That James Smallwood was the oldest son of John is shown by a note appended to the probate stating that James Smallwood, Jr, the heir at law, consents to the probate of the will. John Smallwood had the following children:

36. i. James Smallwood.
37. ii. John Smallwood.
38. iii. Luke Smallwood.
39. iv. George Smallwood.
40. v. Sarah Smallwood, md Seth Johnson.
41. vi. Charity Smallwood, md Richard Marlow.

15. William Smallwood (son of James who died in 1723) was born about 1710. On Aug. 14, 1733 William Smallwood and James Smallwood of Charles County sold to John Holly of Prince George County, 2 acres of "Friendship". Mary, wife of William Smallwood, gives consent. No wife comes for James. On Aug. 5, 1747 William Smallwood surveyed and patented "Smallwood's Meadows", 85 acres. In 1753 he owned this tract, also "Friendship", 100 acres, and "Hopewell," 26 acres. On Dec. 13, 1755 he hold to James Edelen part of "Friendship", 39 acres, also "Smallwoods Meadows", 32 acres, and part of "Hopewell", 17 acres, a total of 98 acres. This total does not agree with the sum of the various parts. William Smallwood on the same day, Dec. 13, 1755, sold to John Smallwood, Gent., part of "Friendship", 66 acres, also part of "Smallwoods Meadows", 42 acres. It is impossible to make the acreage in these deeds agree with his holdings of 1753. Wife Mary consents to both deeds (*La Plata,* Lib. A No. 3, part 2, fol. 421). After this date William Smallwood is not found in the land records. He lingers on in the court records for some years. No will or

account has been found for him. It is a curious fact that about this time and later there were four and probably five William Smallwoods living in Charles County all old enough to own land but not one has left a will nor has any administration account been found for any except for General William Smallwood in 1792. Many of our genealogical difficulties would disappear if they had left wills. The account of Bayne Smallwood, Oct. 13, 1768, shows amounts due the estate from William Smallwood, Sr, and from John Smallwood, son of William Smallwood, Sr. This William with the title Sr is almost certainly the son of James who died in 1723. If so, we have the name of one of his sons. We can certainly ascribe to him another son, named James, who in a record of a suit brought against him by John Jordan in Nov., 1755 is designated as James Smallwood, son of William (*La Plata,* Lib. E No. 3, fol. 365). We may assign to William Smallwood two sons, namely,

i. John Smallwood (with some slight reservation).
42. ii. James Smallwood.

16. Matthew Smallwood (son of James who died in 1723) married Mary Marbury, daughter of Francis Marbury, of Prince George County who made will Jan. 11, 1734/5, prob. Jan. 22, 1734/5. To daughter Mary Marbury he left land called " School House ". The account of his estate, May 22, 1738, shows amount paid to Matthew Smallwood in right of his wife, daughter of the dec'd. On Feb. 19, 1739 Matthew Smallwood of Charles County and Mary, his wife, sold to Smallwood Coghill of Prince George County land called " School House " (*Marlboro,* Lib. Y, fol. 127). On May 6, 1740 Matthew Smallwood of Prince George County (error for Charles County or perhaps he did live in Prince George County for a short time) and Mary, his wife, sold to Catharine Playfair of Prince George County land called " Marbury's School House ", 66 acres, on south side of main branch of the Piscataway " bequeathed by Francis Marbury to Mary, wife of Matthew Smallwood "; also land called " Long Court ". On

Jan. 9, 1742 Matthew Smallwood signed inventory of Pryor Smallwood as creditor. In 1753 he owned 133 acres of "Friendship". Matthew Smallwood made will in Charles County Nov. 5, 1760, prob. Jan. 4, 1764. No wife is mentioned. To son Beane Smallwood he left "Friendship". Other children mentioned are Francis Green Smallwood, Martha Smallwood, Benjamin Smallwood, Philip Smallwood, James Smallwood, and Priscilla Smallwood. Son Beane, daughter Priscilla, and Joshua Harris were named as exors. The census of St. John and St. George Parish, Charles County, 1776, gives the age of Philip Smallwood as 32, of Francis Smallwood as 23, of Benjamin Smallwood as 17 (apparently Matthew Smallwood's wife died in 1759 or 1760), of Precilla Smallwood as 30, and of Martha Smallwood as 20. Matthew Smallwood and wife Mary had the following children:

i. Beane Smallwood (sold "Friendship," 100 acres, Aug. 14, 1771, to Philip Thomas, wife Mary consenting).
ii. Philip Smallwood, born about 1744.
iii. Priscilla Smallwood, born about 1746.
iv. Francis Green Smallwood, born about 1753.
v. Martha Smallwood, born about 1756.
vi. Benjamin Smallwood, born about 1759.
vii. James Smallwood.

17. James Smallwood (son of James who died in 1723) was called Jr to distinguish him from James, son of Thomas. In 1753 he owned 'Friendship", 100 acres. He married Susannah Marbury, sister of Mary who married his brother Matthew. This marriage occurred between Jan 11, 1734/5 (date of Francis Marbury's will) and May 22, 1738 on which date Marbury's account shows payment of legacy to James Smallwood in right of his wife. James Smallwood, Jr, made will Nov. 27, 1766, prob. Jan. 17, 1767. He appoints wife Susannah as extx., who is to receive "Friendship", which at her death is to be equally divided between sons Walter Bayne Smallwood and Francis Heard Smallwood. He also mentions children Henry Smallwood, James Bidon Smallwood, William Marbury Smallwood, Samuel Smallwood, Susannah Smallwood,

and Frances Ann Smallwood; also grandchildren Lucretia Wilson and James Smallwood Wilson (their mother not mentioned, apparently dec'd). Susannah Smallwood (widow of James) appears in the 1790 census. On Sept. 15, 1790 she sold a negro to Hezekiah Berry. On Jan. 11, 1800 she sold a negro girl to her daughter Chloe Turtur (?), wife of George. But in her will, 1796, she has daughter Chloe, wife of William Richards. Susannah Smallwood made will Sept. 24, 1796, prob. Feb. 1, 1803. She mentions son Walter Bayne Smallwood who is to receive "Hopewell", daughters Lucy Acton, Sally Nelson, Chloe Richards, Susannah Berry, granddaughters Sally Berry and Nelly Berry; the three daughters of my son Luke Smallwood, namely, Susannah Marbury, Ann and Teresa Smallwood; son William M. Smallwood. Hezekiah Berry is to keep mulatto girl Letty until testator's granddaughters Sally and Nelly are of age. Son William M. Smallwood and son-in-law William Richards are named as exors. It is strange that there are four children named in Susannah's will, 1796, not named in James's will, 1766. From these two wills we obtain the following as the children of James Smallwood by his wife Susanna Marbury:

43. i. daughter, md —— Wilson.
44. ii. Henry Smallwood.
45. iii. Walter Bayne Smallwood.
46. iv. James Bidon Smallwood.
47. v. William Marbury Smallwood.
48. vi. Samuel Smallwood.
49. vi. Susannah Smallwood.
50. viii. Luke Smallwood.
ix. Frances Ann Smallwood.
x. Lucy Smallwood, md —— Acton.
xi. Sarah Smallwood, md William Nelson, Apr. 13, 1779.
xii. Chloe Smallwood, md William Richards, Jan. 24, 1790 (probably later md George Turtur (?).
xiii. Francis Heard Smallwood, bapt. May 25, 1766.

31. Lydia Smallwood (daughter of James who died 1723). See under William Smallwood, son of Ledstone.

18. William Smallwood Taylor (son of Mary Smallwood by

her second husband, ——— Taylor) married Mary Sanders, daughter of John Sanders of Charles County. In 1753 he owned 100 acres of Christian Temple Manor. His inventory was signed June 15, 1765 by Barton Brawner and Ann Taylor, kin. His final account by John Maddox, admr, is dated Oct. 30, 1767. No mention is made of wife but the children of the dec'd are given as follows:

i. Elizabeth Taylor, of age in 1767.
ii. Mary Taylor, of age in 1767.
iii. Ann Taylor, of age in 1767.
iv. William Taylor, born Oct., 1747.
v. Robert Taylor.
vi. Sarah Taylor.

19. James Smallwood (son of Thomas who died in 1734) was called Sr. to distinguish him from James, the son of James, sometimes called Piney James because he lived on Piney Creek. In June, 1745 he deposed that he was 48 years old or thereabouts and that about 23 or 24 years ago he had seen William Hoskins make notches on a certain tree (*La Plata,* Lib. 40 (or Y No. 2), fol. 336). In Nov. 1745 James Smallwood deposed that he was 45 years or thereabouts and refers to what he had seen William Hoskins do about 25 years ago (*La Plata,* Lib. 40 (or Y No. 2), fol. 464). In spite of the difference in the ages given, the circumstances are such as to indicate that the depositions belong to the same man and that he, James, son of Thomas, was born about 1697-1700. According to all indications, James, son of James, was born at least ten years later. James Smallwood, son of Thomas, received from his father's will, 1734-35, a part of "Poor Call" (Pork Hall) and is to receive all of it in case his brother Pryor dies without heirs. In 1753 James Smallwood claims all of "Porkhall", 110 acres; also "Batchellors Delight", 117½ acres, which had also been left to Pryor; also "Stewart's Oversight", 45 acres (warrant and patent for same issued to James Smallwood, Nov. 26, 1729 and Nov. 4, 1737); also "Smallwood's Addition", 100 acres (surveyed Nov. 16, 1723 for Thomas Smallwood and patented by his son James, Sept. 7, 1744); and "Smallwood's Gore",

46 acres (a grant by renewment to James Smallwood, May 25, 1730). On Mch. 4, 1768 James Smallwood and wife Ann sold to son-in-law Richard Tubman part of " Stewart's Oversight "; on the same day they sold part of the same tract to James Smallwood, Jr; likewise on same day they sold to Henry Acton, Jr, of Prince County land called " Smallwood's Grubb ", which must have been a new name for part of " Stewart's Oversight " for Henry Acton, Jr, is listed in 1769 as possessor of 103½ acres of " Stewart's Oversight ". James Smallwood, Sr, made will May 1, 1775, prob. July 17, 1775. He mentions wife Ann, grandsons Francis Acton, Been Smallwood, George Magruder Tubman, John Smallwood, son of James; and his four children:

51. i. Thomas Smallwood.
52. ii. James Smallwood.
53. iii. Easter Smallwood (born about 1731), md Henry Acton.
iv. Ann Smallwood, md Richard Tubman.

20. Thomas Smallwood (son of Thomas who died 1734) received by his father's will " Moore's Rest ", 200 acres, which he owned till his death. On Aug. 13, 1764 he bought " Atcherson's Woodyard " (identical with " Atchison's Hazard "). Pryor Smallwood, son of the above Thomas, on Apr. 11, 1785 bought William Atcherson's right in this land in order to confirm title (*La Plata,* Lib. Z No. 3, fol. 137). On July 17, 1749 Thomas Smallwood and John Cawood, Jr, planters, were sureties for John Cawood, admr of Mary Cawood. On Aug. 4, 1750 Thomas Smallwood and John Atchison were sureties for John Cawood, exor *de bonis non* of Stephen Cawood. In Mch., 1739 Thomas Smallwood and Henry Moore of Prince George County, signed an agreement to pay to Elizabeth and Sarah Maggatee (McAtee) the portion due them from the estate of their father Edmd Maggatee (*Marlboro,* Lib. X, fol. 274). Thomas Smallwood received bequest by Samuel Williams's will, Prince George County, Dec. 20, 1737 (no relationship shown). In a suit brought by Stephen Cawood, Jr, against Samuel Williams, Nov. 14, 1728, the defendant losing, Thomas Small-

wood becomes his "main person" (bail?). Thomas Smallwood made will July 16, 1778, prob. Aug. 23, 1778. Wife Mary and son Bayne are appointed exors. The children of Thomas Smallwood and wife Mary (named in the will) are as follows:

54. i. Thomas Smallwood.
55. ii. Bayne Smallwood.
iii. Prior Smallwood.
56. iv. Hezekiah Smallwood.
57. v. Benjamin Smallwood.
vi. Eleanor Smallwood, md —— Brawner.
vii. Mary Smallwood, md John Ward.
viii. Ann Smallwood, md William Jackson.

21. Pryor Smallwood (son of Thomas who died in 1734) received by the terms of his father's will part of "Poor Call" (Pork Hall) and "Batchellors Delight", but if he should die without heirs these tracts were to pass to his brother James. We find James possessing these lands in 1753, hence we might infer that Pryor died childless. Pryor Smallwood's inventory is dated Jan. 9, 1741/2. It appears on record again, Feb. 17, 1741/2, signed by Walter Bayne and Winifred, his wife, admx of Pryor. Pryor Smallwood, therefore, married Winifred ———, died before Jan. 9, 1742, and his widow soon after married Walter Bayne. But Pryor certainly left issue. In April, 1759, Sept., 1759, and later, Richard Harrison, and Elizabeth, his wife, and Sarah Smallwood brought suit in the Provincial Court against James Smallwood in regard to the possession of disputed land (*Annapolis* Judg. BT No. 5, fol. 193 and 496, D. D. No. 1, fol. 208). The outcome of the suit was agreement, and a deed in Charles County shows the manner of the agreement. On July 13, 1762 James Smallwood and wife Ann sold to Richard Harrison, Jr, and to Elizabeth, his wife, and to Sarah Smallwood part of "Batchellors Delight" and "Porkehall", 150 acres lying on the north side of Piney. These are the tracts left to Pryor Smallwood by his father Thomas in 1734. The will, the suit for eviction, and the deed can mean but one thing, namely, that James

Smallwood upon the death of his brother Pryor took possession of this land as his own. We have seen above that James filed a caveat against the probate of his father's will and in 1742 bought the right claimed in "Pork Hall" by Hester Adams. Pryor's children upon coming to maturity had entered a suit for ejectment. To Pryor Smallwood we may confidently assign two children:

58. i. Elizabeth Smallwood, md Richard Harrison, Jr.
ii. Sarah Smallwood (Sarah Smallwood, aged 38, was in Prince George County, 1776. Sarah Smallwood, buried in Piscataway Parish, Aug. 20, 1792. Both probably identical with this Sarah).

22. Elizabeth Smallwood (daughter of Thomas who died in 1734) married John Cawood. They had at least four children:

i. Benjamin Cawood (had son Smallwood Cawood and others).
ii. John Cawood.
iii. Stephen Cawood (born Aug. 6, 1724).
iv. Moses Cawood (had son Smallwood Cawood and others).

(The Cawoods will be treated *in extenso* in my forthcoming article on Cawoods).

23. Esther Smallwoodd (daughter of Thomas who died in 1734) married Richard Harrison. He made will in Charles County, Mch. 25, 1733/, prob. June 19, 1734. He names wife Ester extx; sons Richard, Thomas, Joseph; daughters Mary and Elizabeth (both minors). Ester Harrison died Aug. 19, 1776 (*Annapolis,* Judg. Lib. 88, fol. 122). She made will Dec. 21, 1771, prob. Nov. 26, 1776 in Charles County. She mentions daughters Mary Reeder and Elizabeth Elgin; grandchildren Virlinda Harrison, Thomas Smallwood Harrison, Joseph Harrison, Esther Harrison, Mary Harrison, Richard Harrison and Francis Harrison (without indicating parentage). She appoints sons-in-law Rich'd Robins Reeder and William Elgin as exors. To Richard Harrison and his wife Esther Smallwood Harrison may be assigned the following children:

58. i. Richard Harrison, md Elizabeth Smallwood.
ii. Thomas Harrison.
iii. Joseph Harrison.

iv. Mary Harrison, md Rich'd Robins Reeder.
v. Elizabeth Harrison, md William Elgin.
vi. Hezekiah Harrison, probably the oldest son, not mentioned either in his father's or his mother's will but mentioned in the will of his grandfather, Capt. Joseph Harrison, Dec. 24, 1726, prob. May 5, 1727, in which he bequeathes to him "Christian Milford", 150 acres. Richard Harrison, Jr., in his will made Dec. 11, 1771 (see below) mentions land heired from his brother, Hezekiah Harrison, dec'd. He probably died without issue.

24. Charity Smallwood (daughter of Thomas who died in 1734) married ——— Davy and had the following children named in Thomas Smallwood's will:

i. Ann Davy.
ii. Eleanor Davy.

25. Mary Smallwood (daughter of Thomas who died in 1734) married Humphrey Berry. She predeceased her father. Her two children are named in Thomas Smallwood's will:

35. i. Humphrey Berry, Jr.
ii. Thomas Berry, died without issue in 1779 or before.

26. John Smallwood (son of William who died in 1706 on Mch. 10, 1718/9 bought for 5 shillings of James Smallwood land called "Tatshall", 60 acres, and "Eltham", 75 acres. These land apparently represent his inheritance from his grandfather Col. James Smallwood, and were evidently the lands to which William Smallwood referred in his will of 1706 (*La Plata,* Lib. H No. 2, fol. 231). For some reason not known one Michael Ashford of Stafford County, Va. claimed right to "Tatshall" and on Apr. 14, 1726 he sold this right to John Smallwood for 600 lbs. of tobacco. (*La Plata,* Lib. L No. 2, fol. 264). John Smallwood married about 1720 to Mary Macknew, daughter of Jeremiah Macknew of Prince George County (*Annapolis, Admn Accts,* Lib. 15, fol. 59). John Smallwood made will Dec. 21, 1734, prob. Feb. 19, 1734/5. In this will he mentions wife Mary, extx, and children William and Ann Smallwood. His inventory, dated May —, 1735, was signed by William Smallwood and Ledstone Smallwood,

relations. Mary Smallwood's final account (with Ledstone Smallwood, Sr, and Thomas Cawood as sureties) was presented Mch. 4, 1740/1 and states that the heirs are a widow and six children (not named). Mary Smallwood from 1753 to 1762 was the possessor of "Eltham" and "Tatshall". In June, 1757, Mary Ann Lovely, daughter of William Lovely, aged 5 years on the 2nd day of last October, was placed under the guardianship of Mary Smallwood (*La Plata,* Lib. F No. 3, fol. 488). Mary Smallwood made will Apr. 28, 1757, prob. Dec. 8, 1762. She makes bequest to daughter Elizabeth Smallwood, who is to have keeping of granddaughter Mary Ann Lovely; to son William Smallwood; to daughters Ann Hopewell and Mary Ann Smallwood. If daughters Elizabeth and Mary Ann Smallwood should die, "then my other two daughters etc". From these records we make the children of John Smallwood by wife Mary as follows:

59 i. William Smallwood.
ii. Ann Smallwood, md —— Hopewell.
iii. Elizabeth Smallwood.
iv. Mary Ann Smallwood.
v. daughter, md William Lovely and had daughter Mary Ann Lovely, born Oct. 2, 1751.
vi. daughter living when Mary Smallwood made will but name not given.

27. Ann Smallwood (daughter of William who died in 1706) was born in 1700/1, married John Winn (Wynn) in St. John's Parish, Prince George County, Feb. 5, 1717. This John Wynn was born in 1680 and was the son of Dr. John Wynne of St. Mary's County (*Baldwin, Cal. Md. Wills,* Vol I, 136). John Winn was chosen vestryman of St. John's of Piscataway Parish, Apr. 2, 1711. John Wynn, Sr, died Mch. 21, 1752. His wife Ann Smallwood Wynn died Feb. 20, 1752, aged 51 years. Their children were as follows:

i. Mary Ann Winn, died Mch. 21, 1721/2 (?).
60. ii. John Winn, born Jan. 27, 1720/1.
iii. Annake Winn, born June 10, ——, died 172—.
iv. Eliza Winn, born Nov. 27, 1722.
61. v. Josiah Winn, born Feb. 1, 1726.
vi. William Winn, born Oct. 18, 1728.

(The above records are from the St. John's of Piscataway Parish records. The following names are added from John Wynn's will, dated Mch. 21, 1752, prob. in Prince George County, Apr. 11, 1752. Eliza and William are not mentioned in the will).

vii. Ann Wynn.
viii. Jemima Wynn.
ix. Jean Wynn.
x. Mary Wynn.
xi. Martha Wynn.
xii. Susannah Wynn.

28. Bayne Smallwood (son of Pryor who died in 1734) was born about 1711. He deposed Aug. 11, 1760 that he was 49 years old (*La Plata,* Lib K No. 3, fol. 3). He represented Charles County in the Maryland Assembly in 1742. He was a large landholder and was a party in many transfers. He is said to have married Priscilla Heabard of Virginia. I have been unable to find any contemporary record by which this may be proved but I have no doubt as to the accuracy of the tradition. The writer examined many deeds of this Bayne at La Plata but found no wife signing. Bayne Smallwood died intestate in 1768. He had the following children:

i. William Smallwood, born 1732, died Feb. 14, 1792. He was Major General in the Revolution and distinguished himself for gallantry. After the war he was elected to the American Congress and later became Governor of Maryland. He died unmarried. (See *Maryland Historical Magazine,* Vol. XIX, 304).
62. ii. Lucy Heabard Smallwood, md John Truman Stoddert.
iii. Elizabeth Smallwood, md James Leiper.
iv. Margaret Smallwood, md Walter Truman Stoddert.
v. Heabard Smallwood (See Tyler's Quarterly Magazine, Vol. VIII, page 119).
vi. Priscilla Smallwood, md John Courts.
63. vii. Eleanor Smallwood, md William Grayson.

29. William Smallwood (son of Prior who died in 1734) received by the terms of his father's will 200 acres of "Christian Temple Manor". In 1753 this tract is ascribed to his brother Bayne Smallwood. No record of its transfer from

William to Bayne has been found. During this period the name of William Smallwood appears very frequently in the Charles County records but not once can it be identified with this William. However, I believe that this William married and left heirs. Prior Smallwood and Bayne Smallwood, father and brother of this William, both had dealings with Stafford County. The Stafford records are very incomplete, but they do show that one William Smallwood of that county was exor in 1765 of William Travis (great-grandfather of Col. William Barrett Travis of Alamo fame). Furthermore, a Barrett Travis who came from this part of Virginia to Edgefield County, South Carolina, where he died in 1814, is said to have married Ann Smallwood, and among their sons was one named Prior Smallwood Travis. The name Smallwood also appears twice among their grandchildren. This William Smallwood of Stafford County is probably identical with William, son of Prior.

30. Hester Smallwood (daughter of Prior who died in 1734) married Jacob Smith. Her father in his will directs that his exor buy as speedily as possible a negro boy or girl and give to his daughter Hester. His account by Bayne Smallwood, June 4, 1736, shows payment of a negro girl to Jacob Smith, as a legacy.

31. William Smallwood (son of Ledstone who died in 1755) on June 17, 1736 received deed of gift ("May Day", 100 acres) from his father Ledstone Smallwood, wife Elizabeth consenting (*La Plata,* Lib. O No. 2, fol. 132). On June 12, 1740 Ledstone Smallwood, Gent., and Eliza, his wife, and William Smallwood, Gent., and Ledia, his wife, sold to Arthur Westman. On May 29, 1750 William Smallwood, son of Ledstone, sold to John Hanson land called "May Day", 100 acres (*La Plata,* Lib. Z No. 2, fol. 488). No wife signs. However, this land is recorded as belonging to William Smallwood in the Charles County Debt Books from 1753 to 1768. On Feb. 4, 1763 (a few days after buying from Hester Adams, widow, her

interest) William Smallwood, planter, sold to James Craik, physician, " May Day ", 100 acres (*La Plata,* Lib. L No. 3, fol. 279). This is the last certain reference to William Smallwood as living. He is mentioned as deceased in a deposition of Ledstone Smallwood, Nov. 19, 1782 (*La Plata,* Lib. Z No. 3, fol. 5). We are able to give William's wife and the names of two of his children from two deeds of gift. The first is dated Sept. 18, 1747 and records that Mary Smallwood makes deed of gift (negroes) to her granddaughter Anne Smallwood, daughter of William Smallwood, son of Ledstone Smallwood (*La Plata,* Lib. Z No. 2, fol. 181). The other deed, dated Sept. 18, 1750, records that Mary Smallwood, widow, makes deed of gift (negro) to her granddaughter Eleanor Smallwood, daughter of William Smallwood (*La Plata,* Lib. Z No. 2, fol. 425). In neither deed does she call William Smallwood *her* son. Mary Smallwood, widow, could not be Ledstone's wife, for Ledstone himself did not die until 1755, and his wife was Elizabeth (not Mary) at least down to Mch. 14, 1744. Mary Smallwood of these deeds must have been the widow of James Smallwood who died in 1723. This Mary had a daughter Lydia, and William, son of Ledstone, had wife Ledia in 1740. She probably died in 1747 or before as otherwise she would probably have been named in these deeds. No wife signs with William in the deeds of 1750 and 1763. William Smallwood married his cousin Lydia Smallwood, daughter of James, and they had the following children:

i. Anne Smallwood.
ii. Eleanor Smallwood.

32. Ledstone Smallwood (son of Ledstone who died in 1755) was born about 1720 and married Susannah Burch, born about 1711, daughter of Justinian Burch, according to deposition made Nov. 19, 1782 (*La Plata,* Lib. Z No. 3, fol. 5). On Jan. 3, 1771 Ledstone Smallwood and wife Susannah sold to William Rody Luckett " May Day ", 200 acres and "Addition to May Day ", 11 acres (*La Plata,* Lib. S No. 3, fol. 105). Ledstone Smallwood's inventory was presented Dec. 29, 1794,

signed by Mary Smallwood and Bayn Smallwood, kin. Sarah Smallwood was admx (*La Plata,* Inventories 1791-97, fol. 260). His wife Susannah Smallwood made will Oct. 27, 1805, prob. Jan. 7, 1806 (she must have been in her 96th year). She mentions daughter Mary Clements and son Ledstone Smallwood, exor. Ledstone Smallwood and wife Susannah had the following children:

64. i. Ledstone Smallwood.
. ii. Pryor Smallwood (mentioned as son of Ledstone in the 1790 census).
iii. Mary Smallwood, md —— Clements.
iv. Sarah Smallwood (?).

33. John Smallwood (son of Ledstone who died in 1755) on Mch. 14, 1759 sold to Roger Smith "Welcome", 200 acres. No wife signs. (*La Plata,* Lib. G No. 3, fol. 369).

34. Henrietta Smallwood (daughter of Ledstone who died in 1755) married ——— Noland and had.

i. Elizabeth Noland (mentioned in her grandfather's will).

35. Benedictor More (daughter of Henry and Sarah Smallwood More) married Humphrey Berry (son of Humphrey Berry, Sr, by his wife Mary Smallwood, daughter of Thomas). Humphrey Berry made will Oct. 12, 1794, prob. Oct. 20, 1794. He makes bequests to wife Benictor (sic) Berry; to sons Henry More Berry (exor), James Smallwood Berry, Benjamin Berry, and "my other six children". Benedictor Berry made will July 18, 1811, prob. Feb. 4, 1812. She mentions sons Henry M. Berry (exor), Pryor Berry, Samuel Berry, Benjamin Berry, and James S. Berry. To these names we may add that of Thomas Berry, who on Jan. 30, 1795 (described as son of Humphrey) joined with Ledstone Smallwood and Ann Smallwood in deed of negro to Thomas Smallwood (*La Plata,* Lib. N No. 4, fol. 340). (What relationship is disguised in this deed I can not make out). The children of Humphrey Berry and his wife Benedictor More (they are twice descended from the Smallwood family) are as follows:

i. Henry More Berry.
65. ii. James Smallwood Berry.
iii. Benjamin Berry.
66. iv. Pryor Berry.
v. Samuel Berry.
vi. Thomas Berry.
vii, viii and ix, Three others, names not learned.

36. James Smallwood (son of John who died in 1770) on Oct. 4, 1764 with Elizabeth, his wife, sold to Oliver Burch lands called "Burches Addition", 18 acres, "Bowlings Plains", 19 acres, also another part of "Bowling Plains", 40 acres, where the said James and Elizabeth Smallwood now live, including the spring now used by James Smallwood and family; James and Elizabeth for their heirs, and Elizabeth for her heirs, guarantee, etc. (*La Plata,* Lib. L No. 3, fol. 550). "Bowlings Plains" was willed by Oliver Burch to his son Benjamin Burch in 1727. Elizabeth, wife of James Smallwood, clearly had a right in this land not dependent upon her marriage with James Smallwood. It is practically a certainty that she was a Burch before marriage. On Mch. 29, 1771 James Smallwood, son of John, sold to Luke Smallwood, son of John, his interest in land bequeathed to Luke by their dec'd father, "Friendship", 100 acres. Elizabeth, wife of James, consents (*La Plata,* Lib. S No. 3, fol. 158). Likewise on May 18, 1771 James Smallwood, son of John, sold to John Smallwood, son of John, "Friendship" and "Smallwoods Meadows", wife Elizabeth consenting (*La Plata,* Lib. S No. 3, fol. 160). He appears in the Charles County census, 1775-78, as James Smallwood, son of John. He is probably identical with the James Smallwood, Sr, whose inventory was presented May 8, 1792 with Smallwood Thompson and John Berry, apprs, James Smallwood, relation, and Thomas Smallwood, Sr, as admr. On same day the inventory of Ann Smallwood was presented with the same persons signing as apprs, relation, and admr (*La Plata,* Inventories 1791-97, fol. 73-4). James, the son of James, was still living at this time, and the only other James who could be called Senior in his life time must

be James, son of John. The Ann Smallwood, so closely linked with his name by the above records, may be a second wife.

37. John Smallwood (son of John who died in 1770) on Mch. 11, 1775 sold "Friendship", 66 acres, and "Smallwoods Meadows", 42 acres, to Rich'd Willett, wife Ann consenting (*La Plata,* Lib. S No. 3, fol. 707). This Ann was the daughter of James Grant (*La Plata,* Lib. No. 6, fol. 305). Ann Smallwood, widow of John Smallwood, appears in the Charles County census, 1790. We have no record of John's death but it must have been before 1790. Ann Middleton Smallwood, daughter of John and Ann Smallwood, who was born June 25, 1755 (recorded in Piscataway Parish records, Prince George County) may have been their child but another John Smallwood with wife Ann was living in this parish at this time or only a little later.

38. Luke Smallwood (son of John who died in 1770) on Oct. 31, 1786 (described in deed as of Loudoun County, Virginia) sold to Benjamin Cawood land called "Friendship", 100 acres, and 4 acres to the west of said tract, lying in Charles County, Maryland. Luke Smallwood and Bane Smallwood appear among the tithables of Loudoun County, Virginia, in 1788 and later. Luke Smallwood and Bayn Smallwood sign a petition from Loudoun County, Oct. 6, 1792 (*Richmond, Department of Archives, Tithables and Petitions*). The estate of Luke Smallwood, dec'd, was appraised in Loudoun County, Feb. 10, 1794 (*Leesburg,* Estate Accts E, fol. 163). The relation of Bayn to Luke has not been ascertained.

39. George Smallwood (son of John who died in 1770) has unimportant mention in the Court Proceedings of Charles County in Aug. 1756 and Nov. 1757. He is undoubtedly identical with the George Smallwood who bought land of James Loyd in Frederick County, Virginia on Sept. 3, 1764 (*Winchester,* Lib. 9, fol. 371). In this county on Aug. 2, 1769 the court ordered Stephen Cawood (he was the son of John Cawood who married Elizabeth Smallwood) to pay 200 pounds

of tobacco to George Smallwood for his service as witness; and on Oct. 6, 1772 George Smallwood was a witness in the same county in the case of John Keywood (either father or brother of the above Stephen Cawood) vs Ulrick Spoar. George Smallwood lived in that part of Frederick County which was set off into Berkeley County. In this latter county he was one of the apprs of the estate of Rich'd Locke, Sept. 11, 1775, of Robert Tabb, May 21, 1776, and of John Goddart, Nov. 1777. In the same county on Mch. 18, 1797 George Smallwood bought land of George Hite and wife Deborah (which land had formerly belonged to Dr. John Briscoe and had been willed by him to his son Hezekiah Briscoe) (*Martinsburg,* Lib. 13, fol. 333). On May 18, 1801 George Smallwood bought land of John Potts and Elizabeth, his wife, and of William Hall and Miriam, his wife (*Martinsburgh,* Lib. 18, fol 195 and 198). Both deeds were delivered to Gabriel Smallwood (probably son of George).

40. Sarah Smallwood (daughter of John who died in 1770) married Seth Johnson and had son

i. Kensey Johnson.

41. Charity Smallwood (daughter of John who died in 1770) married Richard Marlow and had son.

i. Randolph Marlow (but called Rudolph in the account). She predeceased her father.

42. James Smallwood (son of William, son of James who died in 1723) and wife Jemima had son Hepburn Smallwood, born Mch. 1, 1760 in Rock Creek Parish, Prince George County. He is undoubtedly identical with the James Smallwood who in Frederick County, Virginia on Feb. 8, 1769 brought suit against Benjamin Berry (agreed out of court). James Smallwood and William Smallwood signed petition from Frederick County, Virginia in 1776. The census of this county for 1782 gives four Smallwoods as heads of families living in the same vicinity (that is, in the same list), namely, James Smallwood, William Smallwood, Hebbern (sic) Small-

wood, and the inevitable Bean Smallwood. The tax-lists of the same county for 1784 show a Mimey Smallwood with no tithable. This gives us a date before which James Smallwood must have died. The tax-lists of 1786 show Jeremiah Smallwood with no tithable (undoubtedly error for Jemimah). Other Smallwoods appearing in these lists prior to 1800 are Van, Elijah, and David Smallwood. Hepburn appears in numerous spellings (Hebron, Hebbern, Hebborn, etc.) (*Richmond,* Department of Archives, Tax-lists).

43. Daughter (of James Smallwood who died in 1767) married ——— Wilson and had

i. Lucretia Wilson.
ii. James Smallwood Wilson.

44. Henry Smallwood (son of James who died in 1767 married (1) ——— and had two children:

i. Samuel Smallwood, of full age in 1806.
ii. Anastasia Smallwood, of full age in 1806 and married to Cornelius Smith of Washington, D. C.

Henry Smallwood married (2) Verlinda, widow of Joshua Tench and daughter of James Smallwood whose will was probated Jan. 12, 1795, and they had.

iii. Colbert Smallwood, aged 5 in 1806.
iv. Mary Smallwood, aged 4 in 1806.

(*Annapolis,* Chancery Papers, Bundle 363; *La Plata,* Court Proc. Lib. Acct of Sales and Bonds, 1797-99, fol. 252; and will of James Smallwood, 1795).

45. Walter Bayne Smallwood (son of James who died in 1767) served in the Revolution from Prince George County in 1781, giving his age as 18 years. He married Elizabeth Noble, Apr. 30, 1796.

46. James Bidon Smallwood (son of James who died in 1767) married Jemima ———. His inventory is dated 1783. At a court held in Feb., 1788, Smallwood Thompson brought

suit against Elisha Robertson, and Jemima, his wife, admx of James B. Smallwood, demanding that they show why they should not furnish counter security.

47. William Marbury Smallwood (son of James who died in 1767) married Grace Harmon, widow of John Harmon in 1772 or before. He made will Mch. 19, 1806, prob. Aug. 26, 1809, in which he mentions the following children:

i. Daniel Smallwood (born Apr. 23, 1773, married Mary ——).
ii. Ann Smallwood, md —— Robey.
iii. Elizabeth Smallwood, md ——— Adams.

and grandchildren Harriet Robey, Grace Robey, Walter Robey, Garrett Robey, and Leonard S. Robey. Tradition insists that William Marbury Smallwood also had children

iv. William Smallwood.
v. Leonard Smallwood.

48. Samuel Smallwood (son of James who died in 1767) married about 1771 to Martha Ann Berry, daughter of Humphrey Berry, Sr, by his second wife. (Martha Smallwood who married Robert Abercromby in Prince George County on Aug. 5, 1787, is probably the widow of Samuel). Samuel Smallwood's will, made ———, 1784, prob. ———, 1785, mentions wife Martha Ann and children:

67. i. Samuel Nicholas (or Nicholls) Smallwood.
ii. Letty (Letitia) Smallwood (testator mentions property left to her by her grandfather, Humphrey Berry).
iii. Rebecca Smallwood (md George Lovejoy, June 10, 1794, in Prince George County).
68. iv. Felder Smallwood.
v. Unborn child.

49. Susannah Smallwood (daughter of James who died in 1767) married Thomas Berry, Aug. 25, 1781, and they had at least two children:

i. Sarah (Sally) Berry.
ii. Nelly Berry.

50. Luke Smallwood (son of the James who died in 1767) had three children:

i. Susannah Smallwood, md —— Marbury.
ii. Ann Smallwood.
iii. Teresa Smallwood.

51. Thomas Smallwood (son of James who died 1775) on July 17, 1775 joined his mother Ann Smallwood, widow, in a deed of "Smallwoods Addition", 100 acres, to Josias Beall (*La Plata,* Lib. V No. 3, fol. 13). On Sept. 7, 1779 Thomas Smallwood sold to Humphrey Berry his right and interest in "Smallwoods Plains", which right Thomas bases upon the fact that he is the grandson and heir at law of Thomas Smallwood who bequeathed the land in 1734 to Humphrey Berry, at whose death it was to be equally divided between the latter's two sons, Humphrey and Thomas Berry (by his first wife Mary Smallwood) and since Thomas Berry had died without issue, Thomas Smallwood now claims a moiety in said land. This Thomas appears in the 1790 census as Capt. Thomas Smallwood, thus being distinguished from Thomas, son of Thomas. He was older than his cousin for he is called Sr in a deed of Nov. 11, 1793, in which he sold to Henry Green land called "Smallwood's Gore". On Mch. 22, 1796 he sold to Ledstone Smallwood "Pork Hall" and "Batchellors Delight". On May 14, 1792 Thomas Smallwood, son of James, sold a negro to son Richard Smallwood (*La Plata,* Lib. K No. 4, fol. 426). On Jan. 30, 1795 Ledstone Smallwood, Ann Smallwood, and Thomas Berry, son of Humphrey, sold back to Thomas Smallwood the negro which he had sold to his son Richard Smallwood during the life time of said Richard. (*La Plata*, Lib. N No 4. fol. 340). Apparently, Richard Smallwood, son of Thomas, died before 1795, and the three grantors in the last deed had acquired a claim to his slave by right of inheritance but on what relationship that right was based I am not yet prepared to say. We may certainly say that Thomas Smallwood had son

i. Richard Smallwood, born 1767 (?),

probably identical with the Richard Smallwood, aged 9 years in 1776, living in the home of Henry Acton, Prince George

County, who had married Thomas Smallwood's sister. We may infer that Thomas's wife (name not known) died in 1776 or before. He is probably identical with Thomas Smallwood, Charles County, inventory 1801, Ledstone Smallwood, exor.

52. James Smallwood (son of James who died in 1775) married Eleanor ———. He made will Dec. 19, 1794, prob. Jan. 12, 1795, in which he mentions wife Elenor and children:

69. i. John Smallwood.
ii. Henry Acton Smallwood.
iii. Calvert Acton Smallwood.
iv. James Smallwood.
v. Leney (or Linny) Smallwood, md —— Tench.
vi. Elenor Smallwood (md Walter Boswell, Oct. 14, 1779).
vii. Elizabeth Smallwood.
viii. Ann Smallwood, md —— Thompson.
ix. Sarah Smallwood, md —— Moore.
x. Mary Smallwood, md (Benjamin) Bean.
xi. Chloe Smallwood.

53. Easter (Hester) Smallwood (daughter of James who died in 1775) married Henry Acton about 1754. The names of their children are found in the Prince George Census of 1776 with ages by which we arrive at the approximate dates of their birth. They are as follows:

i. Henry Acton, Jr., born about 1755.
ii. Smallwood Acton, born about 1759, served in the Revolution.
iii. Nancy Smallwood Acton, bapt. Jan. 19, 1766.
iv. Ann Acton, born about 1767.
v. Elizabeth Acton, born about 1769.
vi. Mary Acton, born about 1772.
vii. Francis Acton, named in his grandfather's, James Smallwood's, will, 1775.

54. Thomas Smallwood (son of Thomas who died in 1778) before Mch. 4, 1777, married Ann Macatee, widow and admx of Thomas Macatee. On Apr. 5, 1787 Thomas Smallwood, son of Thomas, and wife Ann sold "Moore's Rest" to Hezekiah Smallwood.

55. Bayne Smallwood (son of Thomas who died in 1778)

was baptized in St. John's of Piscataway Parish, Mch. 1, 1752. On Dec. 3, 1782 he married Chloe McAtee. In deed made Aug. 7, 1787 by Bayne and Hezekiah Smallwood, Bayne's wife is given as Clotilda (probable the same as Chloe), and Hezekiah's wife as Catherine.

56. Hezekiah Smallwood (son of Thomas who died in 1778) married Catharine ——— and they had son

i. Bean Smallwood, born May 14, 1796.

57. Benjamin Smallwood (son of Thomas who died in 1778) married Lydia Hutchinson and they had the following children:

i. Chloe Smallwood, md Henry Russell, Nov. 10, 1782.
ii. Samuel Smallwood.
iii. Hezekiah Smallwood, moved to Hardin County, Kentucky, about 1800.
iv. William Smallwood, moved to Missouri.
v. Pryor Smallwood, moved to Kentucky.

58. Richard Harrison (son of Richard Harrison by his wife Esther Smallwood) married Elizabeth Smallwood (daughter of Pryor, son of Thomas). He made will Dec. 11, 1771, prob. Mch. 14, 1772. He mentions his mother Esther Harrison as still living, refers to land inherited from his dec'd brother Hezekiah Harrison, and names the following children (all minors):

i. Joseph Harrison.
ii. Virlinda Harrison.
iii. Thomas Harrison.
iv. Mary Harrison.
v. Richard Harrison.
vi. Francs Harrison.

59. William Smallwood (son of John who died in 1736) was born about 1721. The 1776 census of Prince George County gives William Smallwood, aged 54, living in St. John and St. George Parish as a neighbor of John Winn, John Winn, Jr, and John Berry. His wife Mary is 56 years old. There are also in the family another male aged 19 and two females aged 20 and 14, names not given. In Aug. 1780 William

Smallwood, Senr, son of John, aged 59 years or thereabouts, deposed in regard to the bounds of "Tatshall", "Eltham", and "Moore's Ditch" that about 40 years ago the deponent's mother Mary Smallwood, since dec'd, showed him the stump on which a rock is now fixed and engraved 1774, and the words "Mount Pleasant's beginning" (*La Plata,* Lib. Y No. 3, fol. 596). On Mch 13, 1759 William Smallwood, Jr, planter, (wife Mary Ann consenting) sold to Samuel Marshall land called "Tatshall", 60 acres (*La Plata,* Lib. G No. 3, fol. 309). On Mch. 24, 1759 Samuel Marshall sold to William Smallwood, Jr, land called "Griffins Seat", 112 acres (*Ibid.* fol. 312). On June 13, 1764 William Smallwood, Jr, (wife Mary Ann consenting) sold "Griffins Seat", 112 acres, to George Maxwell. On Oct. 24, 1778 Thomas Berry of Charles County in his will directs that William Smallwood, son of John, be allowed to have use of his upper plantation in Prince George County so long as he conducts himself properly as a tenant. The record of his death and the names of his children have not yet been learned but I feel confident that some of the unplaced Smallwoods belong to him.

60. John Wynn (Winn) (son of John Winn by his wife Ann Smallwood) was born Jan. 27, 1721/2. He married Sarah Robey, Aug. 24, 1738 (she was born about 1723, died May 22, 1777). In 1779 he had married Ann Smallwood (widow of John Smallwood, Jr, who died in 1765, and daughter of Ralph Marlow). By his wife Sarah he had the following children:

i. John Wynn, born July 23, 1739, md Mary ——.
ii. Elizabeth Wynn, born May 30, 1741.
iii. Hezekiah Wynn, born Sept. 12, 1742.
iv. Sarah Ann Wynn, born Dec. 9, 1744.
v. Violender Wynn, born Sept. 13, 1746, died Oct. 12, 1748.
vi. Easter Wynn, born Apr. 15, 1748, died Apr. 8, 1753.
vii. Anaka Wynn, born Jan. 24, 1750.
viii. Hannah Wynn.
ix. Easter Verlinda Wynn, born Aug. 10, 1755.
x. William Smallwood Wynn, born Aug. 9, 1757 (?), served in the Revolution; married Milicent Smallwood in Prince George County, May 20, 1778, her parentage not known.

xi. Hezekiah Wynn, born Oct. 22, 1759, married Rebecca M. Smallwood, Jan. 12, 1779, in Prince George County, her parentage not known.
xii. Ann Wynn, born Apr. 22, 1761, married Robert Ogden, Oct. 17, 1778.
xiii. Lucy Ann Wynn, born Sept. 26, 1762, married George Alder, Oct. 31, 1778.
xiv. Priscilla Ann Wynn, born Apr. 16, 1764.
xv. Eleanor Ann Wynn, born Nov. 13, 1767.

(The births in the above records taken from Piscataway Parish records.)

61. Josiah Wynn (son of John Wynn by his wife Ann Smallwood) was born Feb. 1, 1726, married Ann Downing in 1750 or before. His will is dated Sept. 30, 1763, prob. Dec. 21, 1763, Prince George County. He mentions wife and all my children (not by name), and in particular two sons:

i. William Wynn.
ii. Josiah Wynn, born Mch. 27, 1762.

He also had daughters:

iii. Elizabeth Bread Wynn, bapt. Apr. 28, 1751.
iv. Ann Wynn, born Apr. 30, 1755.

62. Lucy Heabard Smallwood (daughter of Bayne who died in 1768) married John Truman Stoddert. She made will in Charles County Nov. 2, 1767, prob. Oct. 27, 1768, in which she names her father Bayne Smallwood, brother William Smallwood, sisters Elizabeth Leiper, Margaret Stoddert, Eleanor Smallwood, and Priscilla Smallwood, and one son

i. William Truman Stoddert.

63. Eleanor Smallwood (daughter of Bayne who died in 1768) married Col. William Grayson. He served under Washington in the Revolution and was one of the first two U. S. Senators from Virginia. He died in 1790. By his wife Eleanor Smallwood he had the following children:

i. William Grayson.
ii. George W. Grayson.
iii. Robert Hanson Harrison Grayson.
iv. Heabard S. Grayson.
v. Alfred Grayson.

(The Carter Henry Harrisons of Chicago, father and son, mayors, descend from this Grayson-Smallwood marriage. For other descendants of Col. Wm. Grayson see Tyler's Quarterly Magazine, Vol. VIII, page 119.)

64. Leadstone Smallwood (son of Leadstone by his wife Susannah Burch) made deed of gift Aug. 22, 1816 to son

i. Richard Leadstone Smallwood.

Leadstone Smallwood made will Apr. 23, 1832, prob. May 1, 1832, in which he mentions wife Jane only.

65. James Smallwood Berry (son of Humphrey Berry who died in 1794) married Elizabeth Heard and had son

i. Judson Heard Berry, born Nov. 25, 1786.

66. Pryor Berry (son of Humphrey Berry who died in 1794) made will Apr. 28, 1820, prob. July 21, 1820, in which he mentions wife (not by name) and the following children:

i. Permelia Marlow.
ii. John Berry.
iii. Mary E. Gates.
iv. Meaky A. Giddens.
v. Nathaniel Berry.
vi. Thomas Humphrey Berry.
vii. Thomas Smallwood Berry.

67. Samuel Nicholls Smallwood (son of Samuel who died in 1785) was born in 1772, married Ruth Beall, Mch. 5, 1801. He was at one time mayor of Washington. He had son

i. William Augustin Smallwood, born Dec. 13, 1804, trained first as lawyer and next as Episcopal clergyman. He was once elected Bishop of Indiana but declined.

68. Felder Herd Smallwood (son of Samuel who died in 1785) gave his age as 16 when he apprenticed himself to Jonathan Jackson, carpenter, of Montgomery County, Mch. 17, 1799 (therefore, born about 1783). He made will in Charles County, Mch. 9, 1813, prob. Aug. 13, 1816, in which he mentions wife Christeny, at whose death certain property is to be

divided equally between Elizabeth Innocent Berry (relationship not given) and son

i. Enoch Washington Smallwood.

69. John Smallwood (son of James who died in 1794-5) died before Mch. 9, 1796 on which date his inventory was presented, signed by Benj. Bean and Henry A. Smallwood, kin, with Elizabeth Smallwood, admx.

I give next records of Smallwoods of Charles and Prince George Counties who certainly belong to the line of Col. James Smallwood though their exact place is not yet known.

John Smallwood, Jr, of Prince George County sold a negro to John Wynn, Nov. 26, 1763. His inventory was presented in Prince George May 17, 1765 with John Marlow as admr, and James Smallwood, Jr, and John Smallwood as kin, and John Wynn as creditor. His wife was Ann Marlow, daughter of Ralph Marlow, whose will, June 30, 1770, mentions daughter Ann Smallwood. It was certainly this Ann Smallwood, widow, who in about 1779 married John Wynn. I suggest that John Smallwood, Jr, was the son of James who died in 1775. Ann Smallwood, aged 41, appears in the Prince George County census in 1776 with two females, aged 17 and 7. The Piscataway Parish records show that Ann Middleton Smallwood, daughter of John and Ann Smallwood, was born June 25, 1755. She may have been the daughter of the John Smallwood, Jr, who died in 1765, but there was another John living at this time with wife Ann who may have been her father.

The inventory of one Prior Smallwood was presented in Charles County, Dec. 1797 and Mch. 1798 with Casana (or Caesaria ?) Smallwood as admx and Samuel Smallwood and Susannah Smallwood, kin. Her bond was signed by Bayne Smallwood and Bayne Smallwood, son of John, as sureties. The size of her bond, 5000 pounds current money, would indicate that Prior was a man of some importance. I have no suggestion either in regard to Prior or to the two Baynes.

Basil Smallwood married Mary Gareff (?) in Piscataway

Parish, May 13, 1787. He appears in the 1790 census of Charles County. In Piscataway Parish, Mary Ann, daughter of Basil Smallwood and *Susanna,* his wife, was born Jan. 16, 1792.

Bean Smallwood appears in the 1790 census of Charles County, called " son of Pryor " (so as to distinguish him from Bean, son of Thomas). There were two Pryors at this time, one, the son of Thomas, and the other, the son of Ledstone. This Bean of 1790 is almost certainly identical with Bayne Smallwood of Charles County who made will Sept. 22, 1807, prob. Oct. 6, 1807. Ledstone Smallwood was one of the witnesses. The testator mentions no wife or children, but names sisters Priscilla Smallwood, Ann Haislep, Sarah Hamilton, Elizabeth Tydings, brothers Benjamin Smallwood and John Smallwood. These appear to be the names (along with Bayne) of the children of some Pryor Smallwood, but which Pryor I am not prepared to say.

John Smallwood married Cloe Wilson in Prince George County, Dec. 16, 1787. He bought " Refuse " in Prince George County of William Alexander Wilson on Aug. 28, 1804; also part of " Refuse " of Nathaniel Wilson, Apr. 4, 1809. He made will July 23, 1811, prob. June 4, 1812 in Prince George County. He mentions wife Chloe and children Aquilla Wilson Smallwood (eldest son), Nathaniel Gusta Smallwood (second son), Jerusha Ann Smallwood, Elizabeth Burch Smallwood, Henrietta Maria Smallwood, Lucy Harriet Smallwood, Chloe Ann Smallwood, and John Randolph Smallwood. We have already seen that James Smallwood (son of John who died in 1770) almost certainly married Elizabeth Burch. This John is most probably their son. I also regard him as identical with the John Smallwood of Prince George County (there was only one John Smallwood in this county in 1790) who sold 9 acres of " Friendship ", lying in Charles County, to Nicholas Blacklock on Oct. 29, 1793, according to the lines laid down in the deed of Mary Smallwood, Mch. 27, 1742 (which deed appears not to be on record). No wife signs with John, though he had wife Chloe at this time if he is identical with the John named above (*La Plata,* Lib. M No. 4, fol. 244). This deed has a close connection with the following record:

On Nov. 12, 1793, at the request of Nicholas Blacklock the following assignment of Benjamin Cawood was recorded:

"Whereas I am largely indebted to Nicholas Blacklock (my Cawood genealogy will show that he was Blacklock's father-in-law)—and whereas I have made considerable building and improvements on land the fee simple of which is in a certain John Smallwood, supposing the said land to be my own right in fee—and whereas I may be entitled to a compensation for the said buildings, etc—therefore, I, Benjamin Cawood, sell to Nicholas Blacklock my title in land held by John Smallwood" (*La Plata,* Lib. N No. 4, fol. 171). Benjamin Cawood bought "Friendship," 100 acres, and 4 acres west of said tract, of Luke Smallwood in 1786. Shortly after that time he had some resurveys made by which undoubtedly a longstanding error was discovered. We have already seen that John Smallwood who died in 1770 left "Friendship" to his sons John and Luke. The records show plainly that his son James was the oldest son and the natural heir at law. Benjamin Cawood's resurvey evidently disclosed that John Smallwood possessed 9 acres more than he was aware of and which he did not will away. His son James became the rightful owner of this land and from him (for this James died in 1792) the title would pass to his eldest son, namely, John Smallwood of this deed.

There are two other records which seem to have some connection with this deed of John Smallwood and with Benjamin Cawood's assignment. On Oct. 31, 1793, Ann Smallwood sold to Catharin Smallwood, Emily Smallwood, and Smallwood Cawood one negro and sundry personals for 45 pounds, 7 shillings, and four pence. On same date Smallwood Cawood, Emally Smallwood, Catharine Smallwood, and Ann Smallwood, all of Charles County, sold for same amount two negroes to Stephen Cawood (*La Plata,* Lib. N. No. 4, fol. 172-3). The Smallwood Cawood and Stephen Cawood of this record were half-brothers of Benjamin Cawood of the preceding record. Smallwood Cawood had married Elizabeth Smallwood in Prince George County, June 18, 1787. Elizabeth, Catharine, and Emily Smallwood seem to have been sisters, perhaps also Ann Smallwood, but their relationship with John Smallwood who sold to Nicholas Blacklock on almost the same day, and their parentage have not been as yet determined. The Catharine Smallwood of this record may be the one who married John Rowling in Prince George County, June 10, 1794.

Another John Smallwood died in Charles County about 1788. His inventory, 1788, is signed by Bayne Smallwood, kin, and Ledstone Smallwood and Mary Smallwood, admrs.

Vermillion, South Dakota, September 25, 1926.

COLONIAL RECORDS OF TALBOT COUNTY.

Contributed by Louis Dow Scisco.

The Talbot County records occupy fireproof vaults in the court house at Easton. The building, originally erected in 1784, was modernized in 1898 by reconstruction of the interior.

The county was created in 1662. The land records of the colonial period seem to be practically complete. The court minutes are mostly missing. At times the clerks recorded court minutes in volumes that were used also for conveyances, and where this was done the court registers have been preserved. Elsewhere they are lacking. No loose papers or books of miscellaneous records seem to have survived.

The existing record books are marked numerically from the earliest to the present, and bear also indicative letters, but have no back-title dating. From 1662 to 1672 the clerks probably used small record books containing intermingled court minutes and conveyances, as was done in other early counties. These first books are non-existent. About 1672 the clerks began to segregate conveyances, and it was about this time that the books began to be marked in alphabetical series. The clerk Thomas Lawrence, son of the colonial secretary Sir Thomas Lawrence, seems to have been originator of the use of clerks' initials as book markings. This was about 1696. This custom has been continuous. The numbering of the books seems to have been done about 1835.

Liber No. 1 contains land conveyances recorded from the court session of October 25, 1662, to that of September 21, 1675. It has 376 pages. Pages 1-247, which cover entries of October, 1662, to September, 1672, are probably transcriptions from earlier books. Pages 248-270 are blank. Pages 271-376 are perhaps original record, continuing the current entries begun in BB-2. They run from session of March 17, 1673-74 to that of September 21, 1675. This book is probably the former Liber AA, but it has lost its indicative letters. Many of its leaves are broken.

Liber B B No. 2 seems to be the oldest of the county books. It evidently was begun as a register of court orders and about 100 folios bear orders of the sessions from April 25, 1662, to March 19, 1671-72, together with some commissions of the peace for the year 1670. From June 18, 1672 to March 17, 1673-74, the book was used as the register of court proceedings, which occupy about 50 unnumbered folios. From the session of February 18, 1672-73, to that of September 16, 1673, and again on March 17, 1673-74 it was also used for conveyances which fill 137 numbered pages. Besides these records it has nine folios ruled for vital records and bearing about 130 items, mostly births. The sequence of material and of paging has been much disarranged by careless bindery work. Some of the leaves are broken. A fragment of the court record of October 19, 1680 has been caught in at binding and so preserved.

Liber G G No. 3 has 376 folios of conveyances recorded apparently from November, 1676, to November, 1680.

Liber H H No. 4 has 356 folios of conveyances recorded in court sessions from January 18, 1680-81, to February 17, 1684-85.

Liber K K No. 5 has 345 folios of conveyances recorded from session of March, 1684-85 to that of November 17, 1691. The first record folio is missing.

Liber N N No. 6 has about 150 unnumbered folios bearing court minutes of sessions from January 19, 1685-86, to September 17, 1689, followed by 30 numbered folios of conveyances of June to September, 1692, and these followed by 23 unnumbered folios of court minutes from April 21 to November 15, 1692. Three isolated vital records items are on the last page.

Liber L L No. 7 contains conveyances from the session of January 17, 1692-93, to that of September 11, 1699. Page sequence seems to have been disturbed by bindery work. The volume also contains about 140 unnumbered folios of court minutes of sessions in 1692, 1696, and 1698. A closing notation in NN-6 indicates that this volume was formerly Liber T L, bearing the initials of Thomas Lawrence, who became clerk in 1696.

Liber A B No. 8 has about 400 unnumbered folios bearing court minutes from the session of November 17, 1696, to August 16, 1698. Following are about 60 folios of conveyances at sessions from November 17, 1699, to August 20, 1700, with an added document of 1701.

Liber R F No. 9 has 386 pages of conveyances from sessions of September 17, 1700, to March 19, 1705-06. The book has many broken leaves. Robert Finley was clerk and the book carries his initials.

Liber R F No. 10 contains 188 unnumbered folios of court minutes of June 19, 1705, to March 19, 1705-06. It has also 77 numbered pages of conveyances recorded from June 18, 1706, to January 21, 1706-07, with a cancelled addition of 1709. The volume has some broken leaves and is somewhat damaged by damp.

Liber R F No. 11 has 304 unnumbered folios of court minutes of June 18, 1706, to November 15, 1708, together with 137 numbered pages of conveyances recorded June 17, 1707, to March 21, 1709-10, with an added paper of June, 1710.

Liber R F No. 12 contains conveyances recorded from June 20, 1710, to March 7, 1720-21, with an addition of April, 1721. It has 448 pages of contents.

Liber P F No. 13 carries conveyances recorded from the session of June 6, 1721, to that of March, 1733-34. The first 88 folios are numbered as such and are followed by page numbering 89-806. The initials represent the clerk Philip Feddeman, who was succeeded in 1726 by Philip Francis.

Liber marked "Land Comm. 1728," with about 300 unnumbered pages contains bonds and other papers connected with the court sessions of 1728.

Liber T R No. 14 has 460 pages of conveyances from the session of March, 1733-34, to that of August, 1740. A flyleaf legend shows that the book was formerly marked T B No. A, being presumably the first record book of the clerk Thomas Bullen.

Liber marked "Land Com. 1736-1745" has 306 pages of court orders and depositions for settlement of land boundaries at various dates from November, 1736, to June, 1745. Flyleaf legend gives T B No. 6 as a former title.

Liber T B No. 15 has 372 pages of conveyances, beginning at the session of August, 1740, and closing with August, 1743.

Liber J L No. 16 has 366 pages of conveyances continuing the session of August, 1743, and closing with March session, 1746-47. The book bears initials of John Leeds, clerk.

Liber J L No. 17, has 535 pages, mostly devoted to conveyances recorded from March, 1746-47, to August, 1751. Pages 528-535 carry record of bonds for erection of tobacco warehouses in 1748.

Liber J L No. 18 contains conveyances recorded from November, 1751, to August, 1759. It has 553 pages.

Liber J L No. 19 has 545 pages of conveyances recorded from October 24, 1759, to November, 1768. On the flyleaf is the former title I L No. G.

Liber J L No. 20 has conveyances recorded from session of March, 1769, to that of August, 1776. It has 579 pages. Former title on flyleaf is I L No. H.

The probate records of the county occupy one of the fireproof vaults. The volume records are in good condition but confused in arrangement, owing to inadequate shelf capacity. Some of the volumes appear to be transcripts. Two of them contain a prefatory warning by some former official: " The accuracy of the record of many of the wills in this book is not to be relied upon." It is stated that the loose papers in the vault include some dating from the colonial period. The present register of wills has made a beginning on a general indexing of all material in the record vault. Those books which are of the colonial time may be briefly listed as follows:

Inventories, Liber J B No. 1, 1635-1710.
Bonds, Liber No. 1, 1664-1764.
Wills, Liber E M No. 1, 1665-1716.
Executors and administrators accounts, Liber I G, 1677-1710.
Bonds, 1682-1709.
Administrators accounts, 1711-1804.
Wills, Liber H B No. 2, 1722-1746.
County court bonds on real estate matters, 1727-1745.
Inventories, Liber J P No. 2, 1730-1740.
Inventories, Liber I B & I C No. 3, 1741-1759.
Inventories, Liber J B & J G No. 4, apparently 1759-1760.
Inventories, Liber No. 6, 1760-1774.

EXTRACTS FROM ACCOUNT AND LETTER BOOKS OF DR. CHARLES CARROLL, OF ANNAPOLIS.

(*Continued from* Vol. XXI, p. 384.)

Maryland Dec 2^{d} 1746

S^{r}

You will have Received ere this my Sundrys or some of them to make Insurances on the Ship Matilda John Gunston for two hundred pounds Sterling and on the Ship Britania John Hutchinson Master for five hundred pounds sterling on behalf of Benjamin Tasker Esq^{r} & Company which Insurance I hope you have accordingly made if no Cessation of Arms; notwithstanding, I am likewise hopeful that the said Ships will arive safe with you from the hands of our Enemies, in either case as you will be in Cash for the said Tasker and Company I am on behalf of them to desire you will send the Contents of the Inclosed Invoice, which I conceive will come short of the value of the Iron or Insurances, and herein I depend you will not fail, as a disappointment will be attended wth great Inconvenience.

I likewise desire you will send the Goods aforesaid by the first good Ship comeing into this Bay above Potomack or Convenient to Patapsco to be deliverd there and make an Insurance upon them if no Cessation of Arms between Britain France and Spain that in case of Loss the said Tasker and Company may draw their Principal Money & Charges and the Premio on such Insurance with the Incident charges.

You are to place to acco^{t} of said Tasker and Comp^{a}

To M^{r} W^{m} Black merch^{t} in London ℘ Tiffin Gunston and Denniss.

Maryland Dec^{r} 4th 1746

S^{r}

I wrote you of the first of Septem. last Inclosing an Invoice of Goods for my own use which I desired might be sent me upon Credit of Pigg Iron and Tobacco to be sent you by the first Ships of your own or some other from hence, but that by no means the said Goods should be sent so as to affect the money of myne in your hands or the Credit of my Bills ordered to be paid or to be drawn on you by me.

In regard to the very great difficulty of the times I have given an other turn to the affair of the Furnace I was building, having sold the same a Long day of payment at low Interest, which makes the Goods above mentioned needless to me now, therefore I desire that if they be not shiped or so Engaged that you cannot Recede that you will not send them and in order to prevent them I hope this will come timely to your as an absolute Countermand.

Altho I do not want the Goods aforesaid wrote for the first of Septem^r last past by Cooladge and M^r Laughlin yet I shall those contained in the Inclosed Invoice for use of my own Family, and without which I cannot do, for fifty or a hundred ℔ Cent here and for very bad (and these uncertain to be had) will never answer or hold long.

I am too old to run away nor do I know well where to Run to, the Rice trade is as bad as ours and I shall want more Cloaths if I go Northward therefore I hope you will contribute to keep me here a little longer till better times.

I now desire you will on the Credit of Pigg Iron and Tobacco Ready to be shipped you by the first opportunity, and not otherwise send me the contents of this Inclosed Invoice for as I before observed I will by no means have any discredit to my Bills ordered to be paid or drawn, or w^ch I may draw on you, I would sooner sell the negroes Lands and old Cows at one tenth of their Value And these Goods I would have you send by the first good opportunity towards Annapolis or into Patuxent and make Insurance on them that in Case of loss I may draw my Principal and Charges, and the Premio and Incident expence of such Insurance charge to my Acco^t

In case the other goods wrote for on the first of September last are shipped or so engaged that they must be, I desire you will not send the Contents of this Invoice.

Certain I am that no Tradesman but would be glad to supply when sure of payment in nine or Twelve months, and in that or less I hope you will have Effects in your hands to answer more than the amount of these necessaries—unless an Intire Stop should be put to all Intercourse with us.

I have of the following dates drawn the Bills undernoted on you at Sixty days sight which I desire you will pay and Charge to my Accot amounting to one hundred thirty two pounds three shills & four pence

viz. 1746

Oct. 24th	To Charles Lord Baltimore	£ 14.. 6.. 10
Nov. 20th	To Docr Geo: Riddall	18.. —.. —
Dec. 2d	To David Maccullock	30.. 3.. 6
	To Messrs Wm Tiffin & Chas Carnann	42.. 6.. —
	To Capt John Gunston	27.. 7.. —
		£132.. 3.. 4

And of these Bills Seventy Two pounds nine Shillings and Six pence is Occationed by disappointment in Linnen and Woolens last year. I have great dependance on your Friendship and care of my affairs committed to you.

To Mr Wm Black mercht in London.

Invoice Goods for Chas Carroll Dec. 2d 1746

13 Hundred Ells Sprigg Linnen or oznabriggs
4 peces Cotton Chex, two hundd Ells Hempen Rolls
three hundred yards best Welsh Cotton
One hundred yards of Fearnot either blew or Tann Colour
Six Pieces Kerseys of abt 24/ ⅌ piece
Four pieces Kendal Cotton of twelve and six pence ⅌ ps
Two pieces Duroys with trimmings
One piece good German serge wth shalloon & Trimings suitable
Twenty four pounds oznabrigs thread

Six Gross mettal Coat buttons, very strong shanks for labour^g men
Two Doz^n pair Womens Red and blew yarn Hose
Two Doz^n mens yarn Hose
One Doz^n mens double worsted Caps
Twelve pounds good Bohea Tea
Four pounds good Green Tea
One hundred weight Double Refined Sugar
A Quarter pound Cinnamon & quarter pound nutmegs
per Gunston, Tiffin
and Denniss

Maryland January 20th 1746

S^r

Since my last of the fourth of Decemb^r I have drawn on you at Sixty days sight Dec^r 6th To Charles Lord Baltimore for one Hundred fifty Eight pounds fourteen Shillings and Eight pence which is to lie here til the first of April next being to discharge the following Protests w^{ch} I had before wrote you to pay viz my Bills of the following dates

1744 Ap^l 15th	To Charles Lord Baltimore on M^r Sam^l Hyde	£15.. —.. —
Oct. 6th	To Cha^s Lord Baltimore on D^o	5.. 18.. —
" 26th	To Onario Razolini on D^o	15.. 14.. 3
Dec. 29th	To Cha^s Lord Baltimore on D^o	7.. 6.. 8
1745	To Ignatius Digges on D^o	4.. 7.. 10
May 11th	To Cha^s Lord Baltimore on D^o	82.. 18.. 6

In Case I do not hear from you before the first of April next that the said Protests are paid then the above Bill for their discharge is to be transmitted to the Lord Baltimore and which I must Request you will pay in Case you have not before paid the above Protests, that I may be Redeemed from the hands of the Philistians.

I have also drawn the following Bills on you all at Sixty days sight which I desire you will also pay, viz.

Decr 15th last To Charles Lord Baltimore for one hundred and sixteen pounds five shillings. To Benja Tasker Esqr for thirteen pounds sixteen shillings & three pence of the same Date, and on the 13th Instant to Onorio Razolini for Eleven pounds five shils

You will please to observe that I have taken up of Mr Tasker a Protested Bill wch I had wrote you to pay Viz. my Exchange on Samuel Hyde payable to William Wilkins for Eighteen pounds dated the 23d of March 1744 so that if you have paid the said Protest I am to be Refunded the same again.

I trust & wholly confide on your Friendship to set me Right in these Respects, I am sensible I trouble you with tedious Letters but doubt not I shall make you Amends in the Course of our future Correspondence . . .

To Mr Willm Black Mercht in London ℘ Capt Jon Auter

Maryland Janry 21st 1746

Sr

I have very Convenient upon Patapsco River a Plantation well burthened with Oak Timber & having Sawyers, Labourers Smiths and Iron have a mind to try at Building a Ship or two or more if I could be sure of selling the Hulls delivered a Float in that River all fited to a Cleat as to the Carpenter's Work with Masts yards Boats and what may be done here.

I think I could build at three pousds fifteen Shillings Sterling ℘ Ton Gally built ships & to be paid for the Boats, and am Determined to make preparation directly for one of four Hundred Hhds which shall be Built as strong as Wood & Iron can make her here, and desire the favour of your advice on the Subject and to know whether you will take her off my hands here at the above Rate or what price you can afford ℘ Ton.

If you will Engage with me to take such Vessell here you sending in Rigging at proper time as hereafter may be Concluded with Master and men I would use my best Endeavour to assist in Loading her to you and would at market price supply her on your acco^{t} wth Beef Pork and Bread for the Voyage as also Water Craft to Load whereby you would not be out much until the Freight Refunded you & the Vessell in your own hands.

I think your Interest would be promoted in such a scheme and it would be of Service to me nor should I think much of making you a present out of the price of such Hull (tho' you took her your self) equal to your Commission on the Sale of her.

I would not in any wise be Concerned in Rigging or fitting her on my own Acco^{t} only to sell the Hull here, nor would I Engage in any Joyner's Glaziers or Carved work nor more Paint than Priming outside to preserve, these Decorations being easier and cheaper had with you than here.

Pray let me have your answer to this Proposal and your Sentiment what kind of ship would be most agreeable and useful for you or Sale. Your Favour herein will add to those already conferred . . .

To M^{r} W^{m} Black Merch^{t} in London
℘^{r} Cap^{t} Jo^{n} Auter ℘ Capt. Hutchinson in the Britania

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23 Jan. 1746

Sir

The box you mention was weighed by the apraisers and returned in the Inventory w^{ch} you Signed into the prerogative office.

The will w^{ch} your mother made was without any Solicitation or request of mine and her own free Act.

When you desired to settle Acc^{tts} with me I laid all my Books before you tho you had coppys of Every acc^{tt} of mine long since and you are sensible there is due to me one Hundred Twentyfour pounds odd Ster^{l} in Bills of Credit & six pounds odd Ster^{l} Gold currency. I desire to do any Just or Reasonable thing that may please you or support a friendly correspondence and here you do not forget the Risks I run of my fortune to serve you as Security on divers executions beside many other offices w^ch^ took up both time and trouble.

I would even cleere up your Imagination as well as posible therefore as M^r^ Dulany is well acquainted with the whole affair I will refer to him the matter and hope he may Set you Right . . .

To M^r^ Michael Macnemara

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feb. 6^th^ 1746

Sir

I rec^d^ your kind letter dated 4^th^ Ins^t^ this morning not being at home till late last night. I asure you that your mention of a Mortgage made by M^r^ Macnemara to me is the first I heard of it for M^r^ Macnemara never in the least hinted any thing Relateing thereto to me or that any Error subsisted in any account we settled of what came to my hands of that mortgage w^ch^ he has Credit for and we adjusted Two or three accounts since.

It is true that M^rs^ Margret Macnemara for some displeasure shee took at her son's conduct appointed me her Ext^r^

Annapolis Feb^ry^ 23^d^ 1746

S^r^

I Desire you will send me by this Bearer Dennis Dunne coppys of the following Deeds and power of Attorney attested under your hand and seal of Office as Clerk of Baltimore County.

Vidz^t^

Jane Dixons Deed to Joseph Hawkins of a track of land on Back river dated the first day of August 1671 and Recorded in Lib R N^o^ P P fol 107.

Joseph Hawkins power of Attorney to Richard Thurrill to convey the said land to Thos. Long dated 23d day of March 167½ Recorded in lib B No 1 folio 15 &c.

Richard Thurrill's Deed to Jas. Sumner and Robert Garrett dated 6th day of August 1672 recorded in Lib G No 1 folio 15 16&c.

These three anexed together with teap and your seal of office for I supose there is no need of more than one Seal and one Certificate but in that do as is usual that they may pass in Evidence. I desire you will likewise make Search for the earliest and first Deeds of Lands on your Records and Get me made out and send by the Bearer also a coppy of such and please to Express in such certificate (If the fact be so as I am certain It is) Vidzt that from that time to 1671 and 1674 there are many Deeds Assignments and transfers of Land Recorded in the Records of Baltimore County and such certificate make out under the Seal of your office Also pray be strongly expressive therein to the purpose to shew that it had been constant custom before 1674 to Record Deeds and Assignments of Land which I am sure was not only so there but in the other Countys Erected Before the said year the charge hereof I will pay and take your care therein as a Singular favour . . .

To Mr Talbot Risteau Clerk of Baltimore County

Feb. 26th 1746

Sr

If a generall search into every paper and Place I have where such could be, would have Discovered any footsteps of papers relateing to the sale of the things over Severn I had before now found them and I assure you if I had I would Readily communicate them as I believe such would sett you right in relation to your misaprehension of that affair, but I believe and Doubt not but it will appear that I gave you All such when we settled the account and gave you Credit for what I Received which was done six months after the sale and sure if I had received any such sumes and not paid them over to you or you your self received them that would have been the proper time (and not now Six or Seven years after when the traces thereof are become obsolete and persons concearn'd many of them Dead) to adjust such affair. I am still positive that if I received any more money than you have credit for I Imediately paid it to you and which upon reflection you'l acknowledge, as well as that I never medled with the affair after such Settlement but that you sold to Creagh and conveyed and adjusted with M^r^ Cumming wh^o^ assumed for Stephen Lillie and had some things himself for which he assumed you payment so that the transaction was of your own and not mine. I Declare that If I knew of one penny I had received for which I had not Bona-fide accounted and honestly Discharged I would as freely now pay as you Ask it, but as you were pleased to tell me that tho you received the money of Creagh and Cummings yet you Expected it of me also, this is very hard terms & such as I hope you nor no reasonable person think just. As to M^r^ Burks affair the Bond might have been passed by you and yet have C^r^ for the things sold over Severn and I make no Doubt If you Examine you will find M^r^ Vaughan and you adjusted for what he had. I wrote to M^r^ Lake to Enquire of his Widdow If she remembers any thing thereof, but yet no answer. as to what M^r^ Brice might have said I know not but certain I refused to discount by reason I had nothing in my hands, and with relation to the Bonds in the Paper Office I paid them Before I had received the money as will appear by the time the publick was Discharged.

In generall I have acted the friendly Part with you & all this and what former trouble I have had was but merely to serve you and the consequence of such Service. I have all the good Inclination Imaginable to live friendly with you and to do any thing consistent with reason and Justice to my famyly to avoid Contentions or litigations things which I abhor, and I am certain if your Inclinations come up to the same rule of Justice we shall have no Difference . . .

To M^r^ Mich^l^ Macnamara

Annapolis Febr 28th 1746

Sr

I spoke to you in Relation to the Enclosed affair I Desired your son as Clerk of St. Marys County to search the Records there, if there be not many Deeds of Lands Recovered before the year 1671 or 1674 and how Early it was Customary to Record Deeds, that being the Eldest County no Doubt the Records will shew it to be so very Early as I find it in younger County's. I conceive it would be a dangerous Doctrine now to be introduced that Coppys of such Deeds as were recorded before 1674 should not be admitted as Evidence upon a Supposition that no Law Directed such recording. I believe that many Estates in the province would be oversett if admitted of for that I believe the Originall Deeds are Lost and few to be found. It's plain there were Laws before 1674 for Recording Deeds tho the Irregularity or Loss of Books Do's not shew all these Laws but Evidently proves there were as Libro C & W H folio 290 a Record book in the Provinciall office. The Case being the Lord Propietry as an Escheat I should Imagin that the Deed from Jane Dixon to Joseph Hawkins being good the Title vested In Hawkins and the said Hawkins Dying without Issue and Intestate the Title by Escheat was vested In the Lord Proprietary and that any Entry of Long in 40 years after or Stansbury or any other under pretended titles Could not be Legale but an Intrusion and that still the Lord Proprietary must be Deemed In possession and consequently his Patentee under the Escheat. As to the Defect which is Aledged to be in Jane Dixons Deed to Jo's Hawkins the want of a particular sume mentioned as Consideration I think is frivalous as our Laws Aid all Defects In Deeds before 1674 Yr Consideration hereof will oblige . . .

To Mr Phil Key St. Mary's County

Annapolis In Maryland 9th March 1746/7

Sr

In the year 1742 about May the Schooner Annapolis of Maryland my Self Owner Alexander Scougall Master arived with you and on the 28th Day of June Messrs John Baily and Paul Bedford veiwed and valued the Damage in the Cargo of said Vessell as Certified by Samuel Husband Depty Secretary and the Notary Publick and you wrote me that Scougall and mate had made a protest in relation to the Damage. In as much as I never received any Satisfaction of Mr Samuel Hyde merchant In London who made the Insureance & charged me the Premio and Comsn for the same and that matter being to be disputed in this Province I am to Request yr kind assistance for Recovery of what Is my Due on that Head. I am therefore to Request you will get a Copy of the Protest made by Scougall and his mate as also of the said Deposition of Messrs Baily and Bedford and Attested by the Notary Publick. And I must likewise desire your favour to have a coppy of your account of Sales of that Cargo prov'd and attested by the Notary Publick in such manner as the same may pass for Evidence in the courts here. In which Affidavit you will please to Declare what the said Corn, Pease, Bread, or other commodity Damaged would have sold for more than it did If no such Damage had happened this I Conceive would have been much more as I find that Corn which was least Damaged sold for three Shillings and Nine pence ℘r Bushell so I must beleive that If No Damage had been the Cargo would have Cleared much more. In this pray be very Explicit corn was then scarce here and in Virginia & an Act made to prevent Exportation. I had the following Letters from you coppys of which I send to refresh your Memory Vidzt

London Feb^ry^ 19th 1742

1st
Doct^r^ Charles Carroll
S^r^

By this opportunity take leave to acquaint you of my arrivall here. I had a very Bad Passage, landed at Dover the 22^d^ of Dec^r^ and have been much out of order since, or would have wrote you sooner. I am now very well and Design to return to Barbado's soon; I proved the Damage you suffered In Scougall Cargo before I left Barbados which I sent to M^r^ Hyde, but the Vessell I wrote by founder'd at Sea, did not save any her Papers. I brought Coppys along with me, which I Delivered M^r^ Hyde and told him I was ready to Prove the Damage here if any occasion for It; he told me He would look into it, and let me know If I was wanted. If I dont hear from him In a few Days I will wait on him again. I left my Business In such hands as I may Depend on, or would not have come from it, therefore make no doubt but Satisfaction will be Given to all my affrs In my absence, with Tender my best Services I am S^r^

Y^r^ obliged Humble Serv^t^
Cod^r^ Carrington

2^d^ London July 5th 1743
Doct^r^ Charles Carroll
S^r^

I wrote you last the 19th of Feb^ry^ I hope M^r^ Hyde has settled your Loss on Scougall's Cargoe to your Satisfaction; I waited on him with the accompts and lett him know If he wanted any proof of the Sale, the Cargoe, or anything that I was ready to wait on him my stay here has been much longer than I Expected, which I hope will be Excused as I left proper People to carry on my Business In my absence. I flatter my self that every thing recommended me In my absence has been carry'd on to Satisfaction. If other ways shall Be glad to know it. I shall Embarque In ten Days and hope I shall soon hear from you In Barbados; till then I shall not add but that I shall always be ready to render you the most acceptable Service In the Power of Sr

Yr Oblig'd Humble Servt
Codr Carrington

Now In your said Deposition I would Desire that you Declare that you had delivered the papers and what to Mr Saml Hyde afforesaid and offered to make further necessary proof as to said Damage and what his answer was and whither you repeated your offer and what further materiall passed between you on the occasion as Expressed In the letter afforesd and In such Deposition you will Insert what further you think of that Is consistent with your knowledge and good Conscience in favour of my Right to the recovery of the Insureance for the Damage afforesaid all which is to be sworn before proper Magistrate there and proper attestation made by the Notary Publick that such magistrate hath power to take such Oaths, & that full faith and credit is and ought to be given thereto.

I must request you will transmit me Duplicates of such least one miscarry, and the Charge attending please to pass to my account, and let me know the Ammount thereof and of any Expenses on the same Head before for I think I am Intituled to receive those Charges also, as well as my Dammage Suffered.

Your favour In this affair will much oblige me and have full hopes of your care and Diligence therein . . .

To Mr Coddrington Carrington merchant at Barbadoes April 10th 1747 ℘ Capt. Potter in Mr Govanes Sloop
1747
Apl 20th ℘r Capt. Seagar in Messrs Bennett & Co Sloop

March 9th 1746

Sir

According to your promise I Expected to have seen the account of the Sales over Severn, and am in hopes you are convinced of your Mistake in relation to Mess^{rs} Cumings & Creagh one haveing your Rec^{t} for what he had and the other your Deed & rec^{t}

There is a Ballance of One Hundred thirty seven pounds thirteen shill & five pence Cur. and an acc^{tt} made up in the Comissaries office of your mother's Estate and with w^{ch} sume I am Ready to Credit your Acc^{tt} Current with me & in case there be any Errors Rectifie the same and pay to your Satisfaction if any Ballance due thereon.

I am very desireous to do any reasonable thing to please you & Support an Amicable Understanding . . .

To M^{r} Michael Macnemara

Maryland March 17th 1746

S^{r}

I Received yours of 27th of June 10th Octo^{r} and 20th November this Day p^{r} Creagh and Grindal Incloseing Acc^{tt} Current and two protested Bills of Exch^{a} Viz^{t} My Exch^{a} to Darby Lux for Eight Pounds two Shillings on Sam Hyde dated 29th of June 1745 paid by you for my honour, as also Rich^{d} Dallam on Sam^{l} Hyde payable to Isaac Webster for thirteen pounds Dated March 14th 1744 and by said Webster Endorsed to me and by me transmitted to M^{r} Hyde for my private Acc^{t} which he contrary to common Justice Endorsed Over to Lord Baltimore and you have p^{d} for my honour, with these two Bills I Credit your account; but when you consider the Circumstances of the Latter you will think me hard used by M^{r} Hyde, nay dishonestly. I remitt him Bills on my Acc^{t} to be placed to my Credit as you will find this to be by myne to you Dated 26th of April 1746 for him to pay them away and make me Chargeable, I am now by that Conduct out Double the Bill, Vidz from the first Endorser M^{r} Webster 13 Pounds and likewise what you have paid Vidz 13 Pounds 5 shillings and 3 pence; of Webster and Dallam I beleive I may recover but If I do not the thirteen

Pounds five shillings and three pence likewise of Mr Hyde I shall be that out of pockett. If your Information from the Notary and other Circumstances are right one would Imagine by the Lord Baltimores Conduct or that of those Employed by him that a combination had been Entered into to burthen the unhappy People here With fifteen twenty and Cent ⅌r Cent. I shall Conform to your opinion in yours of the 20th Novr past and refer you to my former letters or what I may hereafter write with this assureance that I shall take particular Care to retaliate all favours . . .

To Mr Wm Black merchts In London pr Auter & Capt. Hutchinson in the Britania

P. S. Pray Acquaint Mr Hyde that you paid the said Richd Dallams bill to Lord Baltimore on my Honour. My Son presents his Respects to you & Famely.

Annapolis Maryland March 18th 1746

Gent

I Received yours of the 29th of September and 22d of November last, the former Incloseing Thos. Chittams Bill on your selves, for five Pounds under Protest, and the latter Trade's mens accounts Bills of Parcels and Bills Ladeing for Sundry Goods In the Speedwell James Creagh Master which you make ammount to £55.. 19.. 8 with Insureance and Commission &c Included. In which account there is an Error to my Prejudice of fourteen Pounds Eight Shillings, or thirteen Pounds fourteen shill with the Comission &c. for therein you Charge me two such sumes for Silk from Cook & Curtis; Exact Copys of whose Bills I herein return you, and as I only wrote for a gown and Petticoat which you will find by my Letter Dated March 9th 1744 on which you sent the Goods afforesaid. I presume you did not send me a Pattern besides and lineing as in the said two Bills and your account are Charged. Therefore I

Request you will rectifie the said Error by Giveing me Credit In account with the same and its Proportionable Part of Charges. Least any Dispute should arise hereon upon seeing your acc^{ts} and knowing it was an Error I would not open the Cases N^{o} 1 & 3 till I had a Person of Credit by, who will Depose there was no such Article as Brocaded Silk or Persian in them Except the Gown & about a yard of the same Silk with the Gown.

I hope I need not Enlarge hereon as the thing will be manifest to you without. When you have Credited me £14.. 8.. 0 the amount of one of the Shop notes and Com^{sn} thereon, the Ball^{nc} of these goods will be but £41.. 4.. 5 with which I Credit your account and I conceive to be Right . . .

To Mess^{rs} John Philpott & Comp^{a} Merchants In London ℘
Cap^{t} Auter & Hutchinsons in the Britania

March 21st 1746

Sir

Sooner than your time Limited I send you Inclosed the Bills Lodged with M^{r} Carroll in Lieu of those protests mentioned in your Inclosed List w^{ch} Protests I hope you will please to send me as allso return the List. Twenty ℘ Cent will make ample amends for any small delay to his Lordship If he makes as much of Every Tennant he has as of me his proffit will not be small.

Capt. Biggs will Acquaint you of Credit w^{ch} M^{r} Hyde has given on the Acc^{tt} you sent me as well as others w^{ch} ought to be given, And w^{ch} acc^{tt} if no Intent to press me beyond what is reasonable may be adjusted without Law suit. I am allways ready to do what is Right . . .

To Benj^{a} Tasker Esq^{r}

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SOCIETY.

March 14, 1927.—The regular meeting of the Society was held to-day at its rooms with the President in the chair.

The President stated that a letter had been received from Mrs. H. Irvine Keyser, presenting to the library for its owners, "The Old Barroll Bible." The gift was accompanied with a formal letter of presentation from its owners.

Dr. Daniel R. Randall was recognized by the chair and he presented the following motion;

Resolved, that the thanks of the Society be extended to Miss May Barroll, Mrs. Maud Livingston Barroll Ransom, and Mr. Thomas Donnellan Barroll, for the gift to the library of the Society, of "The Old Barroll Bible."

The motion was duly seconded and unanimously adopted.

The following persons having been previously nominated were elected to Active membership:

Miss Sarah Simpson Manly
Mrs. J. Harry Lee
Mrs. Eleanor Bernard Duffy
Miss May Howard
Miss Camilla Jone Henkle
Miss Julia McHenry Howard
Mrs. Hilda Shriver
Mrs. Geo. E. Parker, Jr.
Mrs. J. Dawson Reeder
James W. Foster
Robert Sargent Shriver
Robert Joshua Gill
Charles Frederick Feast
Jay C. Johnson
Charles M. Reeder
Miss Elizabeth Gilman
Miss Elizabeth Carter Hull
Mrs. Enoch M. Barker

Lawrence J. Morris was elected to Life membership in the Society.

The following deaths were reported from among our members:

R. Brent Keyser,	March 1, 1927
Mrs. Charles E. Parr,	March 5, 1927

The chair recognized Dr. Joseph S. Ames who presented on behalf of Chapter I, Colonial Dames of America, a handsomely bound volume of photostatic copies of the charts of the members of Chapter I. This book is the result of the valued time and labor of Mrs. Bruce Cotton and Mr. William B. Marye, together with the members of the Chapter, and it gives the Society a unique and valuable book.

Mr. John L. Sanford was recognized and offered on behalf of Vice-President Thom the following resolution which was unanimously adopted:

" To learn through a long Past filled with the enlightened efforts of many worthy men and women of sound and virile family stock, is merely to practise the great virtue of common sense; but in doing so History is also enlivened for us; the known participation of such and such a member of a family in this or that Historical effort or achievement guides the mind through the labyrinth of History as the adventurer in the old Greek legend was guided safely by the clue of thread through the dark cavern whence he rescued the interesting prisoner.

" In such a spirit, The Maryland Historical Society applauds the fine, successful and helpful efforts of the members of Chapter I, Colonial Dames of America, to ascertain and to state undeniably in enduring form the genealogical records of its members who at this writing may have passed to their honored rest or be yet at work among the living.

" That the late Christopher Johnston, Jr., M. D., and the living William B. Marye, Esquire, accomplished Genealogists each, have worked upon those records, and that Dr. Joseph S. Ames has this evening handed them to us, believingly, serves fully to persuade us to accept as sure indeed the facts therein set forth.

"Therefore, for these and for many other grateful reasons,

Be It Resolved, that the Maryland Historical Society now in monthly session does accept with hearty appreciation from Chapter I, Colonial Dames of America, the handsome bound volume of Photostatic copies of the Genealogical Records of its members past and present, under the Seal and approval of the genealogical authorities above mentioned, and directs that a copy of this Resolution be spread upon our Minutes, be printed in our Society's *Magazine* and be sent by our Corresponding Secretary duly sealed with the Seal of the Maryland Historical Society to our valued fellow-workers The Colonial Dames of America, Chapter I."

It was stated that on account of illness George Arnold Frick, Esq., was prevented from being present, but through the courtesy of Vice-President Thom, a paper prepared by him on the same subject of which Mr. Frick was to speak, would be read by Mr. Sanford in the absence of Mr. Thom.

At the close of the paper the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, that the thanks of the Society be and they are extended to Vice-President Thom for his courtesy in permitting a paper prepared by him at a previous date on "William Claiborne," to be read before the Society on account of the emergency caused by the illness of George Arnold Frick, Esquire, who was to have read a paper on the same subject.

Resolved further, that the thanks of the Society be extended to John L. Sanford, Esquire, for his courtesy in reading to the meeting the above mentioned paper.

April 11, 1927.—The regular meeting of the Society was held to-night at its rooms with the President in the chair.

It was moved, seconded and unanimously carried

That, the thanks of the Society be extended to Mr. Thomas Baxter Gresham for carrying out the wishes of the late Mrs. Bessie Johnston Gresham in presenting to the Society from her estate, two silver candelabra made by Samuel Kirk; chocolate set of blue Royal Sevres china, and a silver gilt bowl and goblet.

A letter from Miss Nellie C. Williams, Life-member of the Society, was read. It was moved, seconded and unanimously carried

That, the thanks of the Society be extended to Miss Williams for her generous gift of two hundred dollars to the Endowment Fund of the Society.

The following persons having been previously nominated, were elected to Active membership:

Rev. Hugh Lenox Hodge
Mrs. C. Iredell Iglehart
Mrs. William F. Rogers
Edward B. Owens, Jr.
Charles M. Christian
Thomas L. Christian
Miss Amelie de Pau Fowler
Bernard Ashby
Dr. Harry B. Galatian
Harry Ridgley Warfield
Mrs. Wm. Mason Shehan

The following were elected to Associate membership:

Miss Emma T. Strider
Dr. Walter R. Steiner

It was moved, seconded and unanimously carried that Mrs. Mary B. Redwood's Active membership be changed to Life-Membership in the Society.

The following deaths were reported among our members:

John C. Rose	March 26, 1927
Edward S. Stanly	December 25, 1925.

Mr. William McCulloh Brown was introduced and spoke on " The Lord Fairfax Stone and the Settlement of the Long Disputed Western Boundard of Maryland."

REPORT OF THE PUBLICATION COMMITTEE.

During the year 1926 the four quarterly numbers of the *Maryland Historical Magazine* have been issued, but owing to the death of Dr. Bernard C. Steiner, the editor of the Archives of Maryland, the publication of Volume 44, containing the Journal and Correspondence of the State Council 1780-1781, has been delayed, and will not appear until early in 1927.

The *Magazine* under the scholarly editorship of Mr. Louis H. Dielman continues to maintain its high standard. The increase in the number of papers appearing in the magazine to be classed as source material relating to the early history of

Maryland is to be noted. The acquisition by the Society, through the generosity of one of its members, of a photostat machine will make possible the publication in the future of more valuable material of this same character.

In the death of Dr. Steiner, the editor of the Archives of Maryland, the Society and students of Maryland history have sustained a loss which is irreparable. It can truly be said that in his knowledge of all phases of Maryland history and in his capacity as author and editor, he stood alone. Fortunately the material for Volume 44, the forthcoming volume of the Archives, had been in great part collected and prepared for the press by Dr. Steiner.

The receipts and disbursements on the *Magazine* account, as exhibited by the Treasurer of the Society, were as follows:

DISBURSEMENTS.

Vol. 20, No. 4, Dec. 1925, Cost of printing......	$ 447.47	
Vol. 21, No. 1, March 1926, Cost of printing......	493.27	
Vol. 21, No. 2, June 1926, Cost of Printing......	332.39	
Vol. 21, No. 3, Sept. 1926, Cost of printing......	342.83	
		1665.96
Cost of editing	$ 200.00	
		200.00
		$1865.96

RECEIPTS.

Volume 21, Sales and subscriptions.............	$ 208.86	
		208.86
Debit Balance		$1657.10
Against which is to be credited cost of printing Annual Report and List of Members..................	$ 150.00	
Half income Peabody Fund.....................	540.50	
		690.50
		$966.60

Respectfully submitted,

SAMUEL K. DENNIS.
JOHN M. VINCENT.
J. HALL PLEASANTS.

CONTENTS.

PAGE

Calvert and Darnall Gleanings from English Wills. *Mrs. Russel Hastings,* 211

Colonial Records of Baltimore County. *Contributed by Louis Dow Sisco,* 245

Maryland Rent Rolls, ... 259

A Muster Roll of Captain Thomas Price's Company of Riflemen in the Service of the United States, ... 275

Extracts from Account and Letter Books of Dr. Charles Carroll, of Annapolis, ... 284

Unpublished Letters, ... 299

Port Tobacco Parish, ... 303

Query, ... 304

Proceedings of the Society, ... 305

Committee on Publications

SAMUEL K. DENNIS, *Chairman*

JOHN M. VINCENT, J. HALL PLEASANTS.

LOUIS H. DIELMAN,
Editor.

MARYLAND

HISTORICAL MAGAZINE

Vol. XXII. SEPTEMBER, 1927. No. 3.

CALVERT AND DARNALL GLEANINGS FROM ENGLISH WILLS.

Mrs. Russel Hastings.

(*Continued from* Vol. XXII, p. 138.)

In concluding this series of wills bearing upon the Hertfordshire cousins of Cecilius Calvert, founder of Maryland, it is worthy of note that there has been but one mention of the Calverts and that single reference was in the days before Sir George's conversion to Catholicism. It is to be hoped however that many clues to the ancestries of Maryland and Virginia families lie hidden in these delightful old documents. The will of John Bristow corrects an old error as to the parentage of Robert Bristow of Virginia, and may quite possibly point the way to further discoveries about the American Bristows. In the next issue of the *Magazine* it is intended to present some hitherto unpublished Calvert wills, which will bring this genealogical adventure to a close.

The Will of NICHOLAS BRISTOWE[1] of Ayot St. Lawrence, Hertfordshire, dated 10 July, 1584.

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[1] Nicholas Bristowe, founder of the Hertfordshire family unto which Ann Darnall and Robert Mynn married, was Clerk of the Jewels to Henry VIII and succeeding sovereigns. Although abundant materials exist for a history of his colorful career, nothing of the sort seems ever to have been attempted. He doubtless sprang from a Surrey family of some distinction, but his sudden rise to power has not been explained.

"In the name of God amen: The tenth day of July in the yeare of our Lorde god A thowsande fyve hundreth fourescore and fowre: I NICHOLAS BRISTOWE thelder of Lawrence Ayott in the Countie of Hertf' esquier beinge of good and perfecte remembraunce thanckes be to allmightie god) Neverthles dailye havinge in my memorye the sodden calling of all Creatures by Christ our Lorde determyne therefore to putt all thinges oute of question ambiguity and doubte, make ordeyne and declare this my present perfect and indubitate will and testamente in manner and fourme followinge, that ys to saie, ffirst and principally I committ my soule to allmighty god my maker and redeamer In whome is my whole trust to be saved, my bodye to be buried in my Chappell w^th^ in the p'ishe churche of Lawrence Ayott. Item I bequeathe to thuse of the reparacions of the same churche sixe shillinges eight pence, at whiche

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He married Luce, dau. of Robert Barley of Bibbesworth Hall, Kimpton Parish, Herts, and d. at Edward Parke's house in Gutter Lane, London, 19 July, 1584 and was taken to the country to be buried in his chapel of the Church of Ayott St. Lawrence, Herts. The Chapel has long been in ruins but some of the armorial windows were removed to the rectory where they still exist, in all probability. Salmon's *Herts*, p. 206, has an interesting description of the old family memorials, written before the destruction of the Chapel.

The children of Nicholas and Luce (elsewhere called Emme) Bristowe were; (1) Nicholas, who m. Margaret, dau. of Sir John Boteler and Grizel Roche, and d. 4 Sept., 1616, leaving issue; (2) Robert who m. Mary ——— and is perhaps the Robert whose will is here given; (3) William who m. Agnes Battelle and d. 17 Apr., 1599 having had issue, Luce, Martha, and Margaret; (4) Thomas who m. Elizabeth ——— and had sons Thomas and Anthony; (5) Mary who m. Willian Hide bro. of Mary, Lady Cary of Hunsden, by whom she had Nicholas and Ann Hide. Mary is said to have married Leonard Hide as her second husband, and he is probably the person so severely spoken of by her father in his will; (6) Elizabeth; (7) Grizel (*Letters and Papers of Henry VIII*, passim; Clutterbuck, *Herts*, Vol. I, p. 519, Vol. II, p. 254; Chauncey, *Herts*, Vol. II, p. 42; *Register of St. Vedast, London*, Harleian, Vol. II, p. 135; *Vict. Herts*, Vol. III, p. 31; *Herts, Gen and Antiquarian*, passim; *V. of Herts*, Harleian, p. 130; *V. of Essex*, Harleian, Part I, p. 385; *Misc. Gen. et Herald.*, Series II, Vol. 4, p. 257; Cussan, *Herts*, Vol. I, Odsey Section, p. 152; Vol. II, Sect. III, p. 236; *Vict. Surrey*, Vol. III, pp. 175, 211 and all other Surrey literature for the Bristowes).

daie of my buriall my will is that there shalbe distributed and given to the poore some money by the discression of my wife. Item my minde and will is that LUCE my wife shall have her dwellinge in my Manno'r house of Ayott duringe her naturall liefe with the patronage of the p'sonage there with thuse occupacion profitt & com'odities of all manner of howsinges easementes, orchardes, garden courtes, barnes, stables and other manner of thinges belonginge to the same with all the demaynes thereto belonginge that shalbe the daie of my deathe in my owne handes and occupacioñ in the p'ish of Ayott with all rentes therevnto belonginge And also all my wood called Priorswood vppon condicon that she shall suffer my sonne NICHOLAS to have his dwellinge in my Mannor howse of Litle Bibbesworth with all the Landes thereto belonging and Priorswood closes, Cowles feild and Nabottsey closes even as the Lane leadeth from Nabotsey gate vnto a gate called Dowsett and Lawrence gate (excepte suche Landes as are nowe in my owne occupacon) payinge yearely to my saide wife a red rose onn mydsomer daye yf yt be asked, And yf yt shall be my saide wyves pleasure to dwell in my sayde Mannor howse of Bibbesworth and not at Ayott as aforesaid Then my mynde ys that then she shall have thuse, proffitt and commoditie of the same my saide Mannour with all the demaynes thereto belonginge with orchardes and gardens together with all my woode called Priorswood and all the woodes, Rentes, Reu'cions and Profittes withe thappurtenaunces to the same Mannor in any wise belonginge or appertayninge. And alsoe all Priorswood closes, cooles feildes and Nabutsey closes with the woodes therevppon growinge and with theire appurtenaunces, To have and to houlde the same to LUCE my saide wyffe duringe her naturall lyfe wth out ympeachm't of wast payinge onely the Lordes rent by yeare six shillings. Item I doe give to my sayde wieff my Capitall messuage called Cannons withe all the demeynes thereto belonginge with woodes and vnderwoodes and my appropriacon and p'sonage of Kympton with all p'ffittes and appurtenaunces thereto belonginge and also a pencōn of

Thirtie three shillinges fower pence yeareley goinge oute of the Vicaredge of Kimpton to the late Priory of Hertf'dissolued [sic] To have and to houlde all the same to the saide LUCE my wiefe duringe her naturall lyfe wth out ympeachment of waste. Item I doe gyve and bequeathe to NICHOLAS BRISTOWE eldest sonne of my eldest sonne and heire NICHOLAS BRISTOWE all that my Manno'r of litle Bibbesworh with orchardes and gardens togethers with all manner of rentes revercoñs and services meadowes leasures & pastures woodes and vnderwoodes and alsoe as muche of my wood called Priorswood as is wth oute my pale there, To have and to hould the same after the deathe of my saide wiefe to the saide NICHOLAS BRISTOWE the younger and his heires for eu'; And whereas my daughter HIDE ys married with an lewde and an evilldisposed man soe that she and her poore childrenn are wthout lyvinge or reliefe; In consideracon whereof towardes her comfort she shall have to her vse and her children duringe her liefe my chamber called the Nursery in my Mannor house of Ayott there and there to have their meate and drincke francke and free in as large mann' as they have had the same in my tyme with francke and free egresse and regresse to and from the same at all howres and tymes without denyall of anny p'son or p'sonnes, And alsoe shee to have yearly tenne Carte Loades of woode to be taken vppon the demaines of Ayott and carried to her by suche p'son as shall dwell in my sayde Manno'r howse of Ayott and to have yearely twoe quarters of good fyne cleane wheate, twoe quarters of maulte and a quarter of Oaets all to be deliv'ed at her pleasure with the grasinge and fotheringe at the Rackes of twoe Kyne and feedinge of Twelve Ewes with their Lambes vppon the saide demaines of the saide Lordshippe wthout denyall of any person or persons. Item whereas I have given by pattent an Annuytye to my Sonne ROBERT and MARYE his wife of Twentye poundes a yeare duringe theire lyves and the longest lyver of them out of my Manno'r of Ayott, Tenne poundes thereof to ceasse and noe longer to be payed but during my saide wiefes lyefe, as maie appeare by a Covenant made in an Indenture of Lease made to them of my ffarme called Cannons dated the Eighte and twentith daye of Maye in the Nynetenth yeare of Queene Elizabeth Raigne, The same Twentye poundes to be paide yearely out of my p'sonage of Whethampsted duringe the lief of LUCE my wief and after her death noe more but onely Tenne poundes a yeare. Item I give and bequeathe to LUCE my wyef my lease which ys made to RICHARD BARLEY and WILLIAM TOOKE by Mr. PETER VANNES late p'son of Whethampsted of his sayde p'sonage, To have and to holde to her from the daye of expiracion of the yeares yett to come in a former Leasse of the same p'sonage made vnto mee by the saide PETER VANNES, during her naturall lief vppon condicon that she shall paie yearely to NICHOLAS BRISTOWE eldest sonne to my sonne NICHOLAS BRISTOWE Sixe poundes, And to NICHOLAS HIDE and ANNE HIDE ioinctlye Sixe poundes duringe all the yeares conteyned in the same Leasse, And after the deathe of my saide wief to WILLIAM my Sonne (yf he shall then be lyvinge) vppon condicon of payment of the saide twoe Sommes yearelye and after the deceasse of the saide WILLIAM to the sayde NICHOLAS BRISTOWE the yong' vppon like condicon. And after the deathe of the saide NICHOLAS to the foresaid NICHOLAS HIDE and ANNE HIDE ioinctlye and to theire assignes. Item I have given to my sonne THOMAS BRISTOWE and ELIZABETH his wief an Annuytye of ffyve m'kes out of my first lease of ye parsonage of Whethampsted whiche I will shalbe observed and paied by my farmer there. And furthermore yf yt be my wiefes pleasure to dwell in her howse at Bilbesworth then my will and mynde ys that she shall furnish the same with as muche of my hanginges beddinges and other stuffe as shall lyke her best to whom I doe alsoe gyve in plate, that ys to saie, a greate standinge cuppe with a cou'r of sil'r and guilt Item twoe large and greate bowles of silu'r and guilt without cou's Item a lesser cuppe with a cou'r of silu'r and guilt Item my best salt of silu'r and guilt with a cou'r. Item sixe spoones of silu'r and guilt and fower of silu'r white. Item twoe beere cuppes of silu'r and guilt and two of silu'r white. Item one lesser salt of silu'r and guilt wthout cou's and a Trencher salt of silu'r and guilt and a bason and ewer of silu'r and parcell guilt. Alsoe I doe gyve vnto her fower kyne, twoe sowes fowre hogges and tenne ewes all at her owne choice with all other sheepe that shee take proffitt of before; And yf yt shalbe her pleasure to remaine and dwell att Ayott, Then I will that she shall have all the rest of my plate, corne, goodes and cattell (except such as I have before bequeathed that is to saie, To MARY HIDE, ELIZABETH and GRISELL my daughters And to OWEN STRONGE and to either of them a ringe of goulde. Item to MARY HIDE a Cowe and sixe ewes besides her owne and her childrens cattell, Item to my daughter ELIZABETH a Cowe and sixe ewes. Item to my daughter GRISELL a Cowe and sixe ewes. Item to my sonne WILLIAM his wief a Cowe and sixe ewes. Item to my sonne ROBERTES wief a Cowe and sixe ewes. Item to my sonne THOMAS his wife a Cowe and sixe ewes. Item to NICHOLAS HIDE and ANNE HIDE to eache of them a Cowe and fower ewes besides their owne, All whiche my saide Legacies to be appointed and delivered wthin twoe yeares after my deathe Item I give and bequeathe to OWEN STRONGE my little beere Cuppe of sylu'r whiche was stollen at my feyer, And moreov'r for that I woulde wishe my loving wife to accepte in good p'te the dwelling in my house at Ayott with the Landes belonginge vnto the same whiche I have sett downe here before in this my last will I then give vnto my said loving wiefe all my plate Jewelles howsehoulde stuffe corne with all other implementes what soeu' not before bequeathed Item I give vnto RICHARD DUNWELL my servaunt six shillinges eight pence And vnto everye one of my howseholde s'uantes aswell menn servauntes as maide s'uantes to every of them fyve shillinges: The Residue of all my Mannors Landes and Tenementes Rentes Reu'cons services woodes and vnderwoods with thappurtenaunces not before bequeathed with the Reu'cion of all my Mannors Landes & Tenem'tes after the death of LUCE my wife I doe give and bequeathe to NICHOLAS my eldest sonne and heyre To have houlde and enioye the same to him duringe his naturall liefe vppon condicion that he and his heires shall p'forme the guiftes that I have before bestowed vppon my daughter HIDE and her poore childrenn as concerninge her Chamber and other thinges. And after the deathe of my saide sonne NICHOLAS, To NICHOLAS his sonne and to the heires males of his body lawfully begotten To my sonne WILLIAM and to his heires males of his bodye lawfully begotten, And for lacke of such heires males of his bodye lawfullye begottenn To my sonne ROBERT and to the heires males of his bodye lawfully begottenn And for lacke of suche heires males of his bodye lawfullye begottenn; To my sonne THOMAS and to the heires males of his bodye lawfully begottenn: And for lacke of such heires males of his body lawfully begottenn Then I give all the same to MARYE ELIZABETH and GRISELL my daughters and theire heires for eu' equallye to be devided betwixt them: Provided alwaies and excepted by this my last will and testament, That if yt shall happen at any tyme aforesaide, the sayde NICHOLAS my eldest sonne and heire apparant or NICHOLAS his sonne or any other of my sonnes or any heires to attempte practise or putt in vre [sic] by anny manner of meanes or waies to discontynue this saide state Talye of any parte or percell of the Mannors Mesuages Landes and Tenementes wthin mencioned contrarye to thintente of this my present will and testament That then and from the tyme of the attemptinge of the saide discontynuance that his or their estates shall from that daye forward forever be denied indged reputed and takenn to be vtterly voyde and surcease And the next heire male to whome thenheritaunce of the premisses ought by the Lawe to discende to enter have and enioye to him and his heires males vppon like condicion and to all intentes constructions and purposes as and yf he had died wthout yssue male of his bodye lawfully begottenn: Provided further that in case that there shall aryse anny stryfe or variance betweene my childrenn hereafter for ye P'tition of any of my Legacies in this my present last will mencioned or otherwise Then I will that my foresaide wife with the help of her friendes and Kinsfolke shall take the paines torder and ende the same wthoute any Lawe which order and end I commaunde them and every of them to obey and keepe vppon my blessinge: Provided allwaies and my will and minde ys that yf NICHOLAS BRISTOWE my sonne and heire will not suffer my lovinge wief quietly and peaceably to have receive and take the yssues and proffittes of the Mannor of Ayott with thappurtenaunces accordinge as I have before determyned and appointed the same Notwithstandinge that by the Lawes of this Realme he my sayde eldest sonne maie have a Thirde parte of them with the proffittes thereof then I will that my sayde sonne and heire shall take noe advauntage proffitt neither yett anny benefitt of anny guifte before given vnto him by this my last will and testament: Provided alsoe and my will and mynde is that yf my daughter HIDE and her children shall departe and not remayne in my house of Ayott and there to have their meate and drincke with all thinges meete and necessarie for her and them accordinge to my good meaninge Then I will that my saide daughter HIDE shall have yearely paide vnto her or her assignes at the feast of Saincte Michaell Tharchaungell and the Annunciacion of our Ladye by even porc'ons by LUCE my wief her good mother the somme of Sixe poundes thirteen shillinges fower pence towardes her sustentatioun and lyving and her childrenn during the lief of my saide daughter MARY: And finally my will and mynde ys and soe I hartely desire my loving wife that shee will consider the great necessitie that o'r daughter HIDE and her poore childrenn are in, and to be good Mother to her and to all o'r children And when she shall thincke best to bestowe some parte of my goodes remayninge vppon everye of them wheare most neede shalbe. And vnto this my last will and testament I constitute ordeine and make my welbeloved wiffe WALTER TOOKE and WILLIAM TOOKE gent' my executors And my good brother in lawe

WILLIAM TOOKE esquier the ou'seer of this my last will and testament desyringe my wyves loving Kinsmen Mr. WALTER TOOKE and Mr WILLIAM TOOKE toextende their dayly frendshipp vnto my saide wief theire Aunt And further to continue their goodwilles to my daughter HIDE and her poore children To w^{ch} Mr WALTER TOOKE I doe give my greate ringe of golde with a pannsye in yt, And to my Cozen Mr WILLIAM TOOKE my greatest ringe of goulde with a Turques in yt. And also I give to my lovinge brother WILLIAM TOOKE esquier a ringe of goulde. In witnes whereof to this my last will and testament I have sett my hande and seall Yeoven the daye and yeare above writtenn. BRISTOWE. Sealed and deliu'ed in the presence of ROBERT BRANDON, By me EDWARD PARKE, LAUNCELOT LOVELACE, RICHARD DUNWELLES, O. STRONGE." (P. C. C. Watson 20)

Proved; 29 July, 1584, by FRANCIS CLERK, public notary, proctor to LUCY the relict & executrix, power reserved to WALTER and WILLIAM TOOKE, the executors, when they shall apply for the same. (Abstract.)

The Will of ROBERT BRISTOWE of London, dated 1 July, 1610.

"In the name of God amen; 1610 and ye firste of July I ROBERT BRISTOWE of London in the Parrishe of St. Buttolls gent' beinge in body bothe sounde and whole and in mynde and memorie perfect (God be praised) doe make and ordaine this my last will and testament in manner and forme followinge ffirst I bequeathe my soul vnto allmighty God my Savio'r and Redeemer And my Bodye to be buried in the Parrishe Churche of St. Buttolls at the appoyntment of my Lo: wief whome I doe make my whole executor And as concerninge my worldly goodes I doe give and bequeathe them as followeth ffirst I doe give vnto my Lo: wief all my Goodes and Cattells moneyes debtes moveable and vnmoveables whatsoeu'

I have in this worlde at the daye of my deathe vppon condicon shee shall after hir deceasse bequeathe them to oure children accordinge to my nowe settinge downe in mann' and forme followinge Item I doe give vnto EUSTACE BRISTOWE our eldest sonne for his present relief and mayntenaunce one Annuytie of ffive poundes yearelie to be payde him duringe my wiefes lief if he the sayde EUSTACE does soe longe live And after the deathe of his mother then it is my mynde and will that shee shall lett him have Threescore poundes in monye and then the Annuytye to surceasse. Item I doe give to the said EUSTACE my sonne all my Bowes and Crosbowes wth all thinges thereto belonging wth all my owne wearinge apparrell and all necessaries belonginge to my office of Keeper Item I doe give and bequeathe vnto my sonne EUSTACE after the deathe of my Lo: wief my guylte Salte wth oute a Cover that was my ffathers an one guylte Spoone that was his alsoe.

Item I doe give to my sonne EUSTACE after the deceasse of my lovinge wief my best Bedd even as it standeth wth one silke Coverlett and a White Quilte and all thinges thereto belonginge wth the Hanginges in my best chamber and one greate chest there standinge bounde wth yron All w^{ch} was my ffathers Item I doe give alsoe to my sonne EUSTACE my owne Picture after the decease of my Lo: wief hanginge in the same Chamber alsoe And if it happen my saide eldest sonne to departe this world before my sayde wief Then my will is that all those things before bequeathed to him shalbe equally devided to the rest of his Brothers & sisters at my Lo: wives disposinge MARYE BRISTOWE ROBIN and FRANKE in hir discrecon That is to saye MARY B. ROBERT and FRAUNCYS BRISTOWE. Item I doe give to my daughter BARNARDE one Ringe of goulde after my deathe to the valewe of Twentye shillinges to be provided by my lovinge wief. Item I doe give to MARYE BRISTOWE my seconde daughter after the death of hir mother or at hir marriadge yf shee matche wth hir Mothers lykinge and at hir mothers choyce Threescore poundes in monye Alsoe I doe give hir the benefitt of one obligacons of Mr TROUGHTONS if his wief prove wth childe remayninge in my custodye Item I doe give vnto MARYE BRISTOWE my sayde daughter my best guylte Salte wth a Cover and twoe Spoones of silver after the death of my Lo: wief Item I doe give vnto the same MARYE one ffeatherbed wth all thinges thereunto belonginge w^{ch} Bed nowe standeth in the chamber w^{ch} hir Graundmother lyeth in in London. Item I doe give to ROBERT BRISTOWE my thirde sonne after the deathe of my Lo: wief Threescore poundes alsoe in money and one guylte Bowle and twoe silver spoones wth a ffeatherbed and all thinges thereto belonginge w^{ch} my wief dothe thincke moste fittest and my owne Chest in my Chamber to the sayde ROBERT. Item I doe give to FRAUNCYS BRISTOWE my youngest daughter after the deathe of my Lo: wief Threescore poundes alsoe in Monye wth my smallest guilt Salte wth a Cover and twoe silver Spoones and my silver greate Bowle and one feth'bed wth all thinges thereto belonginge wth my Leasse of Throppe oute of w^{ch} shee is to have ffive pounde yearelie duringe hir lief And further it is my will and mynde that if any of my sayde Children departe this lief before my Lo: wief Then my mynde is that that portion or portions before given shalbe equally devided amongst the other three before spoken of then lyvinge in my wyves discreacon Item I doe give to the Poore of the Parrishe of St Buttolls Tenn shillinges yf I dye there to be distributed at the discreacon of my Lo: wief Item I doe give and bequeathe to the Ringers ffive shillinges in money And it is my desire that there shoulde be moderate Ringinge not for that I thincke it can any wayes doe me anye good savinge it is a thinge I ever loved The residue of all and sing'ler my goodes Chattells debtes ready monye and whatsoev' ells I dye seised of vnbequeathed my debts payde and my Legacyes performed I doe give and bequeathe vnto my lovinge wief whome I make and ordaine full and whole executor of this my last will & testam't not meaninge that NICHOLAS my seconde sonne shall have any parte of my goodes because I have bredde him vp to have learninge to gett his owne livinge other wayes excepte it please his mother to give him in hir will eny thinge the w^{ch} I leave to hir discreation earnestly desyringe my lovinge wief to be good to all oure children and especially to have some consideracon of EUSTACE oure eldest sonne for his present mayntenaunce in regard he can doe nothinge to helpe himself. Alsoe I doe make NICHOLAS my sonne the overseer of this my will to helpe his Mother and I give him my wearinge Ringe In witnes whereof I the saide ROBERT BRISTOWE have wrytten this my last will with my owne hande and have setto my marke and sealle the daye and yeare abovewritten anno domini, 1610. R: BRISTOWE." (P. C. C. Fenner, 74)

Proved; 14 August, 1612, by MARY BRISTOWE, relict of deceased & executrix. (Abstract.)

The Will of JAMES BRISTOWE [2] of St. Giles in the Fields,

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[2] James Bristowe, as was seen *ante* Vol. XXII, p. 14, became the stepfather of John Wise who m. as her second husband Susan Lawrence, widow of John Darnall and a cousin of Ann, Lady Calvert. James Bristowe's will surely indicates close kinship to Nicholas Bristowe, the founder of the Herts family. His favorite "cozen" Francis, son of his "cozen Nicholas Bristowe the Elder," m. 18 May, 1602 ("pr. lic. Cofton," *Registers of St. Botolph, Bishopsgate, London*, Vol. I, p. 34) Ann Darnall (eldest dau. of John Darnall and Susanna Lawrence) who was the stepdaughter of his step son! Francis Bristowe was living 10 Feb., 1636/7 when he and Christopher Vernon were named at the proving of the will of Dame Frances Boteler. His wife Ann Bristowe is called a widow in the will of Christopher Vernon, 7 Apr., 1652. The children of Francis and Ann Bristowe were; (1) Francis; (2) Jane; (3) James; (4) Nicholas; (5) John; (6) Francis; (7) Susan; (8) Ann.

The children of Nicholas Bristowe II, also Clerk of the Jewels to the royal house, and his wife Margaret Boteler, were; (1) Nicholas, b. 1563, m. Elizabeth Pinder, d. 19 Apr., 1626, ae. 63, buried Ayot St. Lawrence, and of whom later; (2) Francis of Sacomb, Herts, bapt. 24 Feb., 1565/6, m. Ann Darnall; (3) James, bapt. 13 May, 1574, living 1591; (4) Philip of Sacomb, bapt. 6 Apr., 1568, m. Mary Bramfeild or Mary Sell; (5) Julyan, bapt. 12 July, 1576, m. 28 Dec., 1597, Thomas Colt of Lewes; (6) Julius, living 1591; (7) Elizabeth, bapt. 24 July, 1569, m. at Watton, Herts, 31 July, 1592, George Clerke of Chisfeild, buried 1606; (8) Susanna, bapt. 25 Aug., 1577, m. 30 Dec., 1600, at Ayot St. Lawrence, London, dated 10 Sept., 1591. (Abstract; copy of will in full in Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.)

Whereas the present Queen at Greenwich 11 March in the 8th year of her reign [1566], issued a patent to JOHN WALGRAVE gent of 25 acres of pasture in St. Giles Field, 5 acres in a close near Coleman Hedge and 5 acres of pasture in Coleman Hedge Field in St. Giles Parish to hold from 29 Sept. 1574 for 21 years and whereas the Queen issued a patent at Westminster 22 Sept. in the 21st year of her reign [1579] to RAFFE STAVERTON from 1595 for thirty years for the same lands, all of which have now come to me JAMES BRISTOWE by various means, I devise unto my loving kinsman FRAUNCIS BRISTOWE gent. all rights in RAFFE STAVERTON'S land also unto FRAUNCIS BRISTOWE beds and bedding and £10; unto JAMES BRISTOWE my godson brother to the said FRAUNCIS £10 to be paid when his parents and friends see fit to do so; to PHILIP BRISTOWE brother to JAMES £5; to JULIUS BRISTOWE brother to JAMES £5; to cousin JULIAN BRISTOWE sister to FRAUNCIS BRISTOWE £10; to cousin NICHOLAS BRISTOWE the elder a "Crampe Ringe of golde of three peeces, each weighinge an aungell" "the little Ringe to his wife"; to THOMAS BRISTOWE of Nutfield [Surrey] the like ring; the like ring to his wife; to RICHARD BRISTOWE late of Woodham Water Park [Woodham-Walter, Essex?] the like ring; the like ring to his wife; to ANNE CAREWE of the parish of St. Giles in the Fields the like ring; to RICHARD ALFORD my servant £20; to servant WILLIAM BRISTOWE £20; to servant MARGARET

Thomas Langworth, gent.; (9) Mary, bapt. 22 Feb., 1572/3, by Kimpton, Herts Registers, m. 7 Feb., 1598/9, John Sell; (10) Jane, bapt. 22 Jan., 1578/9, m. Richard Gardiner; (11) John, bapt. 24 Feb., 1564/5 at Watton, m. and had issue [perhaps John of Essex]; (12) Ann, m. 1 Aug., 1596 at Ayot St. Lawrence, John Axtell (Clutterbuck's *Herts*, Vol. II, pp. 254, 301; *V. of Essex*, Harleian, Vol. II, p. 358).

TIRKHILL an annuity of 26s. 8d.; to servant ANN HALL, 40s. beside her wages; to JOHN SMYTHE son of my cousin JOHN SMYTHE of Billingsgate £10; to poor of Christ Hospital; to poor of St. Giles; residue to loving son-in-law JOHN WISE gent; executor; overseer, THOMAS RAINS, chaplain to Archbishop of Canterbury. Signed, J: BRISTOWE, THOMAS STIDOLFE, THOMAS VEALE. (P. C. C. Sainberbe 91.)

Proved; 6 Dec. 1591, by JOHN WISE, gent. the executor named in the will.

The Will of ELIZABETH BRISTOWE,[3] widow, of Whethampsted, Herts, dated 30 May, 1653. (Abstract; copy of will in full in Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.)

Relict of NICHOLAS BRISTOWE of Ayot St. Lawrence, Herts esq. being very aged; to be buried in Chapel of Church of Ayot St. Lawrence near my husband's grave; to son ROBERT BRISTOWE, ESQ.; to ELIZABETH BRISTOWE his wife; to grandchild and godson NICHOLAS BRISTOWE, son of son ROBERT BRISTOWE; to grandchildren (children also of son ROBERT BRISTOWE),

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[3] Elizabeth Bristowe, widow of Nicholas Bristowe III, was the dau. of Thomas Pindar of Winchester, Hampshire. She d. "20 May, 1654 ae. 89" and "was buried 23 May, 1654 ae. 88 years, 10 months" in the chapel at Ayot St. Lawrence, Herts. The children of Nicholas Bristowe and Elizabeth Pindar were; (1) Elizabeth who m. 1605, Charles Thorold; (2) Helen or Ellen who m., 27 July 1607 by the Ayot Registers, Robert Mynn, bro. of Ann Mynn, Lady Calvert; (3) Nicholas who m. Anne and had Elizabeth and Ann; (4) Grizel who m. 1623, John Ellis, and secondly, ——— Noice; (5) Frances; (6) Robert, b. 29 July, 1596 at Whethampsted, d. 8 March, 1670/1, m. 2 Sept., 1641, Elizabeth Scriven of London and whose eldest surviving son William, bapt. Ayot St. Lawrence, 30 July, 1649, inherited Ayot St. Lawrence (Clutterbuck's *Herts*, Vol. III, p. 69); (7) Richard who d. 1603 in childhood; (8) Rev. Litton, Vicar of Kimpton, of Trinity College Cambridge, bapt. 3 Dec., 1601, buried Ayot St. Lawrence, 17 Sept., 1634; Edward (1603-1642); (10) Jane who m. 1624, Wm. Irish, gent; (11) Frances who m. 20 Dec. 1620 at Ayot, Wm Clerke of Chisfeild; (12) Martha, bapt. 10 Sept., 1587 at Ayot.

ROBERT, MARIE, WILLIAM and FRAUNCES BRISTOWE, all under 18; to daughter HELEN MYNN, wife of ROBERT MYNN, esq.; to daughter GRIZELL NOICE £40 in full satisfaction of the sum of £30 which was left unpaid of her marriage portion with her first husband with remainder to GRIZELL NOICE'S children by both husbands; to grandchild JOANE HARRISON, wife of JAMES HARRISON gent.; to said JAMES HARRISON: to grandchildren Mrs BLONDWORTH and Mrs. CROWES: to grandchild Mrs ANN BROKETT wife of CHARLES BROKETT gent; to grandchild THOMAS PUMFRETT the younger (son of THOMAS PUMFRETT gent. and ELIZABETH his wife), and to his sister ELIZABETH PUMFRET, both under 18; to grandchild JAMES IRISH gent.; to MARIE PORTER daughter of JOHN PORTER deceased at age of 18; to cousin REBECCA GRINNWYN, wife of THOMAS GRINNWYN; to loving friend MARIE, wife of WILLIAM ROLFE gent. my executor; legacy for repair of BRISTOWE family chapel at Ayott; 88 pence for seven poor widows to represent the testator's number of years; to maid servant JANE HARRISON; WILLIAM ROLFE of Whethampsted sole executor; loving friend Mr. WILLIAM DAVIS, Clerke, overseer. Signed ELIZABETH BRISTOWE, her mark. Witnesses, WILLIAM DAVIS, ROBERT GREENE, JAMES ROLFE, JANE HARRISON. (P. C. C. Aylett 355.)

Proved; 4 Apr., 1655 by WILLIAM ROLFE, executor named in the will.

The Will of JOHN BRISTOW [4] of Binsted, Hampshire, dated 15 May, 1646.

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[4] The will of John *Bristow* of Binsted, Hampshire settles for all time the question of the parentage of Robert *Bristow* of Virginia. Robert pursued a fortunate career in Virginia from 1600, married Averilla Curtis in America and returned to England, where he seems to have amassed great wealth and where his descendants have made brilliant marriages. Sir Edward Bysshe, whose statements are not always to be relied upon, did considerable work upon the Surrey Bristowe family from which he himself

"In the name of God Amen The fifteenth day of May Anno d'mi One thousand sixe hundred forty sixe And in the twenty second year of the Raigne of our Soveraigne Lord Charles by the Grace of God King of England Scotland and ffrance and Ireland Defendor of the ffaith &c' I JOHN BRISTOW of Bensted in the County of Southt' yeoman being sicke in body but of good and perfect memory Laud and praise be unto Almighty God Doe make and ordaine this my last Will and Testament In manner and forme following That is to say First I commend my soule vnto Almighty God my maker and vnto Jesus Christ my Redeemer by whose merritts and passion I verily hope to be saved and my body to the earth from whence it came to be decently buryed in the Church or Churchyard of the parish of Bensted aforesaid Imprimis I give vnto the Church of Bensted tenne groats toward repaireing thereof Item

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descended and in his Visitation of Herts, 1669, (still unpublished, so far as the writer can discover) he made Robert of Virginia, so Burke says, the son of Robert of Herts and grandson of Elizabeth Bristowe whose will is given in abstract herewith. Following this line, Hoare's *Modern Wilts*, Vol. V, part II, pp. 11, 28-34 * gives a mass of impressive material upon the pedigree of Robert of Virginia, and Burke in some early editions of his *Landed Gentry* copies this elaborate mistake. Apparently the error was pointed out however for in later editions he gave Robert no ancestors at all. The will of Robert of Virginia named Binsted as his birthplace, and Jane Blanchard and Alice Stephens as his sisters, and no connection whatever with the Hertfordshire family appears on the surface, although further research would probably show them both to have descended from a common Surrey ancestor. It will be observed that the two families spelled their names differently. Robert Bristow of London, 1706, had a bookplate beautifully engraved which used the arms granted to Nicholas I in 1544, which is intriguing but nothing more (*Home Counties Magazine*, Vol. V, p. 6). John Bristow of Middlesex County, Virginia, who has so many American descendants, must be suspected first of all of being related to the Binsted family, since there is some similarity of names between his family and that of Robert, nearby. Mr. M. E. Bristow, 1010 State Office Building, Richmond, Va. is compiling a genealogy of the American Bristows and would welcome any correspondence upon the subject (*Records of Christ Church, Middlesex Co., Va.; Tyler's Quarterly*, Vol. V, p. 177; *William and Mary College Quarterly*, Vol. II, p. 28, Vol. III, p. 189, Vol. XXI, pp. 28-9; *Landmarks of Old Prince William*, p. 191; *Va. Mag. of Hist.*, Vol. XIII, p. 59).

I give vnto the poore of the said parish of Bensted tenne shillings to be bestowed at my buryall at the discretion of my Executors hereafter named Item my Will and meaneing is that all such debts which I doe owe of Right or of Conscience be discharged by my Executors Nowe as touching my Messuages barnes Lands tenem'ts and hereditaments whereof I stand seized scituate lyeing and being in Bensted aforesaid my full intent meaneing and will is to give and doe give vnto JOHN my second sonne payeing yearely out of one parcell of Land called and knowne by the name of Capham vnto NICHOLAS my eldest sonne and out of the Landes belonging thereunto fower pounds at the two most vsuall ffeasts or termes in the yeare that is to say at the ffeast of St. Michael the Archangell and the Annunciation of the blessed Virgine the Lady Mary by even and equall portions dureing his naturall life the first payment to beginne the first of either the the said feasts which shall happen next and imediately after my decease To have and to hold all the aforesaid Messuage Barnes Lands Tenements and Hereditaments with the appurtenances whatsoever before given the which I now stand seized of in Bensted aforesaid vnto JOHN my said second sonne and to his heires forever. Item I give vnto JANE my daughter the wife of THOMAS BLANCHARD tenne shillings where wth I doubt not but that she wilbe right well pleased and contented in regard of that which as a father I have already done and provided for her Item I give unto RICHARD my sonne twenty pounds to be paid unto him at such time as the time of his apprenticeship is expired. Item I give vnto ROBERT my son twenty pounds to be paid vnto him likewise at such time as the time of his apprenticeship is expired. Item my Will and meaneing is that my Executors heerafter named shall put HENRY my youngest sonne apprentice in London as soone as he shalbe fitting and I give vnto HENRY my said youngest sonne twenty pounds to be paid vnto him in like manner when the time of his apprenticeship is expired. Item I give vnto ALICE my youngest daughter forty pounds to be delivered vnto her at one and twenty yeares of age And if it chance any of my said Children to decease before their said Legacies be paid or is due vnto them then my Will and meaneing is that such Legacy or legacies herein to him her or them bequeathed and deceased shalbe and remaine vnto rest of my Children surviveing equally to be devided betwixt them Item all the residue of my Goods and Chattels whatsoever All my debts that I owe being truely paid and my funerall Expences performed I give and bequeath vnto JANE my wife and JOHN my second sonne whom I make and ordeine my sole and onely Executors of this my last Will and Testament enoiyneing them to see my said debts and legacies paid and performed according to the true intent and meaneing of this my last Will and Testament And that this my last Will may be better performed I request my welbeloved friendes THOMAS STENT of the Bensted aforesaid yeoman and THOMAS BLANCHARD of Frale to be Overseers of the same And for their paines in that behalfe I give either of them sixe shillings eight pence In witnes whereof I have heervnto set my hand and seale the day and yeare above written. JOHN BRISTOW, in the presence of JOHN HARDING Scr' sig' JOHANNIS BENSTED." (P. C. C. Twisse 159.)

Proved; 24 November, 1646, by JOHN BRISTOW, one of the executors, power reserved to JANE, relict of deceased, the executrix when she shall apply for same. (Abstract.)

The Will of CHRISTOPHER VERNON[5] of County Herts,

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[5] Christopher Vernon, husband of Elizabeth Darnall, and author of a work on the Exchequer, was a member of an obscure family of Little Stukeley, Huntingdonshire, who invariably appear as *Vernam* in the meager records relating to them. They were however doubtless descended from the Vernons of Haddon Hall, since the *Visitation of Hertfordshire* (Harleian, p. 100) and the mural tablet in St. Mary's Church, Hertingfordbury, Herts, are quite positive in their statements on the subject. The elaborately quartered arms on the tablet apparently are intended to bear out the assertion. It will be remembered that the monument to Anne Mynn, Lady Calvert, is in this selfsame church,

First Secondary of the Office of the Pipe in the Public Exchequer, dated 7 April, 1652. (Abstract by Miss Lucy Drucker, 118a, Alexandra Road, London.)

Upon the marriage of my eldest son, I settled all my lands etc upon him and his issue (after the death of me and my wife), except my lands in Great and Little Wymondley, County Herts, which I hold by copy of that manor, which I surrendered before his marriage, to the use of my second son EDWARD and LETTICE his wife, to them and their issue, in default to my right heirs and also some freehold land there.

By Indenture bearing date 27 December, 1649, I assigned to my brother-in-law, WILLIAM CARTER Esqr and my

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a fact of sufficient interest to Americans, one would think, to be noticed in the guidebooks. Christopher Vernon was the son of William Vernam of Little Stukeley, Hunts and his wife Alice, "daughter of Thomas Walker of Tattenhall, Chester." The wills of Christopher (1606) and Alice Swinscoe (1610) of Peterborough, Northamptonshire mention the Walkers of Geddington, Northamptonshire and Alice, wife of William Vernam. The will of Alice Swinscoe mentions Christopher Vernam, son of William and Alice, and his wife, by which the date of Christopher's marriage is somewhat indicated (*Fenland Notes and Queries*, Vol. I, p. 341; Vol. II, p. 3). Anyone who is interested in tracing the ancestry of Christopher Vernon will find ample materials in the Registry of Peterborough (*Index Library*, Vol. 42, Huntingdonshire Wills). The epitaph to Christopher Vernon and his family is in Latin and freely translated, reads thus (Cussan's *Herts*, Vol. II, Pt. II, p. 108):

"In the Earth close by, looking to a happy Resurrection, lies Christopher Vernon, Esquire, of the ancient Family of Vernon of Haddon in Derbyshire, who was Lord of the Manor of Hertingfordbury, First Secondary of the Pipe in the Exchecquer, and Surveyor and Receiver of the Green Wax in the same. He held moreover, far greater Claims to Honor which could not be so easily passed on to a Successor; he was a skillful interpreter of the Classic Writers or ancient writings, and a careful Guardian of the entire Exchecquer. He died 25 May, 1652, in the 69th year of his Age.

He left by his wife Elizabeth (daughter of John Darnall, Esq., also Secondary of the Pipe, by Susan Lawrence his wife, Daughter and Coheiress of Roger Lawrence, gent., last of the Males of a long line of Lawrences in Hertingfordbury); Francis, Son and Heir; Edward and Edmund; Susan wedded to Arthur Lowe, Esq.; Ann, the Consort of Timothy Stamp, Esq.; Frances, Wife of John Brewster, Gent.; and Elizabeth. His beloved and sorrowing Wife, Elizabeth, Daughter and Coheiress of the aforesaid friends NICHOLAS HEYMOR gent. and JOHN BREWSTER, gent. all my lands in St. Giles and St. Martins in the Fields, County Middlesex, which I held then by lease and whereas since then my daughter FRANCES has married the said JOHN BREWSTER with my consent, I desire the same may go to pay £100 still due on my said daughter's portion and other debts.

I have settled a jointure on my wife ELIZABETH but now further I give her the house at Hartingfordbury and in the parish of St. Andrew Hertford and to have the use of all my goods for life or until she marries again.

Whereas I lately purchased a fee farm rent in the manor of

Susan Lawrence, places this Tomb with Sighs and Lamentations. I know that my Redeemer liveth."

The sisters of Christopher Vernam or Vernon, were; (1) Ann, who m. 28 Oct., 1600, Thomas Rooding (*Cambridgeshire Parish Registers,* Vol. IV, p. 138, Papworth St. Agnes); (2) Margaret who is mentioned in the will of Alice Swinscoe, 1610; (3) Bridget who married an Emerson; (4) Alice who m. 8 Nov., 1607 (also by the *Papworth St. Agnes Register*) John Stockdale; (5) her twin sister, who may be identical with Margaret above, however. The children of Christopher and Elizabeth Vernon were; (1) Francis (at Cambridge University 1623) who m. Eleanor Cockayne, of whom later; (2) Edward, Controller of the Pipe in 1652, who m. Lettice ——— and of whom the writer can find no further trace; (3) Susanne who m. Arthur Lowe of the Inner Temple, Esq. (son of Arthur Lowe of the Inner Temple and his wife Mary Hammond. Bysshe, *Visitation of Essex,* p. 59) by whom she had Anthony Lowe of Walden in Essex who m. Elizabeth Buckley of Cambridge and had issue; (4) Anne who m. Timothy Stampe of the Inner Temple (enrolled Balliol, Oxford, 16 July, 1621 ae. 15), son of Timothy Stamp and Mary Clent of Oxfordshire, and bro. of Rev. Wm. Stamp (1611-1653) chaplain to Elizabeth, Queen of Bohemia and Charles II, when Prince of Wales. Mary (Clent) Stampe m., second, Abel Gower of Worcestershire, whose will, 1632, mentions his step-children, the Stampes. Some Gowers and Stampes appear in Virginia and Maryland a generation later (*Dict. of Nat. Biog.* for Stamp; *Va. Mag. of Hist.,* Vol. XVII, p. 400; *Wm. and Mary Quarterly,* Vol. VII, p. 290; *Va. County Records,* Vol. IX, p. 20; Early Settlers List of Maryland; *Md. Wills,* passim; Clutterbuck's *Herts,* Vol. II, p. 367; Crisp's *V. of Eng. and Wales,* Notes Series, Vol. XI, pp. 167, 178); (5) Frances, who m. John Brewster, Esq., Controller of the Pipe; (6) Elizabeth who m. after her father's epitaph was composed, Walter Wallinger, Esq., First Secondary of the Pipe, s. of Benjamin Wallinger

Hertingfordbury I bequeath the same after the death of me and my wife to my youngest son EDMOND, to my said son EDWARD and his issue, and after his death to my grandson WILLIAM VERNON, son of my son FRANCIS. To my grandchild CHRISTOPHER VERNON, 2nd son of my son FRANCIS and his heirs another fee farm rent. I managed the business for my sister-in law, M^rs^ SUSAN MORIS, after the death of her husband HENRY CHITTING Esqr. and agreed with Mr. BENNETT for the provision of the children of said CHITTING by his former wife and of FRANCES CHITTING his child by the said SUSAN, my executors to

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and Judith Mildmay of London and Chelmsford, Essex. Elizabeth Wallinger d. 13 March, 1712/3 in her 77th year and is buried in St. Mary's Church, Hertingfordbury with her husband who d. 23 Jan., 1709/10 in his 78th year (Clutterbuck's *Herts,* Vol. II, p. 206; Cussan's *Herts,* Vol. II, Part II, p. 110).

Francis Vernon of the Inner Temple, son and heir of Christopher Vernon, m. 16 Jan., 1638/9, by records of St. Peter le Poor, London, Ellen or Eleanor Cockayne, dau. of William Cockayne of London and his first wife Ellen Lloyd of Kent. Eleanor Cockayne's sisters were Dame Mary Drury and Dame Elizabeth Rich, and her father was first cousin of Sir William Cockayne, Lord Mayor of London (G. E. Cokayne, *Lord Mayors and Sheriffs of London,* p. 83; *Cockayne Memoranda,* pp. 44, 45, 47 & pedigree chart; Clutterbuck's *Herts,* Vol. II, p. 199 *et seq.;* Cussan's *Herts,* Vol. II, Hertford Section, p. 103; *V. of Kent,* 1619, Harleian, p. 56). The surviving children of Francis Vernon and Eleanor Cockayne were; (1) Ann of St. Ann's Lane, Westminster, who was living 1724, unmarried; (2) William who by his marriage after 24 July, 1663, to Ann dau. of John and Ann Fitzherbert of Begbrook, Oxfordshire, touched a Virginia circle of considerable interest. John Fitzherbert was the nephew of Edward Fitzherbert, whose wife Elizabeth was the sister of Amphillis Roades who m. Rev. Lawrence Washington and was an ancestress of George Washington. Henry Fitzgilbert Waters worked long over this Fitzherbert clue to the identity of Amphillis Washington and he published a mass of material, among which is the will of John Fitzherbert, which does not however name his young daughter Ann. John Fitzherbert's wife was Ann Atkins, dau. of Sir Edward Atkins and sister of Sir Robert. The Fitzherberts of Maryland and Virginia could doubtless be traced through this channel (*London Licenses at the Faculty Office,* Harleian, p. 72; *Genealogical Gleanings in England,* pp. 362, 396, etc.; Stapleton, *Three Oxfordshire Parishes,* pp. 340-1).

The Vernon family at about this point begins to be very complicated pay said FRANCES CHITTING £20 at her age of 21, the same having been due to her mother.

I aided JOHN EDWARDS of Sandon, County Herts, gent., in his lifetime and got him out of prison for debt and I have maintained his daughter BRIDGET EDWARDS and now I bequeath her 20 marks at her age of 24. Seven years ago I paid for my son-in-law, Mr TIMOTHIE STAMPE, £150 which he has not repaid me, the same debt he shall pay to my daughter ANNE STAMPE and her children. I bequeath to JANE, only daughter of said ANNE STAMPE, £20. To my wife's three sisters, Mrs ANNE BRISTOWE, widow, Mrs SUSAN MORIS and Mrs MARY CARTER I desired to pre-

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for the student of John Mynne's descendants and the material here given is offered with some trepidation. There was another Francis of London whose son James (1646-1727) was Secretary of State, secretary to the Duke of Monmouth, father of Admiral Edward Vernon (1684-1757), for whom our Mount Vernon was named, etc. This Francis of London also had a son Francis (1637-1677) who was a traveller and author. Both are described in the *Dictionary of National Biography.* Douglas Ford's *Admiral Vernon,* p. 3, helps us to clear up this Cheshire and Staffordshire family, but it is a strange coincidence that the two families should have moved in similar official circles, though unrelated, and that two such confusing Francis Vernons should have lived in London at the same time. Likewise Admiral Edward Vernon above must not be confounded with his very remote kinsman Admiral Sir Edward Vernon (1723-1794) nor must either be connected with Christopher's son Edward Vernon, of the Exchecquer in 1652.

The children of William Vernon and Ann Atkins were; (1) Christopher, son and heir, who came to Maryland, held office in Ann Arundell County, bought "Marsh's Seat" in St. James Parish of Thomas Knighton in 1707, seems to have gone back and forth to England, m. circa 1691 Lois Gongo (dau. of Faith Gongoe, widow, of "Kequotan Choice," Herring Creek, Ann Arundell County, previously held by Stephen Benson) widow of Lewis Evans, planter, who d. circa 1690, by whom she had Elizabeth Evans, who m. Francis Anctill; Sarah Evans, who m. Samuel Griffith; Ann Evans who m. Benjamin Battee; and Katherine Evans. Christopher Vernon and Lois Gongoe (Evans) had; (1) Ephraim, his father's favorite, b. 18 Feb., 1691/2, bapt. (St. James Church Records), Ann Arundell Co., Maryland, 11 June, 1704, living 9 June, 1724, when he had two children; (2) William, b. 23 Jan., 1693/4, bapt. same time as Ephraim, m. Sophia by whom he had Ann, b. 4 Oct., 1735, inventory 24 June, 1740, administratrix wife Sophia; (3) Thomas, b. 27 Jan., 1701/2, bapt. (St. James sent each with a piece of plate, but in these hard times my plate has been disposed of, so I give them 30s. each. To my eldest son, FRANCIS, Lord Coke's printed Littleton with the calendar to it and the rest of my books to my sons EDWARD and EDMOND and to the said EDMOND my Three Manuscripts being collections in 2 books of all grants of manors, rectories, granges etc from the Crown throughout England and Wales to the beginning of James I's reign and an alphabetical directory to the same and on his death the same to my grandchild WILLIAM VERNON. To my daughter ELIZABETH, my new great Bible. To all my grandchildren, 20s. each To my son FRANCIS and ELEANOR his wife, the silver urn

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church records, Ann Arundell Co., Maryland), 1 March, 1701/2, living 1746; (4) Loys, b. 1 Oct., 1697, bapt. St. James, Ann Arundell County, 11 Sept., 1718 probably identical with Lucy "daughter of Christopher and Lois Vernon" who was buried 27 Sept., 1718 by records of St. James; (5) Ann, who in 1724 was the wife of George Martin, by whom she had Agnes. Christopher Vernon's distinguished ancestry can doubtless be claimed by persons living in America who, relying upon his recorded will (dated 8 Dec., 1724 and proved in London), which mentions neither wife nor children, have dismissed all thought of him as a forebear (*Md. Wills*, Vol. V, p. 192; *Md. Hist. Mag.*, Vol. II, p. 183). There is however in the Land Office at Annapolis, an unrecorded will, dated 9 June, 1724, written in a beautiful hand, signed by Christopher Vernon, and bearing the armorial seal which identifies him as of London and Hertingfordbury, Herts. It is the will of a thoroughly disgusted man who is going home to England, and in it he pours out all his bitterness against Lois (whom he considers no wife because she refused at the wedding ceremony to say the words *honor and obey*); against his daughter Ann who married George Martin contrary to his command; against his son William; but in which he expresses a tender regard for his step-daughter Elizabeth Anktill, beside whom he wishes to be buried, and who is to be his executrix. Elizabeth Anktill, 1 June, 1724, was made Christopher Vernon's attorney, and the vituperations against his wife and children in this document are exceedingly amusing. Of course much litigation was the result of the recorded will which disinherited his family and William Vernon went to England in 1725 upon the business of the estate, aided by the Chews and Darnalls. Christopher Vernon had in Ann Arundell County neighbors of the names of Selby and Knighton, both suggesting Hertfordshire ties. The Manor of Hertingfordbury, Herts, was sold in 1690 to James Selby by either William Vernon, the heir, or his son and heir Christopher Vernon, later of Maryland (Records in Land Office, Annapolis;

with cover given me by the DUCHESS OF RICHMOND with remainder after their deaths to their eldest son WILLIAM. To my son EDWARD VERNON, Controller of the Pipe, and his wife LETTICE, my silver tankard. To my daughter SUSAN LOW, my silver cream dish. To my daughter ANNE STAMPE, my silver basin. To my daughter FRANCES, two silver fruit dishes. To my daughter ELIZABETH two silver candlesticks. To my son EDMOND, one dozen silver spoons. To my sisters ANNE ROODING and BRIDGET EMERSON, 20s. each. Residuary legatee, my wife and after her death my son EDMOND and daughters FRANCES and ELIZABETH. As I provided for my poor

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Md. Archives, Vols. 20, 23, 25, 26; Rec. of St. James Parish, Ann Arundell County, Md., in Md. Hist Soc. Mss. Coll.; *Md. Wills,* Vol. II, p. 67; also all Hertfordshire authorities as indicated *ante*).

William Vernon and Ann Fitzherbert had, beside Christopher of Maryland; (2) William, presumably that William of Herts who was admitted to Peterhouse, Cambridge, 1685 ae. 18, who in 1697 had leave to go to the West Indies for four years of study. He was a "distinguished botanist." (3) John, who by the will, 1724, of his brother Christopher Vernon of St. Dunstan in the East, London and Maryland, had m. Jane ——, by whom he had at least Wm. and Ann (Moore). John Vernon's widow Jane in 1724 was the wife of John Ashford or Ashton. (4) Thomas, bapt. 22 June, 1681 by the records of St. Mary's Hertingfordbury, and whom this writer supposes to be the Thomas Vernon of Twickenham who was a trustee of Charles, Lord Baltimore's will in 1715 (*Side Lights on Maryland History,* Vol. II, p. 47). He d. 22 Aug., 1726, leaving his wife Jane; Jane his eldest dau. who d. unmarried 1734; Annabella (1707-1777) (who m. Gen. Wm. A'Court, and by him was the ancestress of the present Baron Heytesbury of Heytesbury, Wilts. Burke's *Peerage,* current editions); and Matilda (who m. Charles Repington of Ammington Hall, Tamworth Parish, Warwickshire portion). *The Herald and Genealogist,* Vol. 4, pp. 533-5, discusses the Lawrence family of Hertingfordbury and says that Thomas Vernon of Twickenham Park, Middlesex, was descended from Christopher Vernon and Elizabeth Darnall. *The Dictionary of National Biography,* at the conclusion of an article on Thomas Vernon (1654-1721) law reporter, says that he "has been sometimes confused in error with Thomas Vernon of Twickenham Park, Middlesex, formerly secretary to the Duke of Monmoutth [Is not James Vernon, Secretary of the Duke, here being confused with Thomas?]. This person was a Lord Commissioner of Trade and Foreign Plantations, Sept. 1713 sister STOCKDALL and her twin sister while she lived, I desire my wife to continue providing for her.

Executors, my wife and my friends Mr RALPH DARNALL, my wife's near kinsman, and my son-in-law, JOHN BREWSTER. Supervisors, my brother-in-law, WILLIAM CARTER, Esqr. and my eldest son FRANCIS. Signed, CHRISTOPHER VERNON. [No witnesses names given] (P. C. C. Boyer 144)

Proved; 24 June, 1652, by ELIZABETH VERNON, the relict and RALPH DARNALL and JOHN BREWSTER the executors named.

The Will of SUSAN WISE [6] of Hertingfordbury, Herts, dated 26 June, 1630.

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to Sept. 1714; M. P. for Whitchurch [Hants] as a Tory, 1710 to 1721, when he was expelled in the House in May 1721, and from 1722 until his death, 1726." Thomas Vernon bought Twickenham Park in 1702 and was Pope's landlord for many years. He served as church warden with Sir Godfrey Kneller. Nathaniel Piggott, the Roman Catholic barrister, (1661-1737), likewise a trustee of Charles, Lord Baltimore, in 1715, is buried in Twickenham Church, with an epitaph by his intimate friend Pope (Cobbett, *Memorials of Twickenham,* pp. 66-7; Brewer's *Middlesex,* Vol. V, p. 386; Hoare, *Modern Wilts,* Vol. I, Heytesbury Section, pp. 121-150; Lysons, *Environs of London,* Vol. II, p. 776; Beatson, *Parliamentary Register,* Vol. I, p. 172; Clutterbuck, *Herts,* Vol. II, p. 201, a Vernon pedigree, published 1821; Chauncey, *Herts,* Vol. I, p. 534); (5) Eleanor who m. after 8 Apr., 1686 (*Faculty Office Licenses, London, Index Library,* Vol. 33, p. 95) Francis Shrimpton of London, goldsmith; (6) Elizabeth, buried 19 Apr., 1679 at Hertingfordbury; (7) Mary, buried 22 Sept., 1690 at Hertingfordbury.

[6] It interesting to make the further acquaintance of a lady who was so admired and trusted by her relations. Susan Wise was the daughter of Roger Lawrence and Elizabeth Mynn (aunt of Ann, Lady Calvert). She m. (1) John Darnall, whose will was given *ante,* Vol. XXII, p. 2, by whom she had (as this will proves, thus banishing the uncertainty expressed *ante,* Vol. XXII, p. 2): Ann w. of Francis Bristowe; Elizabeth, w. of Christopher Vernon; Susan, w. of Henry Chitting and Thomas Morris; and Mary, w. of William Carter. Susan Lawrence m. (2) John Wise, whose will was given, *ante,* Vol. XXII, p. 14. The first clue to the fate of Francis Bristowe's children is here given. Nicholas and Francis were living in 1630, Francis his daughter had married a Colt and Jane had

"In the name of God Amen The Sixe and twentieth daye of June in the yeare of our Lord God One thousand sixe hundred thirty And in the sixt yeare of the Raigne of o'r Soveraigne Lord Kinge Charles by the grace of God of England Fraunce and Ireland Kinge defender of the faith &c I SUSAN WISE of the parish of Hartingfordbury in the Countie of Hartford Widowe beinge of good and perfect memory thankes be to God therefore, doe make and ordaine this my last will and testament in manner and form following. First I most humbly commend my soule to Allmightie God that gave it, by whose mercies in Jesus Christ my redeemer I hope to be saved It'm I will vnto the poore fiftie shillinges, that is to the poore of Hartingfordbury, Thirtie shillinges And to the poore of St. Andrus in Hartford twentie shillinges Item I give for a remembrance of my love unto my welbeloved brother Mr JOHN JEEVE of Much Wimely my gold Ringe with the Curnelion stone, and to my deare Sister Mrs ANNE JEEVE his wife my bugle gowne Kirtle and wastcoates and my best hatt and stuffe cloke Item I will vnto my welbeloved Sonne in lawe Mr FRANCES BRISTOWE my gold Ringe with the purple stone w^{ch} is an Amites And to my daughter ANNE his wife my best gowne Kirtle and wastcoate being furgred grograine and my best petticoate being crimson tustaffitie and five pounds in money Item to each of my two grand-daughters FRANCES COLT and JANE WINGFEELD halfe a dozen of silver spoones of fortie five shillinges the dozen Item to each of theire brothers NICHOLAS and FRAUNCIS fortie shillinges in money Item I will vnto my grandchildren of my sonne and daughter VERNON to their sonnes fortie shillinges apeece And to theire daughters to each of them halfe a dozen of silver

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married a Wingfield. Susan mentions the children of her stepson Henry Darnall of Birds Place, Essendon and she also mentions Katherine Hall daughter of her sister, the wife of Rowland Hall. We learn for the first time, too that she had an Aunt Goold whose daughter was Elizabeth Pall. "Mrs. Susan Darnall" was named by Dame Frances Butler in her will above as a suitable person to watch over her daughter Jane, who became the wife of John, Lord Belasyse the Catholic Peer (1614-1689).

spoones of the same price as before to my other grandchildren Item I will vnto my daughter SUSAN DARNALL my great gilt salt my little guilt trencher salte two little guilt boles and the halfe dozen of gilt spoones marked with an S. a featherbed, boulster, pillowe a paire of blanketts w^{ch} my Sister JEEVE hath in her keeping for her, But my will is that she shall not fetch it from her Aunt soe longe as she liveth except Shee willingly spare it Also I have put vp some linnen in a truncke w^{ch} my daughter MARIE hath the keepinge of, w^{ch} my will is shalbe equallie devided betweene them two further I will vnto my daughter MARIE my two silverwhite boles and my two little purled boles and my guilt castinge bottle, one of my best featherbedds with the boulster a paire of pillowes and a paire of blanketts Item I will vnto my Godson JOHN DARNALL a peece of twentie two shillinges to make him a Ringe And to my goddaughter his sister SUSAN Twentie shillinges in money and one of my gownes which is not bequeathed, And to each of her brothers half a peece in gold And to my loving friend theire mother a little Ringe ready made of tenne Shillinges price for her to weare in a remembrance of mee and my best stuffe cloke Item I will vnto KATERNE HALL my Sisters daughter five pounds Item I will vnto ELIZABETH PALL my Aunt GOOLDES daughter twentie shillinges (if she be living, if she be not liveinge Then to her daughter ELIZABETH PALL w^{ch} liveth in London Nowe I livinge here with my sonne and daughter VERNON and my poore estate that I have is neere about them Therefore I entreat them to be my Executrixes And because I am in debt and cleere without any money to performe those my legacies, therefore my will is that they shall receive one halfe yeares rent next after my death of my rentes of my houses at Westminster in Helmet Alley in Kingstreete toward the payinge of theise legacies and my debts. And then after the end of that yeare I give and bequeath All those my said rentes and houses and all that belongeth vnto them vnto my fower daughters ANNE BRISTOWE, for her life, and then to her sonne NICHOLAS after her death and to his heires forever and ELIZABETH VERNON and my Godson to her sonne FRANCES after her And his heires forever, And soe to SUSAN and MARY DARNALL and to theire heires forever. Now concerninge my buriall my desire is that my corpes maie be laid in Hartingfordbury Chauncell as neere my husband DARNALL as conveniently it maie be, Alsoe my earnest desire is that my buriall maie be as privately in the evening and with as little charges as in desensie it maye And soe of this my last will and testament I ordaine and make my welbeloved sonne and daughter Mr CHRISTOPHER VERNON and ELIZABETH his wife my sole Executrixes In witnes wherof I have sett to my name with my owne hand By me SUSAN WISE. Published and delivered by the said SUSAN WISE in the presence of JANE WINGFEILD The mark of NICHOLAS FURNACE HENRY FURNACE.

Now this my will beinge of my owne makinge w^th^ out any advice of any bodie that had skill to doe such a thinge And I confesse I myselfe have noe knowledge in the lawe, Therefore if there want words to make all sure that I have sett downe and given in this my last will Neverthelesse I desire and charge both my heires and Executrixes that my plaine meaninge as I have writt it maie be honestly and iustly performed as I surely hope it shall

SUSAN WISE"

(P. C. C. St. John 112.)

Proved; 18 October, 1631, by CHRISTOPHER VERNON, and ELIZABETH VERNON, the executors named in the will. (Abstract.)

The Will of Dame FRANCES BUTLER, widow, of Woodhall, Herts, dated 10 June, 1624. (Abstract by Miss Lucy Drucker of 118a Alexandra Road, London, N. W. 8.)

I desire to be buried in the parish church of Watton at Stone as near my late husband Sir ROBERT BUTLER as may be,

& I give to the poor of that parish — — —. My said husband gave me sole Executrix of his will and gave me all his movable goods and chattels and before making his will he assured certain lands to his sole daughter and heir my daughter JANE and I was to have the wardship of her; but Sir JOHN BUTLER, contrary to the trust reposed on him and to the King's instructions has deprived me of the same and procured a grant of her body and lands to himself and JOHN BUTLER, my brother, has impeached all the lands etc. my husband meant for me and my child and I have had and still have to defend many suits about the same. I desire my executors to get the said wardship away from him and if possible to have Mrs CLIFFORD or Mrs SUSAN DARNALL placed near to attend her. Sir JOHN showed little love to my late husband in his lifetime and less now, giving out he will sell the parsonage of Higham and the manor of Higham, and whereas JOHN PEARLES bought pasture called Gobions Pasture in the Manor of Streatley, Bedfordshire and was to pay £655 and paid a great part of it, I state the same is not parcel of Higham manor. Executors, my brothers, Sir JOHN DEANE, Knt., and DREW DRURY, Esq., my cousin FRANCIS BRISTOWE and Mr CHRISTOPHER VERNON. All my estate to my daughter at her age of 17; if she die before to be buried beside her father and me. Signed; FR. BUTLER. Witnesses; EDWARD CALVERT, JOHN DARNALL, WALTER PARKHURST. To my cousin FRANCIS BRISTOWE £100 he says I owe him which I suppose is true although I cannot remember it. Although all I have said about Sir JOHN BUTLER and JOHN BUTLER my brother is true, I forgive them. (P. C. C. Goare 29)

Proved; 10 Feb., 1636/7 by CHRISTOPHER VERNON, power reserved to FRANCIS BRISTOWE, when he shall apply for same, DRURY DEANE Esq. being dead.

The Will of RICHARD BOTELER,[7] Esq. of Stapleford, Herts, dated 26 Apr., 1614. (Abstract; copy of will in full in Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.)

To be buried in Parish Church of Watton at Stone where some of my ancestors are buried. To wife ANNE BOTELER dwelling in Stapleford for life, then in trust to my especial good friends and kinsmen Sir JOHN FERRIS, Knt., SIR JOHN BOTELER, Knt., Sir ROBERT BOTELER, Knt., cousin NICHOLAS BOTELER, Esq., cousin WILLIAM BUGGYN, Esq., and FRANCIS BOTELER, son of my late brother GEORGE BOTELER, Esq.; to loving cousin Mr. WILLIAM BOTELER of Watton "as to whom I have always wished especially well"; to RICHARD BOTELER his son £50 and to his other five children, ANNE, GRACE, JOHN, NICHOLAS and FRANCES, unmarried and under 21; to cousin THOMAS BUTLER, son of brother Sir JOHN BUTLER; to cousin WILLIAM BOTELER, son of my brother WILLIAM BOTELER, and to his son WILLIAM and also to his son CHARLES BOTELER, and to his three daughters MYRABELLA, JONE and ANNE; to THOMAS BOTELER son of my brother ANTHONY BOTELER, and to his brother EDMOND BOTELER; to THOMAS BOTELER, son of my brother FRANCIS; to Mr. JOHN STUKE minister of Stapleford; to BUTTLER BUGGIN my godson; to EDWARD PYANER the younger; to GERMAN MOSSE late my household servant; to MICHILL BEDLE my servant; to ALICE MARTIN my true and faithful servant; to KATHERINE KETTELL niece to my loving wife; to all household servants; wife ANN BOTELER to be

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[7] The will of Richard Boteler corrects the statement made by the pedigree in Clutterbuck's *Herts*, Vol. II, p. 476, that he was the son of Sir John Boteler and Grizel Roche. They were brothers, and sons, probably, of Sir Philip Boteler and Elizabeth Drury. Richard's wife Ann Mynn was the aunt and godmother of Ann Mynn, Lady Calvert. His nephew Nicholas Boteler became the step-father of Ann Calvert when he married Elizabeth Wroth, widow of George Mynn.

sole executrix; overseers, Sir JOHN BOTELER and Sir ROBERT BOTELER; Signed RICHARD BOTELER. Witnesses, WILLM BOTELER, WM. BUGGYNS, WM. CHAMBERS, JOHN STUKE, FRAN: STONE, JOHN SCARFEILD, MICHAELL BEADELL, ROBERT DUPPA. (P. C. C. Lawe 41)

Proved; 24 May, 1614 by ANNE, relict and executrix.

The Will of RICHARD DARNELL [8] of Castle Frome, Hereford, dated 12 Nov., 1617. (Abstract; copy of will in full in Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.)

To be buried in parish Church of Castle Frome; to kinsman JOHN VICKERS £20 which he says he paid for me to Mr. WILLIAM UNETT; to every one of JOHN VICKERS' children; to SYBIL SAWYER, my servant; to LEONARD JEFFERES; to ANNE SMYTH, JANE JENKINS and JULYAN MASON my servants; to JOHN FREEMAN the elder of Castle Frome; to RICHARD WOLSTE: to kinswoman ANNE TEALE, widow; to her three children RICHARD TEALE, MARGERY TEALE and ANNE TEALE; to Mr. JOHN JAUNCEY my brother in law and ELEANOR his wife and every one of their children; to WILLIAM HETHERIDGE: to kinswoman ELINOR TEALE £50 if she shall be ruled by my wife in marriage; Mrs. ELIZABETH BROMWICH to continue to occupy my houses in the City of Hereford; to THOMAS VICKERES son of JOHN VICKERES and his heires a house in St. Owens Gate, Hereford City where ROWLAND BURGHILL lately lived; to MARGARET my wife a stable in the City of Hereford late used by Mrs. GRYSMOND, widow; to JANE HEWES, my sister's daughter, holdings in Much Malverne, Worcestershire; with remainder to her son ROBERT HEWES: to servant WILLIAM HETHERIDGE lands I bought of HUGH ENSALL, now occupied by JOHN GRAFTON in Upper Eggleton in Parish of Busshopps Frome, Herefordshire; to MARGARET DARNALL my now wife lands in parishes of Stretton Granson, Busshopps Frome, Ledbury and Yorkhill, Hereford, except that now in possession of JOHN GRAFTON, with remainder to WILLIAM PARROTT my sister's son; wife MARGARET SOLE EXECUTIX: Signed RICM DARNELL; Witnesses, JOHN JAUNCY, RICHARD SEYCELL, JOHN FREEMAN, RICHARD FREEMAN, WILLIAM HETHERIDGE, THOMAS PARKINS, THOMAS LAWRENCE. (P. C. C. Weldon 119)

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[8] Richard Darnell of Castle Frome is seen; *ante*, Vol. XXII, p. 5, to have sold some Hertfordshire lands to John Darnall of Essendon. The will above may furnish some clue to John Darnall's ancestry.

Proved; 12 Dec., 1617 by MARGARET DARNELL, relict and executrix.

The Will of ANDREW JEVE of Baldock, Herts, gent., dated 5 June, 1628. (Abstract; copy of will in full in Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.)

To be buried in Baldock Church; to brother JAMES JEVE cf Baldock and JAMES, his son; To ANN HORNE widow my sister; WILLIAM JEVE my nephew, son of brother JOHN JEVE, to be executor. Signed ANDREW JEVE, his mark. To nephew WILLIAM JEVE land in Willion, Herts, where I now dwell. Witnesses, JOHN YARDLEY, FRANCIS GRAY. (P. C. C. Audley 65)

19 June, 1632, commission granted to JAMES JEVE, executor of will of WILLIAM JEVE deceased, while living executor of ANDREW JEVE, to administer goods of ANDREW, said WILLIAM being dead.

The Will of WILLIAM JEVE[9] of Offelie, Herts, dated 12 Aug., 1631. (Abstract; copy of will in full in Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.)

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[9] William Jeve was the son of John Jeve, of Wymondley, Herts, and Anne Lawrence, a first cousin of Ann Mynn, Lady Calvert, through her mother Elizabeth Mynn sister of George Mynn, Ann Calvert's father. He

To be buried in church or churchyard of Offelie; to sister WINIFRED FABIUS of Cambridge; "to my fellowes which are my masters s'vants in the place of Servingmen" 10s. each; "to my Masters servants which are husbandmen, 5s. each"; to the maid servants, 5s. each, but to Mrs. ANNE CONINGBIE, 10s.; to my fellow ROBERT PIERESON, £5; to minister of Offelie; to my godchildren; to JAMES, son of cousin JAMES JEVE of Baldock, the house and land in Baldock given me by uncle ANDREW JEVE; JAMES JEVE the elder to be my sole executor. Signed, WILLIAM JEVE, his mark. Witnesses, JO: SPENCER, THOMAS READE. (P. C. C. Audley 65)

Proved; 19 June, 1632, by JAMES JEVE, the executor named in the will.

The Will of GEORGE KETTLE,[10] gent., of Kings Langley, Herts, dated 15 July, 1591. (Abstract; copy of will in full in Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.)

Entering the wars; to JOHN KETTLE eldest brother, goods bequeathed by JOHN KETTLE, gent, my father, in his will; to RAFFE KETTLE my second brother; to CHRISTOPHER KETTLE my younger brother; to FRANCES KETTLE my only sister; to RICHARD ADAMS, minister of Kings

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was mentioned by Ann Boteler, his great aunt, in her will (*ante*, Vol. XXI, p. 317).

[10] George Kettell was a son of John Kettell, gent., of King's Langley, Herts. Katherine Kettell was a "niece" of Ann (Mynn) Boteler and presumably also of George Mynn, father of Ann, Lady Calvert, but the relationship cannot be explained by this writer, unfortunately. The children of John Kettell, gent., of Kings Langley, Herts, buried there Aug., 1587, were; (1) John who m. 11 Sept. 1582, Mrs. Barbara Villiers, widow; (2) Ralph, President of Trinity College, Oxford during the years when Cecilius, 2nd Lord Baltimore was enrolled there (*Dict. of Nat. Biog.*); (3) Christopher of Trinity College, Oxford; (4) George, gent., of Kings Langley and of Trinity College, Oxford; (5) Frances who m. a Feild. It will be noticed that some of these Kettles were mentioned by Ann Boteler in her will (*ante*, Vol. XXI, pp. 315-6) and that John Wise mentioned his cousin Feild (*ante*, Vol. XXII, p. 20).

Langley; to EDMUND ROOFE of said parish for a gift to my godson; brother RAUFFE KETTLE sole executor; my eldest brother JOHN KETTLE stands bound to me, etc. Signed, GEORGE KETTELL. Witnesses, FRAUNCES BUTLER, Signu JOHNIS SPENCER. (P. C. C. Nevill 8)

Proved; 31 January, 1592/3, by the executor named in the will.

The Will of WALTER TOOKE,[11] Esq., of Popes, Hatfield, Herts dated 26 Nov., 1609. (Abstract; copy of will in full in Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.)

To be buried in chancel of Wormeley Church next to first wife who lies there; to wife JANE, household stuff in London house; house in Popes; to younger sons except FRANCIS; to son JOHN; to ROBERT LOVELACE of Cambridge my ring with a death's head which his uncle LAUNCELOT gave to me; right in the parsonage house of St. Lawrence in London; to son WILLIAM; to son JOHN; to son THOMAS; to son FRANCIS; myself, son JOHN and Mr. CHURCHILL are securities for son FRANCIS; my wife JANE'S brother Sir JAMES BACON, Kt.; to son RAFFE jewels which were " my old wyves "; lands in Hatfield and Essendon Herts, household goods at Popes and Wormeley; son RAFFE, sole executor;

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[11] Walter Tooke, Auditor of the Court of Wards and Liveries, was the son of William Tooke and Alice Barley, and nephew of Luce, wife of Nicholas Bristowe. He was somehow related to Robert Carter of Hatfield, whose will was published, *ante*, Vol. XXII, p. 122. Walter Tooke's first wife, Angelette Woodliffe or Woodcliffe, dau. of Wm. Woodliffe and Elizabeth Fisher of Wormeley, Herts, d. 31 May, 1598 and was buried in the chancel of Wormeley Church. His second wife was Jane, dau. of John Goldstone of London. Walter Tooke's niece Mary Tooke m. Henry Darnall of Essendon, Herts and thus, probably is the ancestress of all the Maryland Darnalls. There is considerable material upon this important family to be found in Cussan's *Herts*, Vol. II, Hertford Section, pp. 249-253; Andrew's *Memorial Brasses of Herts*, p. 20; Chauncey's *Herts*, Vol. I, p. 571; Clutterbuck's *Herts*, Vol. II, pp. 234 et seq. 351; *V. of Herts*, Harleian, p. 167; Berry's *Herts Pedigrees*, p. 71.

friends and cousins ROBERT CARTER and JOHN NEWCE, gentlemen, overseers; dwelling house in London; Signed, WALTER TOOKE. Witnesses, WILLIAM DIGHTON, FRA: EMLEE: GABRIELL PEEDLE. (P. C. C. Dorset 109)

Proved; 1, Dec., 1609 by RALPH TOOKE, son of deceased and executor.

(To be concluded)

COLONIAL RECORDS OF BALTIMORE COUNTY.

Contributed by Louis Dow Scisco.

Baltimore County was created in 1659. Baltimore City grew up within the county and was a part of it until the state constitution effective on July 4, 1851, made the city a political unit separate from Baltimore County. When the details of separation were finally completed, the county records that had accumulated in the court house in Baltimore City remained where they were. Baltimore County erected a new court house at Towson and the clerk's land records therein begin in December, 1851. Baltimore City, in the same month, began a new series of land records, continuing from the older county records.

Of the earlier colonial record books of the old county few exist in their original form. The earliest records probably were thin account books wherein the clerks entered court minutes, conveyances, and miscellany in such order as they came to hand. None of these books have survived. It seems to have been in 1672 that the clerk began to segregate conveyances from court minutes, sometimes using the same book for both, but keeping them separated therein. About 1690 the clerk returned to the practice of intermingling the records, but in 1698 his successor restored them to separateness, and since about 1700 the land papers and court minutes have been in distinct volumes.

When the 18th century opened, the county was forty years old and the record books probably were showing the effects of much use. It seems to have been sometime about 1705 that the transcribing of the older records was begun. By 1741 there were four volumes of such transcriptions. It was in this year that Thomas Brerewood put on record a descriptive statement of the books transferred to him when he took office. His list described 16 books of conveyances, among which were the four transcription volumes mentioned. It is stated also that there were " several small books in bad order, consisting of deeds of gift, bills of sales, servants indentures, marks, brands, births of children and marriages, the libers of them not plainly to be discovered." As to the court records, the same document described 15 volumes by title and contents, the earliest dating from 1708. It is said that " the court's proceedings from the year sixteen hundred sixty five to seventeen hundred and eight are regularly entered but the books decayed and broken out of their binding." The condition of being decayed is rather chronic with record books, but the greater part of those on Brerewood's list and those of his successors have survived to the present day. All the colonial records are now properly shelved and for the most part are in good condition. Capable bindery work is slowly restoring the poorest of them by modern methods of using protective tissue to preserve defective leaves.

Title marking of the books in alphabetical series was begun in 1672. The alphabet seems to have been carried from A to H and then abandoned, the personal initials of the clerks being used thereafter for back-title marking. The use of initials has continued to the present time. On some of the old transcription volumes the practice was varied by using the initials of the transcriber instead of those of the clerk. An effort seems to have been made in the 18th century to differentiate the land and court records series from one another by certain styles of title marking, but the effort was poorly sustained.

Expansion of the clerk's office organization has resulted in a division of the colonial records between two subsidiary offices of the clerk of the Superior Court. The old county court records are now grouped by themselves in one of the rooms of the legal department. The old conveyance records are with the Record Office, being at present in custody of the chattel mortgage section of that office. The few exceptions to this arrangement are duly mentioned hereafter.

The list immediately following covers the colonial land records only. There are 52 existing volumes of these. Transcription volumes are listed according to dates of transcription, with a brief analysis of contents. In order to arrange the records matter in chronological order, the component parts of transcription volumes are also described separately in their proper sequence as to time of original record.

Liber O L L, now missing, was a court register beginning as early as the session of July 20, 1661, and having at least 61 folios of contents, which extended to the session of September 13, 1665. In 1729 such of its contents as related to land, embracing 42 entries, were copied into pages 1-13 of Liber R M No. H S. John Collett was clerk during the period of the original book.

Liber I C No. A, now missing, was a court register volume, made probably in the time of the clerk John Stokes by binding together several of the old record booklets. The assembled volume had 531 pages and was given as title the initials of John Collett, clerk in 1665-1669. The book began with deeds recorded probably at the session of September, 1665. Session records and other matter extended from then to about March, 1676-77, and were supplemented by three entries of 1679. The clerk Wriothesley combed part of this material to make his Liber H W No. A B. After him someone, probably Stokes, gleaned from it about 50 documents that are now copied on pages 1-62 of I S No. I K.

Liber H W No. A B, now missing, was a transcription volume made probably about 1705 by the clerk Henry Wriothesley from court registers covering the period from the session of August, 1666, to that of June, 1672. John Collett was clerk from 1666 to 1669 and Thomas Salmon from 1669 to 1672. The transcription volume had 271 pages. Its contents were finally copied into the former I R No. P P and now occupy pages 54-128 of the recopied I R No. P P. They embrace 156 entries, which are very largely brief forms of conveyance by acknowledgements at court sessions.

Liber G No. J, marked "1672 to 1675," contains 370 pages of conveyances recorded from June, 1672, to October, 1676. This volume is perhaps the oldest existing book of the original records. Presumably it was at first called Liber A, but its title had changed to G No. 1 as early as 1741, when Brerewood listed it, and still was G No. 1 about 1750 when a transcription was made. The original volume is much worn and poorly patched. The transcription of its contents occupies pages 1-276 of T R No. R A, which carry about 100 conveyance entries. Edward Williams was appointed clerk in April, 1672, and perhaps held place until his appointment to Cecil County in 1675, but his name appears nowhere in the record book of his time.

Liber L C No. 1, now missing, was a conveyance record with about 40 entries of papers recorded from October, 1676, to October, 1680. These entries, according to the record, were originally in Liber B, from which they were copied into L C, a book of 217 pages. Another copying carried them into the former I R No. P P and a later copying leaves them on pages 1-54 of the existing I R No. P P. Henry Johnson was clerk in 1678 and perhaps served from 1675 to 1679. In the latter year Thomas Hedge began his long service as clerk.

Liber without reference designation, now known only by transcribed entries, may have been a part of old Liber C. It carried entries of about 40 conveyances, recorded from June, 1681, to August, 1682. These now appear on pages 118-198 of I R No. A M. The original record was made under Thomas Hedge.

Liber E No. 1 is the reference designation of a record now missing, presumably part of original Liber E. Its contents were conveyances recorded from November, 1682, to November, 1686. Thomas Hedge was clerk. These entries occupied 274 pages of the source volume and numbered some 160 items. In 1729 they were copied into pages 14-208 of R M No. H S. The deputy clerks begin to be mentioned in 1686.

Liber F No. 2, marked "1686" is a book of conveyances with 192 pages, carrying about 100 entries recorded from October, 1686, to August, 1689. Four more pages carry the text of the act of 1684 "for the reviving the temporarie laws of this province." Thomas Hedge was clerk. The volume is in modern binding, with its leaves covered with crepeline tissue. A transcription of its contents, except the act, is on pages 208-320 of R M No. H S. The original volume is now kept with the court records.

Liber E No. 2 is the reference designation of a missing record which carried nine land papers, nine wills, and one trial entry. The dates of these documents range from 1688 to 1691. The original record was probably a court register occupying pages 416-457 of old Liber E and the papers apparently were recorded at or near the court session of August, 1691. In 1729 these papers were copied into pages 320-332 and 345 of R M No. H S.

Liber F No. 1 is a court records volume which contains intermingled court minutes and conveyances recorded from November, 1691, to August, 1693, in the clerkship of Thomas Hedge. There are about 70 conveyance papers in the book and these were transcribed in 1729 into pages 333-390 of R M No. H S.

Liber without reference designation, known only by transcribed entries, carried 29 conveyance papers which seem to have been recorded at or near the court session of August, 1693. Three documents of 1697 also appear, being probably interpolations in the original record. The transcript of these conveyances is on pages 66-118 of I R No. A M. The original record was perhaps a part of G No. 1, but must have been detached before 1729.

Liber G No. 1 is a court records volume having court minutes and conveyances intermingled, Thomas Hedge being clerk. At least 18 pages of the original volume are now missing. The conveyances were those recorded from June, 1694, to June, 1696, and to these another was added in 1697 by interpolation. In 1729 the conveyances were transcribed into volume R M No. H S of land records, on pages 390-533, 688-689. The 18 pages now missing were at that time existent and were included in the transcript.

Liber H H No. G, now missing, seems to have been a court register of 675 pages containing sessions minutes and interim entries of conveyances and miscellany. At some time before 1741 copy of 39 entries from it was made into pages 62-264 of I S No. I K. The earliest of these appear to have been recorded at the session of March, 1696-97. The series runs to entries made at the session of June, 1698, and an indenture of 1700 has been added at the end. The first 35 pages of the original are not represented in the transcript and probably bore the court session of November, 1696. The lost original, made while Thomas Hedge was clerk, was probably Liber H of the old alphabet series. The transcript has on page 86 a survey record of the county line and on page 214 a description of the new court house property in the forks of Gunpowder River.

Liber H W No. A, now missing, was a conveyance record of 174 pages, presumably occupying a portion of a court register book, but not mixed with the court minutes. Its contents embraced about 80 documents recorded from August, 1698, to July, 1700. They close with a certificate of appointment of John Hall on October 9, 1700, to be deputy farmer of the proprietary rents. The transcription of the record is on pages 277-422 of T R No. R A. The original record book carried the initials of the clerk Henry Wriothesley.

Liber H W No. 2, marked "1700 to 1704," is a book of conveyances recorded from March, 1700-01, to October, 1704. The pages are numbered 1-376. The book as it now is seems to be only a portion of the original liber and may be a transcription. Another part of the original liber, with 146 pages, had become detached before 1741 and is now missing, but is represented by a copy on pages 118-198 of the recopied I R No. P P. This portion carries 32 documents recorded from March, 1704-05, to October, 1705.

Liber without reference designation, known only by transcribed entries, had 28 conveyance documents recorded from November, 1705, to June, 1706, by the clerk Henry Wriothesley. The transcript is on pages 1-66 of I R No. A M. The original matter was probably a detached part of another liber.

Liber H W No. 3, now missing, was a conveyance record of 182 pages with about 70 entries made from June, 1707, to June, 1709, closing the service of the clerk Henry Wriothesley and beginning that of John Stokes. In 1729 the contents of the record were copied into pages 534-659 of R M No. H S.

Liber I S No. A, now missing, was a volume of conveyances made when John Stokes was clerk. A portion was transcribed in 1729 but the volume was still in use when Brerewood made his list. Apparently it went to pieces later and its several fragments were copied elsewhere. The original book had 715 pages, which are distributed by transcriptions. (a) Original pages 1-430, which bore papers recorded from August, 1709, to March, 1717-18, now appear on transcript pages 1-549 of T R No. A. (b) Original pages 431-513, which bore papers recorded from March, 1717-18, to June, 1719, now are on transcript pages 422-560 of T R No. R A. (c) Original pages 513-664, which bore records made from about August, 1719, to August, 1721, are now on transcript pages 1-341 of T R No. D S. (d) Original pages 664-715, which bore records made November, 1721, to June, 1722, are now on transcript pages 659-687 of R M No. H S.

Liber I R No. A M, marked "1681 to 1706," is a transcription volume of 198 pages whose contents are described more fully elsewhere. It bears the initials of its maker, who may be identified by a notation on page 195 as John Roberts. The copy is not dated. Roberts was long connected with the clerk's office. As late as 1717 he countersigned the court register for the regular clerk, and as the penmanship of the book agrees with that time the year 1717 may be taken as the approximate date of the transcription. The book appears on Brerewood's list in 1741. Roberts drew his material from three earlier books but does not mention their titles. (a) Pages 1-66 are papers recorded in 1705 and 1706, in Wriothesley's time. (b) Pages 66-118 are records of 1683, in Hedge's time. (c) Pages 118-198 are records of 1681 and 1682, in Hedge's time.

Liber I R No. P P, marked "1663 to 1705," is a transcription volume of 198 pages. It is a modern copy, made in 1892, from an older book made probably about 1717 by the copyist John Roberts. The older book was listed in 1741 by Brerewood. The contents, described in detail elsewhere, are from three sources. (a) Pages 1-54 are records of 1676 to 1680 derived from L C No. 1. (b) Pages 54-128 are records of 1666 to 1672 derived from H W No. A B. (c) Pages 118-198, which overlap the preceding, are records of 1705 derived from H W No. 2.

Liber I S No. G, marked "1721 to 1724," has 415 pages of conveyances.

Flyleaf legend says the book was begun December 29, 1721. Its last record of conveyances was made March 24, 1724-25. Following the conveyances are three pages of ship notices of 1724-1726. Eight more pages carry signatures made from March, 1723-24, to November, 1727, as subscriptions to the anti-Jacobin and transubstantiation oaths.

Liber I S No. H, marked "1724 to 1726," contains in 442 pages the conveyances recorded from March, 1724-25, to September, 1727. Beginning on page 5 the clerk entered more or less regularly the dates when each document was received and recorded. Succeeding record books continued the practice.

Liber I S No. I, marked "1727 to 1729," has 325 pages carrying conveyances recorded from November, 1727, to May, 1729, and two added papers of August, 1729.

Liber R M No. H S, marked "1659 to 1725," is a transcription volume of 689 pages, made in 1729 by the copyists Roger Mathews and Humphrey Wells Stokes. In recent years the volume has been taken apart, the leaves covered with crepeline, and the whole rebound in the form of three separate books, without change of the original paging. Its contents are derived from a number of older libers. (a) Pages 1-13 are records of 1661 to 1665 from O L L. (b) Pages 14-208 are records of 1682 to 1686 from E No. 1. (c) Pages 208-320 are records of 1686 to 1689 from F No. 2. (d) Pages 320-332, 345, are records of 1691 from E No. 2. (e) Pages 333-390 are records of 1691 to 1693 from F No. 1. (f) Pages 390-533, and 688-689, are records of 1694 to 1696 from G No. 1. (g) Pages 534-659 are records of 1707 to 1709 from H W No. 3. (h) Pages 659-687 are records of 1721 and 1722 from I S No. A.

Liber I S No. K, marked "1727 to 1731," has 338 pages of conveyances, mostly the current records from June, 1729, to August, 1730. The last 41 pages contain papers recorded from September, 1730, to November, 1731, which period is also covered by the succeeding volume.

Liber I S No. L, without year notation in back-title, has 441 pages of conveyances recorded from August, 1730, to November, 1733.

Liber marked "No. 3 Land Commissions J W S 1727-1737," is a record of acts of commissioners appointed to fix property boundaries, their proceedings extending from June, 1727, to June, 1737. The book has 256 pages. John Stokes was clerk until 1732 and H. Wells Stokes thereafter. In the Brerewood list of 1741 it was titled H W S No. 3 and was listed as a land record. It is now a part of the court records.

Liber H W S No. M, marked "1730 to 1736," is a conveyance record of 436 pages, carrying entries made from November, 1733, to August, 1736, with some additions of April, 1737. The back-title indication of years is plainly in error.

Liber H W S No. 4, marked "Aug. 1737 to Nov. 1762," is a sequel to the preceding liber and like it is kept with the court records. It continues the proceedings of commissioners on land boundaries, from August, 1737, to November, 1762.

Liber I S No. I K, marked "1665 to 1737," is in part a transcription volume and in part a current record. Its penmanship and back-title indicate that it was opened about 1727 by the clerk John Stokes, to receive copied material from two older books. Accordingly (a) pages 1-62 have records of 1665 to 1679 derived from I C No. A and (b) pages 62-264 have records of 1697 to 1700 derived from H H No. G. Later the volume was used by H. Wells Stokes to carry conveyances recorded from September, 1736, to September, 1737, on its pages 266-535.

Liber H W S No. I A, marked "1737 to 1740," has 571 pages of contents which mostly are conveyances recorded from September, 1737, to October, 1741. These are the closing years of H. Wells Stokes as clerk. Some documents of 1741 and 1749 were entered later. On pages 567-570 are the lists of record books delivered to Thomas Brerewood in 1741.

Liber T B No. A, marked "1741 to 1742," is a conveyance record of the clerk Thomas Brerewood. It has 247 pages and its contents were entered from October, 1741, to August, 1742, with a later addition of October, 1742.

Liber T B No. C, marked "1742-45," has 700 pages of conveyances. Pages 1-667 carry current entries from September, 1742, to January, 1744-45. Pages 668-700 carry addenda of irregular dating extending to March, 1745-46.

Liber T B No. D, marked "1744-5," is a transcription volume in which an older book of the same title, then "mutilated by decay," was copied in 1892. It has 440 pages carrying conveyances recorded from February, 1744-45, to February, 1745-46, with additions of June and July, 1746.

Liber T B No. E, marked "1745 to 1747," is a conveyance liber of 730 pages with contents recorded from February, 1745-46, to July, 1748. The book was begun by Thomas Brerewood and completed by Talbot Risteau, who took office in 1747.

Liber T R No. A, marked "1709 to 1717," is a transcription volume made apparently by Talbot Risteau and showing penmanship like that used in the record books about 1750. The book has 549 pages, all occupied by records made from 1709 to 1718 and derived from I S No. A.

Liber T R No. D S, marked "1717 to 1721," is also a transcription volume. It bears records of 1719 to 1721, derived from I S No. A and continuing the matter in T R No. A. It has 341 pages. It was made probably about 1750. The leaves are now brittle and crumbling.

Liber T R No. R A, marked "1672 to 1718," is a transcription volume made probably about 1750. Some of its leaves are badly broken. Its 560 pages carry material from three sources. (a) Pages 1-276 bear records of 1672 to 1676 constituting a copy of Liber G No. J. (b) Pages 277-422 bear records of 1698 to 1700 derived from H W No. A. (c) Pages 422-560 bear records of 1718 and 1719 derived from I S No. A.

Liber T R No. C, marked "1748 to 1750," has 560 pages of conveyances recorded from July, 1748, to August, 1750.

Liber T R No. D, marked "1750 to 1753," has 568 pages of conveyances recorded from August, 1750, to July, 1753.

Liber T R No. E, marked "1750 to 1757," is a book of miscellaneous records recorded from August, 1750, to May, 1757. It was begun by Talbot Risteau and completed by his successor, Beale Bordley. Contents are largely livestock marks and stray notices, but include also chattel mortgages, powers of attorney, bills of sale, and ship notices. It has 245 pages. At page 135 are bound in some folios from the rough minutes of the court session of February, 1785.

Liber B B No. I, marked "1755-57," is a modern transcript of 1892 from the older book of that title. It has 685 pages. The book was begun in July, 1753, by Talbot Risteau, was taken over in August, 1753, by Beale Bordley, and was completed in June, 1757.

Liber B No. G, marked "1757 to 1759," is a book of 534 pages with conveyances recorded from June, 1757, to about November, 1759, by Beale Bordley.

Liber B No. H, marked "1759 to 1761," has 542 pages of conveyances recorded from about November, 1759, to March, 1761.

Liber B No. I, marked "1761 to 1762," is a book of 529 pages with conveyances recorded from March, 1761, to March, 1762.

Liber B No. K, marked "1762 to 1763," has 532 pages of conveyances recorded from March, 1762, to January, 1763.

Liber B No. L, without other back-title, has 540 pages of conveyances recorded from January to November, 1763.

Liber B No. M, marked "1763 to 1764," continues the conveyances from November, 1763, to March, 1764, in 542 pages.

Liber unlettered, marked "1763 to 1773," has 454 numbered pages of livestock marks, slave transfers, chattel mortgages, and other miscellany dated from December, 1763, to February, 1773. Following these are 66 unnumbered pages of estrays recorded from January, 1764, to August, 1773. A flyleaf carrying title B No. G apparently comes from an earlier volume.

Liber B No. N, marked "1764," has 473 pages of conveyances and about 200 blank. Contents were recorded from May to December, 1764.

Liber B No. O, marked "1764.5," has 725 pages of conveyances recorded from January to October, 1765. Some of the leaves are represented by modern transcripts.

Liber B No. P, marked "1765 to 1767," has 736 pages of conveyances entered from October, 1765, to September, 1767.

Liber B No. Q, marked "1767-68," is the final volume of the clerk Beale Bordley. It has 741 pages, with conveyance records from September, 1767, to January, 1769.

Liber A L No. A, marked "1769-70," is the first of the conveyance books of the clerk Alexander Lawson. It has 763 pages, with records from January, 1769, to March, 1770.

Liber A L No. B, marked "1770-1," has 737 pages of conveyances recorded from March, 1770, to January, 1771.

Liber A L No. C, marked "1771," has 751 pages of conveyances recorded from January to September, 1771.

Liber A L No. D, marked "1771-2," has 749 pages of conveyances entered from September, 1771, to May, 1772.

Liber A L No. E, marked "1772," has 434 pages of conveyances entered from May to September, 1772.

Liber A L No. F, marked "1772 to 1773," has 531 pages of conveyances entered from September, 1772, to February, 1773.

Liber A L No. G, marked "1773," has 518 pages of conveyances recorded from February to August, 1773.

Liber A L No. H, without dated title, has 534 pages of conveyances entered from August, 1773, to January, 1774.

Liber A L No. I, marked "1774," has 529 pages of conveyances recorded from February to May, 1774.

Liber A L No. K, marked "1774," has 521 pages of conveyances entered from May to September, 1774.

Liber A L No. L, marked "1774 to 1775," has 559 pages of conveyances entered from September, 1774, to January, 1775.

Liber A L No. M, marked "1775," has 582 pages of conveyances recorded from January to May, 1775.

Liber A L No. N, marked "1775," has 585 pages of conveyances entered from June, 1775, to May, 1776.

Liber A L No. O, marked "1776 to 1777," occupies 313 pages with conveyances recorded from June 4, 1776, to May 1, 1777, closing the service of Alexander Lawson as clerk. An additional entry of August, 1777, is made by his successor. Nearly half the book is blank.

The colonial court records of the old county comprise 54 volumes which are almost wholly records of the court sessions. There are no transcription volumes. Brerewood's description of the court books in 1741 has been mentioned. Three of his unlisted "decayed" books still exist. Of those he listed by title twelve survive and three are gone. The following list follows chronological order so far as possible.[1]

Liber D, marked "1682-1686," is the oldest of the court books. It has the session minutes from November, 1682, to March, 1685-86. The volume had 412 pages, of which the first four are now missing. Thomas Hedge was clerk during its making. The volume has a very few scattered conveyance papers which seem not to be copied elsewhere.

Liber F No. 1, marked "Nov. 1691 to Aug. 1693," is a court register with session minutes for the time shown in title. The first 24 pages are missing. Its pages are numbered to 492. On page 225 are listed the taxables of 1692. The volume was made by Thomas Hedge, who intermingled conveyances with court minutes. In 1729 the conveyances were transcribed into the land record liber R M No. H S.

Liber G No. 1, marked "1693 to 1696," is a court register of the clerk Thomas Hedge. The volume as it now exists is numbered to 659 pages. At least 18 others formerly in it have been lost. Hedge used the book for court minutes, which were so entered as to leave blank intervals between the sessions. Afterward these intervals were filled with conveyances and occasional entries of miscellany. As a result the material is not in sequence as to time. The court minutes are for the sessions from August, 1693, to August, 1696. The existing interim entries were recorded from August, 1694, to June, 1696. The conveyances in this book were copied in 1729 into the land record liber R M No. H S, but the copyist seems to have overlooked some of his material. At page 223 of the book begins a series of recorded treaties with Indian tribes. At pages 272 and 521 are lists of taxables in 1694 and 1695.

Liber I S No. B, marked "1708-1715," is a court register carrying the sessions from November, 1708, to March, 1715-16. The volume has 707 pages. It is now divided into three books, without change of paging. Each part is in modern binding and the leaves are protected by crepeline tissue. The clerk Henry Wriothesley began the record, but in 1709 was displaced by John Stokes, and he, in turn, gave place in 1715, to George Middleton, who completed the record.

Liber I S No. A, marked "Mar. 1715 to June 1718," carries in 324 pages the session records from March, 1715-16, to June, 1718. George Middleton was clerk for the time. The present title of the book, which duplicates one of the land records books, is a misnomer. Brerewood's list shows that it was Liber G M in 1741.

Liber I S No. C, marked "Aug. 1718 to Nov. 1721," has 671 pages of sessions records for the period stated. Brerewood's list says the book began with the June, 1718, session in his time. Clerk George Middleton began the record but John Stokes completed it.

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[1] Sixteen of the court records books were passing through the bindery when this list was compiled. Where back-titles vary from those here quoted it may be ascribed to revision at binding.

Liber I S No. T W 1, marked "Mar. 1721 to Aug. 1722," is a court register of 418 pages with sessions from March, 1721-22, to August, 1722. Brerewood's list indicates that the opening part of the book is now missing. The title indicates that Thomas White, deputy clerk, made the record for Stokes.

Liber I S No. T W No. 2, marked "1722-1723," contains 524 pages bearing the court sessions from November, 1722, to August, 1723. Brerewood's list indicates also a loss of part of this book.

Liber I S No. T W, marked "1723-1724," is a court register of 520 pages with sessions from August, 1723, to August, 1724. These dates agree with the listing of 1741.

Liber I S No. T W, marked "Aug. 1724 to Aug. 1725," has 356 pages of sessions records for the period stated. Its description in 1741 is the same.

Liber H W S No. 6, marked "June 1728 to June 1730," is a sessions record of 449 pages covering the period stated. That of June, 1728, began in a preceding book, now missing. John Stokes was clerk, although the book bears his successor's initials.

Liber H S No. 7, marked "Aug. 1730 to June 1732," has 339 pages bearing sessions minutes for time stated. In 1741 the book bore the title H W S No. 7 and began with session of June, 1730.

Liber H W S No. 9, marked "June 1733 to Nov. 1734," has 411 pages with court minutes for the time stated. It is the first court record where H. Wells Stokes appears as clerk.

Liber H W S No. I A, marked "Mar. 1736 to Mar. 1738/9," is a court register of 400 pages, with sessions from March, 1736-37, to April, 1738.

Liber H W S and T R, marked "June 1739 to Nov. 1740," covers sessions for period stated and has 386 pages. H. Wells Stokes was clerk. In 1741 the book was entitled H W S No. 11.

Liber T B No. T R, marked "Mar. 1740/1 to June 1742," has 490 pages with sessions for period stated. It is the first book of Thomas Brerewood.

Liber T B No. D, marked "Aug. 1742 to June 1743," has 237 pages of court sessions for the period stated.

Liber marked "August Court Proceedings 1743," has 874 pages of the sessions record from August, 1743, to March, 1745-46. Thomas Brerewood was clerk.

Liber T B & T R No. 1, marked "June 1746 to Mar. 1746-7," has 554 pages of sessions records for the time stated. The book was begun by Thomas Brerewood and completed by Talbot Risteau.

Liber unlettered, marked "1750," is a court register of 370 pages carrying the sessions of June and August, 1750. Talbot Risteau was clerk and on a flyleaf is the title T R No. 5. A misplaced leaf of the session of August, 1722, is in the book.

Liber T R No. 6, marked "1750/1," is a court register of 340 pages with sessions of November, 1750, and March, 1750-51. About a third of the book is blank.

Liber B B No. A, marked "1754," contains in 574 pages the court sessions of March to November, 1754. Beale Bordley was the clerk.

Liber B B No. B, marked "Mar. 1755 to Mar. 1756," has 594 pages with records from June, 1755, to March, 1756.

Liber B B, marked "Minutes Aug. 1755 to Nov. 1762," is a group of small books combined in one. The contents are so-called "rough minutes," made while the court is in session and used for later compilation of the official record of the session. The rough minutes contain lists of inn licenses granted, constables appointed, fines assessed, and other routine matters that were not put in the formal record. This book covers sessions from August, 1755, to November, 1763.

Liber B B No. C, marked "1756," is the official court register for sessions of June to November, 1756. It has 499 pages.

Liber B B No. D, marked "Mar.—Nov. 1757," has 566 pages of the official court register for the period stated.

Liber B B, marked merely "Sessions," is a register of 254 pages containing court orders at sessions from March, 1757, to November, 1759.

Liber D, marked "1757," is a group of docket books for the sessions of March, June, and November, 1757.

Liber marked "No. E Common Pleas 1757-1758," has 615 pages of the sessions records from November, 1757, to November, 1758. It seems to be properly B B No. E.

Liber F, without other back-title, is probably the former B B No. F. It carries the court sessions of March, 1759, to November, 1760. It has 518 pages.

Liber B B No. G, marked "Mar. 1761 to Mar. 1762," has 510 pages of sessions records for the period stated.

Liber No. H, marked "June 1762 to Mar. 1763," has 678 pages of session records for the period stated. It apparently is the former B B No. H.

Liber B B No. 1, marked "June 1763 to Mar. 1764," is a court register of 687 pages carrying session minutes for the period stated.

Liber B B, marked "June—Aug. 1764," is a court register of 639 pages for the time stated.

Liber I & B No. 2 "marked "Nov. Term 1764," has 341 pages of session records for the single session stated. Much of the volume is blank.

Liber B B No. 3, marked "March—June 1765," has 766 pages of records of sessions stated.

Liber B B, marked "Minutes 1765," is a collection of docket books and rough minutes relating to court sessions in 1765.

Liber B B No. 4, marked "1765," has 338 pages used and about 400 blank. It carries the session record for August, 1765.

Liber B B, marked "Aug.—Nov. 1766," is probably a part of former B B No. 6. It has 250 unnumbered pages bearing the session records as stated.

Liber B B No. 7, marked "Aug. 1767 to Nov. 1767," has session records in 565 pages for the period stated.

Liber B B No. 8, marked "Nov. 1767 to Aug. 1768," has 380 pages of sessions records for the time stated.

Liber B B, marked "Originals, judicials, imparlances 1768," is a docket book for the sessions of March and November, 1768.

Liber B B, marked "Minutes March 1768 to Nov. 1769," is a book made by combining rough-minutes books and docket books. They relate to sessions of March, 1768, to November, 1769.

Liber A L, marked "Convicts 1770-1774," contains in its 389 pages lists of convicts transported from England to the colony in the years stated, certificates of their convictions in English courts, bonds given by colonists who took them into service, and other papers relating to them.

Liber A L, marked "1771," has 239 pages of sessions records of March to August, 1771. Alexander Lawson was clerk.

Liber without title is a collection of books of rough minutes of the court sessions of 1772, 1773, 1776, 1777, 1778, 1780. The minutes for 1778 contain the list of persons who took the required oath of allegiance to the new government.

Libers of court dockets, eight in number, form part of a docket book series now in custody of the chattel mortgage section of the Record Office. Each volume contains the dockets, fines, and imparlances for the March and November sessions of a single year, this material usually occupying about 450 record pages in each book. The eight volumes which lie within the colonial period are titled D 1769, D 1770, D 1771, D 1772, D 1773, D 1774, D 1775, and D 1776.

The office of the register of wills has 26 volumes that bear material of the colonial time. All are in good condition and properly shelved.

Liber A of wills, marked "1675-1721," has 520 pages of contents and 487 indexed entries.

Liber B of wills, marked "1721-1763," has 368 pages of contents and 263 indexed items.

Liber C of wills, marked "1763-1779," is a modern transcript of 597 pages whose contents actually run to 1784. Its index carries 591 entries.

Libers of inventories are 11 in number and lettered from A to L. The contents of these volumes are usually without date of recording and frequently without any date whatever. Apparently no specific dates can be given to the several books. They seem, however, to be complete as to material from 1666 to the end of the colonial time.

Libers of administrators bonds, five in number, lettered A to E, seem to carry records from 1720 to about 1780.

Libers of administrators' accounts, seven in number and lettered from A to G, relate to the colonial time.

MARYLAND RENT ROLLS.

[Continued from Vol. 21, No. 4, December 1926.]

ANN ARRUNDELL COUNTY.*

RENT ROLL 1707

Herring Creek Hundred

Carter

	£ s. d.
600 Acres Sur: 28th Octob 1651 for Cap^{t} Edw^{d} Carter near Herring Creek Bay Rent ꝑ Annum	00. 12.. —

Possessors: 300 A: Sam^{ll}. Chew Junr.
100 A: William Dorrumple
50 A: Hen: Archers Orphans (who are married to Cha: Scot, Will^{m} Gardner & one Daughter unmaryed)
25 A: Thomas Watkins
25 A: Morgan Jones
100 A: Walker Emerton

600

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* For discussion of the Rent Rolls, see Vol. 19, p. 341.
C refers to Calvert Paper No. 883 and indicates changes or variations in entries referring to the same tract of land.

C. Possess^{rs} 300 a Sam Chew jun^{r} who claims of Rob^{t} Paca & He from W^{m} Hunt & He ye assign of one half of y^{e} patent from Ed^{w}. Carter, 100 a W^{m} Dorrumple in Right of his wife y^{e} Wid^{o} of Rob^{t} Sollers, 50 a Hen Arthurs Orp^{ns} who are married to Cha. Scott W^{m} Gardiner & one Daughter unmarried. 25 a Tho Watkins, 25 a Morgan Jones, 100 a Walker Emerton.

	£	s.	d.
Carter Bennet			
300 A: Sur: 28 Octob 1651 for Rich^{d} Bennet Esq^{r} near Herring Creek bay, Rent ⅌ Hun: Possess^{d} by Coll W^{m} Holland in Right of his wife the Sister of Francis Holland the Son	—	6	—
Bennets Island			
275 A: Sur: 28: Octob 1651 for Rich^{d} Bennet Esq^{r} lying on Herring Creek bay, rent ⅌ Ann Possess^{d} by Coll W^{m} Holland in Right of his wife the Sister of Fran: Holland	—	5	6
Town Land			
200 A. Sur: 24th Octob 1651 for W^{m} Parker on the South Side of Herring Creek Rent ⅌ Ann Possess^{d} by Christop Vernon in Right of his wife the Relict of Lewis Evans & in behalf of the Orphans of the said Evans	—	4	—
Ayres			
600 A: Sur: 29: Octob 1651 for W^{m} Ayres adjoyning to the Land of Cap^{t} Edward Carter pattented in the name of Ann daughter & heir of the said Ayres & wife of Sam: Chew, Rent Possess^{d} by Samuell Chew the son of the said Samuell above mentioned	—	12	—
	£1	19	0

Gordon

300 A: Sur: 18 Novemb 1659 for Alex^r Gor- £ s. d.
don on the North Side of Herring Creek & on
the North side of Gotts Creek, rent ꝑ Ann —.. 6.. —

Possess^ors 200 A: Robert Franklyn
100 A: Will^m Horn
———
300:
———

Ram—Got—Swamp

600 A: Sur: 18 Nov: 1659 for Rich^d Gott on
the North side of Herring Creek, rent ꝑ Ann —.. 12.. —

Possess^rs 300 A: Rich^d Gott
200 A: John Cheshire
33 A: Sam: Harrison
100 A: Mordicay Price for Autho
Hollands Orphans
100 A: Capt^t Robert Lockwood
———
733 133 A: over & above the Surveys —.. 2.. 8..
———

Paget

250 A: Sur: 18: Nov^r 1659 for W^m Paget on
the West side of a Branch running North out
of Herr: Creek bay called Beaver dam branch
rent —.. 5.. —

Possess^d by John Trundle

C. This Land was escheated for want of ye heirs of Paget & order'd by his Ldp to be granted to John Trundle ffather of y^e possor John Trundle.

Silverston

800 A: Sur: 23^d Nov. 1659 for Anthony Salloway near the mouth of Bennets Creek rent —.. 16.. —

Possess^d by Phillip Cole in Right of his Wife
daughter & heir of George Skipwith

Kequotan Choyce

300 A: Sur: 5th May 1663 for Stephen Benson £ s. d.
in the branches of Herring Creek rent —.. 6.. —

Possrs 150 A: George Symons
100 A: Sam: Guichard in right of his wife
50 A: Peter Tibedan in right of his
—— wife he daughter of Ann Gongoe
300 as Guichard's is also another
—— daughter of the sd Gongoe

Jericho

200 A: Sur: 3d July 1663 for Wm Croseby between the branches of Lyons Creek & the branches of Herring Creek bay, rent £ s. d. —.. 4.. —

2.. 11.. 8

Possrs 100 A: Tho: Tench Esqr for the Orphans of James Rigby whose wife was daughter & heir of Nathan Smith
100 A: Christop Vernon in right of his wife
—— the relict of Lewis Evans & in
200 behalf of the Orphans of the said Evans

C. Jerico.

Burrage

500 A: Sur: 20th March 1662 for John Burrage

Burrage Blossom

200 A: Sur: the same day for the sd Jno Burrage

Burrages End

150 A: Sur: 6 Nov. 1665 for the sd Jno Burrage
——
850 The above 3 Tracts ly all together and

£ s. d.

joyn the one to the other & ly on the Ridge to the Westward of Herring Crek, rent —.. 17.. —

The said three tracts of Land cutting athwart them all & takeing a part of each of them are Possess^d by the psons following

100 A: John Wilson
300 A: Benja: Welch
50 A: Tho: Tench Esq^r for Nathan Rigby the Orphan of James Rigby as in Jericho aforegoing
100 A: M^r Henry Hall being the Glebe
272½ A: James Heath
27½ A: John Wilson

850

C. 318 a James Smith, 14 a John Wilson, 32 a over y^e Survey.

Dan

490 A: Sur: 3 July 1663 for Robert Paca between the branches of Herring Creek & Lyons Creek rent —.. 9.. 10

Poss^{rs} 290 A: Tho: Tench Esq^r for Nathan Rigby as in Jericho
100 A: John Turner in right of his wife the Relict of R^d James
100 A: Abraham Symons

490

C. James Simmons.

Benjamins Choyce

280 A: Sur: 7th July 1663 for Rich Wells on

	£ s. d.
the Westward of Herring Creek bay in the Woods, rent	—.. 5.. 7¼
Poss^{d} by Richard Harrison	
Dinah Ford's Beaver-Dam	
400 A: Sur: 27th Nov^{r} 1662 for Tho: Ford near Herring Creek, rent	—.. 8.. —
Poss^{rs} 90 A: Fran: More for Jam: Ford's Orphans	
62 A: Rob: Brown for Tindalls Orphans	
100 A: John Standforth which he holds only by the Curtisie of Engl^{d} & on his death the same Escheats to his Lo^{p}	
150 A: Rob: Franklyn	
402	
Wells	£2.. —.. 5¼
600 A: Sur: 22 Nov. 1659 for Rich^{d} Wells Between Fishing& Creek & Herring Creek bay	—.. 12.. —
Poss^{rs} Samuell Chew & Nehemiah Birckhead	
Well's Hills	
420 A: Sur: 14 July 1663 for Rich^{d} Wells in the Branches of Fishing Creek, rent	—.. 8.. 5
Poss^{rs} the same as above	
West Wells	
350 A: Sur: 14th July 1663 for Rich^{d} Wells to the Westward of the Land called Wells between the Branches of fishing Creek & Herring Creek bay.	
Poss^{rs} 150 A: Sam: Chew & Neh: Birckhead	
200 A: Robert Conaut	
350	

C. Robert Conaught.

Little Wells

100 A: Sur: 23th July 1663 for Rich^{d} Wells £ s. d.
between Fishing creek & Herring creek bay
near the Land called Wells, rent —.. 2.. —
Poss^{rs} Sam: Chew & Nehemiah Birckhead

Goury Banks

600 A: Sur: 17: July 1663 for Tho: Ford on
the West side the Plant^{a} of Herring Creek bay
about 2½ miles from the bay. Rent ℘ Ann —.. 12.. —
Poss^{rs} 300 A: John Rea for Powells Orphans
150 A: James Wood for Groves Orph^{ns}
150 A: John Beecher for Groves Orp^{ns}

600

Maidstone

350 A: Sur: 3^{d} Aug^{t} 1663 for W^{m} Hunt on the
West Side the Plant^{a} of Herring Creek bay
about 4 Miles in the woods. Rent —.. 7.. —
Poss^{rs} Rich: Bond for Benj^{a} Chew's Orphan

Hunts Mount

350 A: Granted 29th Sept. 1663 to W^{m} Hunt
lying on the West of Capt. Carters Land & on
the West of Herring Creek Bay, rent —.. 7.. —

£2.. 15.. 5

Poss^{rs} 150 A: Samuell Chew Jun^{r}
83 A: Robert Sollars
100 A: Thomas Wells
17 A: Thomas Trott

350

Hunts Chance

400 A: Sur: 31: July 1663 for W^{m} Hunt on the West side the Land of Rich^{d} Wells about 2 Miles from Herring Creek bay rent — £ s. d — —.. 8.. —

Poss^{rs} 200 A: Coll W^{m} Holland
200 A: Edward Ward tenant under John Godscross who is tenant by the curtesie of England & upon his death the same Escheats to his Lords^{p}

Hollands Hills

190 A: Sur: 7th Aug^{t} 1663 for Francis Holland on the westward of Herring Creek bay near the Land of Carter Bennet, rent —.. 3.. 10

Poss^{r} Rich^{d} Harrison

Pascalls Chance

300 A: Sur: 6: Decemb^{r} 1662 for George Pascall on the South side the Land called Gordon, rent —.. 6.. —

Poss^{rs} 200 A: W^{m} Smith for Rob: Gott's Orp^{ns}
100 A: W^{m} Pearce
300

Birckheads Parcell

600 A: Sur: 10th Feb. 1661 for Christop Birckhead near the Land Surveyed for John Burrage, rent —.. 12.. —

Poss^{rs} 500 A: Nehe: Birckhead
100 A: Abra: Birckhead
600

C. John Burridge, Abra: Birkhead.

Greenwood

	£	s.	d.
150 A: Sur: 12th July 1663 for Armiger Greenwood on the north side broadcreek running out of Herring bay, rent	—	3	—

Poss^{rs} 100 A: Benj^{a} Capell
50 A: Mordica Price for Anth: Hollands Orp^{t}

150

Morely

	£	s.	d.
300 A: Sur: 17: July 1663 for Jos: Moreley about 2 miles from Herring creek bay on the back of Hollands Hill, rent ꝑ Ann	—	6	—

I doe not find this Land was ever Pattented but it was by Joseph Morely conveyed to W^{m} Hunt who dyed without heir & the Land taken up after, the greatest part by the said Morely in a Survey of his of 300 A: partly by Rich^{d} Wells & partly by Rich^{d} Deavour

His Lordship's Mannour on the Ridge

10,000 A: Surv^{d}: for his Lords^{p} . . . 1662 and the 1st Aprill 1698 Resurvey'd for his said Lordship & then found to be 12634 Acres & is possess^{d} 11085 A: His Lords^{p}

	£	s.	d.
325 A: Antho. Smith at the rent	—	13	—
250 A: Solomon Sparrow, rent	—	10	—
240 A: W^{m} Rich^{d}son at the rent	—	9	7¼
200 A: Sam: Thomas at the rent	—	8	—
100 A: Hen: Hall at the rent	—	4	—
100 A: Phillip Dowell at the rent	—	4	—
334 A: Seth Bigges at the rent	—	13	11½
50 A: John Parrish at the rent	—	2	—

12634

Portland Mannour

			£ s. d.
2000 A: Sur: 6: Decem^{r} 1667 for Jerome White Esq^{r} on the South side the west line of Ann Arrundell Mann^{r} 500 A: pt. of this Mann^{r} was sold to Edw^{d} Talbot & the remainder for his Lords^{p} for whom the whole was resurv^{d} Aprill 4th 1698 & then found to be 2722 A.			
Poss^{rs}	500 A:	Widow Talbot, rent	—.. 10.. —
	1090 A:	Coll. Hen: Darnell by grant from his Lords^{p}, rent	1.. 2.. —
	1000 A:	Hen: Lazenby for Charles Calvert Lazenby, rent	1.. —.. —
	132 A:	Remains in his Lo^{p}	
	2722		

Trent

			£ s. d.
450 A: Sur: 17: July 1663 for Joseph Morely & John Gray on the back of Hunts Mount on the west of Herring Creek bay, rent			—.. 9.. —
Poss^{rs}	50 A:	Rob: Smith	
	62½ A:	James Lee for John Wilson's Orphan	
	62½ A:	Tho: Bartlet for Moses Wilson's Orp^{n}	
	50 A:	W^{m} Hollyday	
	125 A:	James Wood	
	100 A:	Tho: Trott	
	450		

Smithfield

100 A: Sur: 3^{d} Aug. 1663 for Nathan Smith on the West side the Land called Ayres, rent	—.. 2.. —
Poss^{r} Henry Child	
	6.. 7.. 6¾

Holloway's Neck

£ s. d.

100 A: Sur: 24th Octob^{r} 1651 for Rich^{d} Bennet Esq^{r} & pattented in the name of Oliver Holway who dying without Heir the same as Escheat was granted to Tho: Lun, whose daughter & heir Eliz^{a} intermarryed with Edw^{d} Price for whom with the said Eliz^{a} the same was reserv^{d} 1st 9ber 1699 & then found to be 147 A: rent —.. 5.. 10½

Poss^{r} Sam: Maccubin who marryed the s^{d} Eliz^{a} the relict of the s^{d} Price

Broughton Ashly

950 A: Sur: 5th Jan^{ry} 1663 for Fran: Holland on the west side of West Wells Hills & Silverston, this Land was resurrv^{d} for the s^{d} Francis Holland the 18th Jan^{ry} 1669 for the same q^{t} rent —.. 19.. —

Poss^{rs}	66 A:	Coll W^{m} Holland
	50 A:	Jos. Saunders
	60 A:	Rob. Connaut
	200 A:	John Ward
	100 A:	Rob. Gover's heir
	50 A:	John Witherd
	150 A:	John Chapell
	50 A:	Rich^{d} Thornbury
	50 A:	Rich^{d} Tucker
	50 A:	John Stephens
	24 A:	Sam: Gover
	97 A:	John Emerton
	3 A:	Dan: Robertson
	950	

Bednall Green

180 A: Sur: 19th March 1669 for Rob. Wells

at the South East bounds of the Land of Benj^{a} Wells to the Westward of Herring Creek bay, rent £ s. d. —.. 7.. 4

Poss^{r} Rich^{d} Harrison

Brushy Bay

80 A: Sur: 21 March 1669 for Lyonell Pawly at a bounded white oak of Jericho, rent —.. 3.. 2

Poss^{r} John Preston

Benjamins Addition

49 A: Sur: 30: Sep: 1670 for Benj^{a} Wells at a bounded tree of Hollands Hill Rent —.. —.. 10

Poss^{r} Richard Harrison

Souldiers Delight

100 A: Sur: 28th Decem^{r} 1670 for Lyonell Pawly at a bounded tree of Goury bank's, rent —.. 2.. —

Poss^{r} Coll. W^{m} Holland

£1.. 18.. 2½

Pascalls Purchase

300 A: Sur: 24th Octob^{r} 1651 for Edw^{d} Selby on the west side of Herring Creek

Edward Selby sold this Land to Geo: Pascall who sold 100 A. pt. thereof to his nephew James Pascall (the which by mesne convey^{a} is now the right of Xtop Vernon) the other 200 A. he sold to W^{m} Sivick, who left the same to his only son John Sivick who dying left it by will to Susanna his Relict, which Susanna sold thereout to John Wilson 85 A: but proved to be but 45 A: to Jonathan Jones 61 A: to Xtop Vernon 30 A: & to James Heath the remaining part of the said 200 A: the which James the 20th Aprill 1705 caused the whole tract to be Res^{d} & was then found to be 374 A. the w^{ch} 74 A. Surplus the s^{d} James Heath obtained a

£ s. d.

grant thereof & on the 1st of March 1705 had a Pattent of Confirma as well for the aforesd Surplus as for his aforesaid remaining pt by the name of Heath's Landing the which is soe entred in page 17 the rest of Pascalls Purch: & that wch only now beares that name is 236 A: at the rent of —.. 4.. 8¾

Possrs 130 A: Christop Vernon
45 A: John Wilson
61 A: Jonathan Jones

236

Sanetley

450 A: Sur: 3 Aug. 1663 for Samuell Chew on the west side the Land called Ayres, rent —.. 9.. —

Possrs 400 Eliza relict of Jos. Chew for her self & the Orpn of the sd Joseph
50 Henry Child

450

Turkey Hill

£ s. d.

100 A: Sur: 9th July 1663 for Tho: Prat between the Land of John Burrage & Pascalls Chance —.. 2.. —

Possr Thomas Pratt

Birckhead's Meadows

50 A: Sur: 7: Janry 1663 for Xtop Birckhead at the North East corner tree of Birckheads parcell, rent —.. 1.. —

Possr Nehemiah Birckhead

Bersheba

100 A: Sur: 5th July 1663 for John Wilson on the west side the main branch of Lyons Creek, rent —.. 2.. —

Poss^{rs} 94 A: John Thornbury £ s. d.
6 A: Abra: Birckhead

100

Chews Rest

300 A: Sur: 19 Aprill 1665 for Sam: Chew at the Miles end of the Land called Ayres, rent —.. 6.. —

Poss^{r} Sam: Chew

Birckheads Lott

434 A: Sur: 3^{d} March 1663 for Christop. Birckhead in the woods on the west of the Plant^{a} on Herring Creek bay, rent —.. 8.. —

Poss^{rs} 344 A: Solomon Birckhead
90 A: Rich^{d} Harrison

434

Smith's delight

300 A: Sur: 2^{d} March 1664 for Nathan Smith adjoyning to the Land of Samuell Chew, rent —.. 6.. —

Poss^{rs} 150: Tho. Tench Esq^{r} for Ja: Rigby's Orphan
150: Samuell Chew

300

Hopewell

300 A: Sur: 18: July 1663 for Ferdinando Battee & Andrew Skinner near Herring Creek beaver dams —.. 6.. —

Poss^{rs} Widow Battee for her self and the orph^{ns} of the s^{d} Ferdinando

Herring Creek Road

100 A: Sur: 8th Nov. 1665 for John Burrage £ s. d.
near Herring Creek bay, rent —.. 2.. —
Possr Coll William Holland

Birckheads Chance

50 A: Sur: Eth Nov. 1665 for Abra: Birckhead in the woods at a bounded Hiccory of John Wilson in the line of Birckheads parcell, rent —.. 1.. —
Possr Abraham Birckhead

Barren point

40 A: Sur: 9th 9ber 1665 for Geo. Pascall on the East side of Beaver dam branch, rent —.. —.. 10
Possr William Smith for Rob. Gotts Orpn

Daborns hope

40 A: Sur: 21 Nov. 1665 for Tho: Daborn in Herring Creek Swamp on the So: side of South Creek, rent —.. —.. 10
Possr Capt Robert Lockwood

Grammars Chance

350 A: Sur: 5th Xber 1666 for John Gramar lying on the branch of Lyons Creek, rent —.. 7.. —
Possr Richd Harrison

Birckheads Chance

750 A: Sur: 3d Xber 1667 for George Yate on Lyons Creek branch, rent —.. 15.. —
Possr Abraham Birckhead

The Ham

100 A: Sur: 6: Xber 1667 for Richd Bedworth & Samuell Thornbury in the main bra: of Lyons Creek —.. 2.. —
Possr Thomas Tench Esqr

Morley's Lott

300 A: Sur: 14: Sep: 1667 for Jos: Morely £ s. d.
near the Land called Trent, rent —.. 6.. —
Poss^{r} Rich^{d} Harrison

Grammars Parrot

400 A: Sur: 22 Sep: 1653 for W^{m} Parrot who Assigned the same to John Grammar who had the same sur. for himself July 1st 1667, rent —.. 8.. —

Poss^{r} 200 A: Abra: Meares
100 A: Capt. Beasly
100 A: Tho: Miles
———
400
———

St. Jeromes

300 A: Sur: 6: Xber 1667 for Jerome White Esq^{r} at the west corner of the Land called Quick Sale —.. 6.. —

This Land was granted to Coll. Hen. Darnall 6th Aug^{t} 1700 & now in his Possession

Batchellors Choyce

300 A: Sur: 20th Xber 1668 for Ninian Beal near Lyons Creek, rent —.. 6.. —
Poss^{r}

C. Poss^{r} Jonathan Scarth of London

A MUSTER ROLL OF CAPTAIN THOMAS PRICE'S COMPANY OF RIFLE-MEN IN THE SERVICE OF THE UNITED COLONIES.

"The Lost Legion."

"At a meeting of the Committee of Observation of Frederick, held in the court-house on the 21st of June, 1775, a letter was read by John Hanson, chairman, from the delegates of Maryland in Congress, accompanied by the resolution passed on the 14th. The letter represented that two companies of expert riflemen were required of the county to join the army at Boston, 'to be there employed as light infantry.'" (Scharf, History of Maryland, v. 2: 181.) The first company under the command of Captain Michael Cresap, and the second, under Captain Thomas Price, were quickly raised, and on the 18th of August both started on the march to Boston. The personnel of Captain Cresap's company has appeared in print, but no muster or pay rolls of Capt. Price's company were known to exist. The following rolls have recently come to light in the Otho Holland William Papers, now in the possession of the Society, and it appears that owing to the illness of Capt. Price, the company was actually commanded by Lieut. Williams, which accounts for the presence of the rolls among his papers. [*Editor.*]

		Appointed			
Captn	Thomas Price	June 22d 75			
Lieuts	Otho Hd Williams	June 22d			
"	Philemon Griffith	22d			
"	Thomas H. Luckett	22d	Casualties 1775		
		Inlisted	July	August	September
Sjts	Adamson Tannehill	June 23d	present	present	present
"	Joseph McFarland	29	do	do	do
"	James Yulle	26	do	do	do
"	James Finley	July 1st	do	do	Discharg'd 16th
Corps	Jacob Smith	July 2nd	do	do	present
"	Jacob Gromett	June 23d	do	do	do

			Casualties 1775		
		Inlisted	July	August	September
Corps	John Weaver	July 6th	present	present	present
"	Alexander Lease		do	do	do
Drumr	Patk Donnally	July 1st	do	do	do
1	Burton Joshua	July 12th	do	do	do
2	Bruce Robert	17	do	do	do
3	Becraft John	1st	do	do	do
4	Becraft Abram	1st	do	do	do
5	Brown Conrad	7th	do	deserted 15th	
6	Crum Adam	7th	do	present	present
7	Cummings Sam.	2nd	do	do	do
8	Cradlebaugh Fredk	1st	do	do	do
9	Dycke Peter	1st	do	do	do
10	Dwyre John	1st	do	do	do
11	Delashmut Basil	July 1st	do	do	do
12	Erwin William	7th	do	do	do
13	Fickle Daniel	1st	do	do	do
14	Fickle Benjamin	1st	do	do	do
15	Failing William	1st	do	do	do
16	Fisher Adam	7th	do	do	do
17	Fisher Henry	3rd	do	do	do
18	Foster Robert	2nd	do	do	do
19	George Faukwell	June 25th	do	do	do
20	Giger Henry	July 1st	do	do	do
21	Gareheart Jacob	1st	do	do	do
22	Hutchinson Nicho	6th	do	do	do
23	Hugh Higgins	15th	do	do	do
24	Hoblitsell Adrian	1st	do	do	do
25	Hess Balser	1st	do	do	do
26	Hemerly Peter	1st	do	do	do
27	Huddle George	17th	do	do	do
28	Hubley George	1st	do	do	do
29	Johnson William	3rd	do	deserted 22nd	

			Casualties 1775		
		Inlisted	July	August	September
30	Karr William	June 28th	present	present	present
31	Karr John	July 4th	dº	dº	dº
32	Klein Daniel	1st	sick absent	absent	absent
33	Long William	3rd	present	present	present
34	Lyda Jacob	1st	dº	dº	dº
35	Leibley John	1st	dº	dº	dº
36	Lemmon Patrick	1st	dº	dº	dº
37	Little Michael	1st	dº	dº	dº
38	Miller Daniel	July 1st	present	deserted 16th	
39	Miller Jacob	June 29th	dº	present	present
40	McCreery John	July 1st	dº	dº	dº
41	Marquart Bastion	10th	dº	dº	dº
42	Mantz James	June 24th	dº	dº	deserted 22d
43	Mulroy John	July 10th	dº	dº	present
44	McCurtin Daniel	7th	dº	dº	dº
45	McInhimer John	July 1st	dº	dº	dº
46	Neale Joseph	7th	dº	dº	dº
47	Neale John	11th	dº	dº	dº
48	Norris William	1st	dº	dº	deceas'd 29th
49	Riley William	1st	dº	dº	dº 1st
50	Ronselbaugh John	14th	dº	dº	present
51	Ringer Jacob	1st	dº	dº	dº
52	Roberts Mordecai	11th	dº	dº	dº
53	Switzer George	1st	dº	dº	dº
54	Speck Henry	June 24th	dº	dº	dº
55	Smith John	July 7th	dº	deserted 15th	
56	Stull Daniel	1st	dº	present	appd Serjt 16th
57	Schneider John	11th	dº	dº	present
58	Speck William	June 24th	dº	dº	dº
59	Steuart John	July 1st	dº	dº	dº
60	Tunbridge Saml Dixon	10th	dº	dº	dº
61	Trout Henry	June 24th	dº	dº	dº

			Casualties 1775		
		Inlisted	July	August	September
62	Trier Andrew	July 10th	present	present	present
63	Thomas Nathan	1st	do	do	do
64	Tannehill Josiah	16th	do	do	do
65	Thomas Leonard	July 14th	do	do	do
66	Tutwiler Jonathan	1st	do	do	do
67	Veach Jacob	8th	do	do	do
68	Williams Levi	13th	do	do	do
69	White George	2nd	do	deserted 15th	
70	Wood Jonathan	11th	do	present	present
71	Willson William	10th	do	do	do
72	Gump Christian	1st	do	do	do

			Casualties		
No.	Names	When Inlisted &c 1775	October	November	December
Capt.	Thomas Price	June 22d	present	on furlough 1st	on furlough
Lieut	Otho Hd Williams	22d	present	present	present
"	Philemon Griffith	22d	do	do	do
"	Thomas H. Luckett	22d	do	do	do
Sjt	Adamson Tannehill	23rd	do	do	do
"	Joseph McFarland	29th	do	do	do
"	James Yulle	26th	do	do	do
"	Daniel Stull	July 1st	do	do	do
Corp	Jacob Smith	2nd	do	do	do
"	Jacob Gromett	June 23rd	do	do	do
"	John Weaver	July 6th	do	do	do
"	Alexander Lease	June 28th	do	do	do
Drumr	Patrick Donnally	July 1st	do	do	do
Privates					
1	Burton Joshua	12th	do	do	do
2	Bruce Robert	17th	do	do	do

			Casualties		
No.	Names	When Inlisted &c 1775	October	November	December
3	Becraft John	1st	present	present	present
4	Becraft Abraham	1st	do	do	do
5	Crum Adam	7th	do	do	do
6	Cummings Sam.	2nd	do	do	do
7	Cradlebaugh Fredk	1st	do	do	do
8	Dycke Peter	1st	do	do	do
9	Dwire John	1st	do	do	Drafted into Captn Hegre's Co. 31st
10	Delashmut Basil	1st	do	do	present
11	Erwin William	July 7th	do	do	do
12	Fickle Daniel	1st	do	do	do
13	Fickle Benjamin	1st	do	do	do
14	Failing William	1st	do	do	do
15	Fisher Adam	7th	do	do	do
16	Fisher Henry	3rd	do	do	do
17	Foster Robert	2nd	do	do	do
18	Faukwell George	June 25th	do	do	do
19	Gump Christian	July 1st	do	do	do
20	Giger Henry	1st	do	do	do
21	Gareheart Jacob	1st	do	do	do
22	Hutchison Nichos	6th	do	do	do
23	Higgins Hugh	15th	do	do	do
24	Hoblitsell Adrian	1st	do	do	do
25	Hess Balser	1st	do	do	do
26	Hemerly Peter	1st	do	do	do
27	Huddle George	17th	deserted 31st	deserted	absent
28	Hubley George	1st	went on board the Privateer 29th	absent	absent
29	Karr William	June 28th	present	present	present

No.	Names	When Inlisted &c 1775	Casualties October	Novem-ber	December
30	Karr John	July 4th	present	present	present
31	Long William	3rd	d°	d°	d°
32	Lyda Jacob	1st	d°	d°	d°
33	Leibly John	1st	d°	d°	d°
34	Lemmon Patrick	1st	d°	d°	d°
35	Little Michael	1st	d°	d°	d°
36	Miller Jacob	June 29th	d°	d°	d°
37	McCreery John	July 1st	d°	d°	d°
38	Marquart Bastion	July 10th	d°	d°	d°
39	Mulroy John	10th	d°	d°	d°
40	McCurtin Daniel	7th	d°	d°	d°
41	McInhimer John	1st	d°	d°	d°
42	Neale Joseph	7th	d°	d°	d°
43	Neale John	11th	d°	d°	d°
44	Ronselbaugh John	July 14th	d°	d°	d°
45	Ringer Jacob	1st	d°	d°	d°
46	Roberts Robert	11th	d°	d°	d°
47	Switzer George	1st	d°	d°	d°
48	Speck Henry	June 24th	d°	d°	d°
49	Speck William	24th	d°	d°	d°
50	John Schneider	July 11th	d°	d°	d°
51	Steuart John	1st	d°	d°	d°
52	Tunbridge Sam. Dixon	10th	d°	d°	d°
53	Trout Henry	June 24th	d°	d°	d°
54	Trier Andrew	July 10th	d°	d°	d°
55	Thomas Nathan	1st	d°	d°	d°
56	Tannehill Josiah	16th	d°	d°	d°
57	Thomas Leonard	14th	d°	d°	d°
58	Tutwiler Jonathan	1st	d°	d°	d°
59	Veach Jacob	8th	d°	d°	d°
60	Williams Levy	13th	d°	d°	d°
61	Wood Jonathan	11th	d°	d°	d°

No.	Names	When Inlisted &c 1775	Casualties October	Novem-ber	December
Privates					
62	Wilson William	July 10th	present	present	present
63	Archibald Thomas			Inlisted 26th d^{o}	

PAY ROLL OF A COMPANY OF RIFLE-MEN IN THE SERVICE OF THE UNITED COLONIES COMMANDED BY CAPTAIN THOMAS PRICE FOR THE MONTHS OF

	September		and October	
Capt^{n} Thomas Price	1 mo.£	6.. 0.. 0	1 mo. £	6.. 0.. 0
Lieut Otho Holland Williams	1	4.. —	1	4.. —
" Philemon Griffith	1	4.. —	1	4.. —
" Thomas Hussey Luckett	1	4.. —	1	4.. —
Sjt Adamson Tannehill	1	2..8..—	1	2..8..—
" Joseph McFarland	1	2..8..—	1	2..8..—
" James Yulle	1	2..8..—	1	2..8..—
" James Finley	16 days	1.. 5.. 7		———
" Daniel Stull	14 days	1.. 2.. 5	1	2..8..—
Corp Jacob Smith	1 mo.	2..4..—	1	2..4..—
" Jacob Cromett	1	2..4..—	1	2..4..—
" John Weaver	1	2..4..—	1	2..4..—
" Alexander Lease	1	2..4..—	1	2..4..—
Drum^{r} Patrick Donnally	1	2..4..—	1	2..4..—
Privates				
1 Joshua Burton	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
2 Robert Bruce	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
3 John Becraft	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
4 Abraham Becraft	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
5 Adam Crum	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
6 Samuel Cummings	1	2.. —	1	2.. —

Privates			September	and	October
7	Frederick Cradlebaugh	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
8	Peter Dycke	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
9	John Dwyre	1 mo.	2.. —	1 mo.	2.. —
10	Basil Delashmutt	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
			£58..12..0		£58..12..0
11	William Erwin	1 mo.	2.. —	1 mo.	2.. —
12	Daniel Fickle	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
13	Benjamin Fickle	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
14	William Failing	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
15	Adam Fisher	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
16	Henry Fisher	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
17	Robert Foster	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
18	George Faukwell	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
19	Henry Giger	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
20	Jacob Gareheart	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
21	Christian Gump	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
22	Nicholas Hutchison	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
23	Hugh Higgins	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
24	Adrian Hoblitzell	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
25	Balser Hess	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
26	Peter Hemmerly	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
27	George Huddle	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
28	George Hubely	1	2.. —	29 days	1..18..8
29	William Karr	1	2.. —	1 mo.	2.. —
30	John Karr	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
31	William Long	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
32	Jacob Lyda	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
33	John Leibly	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
34	Patrick Lemmon	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
35	Michael Little	1 mo.	2.. —	1 mo.	2.. —
36	Jacob Miller	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
			£ 110..12..0		£110..10..8

Privates			September	and	October
37	John McCreery	1 mo.	2.. —	1 mo.	2.. —
38	Bastian Marquart	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
39	James Mantz	22 days	1.. 9.. 4		
40	John Mulroy	1 mo.	2.. —	1	2.. —
41	Daniel McCurtin	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
42	John McInhimer	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
43	Joseph Neale	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
44	John Neale	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
45	William Norris	29 days	1..18..8		
46	John Rouselbaugh	1 mo.	2.. —	1	2.. —
47	Jacob Ringer	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
48	Mordecai Roberts	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
49	George Switzer	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
50	Henry Speck	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
51	John Schneider	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
52	William Speck	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
53	John Steuart	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
54	Samuel Dixon Tunbridge	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
55	Henry Trout	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
56	Andrew Trier	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
57	Nathan Thomas	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
58	Josiah Thomas	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
59	Leonard Thomas	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
60	Jonathan Tutwiler	1	2.. —	1	2.. —
61	Jacob Veatch	1 mo.	2.. —	1	2.. —
			£160.. 0..0		156..10..8
62	Levy Williams	1 mo.	2.. —	1 mo.	2.. —
63	Jonathan Wood	1	2.. —	1 mo.	2.. —
64	William Willson	1	2.. —	1 mo.	2.. —
	Amount for 2 mos.		£166.. 0..0		£162..10..8
65	Daniel Stull omitted	16 days	1.. 1..4		

EXTRACTS FROM ACCOUNT AND LETTER BOOKS OF DR. CHARLES CARROLL, OF ANNAPOLIS.

(*Continued from* Vol. XXII, p. 205).

23rd March 1746

Sir

I to Satisfie you (tho perswaded you are not Ignorant thereof) give you what Mr Lake writes me vidz. Consulted Mrs Johnson late Mrs Vaughan who tells me that the things Intimated in your Letter were paid for to Mr Macnemara by a Judgment bond of 30l wch he him self drew payable to Mr Black, wch bond was discharged as shee very well remembers at a Court at Annapolis.

I cannot supose you so forgetfull as not to remember such circumstances as well as that of Mr Cummings & Mr Creagh had likewise satisfied you.

It is certain that you have had satisfaction for all that I received as well as the rest and hope you will be content I am sure I should be very glad you were and would contribute Every Reasonable thing in my power thereto . . .

To Mr Michael Macnemara

Maryland March 21st 1746

Sr

I find you cannot by Custom, or the Useage of Merchants Discharge the second Bills of Exchange, so have Conformed to the Advice you Give in yours of the 20th of November last, to Pay those Bills with the fifteen and 20 pr Cent, and think no more thereof, which If I could save would have been Better. I have therefore In Lieu of a Bill of myne to George Harryman on Saml Hyde Dated 26th of February 1744 for £45 and the Charges, drawn on you of this date payable to Charles Carroll

Esq^{r} at Sixty days Sight for fifty four Pounds seven shillings Sterling which I Desire you will Pay and Charge to my Account.

I have also In Lieu of my Bills to Thos. Sheredine on Sam^{l} Hyde Dated 29th of June 1745 for £11.. 18.. drawn on you of this date. Payable to Patrick Creagh or order at Sixty Days sight for fourteen Pounds Nine shillings sterling, which I Desire you will Pay and Charge to my Account. I signifie the Dates and sumes of these Bills I have taken up here by reason I had before wrote you to take them up which I find you can not do.

As I shall ship you Effects In the two following ships which will sail with Convoy I Desire you will as soon as this Comes to hand make Insureances on them for the following sumes at as Easy a Premio as you Can, and In the Safest manner, that In Case of Loss I may be Certain of the sume Insured, Vidz. on the Snow Frances and Elisabeth of this Place and here Built, square stern Burthen one hundred an fifty Ton or thereabouts, Antony Beck Master, or whoever shall be master, Patrick Creagh Owner, for one hundred and Seventy five Pounds Sterling In Severn River In Maryland, and thence to the Port of London In Great Brittain, and there untill unlivered. And on the Ship Speedwell of this Place, and here Built, Pink Stern, Burthen one hundred and Ninety Ton or thereabouts, James Creagh Master, or whoever shall be master, and Patrick Creagh Owner, for two hundred Pounds Sterling, In Patapsco River In Maryland, and thence to the Port of London In Great Brittain Untill there unlivered; & the Premio with the Charge thereon Place to my Account. I must Again Repeat the dependance I have on you that neither this Insurance nor any other Cause will Prevent the Payment of my Bills, which I must request you will Punctually Discharge, as the Contrary would be the greatest Damage and Concern to me.

These two Vessels will sail in three months with Convoy, and hope before then to have some Vessells of yours for which I reserve both Iron & Tobacco.

To Mr William Black merchant In London pr Capt Auter & Captn Hutchinson in the Britania & by a Ship from Putuxen

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Maryland March 25th 1747

Sr

Inclosed Is Bill Loading for One Hundred Ton of Baltimore Pigg Iron Shipped In the Brittania Hutchinson master for Account of Benjamin Tasker Esqr and Company which hope will Come safe to hand. I hope this Commodity will raise in Value Adequate to the great Charge thereon of Insureance otherwise the makers here must suffer Extremely, your Care and Circumspection In making the most thereof Is Expected by the Gentlemen Concearned . . .

To Mr William Black Merchant In London pr Captn Auter & Captn Hutchinson

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Maryland March 26th 1747

Sir

Inclosed are the following Bills of Exchange amounting to £19.. 2.. 4 ster wch when paid please to Carry to the Credit of my account or Return protested by the first oppertunity . . .

To Mr Wm Black Merct in London

To James Cain on Wm Perkins	£ 3.. 3.. 2
To Ditto on Richd Molineux	6.. 16.. 10
To Arthur Brownly on Ditto	3.. 15.. 8
To John Cain on Ditto	2.. 14.. 4
To Ditto on Wm Perkins	2.. 12.. 4
	£19.. 2.. 4

ꝑ Hutchinson in the Britania pr Capt John Auter & pr Capt Saml Wood in May following

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Annapolis March 27th 1746

Sir

I recd yours in relation to the Flatt wch I send up now for what things I have left at North East, If you Incline to take her at Twenty four pounds Curcy with the oares and three pounds for the Grapnoll and Rope you may have her as soon as shee returns here again in the meantime you may use the small Boat wch you may have for Seven Pounds Curcy

If you Incline to take the Flatt let me know at her return and I will send my People up with her and they may return in the small boat wch will save you the trouble of sending down here no doubt the Carpenters have been with you some time. If any oppertunity to Virginia shall be glad you will order a cuple of Ton of Barr Iron to be sent up by one of your Sloops to be delivered me here. Slender Square & Flatt.

To Mr Charles Ewell at North East Branch Back River ꝑ
Mathew Coen

Maryland April 2d 1747

Sir

You know in your conscience that I never Received a farthing on your Account of Mr Vaughan and I am certain I never did more than from Messrs Creagh and Cummings with so loose debts you would have saddled me, Nay and told me you would make me pay tho you had Received them. Hard treatment this for Acts of Friendship. I can with justice repeat That you have Recd Satisfaction for all that I received as well as the Rest.

I hope that neither Law nor Equity will make me pay for what I never had or Received the least Satisfaction for, tho Your Expectations that way may be very High for Reasons well known to me.

I am still Ready and willing (as I often wrote you) to settle your account with me and if any Error therein Rectifie the same and give you Credit therein for the Ballance of an Account made up in the Comissaries office on your mothers Estate as her Executor. I can not prevent you from takeing that Course w^{ch} is most Agreeable to your self more than from Treating me with Ill manners and makeing False and Groundless Accusations, but I hope that all you may say will not be taken for Truth to Effect my Character w^{ch} I doubt not the Uprightness of my conduct will Justifie to Every Impartial man.

I am sure that I neither now have nor Credit in my Inclinations to wrong you and if I had more things at your Sale over Severn than I credit you for it is due to some Mistake w^{ch} perhaps may be proved if you were to produce the accounts w^{ch} you have or send me a Coppy of those things you say I had am^{o} to £5.. 12.. — and any notes thereon in that account for I do not recollect that I had to such Amount tho I might (to raise the Sale) have bid for things I had not.

I can asure you that I am as much Your friend as you can be mine and wish to have it more perfect by a friendly Settlement and hope you'l not use me as a Cats Paw or Tool if you are Real in that Expression of being my Friend. I was not in Town when your Letter came or had been sooner answered. Pray be asured that I very much desire a good Understanding with you . . .

To M^{r} Michael Macnemara

2^{d} April 1747

Sir

I am very far from deeming my self more Self Sufficient than my Neighbours nor shall I ever conceive a less opinion of you than your conduct obliges me to have and should very unwillingly have Room to censure it wherefore I hope you will not Insist on points in themselves Unjust as that of Vaughan and others Realy are.

I will with pleasure come into any Expedient that may adjust the matter in a Friendly way . . .

To M^{r} M. Macnemara

2d April 1747

Sir

If I propose an Expedient will not that be deemed self sufficiency in me. It is therefore I leave it to you. You know I offered to adjust between ourselves, that you Rejected do you now desire to call in the aid of any Impartial Honest Man or Men? I will agree thereto.

If your Intentions be real I am as ready as you can desire to conform to Everything that is Just . . .

To Mr M. Macnemara

April 3d 1747

Sir

Altho I have reason to believe the Two Gentlemen you mention are concearned in point of Intrest by reaping some Advantage from Whatever sume you may get of me. Yet I will wait on you at Mr Carrolls to adjust the Account betwixt us and in case we cannot by his Interposition then have recourse to Mr Thomas for his assistance to set us Right as you desire . . .

To Mr Mich. Macnemara

4th of April 1747

Sr

In answer to yours I have the satisfaction to tell you that I made the Gentlemen a compliment, since I was willing to refer to them altho I conceived they were interested for that I did not supose that that would have influenced their integrity or Judgments so that you seem displeased without cause and am concearned that by mistakeing any thing from me you should for I intended no offence. If Mr Hyde and the Merchants In London or their Assignees here were to tyranize over their real Debtors as you Endeavour to do over me your Imaginary one hard would be their fate but I hope there is Lenity Humanity and good manners in some mens minds, as for your terms of Steward or Servant terible looks Countenance noddle and woe threatned to my character and family I pass by as merely Chimericall and hope it is not nor will be in your power to hurt or destroy one or the other. If your intentions are (as some times you say) to act in a friendly manner, pray why this overbearing unmanerly treatment or do you imagin that I am to be blustered or Hectored into a complyance with every unjust claim you are pleased to make, I assure you not, but that I will with pleasure keep up if you will permit it an Equal friendship and answer every just demand of yours, I hope you will not manifest that your designs have rather been to pump sift and fish out the weakest and most unguarded part in order to make your Extraordinary demands than to close your accounts with me in a friendly manner, as soon as you desired it I laid my books and vouchers before you and gave you coppys of what accounts you desired to which now please to add your order to M^r^ Dulany for twenty five pounds Ster. and pray favour me with an account of what Claim or demands you have against me or objections to my account that I may consider of them and be able to give you my answer to them particularly If you are not pleased with the place and persons before appointed If you'l nominate any other I will wait on you when you please In hopes of that friendly accomodation you say you desire, and which I asure you is wished for by [me]

To M^{r} M. Macnemara

Annapolis April 5th 1747

Sir

I understand that you have Executed some Negros and Household Goods of M^{r} Stephen Higgins w^{ch} are mortgaged to M^{r} Charles Carroll and my self for a Debt and other considerations not yet complyd with.

I am in hopes you will release those things that thereby you may prevent us and your self the Trouble of a Law suit which we would wilingly avoid . . .

To M^{r} Thomas Catten, London Town

April 10th 1747

Sir

I could not get Maynard who writes for me or had had your Acc^{tt} given me Coppyd ere now, The Extraordinary charges therein you can not Expect me to pay knowing in your conscience they are not right nor the manner of accounting you dictate.

I will again Repeat that I am Ready to rectifie any Errors in the accounts given you and Credit the same with the Ballance made up of your Mother's Estate in the Comissaries office. If in those points we differ in opinion I am ready to refer it to Mess^{rs} Carroll & Thomas your own Appointment.

I can truely say that I wish a friendly accomodation with you at the Loss of some of my Property . . .

To M^{r} Michael Maccnemara

Maryland April 11th 1747

S^{r}

I Received yours dated the 12th of June last By Biggs with an Acc^{t} Current wherein you credit me some Bills Transmitted, and 1/5 of Ball^{a} due to the Baltimore C^{o} all am^{s} to £75.. 2.. 0 Interest ought to have been deducted for some of these sumes having been long in hand, but for small matters shall not complain, and hope you will not give me reason to complain for great.

M^{r} Tasker as agent for the Lord Baltimore threatens hard to sue me, and make no allowance for the loss I sustained in the Voyage of the Annapolis in 1742, nor for the wrong charge of the sume of £32.. 14.. 6 charged me Octo^{r} 13th 1743 Premio on 500£ you say Insured on Scougal, which Insureance I am certain you never made, nor had any Instructions from me to make, for the man was not In my service after the 13th day of July 1742 and John Satirwhite went out in the Vessell the Voyage after, and on an Insureance upon him you charge me Premio which I agree to haveing wrote you of October 23d 1742 to make the same, and I am positive that after my'n to you dated Decembr 25th 1741 to make 500£ Insureance on Scougal I never directed any other on him and if you look back on my Acct you will see Vidz. May 1st 1742 To Paid Insureance 1000£ Goods in the Annapolis two Voyages £57.. 19.. 0 and which Included the above and last I ever desired to be made on him.

Pray Sr send me your Instructions, or another Acct Current wit Credit for £32.. 14.. 6 the said Error, as also for the Dammage I sustained in the Voyage of Scougal in 1742 and concearning which I sent the Proofs you desired of the Costs of the Goods and Identity of the Voyage and which I am Certain you received by Allingham.

Let this thing be settled upon an honest footing, the Costs and Freight of Goods Shipped amounted to £420.. 19.. 5 Ster and the Product thereof as by the Acct of Sales from Mr Carrington amounted to no more than £195.. 6.. 0 Ster which makes the Loss to my Prejudice £245.. 13.. 5 Ster occationed by the Dammage and Loss sustained all which Dammage and Loss Mr Carrington In London offered to give you further Proof of if had been needfull.

I have honestly allowed, and Paid you all the charges of Insureances charged to me, and now a Loss happens you seem to hesitate in makeing restitution, do as you would be done unto. I am as fair a Creditor in this Case as any of those in whose mercy you leave me, and with whom I must Contend in law for my Right, a thing I abhor as I do all Litigation, therefore I hope you will Prevent any further trouble to me by sending me an Acct Current with Credit for such my Loss, and the Article of the Premio you wrongly Charge of £32..

14.. 6 and their Proportions of Interest from the times which they ought to be Credited.

I think S^{r} I need not urge you more your own Conscience and Honour will certainly dictate to you to do me Justice, Myself nor my Family can not bear so great a loss, and less now than heretofore haveing had very severe losses by fire, and by Enemies at Sea since the Commencement of this War, and I hope you will not be the cause of distressing us more since it is in your Power by doing an Act of Justice to Prevent it.

The Rate at which the least Dammaged corn sold at was 3/9 p^{r} Bushell, so that the 2219 Bushells would have amounted to £416.. 0.. 3 & as it sold amounted to only £222.. 5.. 2, so that by that article alone I loose £193.. 15.. 1 Exclusive of Loss on the other Parts of the Cargo, and it is certain that if no Dammage had happened the Corn would have sold much higher. I rely on your Integrity in this case . . .

To M^{r} Samuel Hyde Inclosed ℘ Capt. Jer. Biggs in his own Letters ℘ Cap^{ts} Jackson Johns, and Morecraft from Putuxen 3 Copies

---

Maryland May 22d 1747

Sir

Since I wrote the 11th of April last M^{r} Tasker Lord Baltimore Agent has sued me in the Chancery Court here for the Ballance w^{ch} you in your first Account make due to you. As I think that I am Justly and Honestly by the Strictest Rules of Common Justice Intitled to Satisfaction for the Loss I sustained on the Voyage Insured on Scougal and that from you and the Like Equity against Lord Baltimore your assignee as I would have had against your self both for that and Your wrong charge of £32.. 14.. 6 mentioned in my foregoing Letter I am determined to see the Issue thereof, for I am certain you never will Insist on, or prove that I ordered the Insureance for w^{ch} you charge me the said sume, and sure I might Expect from you to sett these things Right and prevent my being distressed by so powerful an Antagonist as your Asignee Lord Baltimore is in his own Courts here, Unless you have put me into his hands on purpose to oppress me.

By your last account you make three hundred and ninety Pounds due to you from me you are sensible the loss I sustained in the Voyage on Scougal to Prevent litigation I make you this offer, if you will send me your further Account Cur^{nt} with Credit therein for that loss one hundred and fifty Pounds sterling as also the said wrong charge of £32.. 14.. 6 and Interest on them from 1742 for three years which will be about twenty Eight Pounds more I will Pay the Ballance to Lord Baltimore which may be about one hundred and Eighty Pounds tho in strict Justice I do not owe you that sume & he has enough assigned him to Pay what you owe besides.

I have said so much on this Head already to desire your doing me Common Justice and preventing the Expence of a Tedious suit to obtain it that I think it needless to say more than hope to find you the person I always took you to be a man of Honour and conscience that these are the Effect of Mistakes or Errors in Account and that you will set them Right . . .

To M^{r} Samuel Hyde Merchant in London

Maryland May 30th 1747

Sir

Inclosed is a Letter to M^{r} Samuel Hyde w^{ch} I Request you will peruse, seal and deliver him. If you can bring him to reason & prevail to do me Justice in the Points mentioned it will be of Service as it will prevent me the Trouble and Expense of sending a Commission from the Chancery here or procureing one there to Examin Evidences in Relation to them. I request you will give your self a little time in Endeavouring to serve me herein and please to let me know the Result. Inclosed are the Undernoted Bills of Exch^{a} Am^{t} to £54.. 4.. 6 w^{ch} when paid place to the Credit of my Account & if protested Return ꝑ the first oppertunity.

Of this date I have drawn on you at Sixty days sight to Capt. Samuel Wood for Twenty four pounds four shillings and to Joseph Belt Jun^{r} for Thirty Two pounds sixteen shillings & six pence in Lieu of my bills on Samuel Hyde payable to said Belt of the 11th of May 1745 for Twenty seven pounds Three shs. and nine pence and by said Hyde protested and w^{ch} I had wrote you to take up.

I desire you will pay these Bills to M^{r} Belt and Capt. Wood and charge them to my account . . .

Rich^{d} Hopkins on Jo^{n} Hanburry	£17.. 8.. 3
Rich^{d} Dallam on Ditto	15.. 16.. 3
Jo^{n} Dorsey on Jon^{a} Forward	21.. 0.. 0
	£54.. 4.. 6

To M^{r} William Black Merc^{t} In London p^{r} Cap^{t} Sam^{l} Wood, Capt. Hargrove and Capt. Creagh in the Speedwell.

Maryland June 2^{d} 1747

Sir

Inclosed is Bill of Loading for Thirty five Ton of Baltimore Pigg Iron in the Ship Speedwell James Creagh Master in the Sale of w^{ch} hope for your best Endeavour for my Interest And the nett proceeds thereof place to the Credit of my Account . . .

To M^{r} W^{m} Black Merc^{t} In London
p^{r} Creagh

Maryland June 3rd 1747

Sir

Inclosed is Bill Loading for Thirty Ton Pigg Iron in the

Frances and Elisabeth, Anthony Beck Master in the sale of wch I desire you will act for the best for my Interest and the nett proceeds thereof carry to the Credit of my Acctt

To Mr Wm Black Merct In London pr Capt. Beck.

Maryland June 13th 1747

Sir

Inclosed are Bills Loading Thirty five Ton Pigg Iron in the Speedwell James Creagh, Copy ⅌ said Ship, and also Thirty Ton ⅌ the Frances and Elizabeth, Antho Beck, Copys allso by him both wch hope will come Safe and turn out to advantage otherwise make no doubt of your haveing secured Insurance according to advice . . .

To Mr Wm Black Merct London pr Capt. Bacon

Maryland Aug. 29th 1747

Sir

I Recd yours with goods Shiped in the Elisabeth John Ker to Putuxen which ship comeing with Convoy the Voyage I expect & desire you will credit my Acct with seven Guineas pr Ct on £184 according to the tenar wch you say Insureance was made and noted on the Invoice of said Goods. I credit you in Acct with said goods and full Insureance amounting to £185.. 12.. 8 and Charge you Back with said Seven Guineas ⅌ Ct and Comn.

On the 20th Inst I drew a Sett Bills of Exchage on you Payable to Doctr George Buchanan for twenty Pounds Ster at Sixty days Sight which I desire you will Pay an charge the same to my account.

You will ere now have heard that this Province have Passed a Law for Inspection of Tobacco as that of Virginia to take Place next Crop whether this will raise that Commodity with you, you best can tell, but this I am sure that it will be a

Chargeable and troublesome as well as an ill timed Experiment here. I wish it may answer us better than he Idea I have of it. It may serve as a South Sea Jobb with some.

I have expected a Ship of yours for which I keep Tobacco and Iron but as you observe these are Precarious times and I'm sure to Ship Tobacco at the high Freight now it can scarce answer wherefore I have kept my'n for some time in hopes of more moderate terms . . .

P. S. the same Credit is Expected on the Goods for the Company

To M^{r} W^{m} Black Merchant In London
Sent p^{r} George Johnson to New York to be put on Board the Scarborough man of War for England
Coppy by Capt. Schiseam in the Ship Allen. Copia via Bristol ꝑ Heytham

---

Maryland Sept. 2d 1747

S^{r}

I desire you will make Insureance for my acc^{t} on the Ship Bridge-town James Barrett Master in South River in Maryland and hence to the port of London in Great Brittain till unlivered that in case of Loss of Ship or Goods I may draw one hundred Pounds Sterling and the Premio and Charges of such Insureance Place to my Account.

The said Ship comes here on account of M^{r} John Hanburry and as I shall Ship you Pigg Iron in her desire you will not fail herein . . .

To M^{r} W^{m} Black p^{r} Capt. Schisoam in the Ship Allen to London Copy via Bristol ꝑ Heytham
Sept. 16th & by the Ship Johnson via Liverpool to the care of M^{r} Sweeting at Oxford

---

Maryland Sept 5th 1747

Sir

Inclosed are the Undernoted Bills of Exchange amounting to £51.. 17.. 9 ster. wch when paid place to the Credit of my Acctt and if protested return under protest by the first safe opportunity . . .

Jos Midlemore on Jos Addams	£ 6.. 17.. 9
Talbott Risteau on James Johnstone	25.. 0.. 0
Thomas Clayton on Thomas Clayton at the Custom House Bristol	20
	£51.. 17.. 9

To Mr Wm Black Merct In London pr Capt Schisoem in the Ship Allen of Scarborough

2 ꝑ Ship Capt. Heytham via Bristol & pr Capt. Barrett in the Ship Bridge Town Octor 8th

---

Maryland Sepr 6th 1747

Sir

Inclosed is the first Excha of Ralph Falkner on Thomas Birch in Co with Alderman Arnold London for Twenty four pounds of fourteen shs & three pence Ster. wch when paid place to the Credit of my Acctt and if protested return by the first good opportunity . . .

To Mr Wm Black Merct In London

ꝑ Capt Schisoam in the Allen & Capt. Heytham via Bristol & by Capt Barrett in the Bridge Town 8br 8

Maryland Sepr 16th 1747

Sir

I Recd yours Inclosing Depositions about the Insureance what Effect may have know not as yet It's odd that the protest can not be found as I am charged with the Recording. I observe you charge me Commission for payment of my own money, this is an Article we are never charged with any where else and hope to have Credit for the same again, the Goods ℘ Johnson in the Sloop Penelope were lost with that Vessel. I desire that by this Scooner the Hopewell you will send me a Barrell of Good Clear Muscovado Sugar and the same charge to my acc^{tt}.

Please let me have an Acc^{tt} Current by the same opportunity in w^{ch} the above Credit is Expected . . .

To M^{r} Coddrington Carrington Merc^{t} Barbadoes ℘ the Scooner Hopewell

UNPUBLISHED LETTERS.

LIEUT. JOSEPH S. NICHOLSON,[1] TO ANGELO TILYARD.

Transport Ship Atlas
near Vera Cruz
June 28, 1847

My Dear Friend

I have just written to Mother and cannot close this package without writing to you although I have not much to say If you were of sick of the sea as I am you would never want to go to sea I have been a month wanting 2 days on board of a dam dirty troop ship with the decks part of the time under water the rest of the time so hot that they burn you up. You have to remain below all day and let the fleas eat you when it rains and when it is clear drill on deck in the Sun which is as hot as Hell at night the lower deck is so hot Having 300 men forward and and about 20 officers aft. the cabin of the ship which has but five staterooms is filled by the field and staff Officers. there is 3 field and 3 staff officers Our berths are of rough pine boards and our beds of straw. the ship is the only one a large size which could be chartered in New York and there was no time to fit her out better than she is we stopped off the port of Havana on the 17 of June and sent a boat in with four of our officers and four sailors into Havana to buy some segars fruit and other articles the boat went in without the leave of the Health officer of the port the officers were arrested and placed in confinement by the Governor General and the ship was ordered into port we would not go as they would have fined the ship a large amount. the Governor General finally agreed to let them off if they would pay $200.00 each two of the officers paid the other two would not and are still in confinement or on Parole in Havana we waited two days and sailed without them they may join us in Mexico one is an Army the other a marine officer we could see the Moro Castle from where we laid it is a splendid work we will be at Vera Cruz in a few Hours. I will then finish this if it is as Hot in Mexico as it is Here you will never see me again as I will build an ice house and live in it and dam the service go and see Powers tell him that I bought some segars in Havana which cost four cents apiece there they would be worth gold in Baltimore they were so fine. If you were in a storm at sea would like to out of it I can tell you for it is Hell itself I will bring you a gold Crusifix from the Halls of the city of Mexico if I should get there if not a delegation will have to come from Baltimore for my bones as they have been too much good to Baltimore to be left in such a dam poor soil as the mexican.

---

[1] 2d Lieut., U. S. M. C., 16 March, 1847; Brevet 1st Lieut., 13 Sept., 1847; resigned, 5 Sept., 1850.

Yours
J. S. Nicholson
U S M C

God knows when I shall finish this as we are
only thirty miles from Vera Cruz and it is hot as Hell in cabin.

June 29 ———

We arrived in Vera Cruz this afternoon and went ashore after sunset this evening the town is a spanish built place the houses low and flat roofed the streets dirty and enough to give the fever to any one. I was much disappointed in the castle but it is a very strong place and it would stand a long seige in good hands as no vessel of large size can pass the reefs in front of it the people are a miserable set of devils black white and all other coulours The troops who are waiting to march are encamped outside the city they are about 2,000 strong most of them not regular troops but ten regiment ones we are to march with them. it is not safe to be in the City after night as they murder and rob you if they can get the least chance a man is not safe outside of the city as the rancheros are always about they have killed a dozen men lately the police of the city Co. Wilson commands. The yellow fever and vomito are about but not as bad as might be expected you would like to see the town very much as it has a very different look from an american one the shops are filled with american goods high in price the better class of the people have deserted the city but the lower class remain to steal and make money in a number of ways the Indians or half breeds are numerous very few speak english except those attached to the Quarter Masters department The worst part of the march is the first forty miles in the sickly sandy country the rancheros are so bold that they attack large bodies of troops within 20 miles of Vera Cruz so that we are obliged to march in large numbers—1500 Government Horses and mules broke out of their pen near the city and were not caught at the time that I write this it has been ten days since they have gone and it is thought that the Mexicans have taken them it is a great loss to the army we are allowed but 15 pounds of baggage and some take but ten as we are not sure that we will not have to carry it ourselves the city is built on the coast and have sand hill all around us I wish we were away as what we get to eat does not make up for the Heat although we are a mile from the city outside the castle in our good ship ——— we will not see much of the city as we do not go ashore until after the troops disembark I do not know when we shall march and shall close this before we do but you can find out all about it as I shall write to mother the last thing that I do I have tried to give you a good idea of my way of living but you have no idea of a spanish town and its Inhabitants and the stores and churches which are about the Handsomest things about it. The castle is very different from our forts it is as strongly fortified as ours but does not strike the eye, the streets of the city are paved with stone and there are a great many arches in all public buildings— There are several men of war in port the officers visit us often our men are in fine order sure compare with any of the army troops It is now past twelve oclock so hot that I cannot sleep but I will try and find you some news by tomorrow night if you see Garnet show him this as I shall not be able to write to him or Duckett this is the only letter that you will receive from me. I will try and pick you up some mexican Trophy if I ever live to get back but this war will be a long bloody one as the Spaniards never will give up as long as they can harrass our army with small parties. I can speak a little spanish already the ship Susan Howell has arrived from Baltimore with troops You will not be able to find the direction of this letter as I will have enough to fill it if I have time I am true to my word to let you know every thing.

June 30

We will debark today this will leave tomorrow I can learn no farther news from Mexico city we march as soon as we can get off remember me to all excuse this. Lieut Porter of the army arrived last night and died in 3 hours. Commodore Perry has taken Tobasco lost only 3 men his ship has just come in sight. an express is expected from the city of Mexico every Hour.

To Angelo Tilyard Esq.
Baltimore Md.

PORT TOBACCO PARISH.

List of Ministers from 1692.

"Port Tobacco Parish is regarded as one of the earliest homes of the Church in Maryland; a Church at the head of Port Tobacco Creek is spoken of previous to 1684."

The Revd. Mr. Moore was Minister in 1692, in which year he died.
1694 Revd. George Tubman; died 1701.
1702 Revd. Gabriel D'Emilhane; removed 1703 to Calvert County.
1705 Revd. John Frazer; removed 1710 to Prince George County.
1710 Revd. Edward Butler; transferred 1711 to Annapolis.
1711 Revd. William McConchie; died 1742. Tenure 31 years.
1742 Revd. Samuel Chase; died, or removed to England, 1742.
1743 Revd. Henry Ogle; died, or returned to England, 1750.
1750 Revd. Theophilus Swift; died 1762.
1762 Revd. Thomas Thornton; removed to Virginia, 1777.
1779 Revd. Arthur Hamilton (?); died 1780.
1781 Revd. Joseph Messenger; removed, 1781, to St. John's, Prince George County.
1781 Revd. George H. Wooseley; died (?) 1785.
1787 Revd. John Weems; died 1821. Tenure 34 years.
1822 Revd. Lemuel Wilmer; died 1869. Tenure 47 years.
1869 Revd. Meyer Lewin; removed to Upper Marlboro, 1878.
The Reverend Messrs. William McConchie, John Weems, and Lemuel Wilmer served the parish as Rectors for 112 years.

QUERY.

Addams—Crew—Long.

Thomas Adams given 1000 A in Maryland in 1640 for bringing 5 servants into the province since 1635.

Thomas Adams (Capt.) of the ship Diana, given permission to trade with the Swedes of Delaware Bay, 1653; purchased a plantation in Maryland at that time.

Thomas Adams, Burgess for Isle of Kent for Gen. Assembly at St. Mary's 1640.

Thomas Adams died in Kent Co. 6 Feb., 1641.

Thomas Adams, will 1655, York Co., Va. "To my mate, Thomas Penkethman, all my lands, etc."

Thomas Adams and John Johnson owned a vessel "riding in the Potomack River," 1651, one or both being residents of Virginia.

"Thomas Adams, one of our cousins on the Isle of Kent, gent, hath proposed acceptable service within said Island"—1640.

Thomas Adams of the Isle of Kent in the Province of Maryland, gentleman, about 29 years old, born in the Parish of Bodenham of the Shire of Hereford, testifies" . . . Apparently had been assisting Capt. Wm. Claybourn 1635-36.

* * * * * *

Is anything further known about the Thomas Adams line of Maryland. Some of the above items may refer to the same person, but probably two or more individuals are meant. Could one of them have been the father of:

Philip Adams m. 1670 at Marumsco, Md. Anne Crewe. Their oldest son was Thomas, b. 1673 and m. Anne Long, dau. of Samuel and Jane Mitchell-Long.

Information about ancestors and descendants of these Adamses, the Crewes, Longs and Mitchells wanted.

1837 Greenleaf Ave.,
Chicago, Ill.

K. K. Adams.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SOCIETY.

February 14, 1927.—The regular meeting of the Society was held to-night at its rooms with the President in the chair.

The order of business was reversed in order that Dr. J.Hall Pleasants the speaker of the evening could leave early on account of another engagement.

Dr. Pleasants gave a most interesting and delightful talk concerning the history and restoration of seven portraits of certain members of the Calvert family, lately discovered in Italy and later purchased by General Lawrason Riggs.

At the conclusion of Dr. Pleasants' talk, Mr. John L. Sanford made the following motion which was duly seconded and unanimously carried:

"*That:* the thanks of the Society be extended to Dr. J. Hall Pleasants for his most interesting talk on the history of the portraits of certain members of the Calvert family; and to General Lawrason Riggs for his courtesy in lending the portraits to the Society to be exhibited in its Gallery.

The business of the Society was then brought before the meeting and the minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

A list of donations to the Library and Gallery was read.

Mr. Lawrence J. Morris was nominated for Life Membership by J. Appleton Wilson.

The following persons, previously nominated, were elected to Active Membership:

Miss Mary B. Pitts
Mrs. Marvin R. Shipley
Miss Virginia de Goey
John Gilman D'Arcy Paul
Larkin A. Shipley
Charles E. McCormick

The following death was reported from among our members:

Hammond J. Dugan, January 27, 1927

Mrs. Arthur B. Bibbins was then recognized by the chair and spoke of the movement on foot to purchase and equip the "Flag House" at Pratt and Albemarle Streets. The following resolution was introduced and unanimously carried:

Whereas, steps are being taken to make Fort McHenry a National Shrine; and

Whereas, one of the principle reasons for such action is the circumstance that the American National Anthem "The Star Spangled Banner" was inspired by the sight of the great post flag which the valor of the Defenders of Fort McHenry kept flying throughout the conflict, and

Whereas, the so-called "Flag House" at the N. W. corner of Pratt and Albemarle Streets, where this national emblem was made by Mrs. Mary Young Pickersgill is now purchasable at a moderate figure as a patriotic shrine, and

Whereas, the late lamented Secretary Walcott of the Smithsonian regarded this flag as "the most valuable relic of the National Museum," and caused it to be restored, and properly displayed at very considerable expense—

Therefore, be it resolved, that the Maryland Historical Society heartily approve of the effort now under way to acquire this property, and to arrange for its permanent preservation and exhibition.

The following members were appointed to serve as representatives of the Society, on the Committee to receive donations: George L. Radcliffe, Richard M. Duvall and John L. Sanford.

CONTENTS.

PAGE

CALVERT AND DARNALL GLEANINGS FROM ENGLISH WILLS. *Mrs. Russel Hastings,* 307

COLONIAL RECORDS OF SOMERSET COUNTY. *Contributed by Louis Dow Sisco,* 349

EXTRACTS FROM ACCOUNT AND LETTER BOOKS OF DR. CHARLES CARROLL, OF ANNAPOLIS, ... 357

MARYLAND RENT ROLLS, ... 380

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SOCIETY, ... 391

NOTES, ... 399

QUERIES, ... 301

Committee on Publications

SAMUEL K. DENNIS, *Chairman*

JOHN M. VINCENT, J. HALL PLEASANTS.

LOUIS H. DIELMAN,
Editor.

MARYLAND

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CALVERT AND DARNALL GLEANINGS FROM ENGLISH WILLS.

Mrs. Russel Hastings.

(*Continued from* Vol. XXII, p. 245.)

The Calvert wills which follow, most of them hitherto unpublished, correct certain minor errors that have crept into the accounts of the Baltimores; but four interesting genealogical puzzles relating to the family still remain unsolved. The maiden name of Johanna, first Lady Baltimore, is a mystery. The identity of Leonard Calvert's wife (now that it is known that Margaret Brent's sister Ann was a non-juring spinster in 1651, ten years after the birth of Leonard Calvert's children) is undiscovered. although she was quite possibly a member of the prolific Brent family. The degree of cousinship to the Proprietary of Governor Charles Calvert, his mother the Countess Henrietta Calvert, his aunt Mme. Margaret Lazenby, and his possible cousin Charles Calvert Lazenby, is still unclarified; and the name of the mother of Benedict Calvert of Maryland whose daughter was given in marriage to George Washington's stepson, has not emerged from its long and interesting obscurity. The recent discovery of eight Calvert portraits by Hesselius and Wollaston in Browning's village of Asolo, Italy, where they had been for almost two centuries in the possession of Onoric Razolini's descendants, has revived interest in the Governor's identity. The portraits (now in Baltimore) depict the Governor, his daughter, her husband Benedict Calvert, and several of their children, and from inscriptions in Italian and English on canvas and stretchers, we have learned certain dates of birth and death which were hitherto unknown. For some reason the romances of American history have seemed unimportant to its chroniclers, and thus we almost believe that we have come to be what we are without any of the deep undercurrents of human life. When one day serious historians turn to the drama and color of our past, the annals of the Calverts will emerge as perhaps the most fascinating Saga of them all.

The Will of CECILIUS CALVERT, second Lord BALTIMORE,[1] dated 22 Nov. 1675.

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[1] Cecilius Calvert, second Lord Baltimore, and the actual founder of Maryland, was named for his father's patron, Robert Cecil, Earl of Salisbury. He was bapt. at Bexley in Kent, 2 March, 1605/6, and his godparents were the Earl of Cumberland (a Clifford), Robert Cecil, Earl of Salisbury, and Lady Wotton, their substitutes being "Sir Oliffe, Sir John Leighes" and Mrs. Nicholas Boteler, his grandmother (*Genealogist*, new series, Vol. I, p. 59). Less than twenty years later, Sir George Calvert, the child's father, was a convert to Catholicism (together with his entire family, it may safely be assumed) and the boy was given his confirmation name of Cecilius, according to the Catholic custom. This was a variation of a saint's name and therefore superseded the use of the earlier name of Cecil (Sloane Mss., No. 3662, British Museum. Transcript in Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.). Cecilius Calvert matriculated at Trinity College, Oxford, in 1621. The settlement upon his approaching marriage to Anne Arundell was signed 20 March, 1627/8. An original copy of this instrument is among the Calvert Papers in the Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll. The bride was thirteen years old at the time, if the age given in her M. I. in the parish church of Tisbury, Wilts, is correct (23 July, 1649, in her 34th year). Cecilius, Lord Baltimore, was buried 7 Dec., 1675 (Reg. of St. Giles in the Fields, London.—Bump Notes).

Their children were listed by Benedict Leonard Calvert, the antiquarian Governor of Maryland, for Hearne the Diarist, 19 Feb., 1719/20. This list supplemented the chart he had given Hearne previously on 1 Sept., 1718 (Hearne, *Diary; Md. Hist. Mag.*, Vol II, p. 369). It was discovered by Mr. Bump in Rawlinson Mss., Bodleian Library, Oxford, and follows, somewhat amplified from other sources: Georgiana, b. Aug., 1629, d. in infancy; Mary, b. 18 July, 1633, d. in 2 weeks; George, b. 15 Sept., 1634, d. June, 1636 [see *Md. Archives*, Vol. III, p. 25]; Frances, b. Nov., 1635, d. 27 Dec., 1635; Nan or Ann, b. 9 Oct., 1636, d. 6 May, 1661 [bur. 7 May, 1661, Register of St. Giles in the Fields, London]; Charles, b. 27 Aug., 1637 [later Lord Baltimore]; Mary, b. 30 Nov., 1638, d. 24 Sept., 1671; Cecilius, b. 23 Feb., 1639/40, d. 4 Feb., 1640/1. This list does not include the daughter Elizabeth mentioned in Cecilius' will, who was buried 16 Jan., 1711/2 (Register of St. Giles in the Fields, London) and whose Admon. is given, *post.* This is apparently only an oversight, however, as the antiquarian Governor names her in the Pedigree Chart. Mary Calvert above (1638-1671) m. circa 1660, Sir William Blackiston, s. of Sir Ralph Blackiston and Margaret Fenwick of Gibside, Whickham Parish, Durham, by whom

"In the Name of God Amen. I CECILL Lord BALTIMORE Baron of Baltimore in the Kingdome of Ireland being sick of Bodie but Of good and disposing mind and memorie doe make this my last will and Testament And first I bequeath my Soule to the mercifull Reception of its creator and Redeemer My Bodie to the earth to be decently interred And as to my worldly Estate wherewith it hath pleased God to blesse me & dispose as followeth Imprimis I will and bequeath that all my just debts be with what possible speed payd and discharged out of my personall estate except the debts which I am owing to my cousin SMITHSON and MR. CLEMENT and for which securitie is given out of my lands in Yorkshire which said debts my will is shall be payd out of the profitts of my land in Yorkshire and not out of my personall estate And whereas I have heretofore conveyed all my lands and hereditaments within the Countie of Yorke unto HUMPHREY WELD Esquire JOHN CALVERT and CALVERT SMITHSON and their heires unto the severall uses and trusts in the Indenture whereby such conveyance is made conteyn'd subject nevertheless to bee by mee revoked altered or changed And whereas I have lately appointed and directed under my hand and seale the payment of two thousand five hundred pounds unto my daughter ELIZABETH CALVERT out of the profits of my said Yorkshire Estate and until payment thereof the yearlie summe of one hundred and sixtie pounds to her and alsoe the yearely Rent or summe of one hundred and twentie

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she had Cecil and Margaret, who d. in infancy. The marriage was unhappy and Lady Mary Blackiston returned to her father's home for the remainder of her life. Sir Richard Allibond, the lawyer, m. Barbara Blackiston of the Gibside family and was active in the disagreements over property which arose between the Calverts and the Blackistons (*Dict. of Nat. Biog.;* Calvert Papers in the Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.; Hoare, *Modern Wilts*, Vol. IV, p. 146; Surtees, *Durham*, 1820, Vol. II, p. 255, etc.; Burke, *Extinct and Dormant Baronetcies*). The reader is referred to the article on the Lords Baltimore in Gibbs' *Peerage*, which was compiled in collaboration and with the utmost care by G. E. Cokayne of London (1825-1911) and Charles Weathers Bump of Baltimore. Many of Cokayne's Mss. notes are contained in the Bump collection.

pounds unto RICHARD BURKE and GEORGE PEARSON their executors administrators and assigns for the terme of nynety and nyne yeares from my decease I doe hereby confirm the said payments and declare that the said HUMPHREY WELD JOHN CALVERT and CALVERT SMITHSON their heires and assigns shall stand and be seised of the landes and hereditaments soe by mee to them conveyed in trust and to the intent for the payment of the said two thousand five hundred pounds and the said annuall payments of one hundred and sixtie pounds and one hundred and twentie pounds hereinbefore mentioned which said two thousand five hundred pounds and one hundred and sixtie pounds I doe hereby declare shall be in discharge and satisfaction of the provision of one thousand five hundred pounds and the Annuitie of nynetie pounds in the said Indenture of conveyance mentioned to be payable to my said daughter ELIZABETH CALVERT Item I give and bequeath unto RICHARD BURKE whom I have found to be a faithfull servant for many yeares the summe of one hundred pounds which I desire may be payd out of my personall estate the next after my debts other then those secured by mortgage and funerall expences And it is my will and desire that my debts funerall expences and legacies shall be payd out of my personall estate and the product of the profits and the Revenue due and payable and arising or accrewing to mee from and out of my Province of Mary-land or by reason of any duety tax or imposition to me payable for or by reason of any Goods or commodities shipt brought or transported from thence due and payable at any tyme within twelve moneths next after my decease And in case my debts funerall expenses and Legacies happen to surmount my personall estate and the provision I hereby design for satisfaction thereof Then my will is that the same shall be payd and satisfied out of the profits of my Yorkshire lands according to the trust in the said settlement thereof mentioned yet soe as the foresaid annuall payments of one hundred and sixtie pounds to my daughter ELIZABETH and one hundred and twentie pounds to RICHARD BURKE and GEORGE PEARSON be in the first place intirely and punctually payd And whereas there is due to mee by the appointment discretion or assignment of my deceased daughter the Lady MARY BLACKISTON a considerable summe of money out of the Lands and heraditaments late belonging to Sr. WILLIAM BLACKISTON in the Countie of Durham And whereof I am nowe seized in fee simple subject to severall trusts I doe hereby give and devise all and every the summe and summes of money which are any wayes due payable or hereafter to be payd by reason of any trust lymitation use Estate Annuity or Payment whatsoever heretofore had provided and made for and in relation to the said Dame MARY BLACKISTON out of the Lands and Tenements in the Countie of Durham late belonging to the said Sr. WILLIAM BLACKISTON and w'ch by the Appointment or Assignment of the said Dame MARY BLACKISTON are nowe become payable to mee as the same shall be raised I doe give and bequeath the same unto my said daughter ELIZABETH CALVERT to be payd to her or her assignes as soon as the same may be out of the profits of the said Lands and Tenements raised agreeable to the uses and Trusts the Estate I have therein is subject unto And to the end the said Estate and the profits thereof may be disposed of and imployed agreeable to such uses and Trusts I doe hereby give and bequeath all my Mannors Lands Tenements Collieries and heraditaments whatsoever with their and every of their rights members and appurtenances and all easments and commodities whatsoever scituate lying and being in the Countie of Durham and which were late belonging unto Sr. WILLIAM BLACKISTON of Gibside together with all deeds thereunto relating or belonging unto RICHARD LEE of Rochester in the Countie of Kent esqr and JOHN MANLEY of London gent their heires and assignees forever subject to such uses and trusts as in the deed of conveyance thereof to mee are conteyned and expressed And in regard there will be some difficultie in the management and concernes of the said Estate It is my will and desire That the said RICHARD LEE and JOHN MANLEY and their heires should from tyme to tyme followe the advise and directions of RICHARD ALLI-

BOND of Grayes-Inn Esqr in the management and disposall thereof and in all suits relating thereunto hee being acquainted with all things relating to the said estate and that they shall make unto him such certaine yearley allowance out of the profitts of the said estate for his trouble and paines therein as to them shall seem requisite and convenient in prudence and discretion the nature and qualitie of the said Affaires being duely considered Item I will and bequeath unto RICHARD ALLIBOND of Grayes-Inne the summe of fortie pounds as a recompence for business heretofore by him done for mee and desiring him to be assistant in what hee may to my executors Item I give and bequeath unto GEORGE PEARSON my servant the summe of thirteene pounds which two said summes of fortie pounds to RICHARD ALLIBOND and thirteen pounds I will to be payd out of the money due me for wood sold at Gibside as soon as the same shall be paid in my great Luadstone I give to my sonne CHARLES CALVERT Esqr which I desire may be by him left to his heire and soe to be contynued as an heireloome in the Familie Item I give and bequeath unto my said [sic] cousin PHILIP DARNELL one Annuitie or yearlie Rent of tenn pounds to be yearely payd to him during his naturall life out of my Rent and Revenue in Mary-land And also I give unto my servant RICHARD BURKE one Annuitie or yearely Rent of twentie pounds per annum to be yearely to him payd out of my Rents and Revenue in Mary-land during his naturall life which said two Annuities I doe charge my sonne CHARLES CALVERT and his Heires to take care they may be justly and punctually payd by all the Tyes and Obligations wherewith hee and they can be bound by a dying parent Item I will and bequeath unto MRS ELIONOR BARRETT the summe of one hundred pounds to be payd as soon as the same can be raised out of my personall estate or profits of my lands in Yorkshire And I will that my daughter ELIZABETH doe forthwith after my decease dispose and imploy the summe of one hundred pounds to such uses and intents as I have declared to her Item I give and bequeath black cloth for a mourning sute unto my brother HUMPHREY

WELD and his servant that waits on him Item [sic] in black cloth for mourning Apparel for my sister GRACE TALBOT The like for my daughter ELIZABETH and her waiting woman And the like to MRS ANN COTES Item I give and bequeath cloath for mourning sutes to the severall persons hereafter named (viz) To my cousin PHILIP DARNELL RICHARD ALLIBOND RICHARD BURKE and GEORGE PEARSON and unto my Page ROBERT BAITTS and my footman THOMAS NACHER. My fathers picture at length at muscell Hill I give to my sonne CHARLES CALVERT My servants wages I desire may be forthwith payd Item I give unto RICHARD LANGHORNE of the Temple esqr one of my Pendulum clocks which hee shall make choice of The rest of my goods Chatells and personall estate whatsoever I give and bequeath unto my said daughter ELIZABETH CALVERT And of this my last will and Testament (revoking all former wills) I make and ordaine my brother HUMPHREY WELD of Lulworth Castle in the Countie of Dorset esqr and my dear daughter ELIZABETH CALVERT Executors In witness whereof I have hereunto put my hand and seale this two and twentieth day of November in the yeare of our Lord one thousand six hundred seventy five—C. BALTEMORE—Sealed published and declared in the presence of SAM. NELSON—FRA. DUDDELL—EDW. PEDLEY—THO. MOORE.

Wheras I am indebted to several tradesmen to the value of four hundred pounds or thereabouts, It is my will that those debts and the Legacies I have given and made noe speciall Provision for be payd out of the Profits of my Irish and Yorkshire Estate or the one of them And if my executors shall be mynded or compelled to pay the same or any part thereof before there can be soe much raised out of the profits of my said estates or the one of them Then I will that my daughter ELIZABETH one of my executors shall have soe much out of the profits of the said estates as they shall pay in discharge of the said debts and legacies above all Provisions for her made Item I give to my said daughter ELIZABETH the

Profits and Revenue of the Port Duties and the Moitie of the Imposition on Tobacco in my Province of Mary-land for the Space of one yeare from the tyme of my decease And it is my will that the Settlements I have heretofore made of my Yorkshire and Irish Estates be good and valid to the p'formance my last will and testament and the Provisions therein And that the trustees of the said estates stand be seised and possessed of the said estates and terms therein lymitted and appointed for the due performance of my last will and Testament and other Declarations by mee made and the uses in the said Settlem'ts conteyned according to the true meaning of my said last Will Declarations and Settlements And my will is that this be taken as part of my last will and Testament and added thereun to In witnesse whereof I have hereunto put my hand and Seale this eighth and twentieth day of November An'o Domini one thousand six hundred seaventie five—C. BALTEMORE."

Proved with a Codicil 3 Feb., 1675/6. (Extracted from the Principal Registry of the Probate Divorce and Admiralty Division of the High Court of Justice. II Bence; 28 O B. Non-Official copy in the Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.).

The Will of THOMAS, Lord ARUNDELL[2] of Wardour

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[2] When Cecilius Calvert married Anne, dau. of Thomas, Baron Arundell of Wardour Castle, Tisbury parish, Wiltshire, he allied himself with one of the greatest houses in England, staunchly Catholic always. Anne's grandfather was Sir Matthew Arundell (a friend of Sir Robert Cecil, George Calvert's patron) and his wife Margaret, dau. of Sir Henry Willoughby of Wollaton, Nottinghamshire. Anne's great-grandfather was Sir Thomas Arundell, who was beheaded on Tower Hill in 1552, and whose wife was Margaret Howard, sist. of Queen Catherine Howard. The *Dict. of Nat. Biog.* describes the many historical personages in Anne Arundell's family background, from which it is safe to suppose many of Maryland's early settlers came.

Thomas, Lord Arundell (1560-1639), m., first, Mary Wriothesley (dau. of Henry, Earl of Southampton, and Mary, dau. of Anthony Browne, Viscount Montague), by whom he had: (1) Thomas, Baron Arundell of Wardour (1586-1643), who by his wife Blanche Somerset, dau. of the Earl

Castle, Wiltshire, dated 5 Nov., 1639. (Abstract from Howard, *Roman Catholic Families of England,* Vol. III, p. 196).

To be buried in the same manner as my father, Sir MATTHEW ARUNDELL was, without any vain ostentation. My friend WM. PEASELEY of London, Esq. and JOHN MORGAN of Holborn, Middlesex, gent, executors. Witnesses, GEO. BARBER, RICH: PEESLEY, WM. SMITH, D. CALLENOBA, JOHN GATMARCHE, JOHN ELLIS. (P. C. C. Harvey 199).

Proved; 3 Dec., 1639, by WM. PEASELEY, Esq., power reserved.

The Estate of ANNA, Lady ARUNDELL, late of St. Giles in the Fields, Middlesex. Adm. granted 1 Feb., 1639/40 to

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of Worcester, had Henry, Baron Arundell, Katherine Arundell, who m. Francis Cornwallis (son of Sir Charles, Knt.), and Anne Arundell, who m. Roger Vaughan of Salisbury; (2) William, who m. Hon. Mary Browne, dau. of Anthony, Viscount Montague, and wid. of Wm. Pawlett, Viscount St. John, s. of Wm., Marquess of Winchester, by whom he had Charles Arundell (who m. Mary Talbot, dau. of the 10th Earl of Shrewsbury), Mary Arundell, who m. Sir Henry Tichbourne, and Katherine Arundell; (3) Elizabeth Mary, who m., circa 1606, Sir John Philpot of Compton, by whom she had issue. Sir John m., after her death, Mary, dau. of Wm. Dunch of Avebury, Wilts, wid. of Edward Swaine.

Thomas, Lord Arundell, m., second, 1 July, 1608 (Reg. of St. Andrews Holborn, London), Anne, dau. of Miles Philipson of Crook, Westmoreland (and his w. Barbara Sandys of Conishead, Lancashire, a kinswoman of the Archbishop), by whom he had: (1) Matthew (1609-1620); (2) Thomas; (3) Frederick (all dead in their minority); (4) Catherine, who m. Ralph Eure and of whom later; (5) Mary, who m. Sir John Somerset, s. of Henry, Earl of Worcester, and his w. Ann Russel, by whom she had Thomas Somerset (-1671), Charles (1644-), (who m. successively Jane Thomas, Catherine Baskerville and Elizabeth Goodyer, by one of whom he had Maria Johanna Somerset who is said in the *Md. Hist. Mag.*, Vol. II, p. 374. to have m. Richard Smith of Md.), and Henry, who m. Ann, dau. of Walter, Lord Aston of Forfar, by whom he had Edward Maria Somerset, husband successively of Jane and Anne Calvert, daus. of Charles Calvert, third Lord Baltimore (Surtees, *Durham,* Vol. IV, p. 33). Somerset County, Maryland, was named for Mary, Lady Somerset, sister of Anne Arundell, Lady Baltimore, and it is not impossible that Talbot County was named for another sister, Frances, Lady Talbot, rather than for the Proprietary's her daughter CATHERINE EURE, widow. (Howard, *Roman Catholic Families of England,* Vol. III, p. 216).

The Funeral Certificate of ANNE, Lady ARUNDELL of Wardour.

"The right honourable ANNE, Baronesse ARUNDELL of Wardour, daughter of MILES PHILIPSON in the County of Westmoreland, Esquier, late wife to the right honourable THOMAS, Lord ARUNDELL of Wardour, Departed this mortall life at Lennex house in Drury Lane in the parrish of St. Giles in the feilds neare London the xxviij day of June 1637. She had yssue by her said Lord, three sons and 6 daughters, MATHEW ARUNDELL eldest sonne, THOMAS ARUNDELL 2nd sonne and FREDERICK ARUNDELL 3rd sonne all dead within age, KATHERIN ARUNDELL eldest daughter married to RAPHE EURE sonne and heire to WILLIAM Lord EURE, MARY 2nd daughter maried to

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sister, Lady Grace Talbot of Ireland. In the absence of any evidence, it is somewhat difficult to say authoritively which of his four groups of Talbot connections Cecilius, Lord Baltimore, wished to honor. Indeed, it may have been a gesture to them all; (6) Anne Arundell, who m. Cecilius Calvert, Lord Baltimore; (7) Frances Arundell, who m. John Talbot, 10th Earl of Shrewsbury, as his second wife (settlement 28 Feb., 1637/8. Calvert Papers, No. 44, Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.), by whom she had Thomas Talbot of Longford, Shropshire (who m. Ann, dau. of Sir John Yate of Buckland, Berks. Thomas and Ann Talbot's only son John m. Catherine Belasyse and d. s. p.), John Talbot, who d. young, Col. Bruno Talbot, Chancellor of the Exchecquer in Ireland, and Anna Maria Talbot, who d. at Pontoise in France, 13 Feb., 1692/3, a Benedictine nun. John Talbot, 10th Earl of Shrewsbury, had m. previously Mary Fortescue (dau. of Sir Francis of Salden House, Murseley parish, Bucks, and aunt of Sir John Fortescue, who m. Margaret Arundell), by whom he has had many descendants, one of whom apparently was that Ann Talbot, niece and ward of Gilbert, Earl of Shrewsbury, who m., 1725, Henry Darnall of Maryland (Richardson, *Side Lights,* Vol. II, p. 77; *Catholic Rec. Soc. Pub.,* Vol. X, p. 288; Lodge, *Peerage of Ireland,* Vol. I, p. 143; Luttrell, *Brief Relation,* Vol. II, p. 231, Vol. III, p. 232; Collins, *Peerage,* Vol. III, p. 38, Vol. VI, p. 33, Vol. VII, pp. 40 *et seq.;* Edmonson, *Baronogium Genealogicum,* Vol. II, p. 85); (8) Margaret Arundell (bapt. 4 Feb., 1619/20, in Lord Arundell's house, Castle Yard, Holborn, d. Dec., 1638), who m., after

Sir JOHN SOMERSETT, Knight second sonne to the now Earle of WORCESTER, ANNE third daughter married vnto CECILIUS now Lord BALTYMORE, FRANCIS fourth daughter, MARGARET fifte daughter, and CLARE sixt daughter all yet vnmaried. This Certificate was taken by WILLIAM RYLEY Blew Mantle and is testified to be true by the subscription of

THOMAS ARUNDELL."

(Howard, *Roman Catholic Families of England,* Vol. III, p. 160.)

The Funeral Certificate of Lady ANN, Countess of WORCESTER.

" The right ho'ble Lady ANNE Countesse of WORCESTER, daughter and sole heir of JOHN, Lord RUSSELL, sonne and heire apparent of FRANCIS Earle of BEDFORD, wife to the right ho'ble HENRY SOMERSETT, Lord HER-

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28 June, 1637, Sir John Fortescue, Bart., of Salden House, Murseley parish, Bucks, s. of Sir John Fortescue, Bart. and Frances, dau. of Sir Edward Stanley, K. B., by whom she had Frances Fortescue, who m., 18 May, 1652, Henry Benedict Hall of High Meadow, Gloucestershire, and Elizabeth Fortescue, who m. Brome Whorwood of Sandwell Hall, Staffordshire. Sir John Fortescue (1614-1683) m., second, Mary, dau. of Sir Wm. Stoner of Stoner, Oxon, and, third, Elizabeth, dau. of Sir John Wintour of Lydney, Gloucestershire (*Family of Fortescue,* p. 420, etc.); (9) Clara, twin of Margaret, who m. (settlement 7 July, 1638) Humphrey, s. of Sir John Weld and Frances Whitmore, by whom she had Mary Weld (-1688), who m. Nicholas Taaffe, Earl of Carlingford in the Irish Peerage (Archdall, *Lodge's Peerage of Ireland,* Vol. IV, p. 296; Gibbs, *Peerage*). The Weld family is important in the history of the Catholic Church in England. Humphrey Weld above bought Lulworth Castle in Dorset in 1641. It was in the chapel of the Castle that Archbishop Carroll from Maryland was consecrated more than a century later. When St. Omers, the English Jesuit College in France, was dissolved, the Weld family gave beautiful Stonyhurst in Lancashire to be used as a Jesuit College and there it flourishes to this day (*Catholic Hist. Review,* Vol. I, p. 245; Hutchins, *Dorset,* Vol. I, p. 226; Clutterbuck, *Herts,* Vol. II, p. 358; Lawson, *Roman Catholic Families of England,* Arundell volume, *passim;* Burke, *Extinct Baronetcies;* Burke, *Peerage,* current editions, for Arundell; Gibbs, *Peerage,* for Baltimore and Arundell; *Catholic Encyclopedia, passim*).

BERT, Baron of CHEPSTOWE GOWER and RAGLAND, Earle of WORCESTER, departed this mortal life at Worcester howse in the Strand on Monday the 8th day of April 1639, whose body was convayed from thence on Monday the 15th day of the said Month and brought to Ragland Castle in Wales where she lieth interred in a Vault amongst the rest of that family in the Church of Ragland. She had issue by this noble Earle 9 sonnes and 4 daughters. EDWARD SOMERSETT, Lo: HERBERT, the eldest sonne, maried ELIZABETH daughter to Sr. WILLIAM DORMER of Wing, and sister to the now Earl of CARNARVON, and by her hath issue one sonne and two daughters, HENRY, ANNE and ELIZABETH SOMERSETT. Sir JOHN SOMERSETT second sonne, maried MARY daughter of THOMAS, Lord ARUNDELL of Wardour by his second wife, and by her hath issue 2 sonnes. THOMAS and CHARLES SOMERSETT are yet vnmaried. WILLIAM, HENRY, FRANCIS, FREDERICK and JAMES are all dead and soe is ELIZABETH, the eldest of the daughters, and MARY; the Lady ANNE SOMERSETT is not as yet maried; ELIZABETH is wife to FRANCIS, Viscount MOUNTAGUE of Cowdry and hath issue by him a sonne named FRANCIS. This Certificate was taken by WM. RYLEY Blewmantle to be registred in the office of Armes, the truth whereof is testified by the Lord HERBERT.

ED: HERBERT."

(Howard, *Roman Catholic Families of England,* Vol. III, p. 161.)

The Will of CATHERINE EURE [3] of St. Giles in the Fields,

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[3] Catherine Arundell, sist. of Anne, Lady Baltimore, m. (settlement 1 Nov., 1627) Ralph, s. and heir of William, Lord Eure of Malton, Durham, and his w. Lucy, dau. of Sir Andrew Noel, by whom she had an only child, William, who succeeded his grandfather, Lord Eure, in 1646 and d. unmarried in 1652. Ralph Eure was convicted of Recusancy in 1638 and d. before 1640 (*Rec. of Middlesex Co.*, Vol. III, p. 141; Burke, *Extinct Peerage;* Lawson, *Roman Catholic Fam. of Eng.*, Arundell volume, *passim;* Gibbs, *Peerage*).

Middlesex, widow, and relict of RALPH EURE, dated 11 Aug., 1657. (Abstract from Howard, *Roman Catholic Families of England,* Vol. III, p. 215).

To FRANCIS GREGGE of Clements Inn, Co. Middlesex, gent, and JOHN CALVERT of parish of St. Andrew Holborn, Middlesex, gent., son of THOMAS CALVERT of Cockerham, Lancashire, gent., all my right title and interest in manors of Christchurch and Weskover, Hampshire in trust. To HUMPHREY WELD of Lulworth, Dorset, Esq., Residue to RALPH DARNALL of Westminster, Esq., JOHN SUMNER of Midhurst, Sussex, gent., RALPH WOOD of Bartholomew Court, Co. Middlesex, gent; to my brother Lord BALTIMORE, a ring of £10; to my sister WELD the ring mentioned in my schedule of debts; to my niece ANN CALVERT; to my niece MARY WELD; to Mr. RICHARD CLAYTON of St. Clements parish, gent.; to Mrs. DARNALL; to Mrs. MOWTERFIELD; to Mr. WILLIAM LEIGHTON; to JAMES WERSDALL of Newgate Market; to Mr. WILLIAM KNIPE of Semley, Wilts; Executors, said WM. KNIPE and JAMES WERSDALE. A schedule of my debts owing by me CATHERINE EURE, widow, 11 Aug., 1657: to Mr. JOHN SMITH of Pauls Alley, London, draper, £500; to JOHN CARYLL of Harling, Sussex, Esq., £349; to HUMPHREY WELD of Lulworth Castle, Esq., £400; to Mrs. FRANCES EURE the remainder of a debt of £350; for a rose ring and picture case in pawne, £25; to my sister CONYERS' daughters upon interest, £50; to Mr. THOMAS FLETCHER, £6; to Mr. HIGGINSON the tailor in Paternoster Row, £5; to my old servant Marie, £1, 16s, 6d; to Mrs. ELIZABETH CLENCY, £1; to Mr. JOHN ROSCOW, £8; to Mrs. WINTOUR neare Grafton £6; Mr. CHAPPENTON, £3; for HENRY STOCKDENS son's preferment due as I think to his mother, £10; Mrs. JANE FISHER; my cousin PHILIPSON; my cousin KNYPE; Mr. James AYRIE for my son [for masses?]; to Mr. GILBERT CROWCH, £5; my uncle PHILIPSON.

Proved; 12 Sept., 1657.

The Will of JOHN CALVERT,[4] gent., of St. Andrews Holborn, Middlesex, dated 13 Aug., 1688. (Abstract; copy of will in full in Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.).

I bequeath to my son-in-law, GEORGE MIDDLETON, gent. and his now wife, £10 and to their daughter HELEN my goddaughter £40 and to their other children living at the time of my death 20s. each; to ELIZABETH GARDINER, daughter of my nephew FRANCIS GARDINER, being my goddaughter, £40; to my nephew THOMAS CATON £10; to his sister GRACE CATON, £20 and his sister CLEMENCE CATON £15; to my nieces GRACE and MARY CALVERT, daughters of my late brother WILLIAM CALVERT, £5 each; to Mr. JOSEPH HIGGS and his now wife, £5 each; to their daughter BATHIAH, my goddaughter, £10 and their other children, 20s. each; to REBECCA GARDINER, widow, relict

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[4] In view of the fact that several of the American Calverts have not been identified, some trouble has been taken to place John Calvert of St. Andrews Holborn, London, gent., who is named as a trustee by Catherine Eure. The John Calvert of Cecilius Calvert's will is presumably the same man of business. The acquaintance between the Arundells and the Lancashire Calverts perhaps had its beginnings in Ann Philipson's Westmoreland and Lancashire background and there may be, moreover, some hidden tie of blood to account for it. They were neighboring county families of similar fortune and education, some Catholic and some Protestant.

Lodge's *Peerage of Ireland*, 1754 Edition, Vol. IV, p. 135, says that John Calvert succeeded his father Cecilius as Lord Baltimore but d. in 1689, s. p. This mistake has been followed by several historians. It seems quite clear, however, with the wills at hand, that the John Calvert mentioned by Cecilius, Lord Baltimore, was mistaken for a son for some reason, particularly as the date of death given by Lodge precisely coincides with that of John Calvert of Lancashire and London, whose will appears above and who was almost certainly the John mentioned in Lord Baltimore's will, *ante*.

John Calvert of St. Andrews Holborn, London, was, as Catherine Eure explained, the son of Thomas Calvert of Cockerham, Lancashire. He was bapt. 8 June, 1609 (*Reg. of Cockerham Parish*, p. 24) and m. Elizabeth, dau. of Robert Middleton of Thurnham, Cockerham Parish, Lanc., and wid. of Col. Thomas Dalton of Thurnham, who d. 2 Nov., 1644, of wounds received at the second Battle of Newbury. Col. Thomas and Elizabeth Dalton of Thurnham had: Robert (1639-1700), who m. and had issue; Thomas, Margaret, Elizabeth, Ann, Jane, Helen, Dorothy, Catherine, and of my nephew EDWARD GARDINER, £10; to my servant ANNE CHAMBERLAINE £50; to my friend Sir JOHN OTWAY, £10 and my great clock; to my sister HAMMOND, £5; to Mrs. MARY OLDFEILD, relict of SOMERSET OLDFEILD, Esqr., £5; to Major WILLIAM HUNGATE, £5; to my said nephew, FRANCIS GARDINER, £10 and to his son STEPHEN, gent, £10 and to the said FRANCIS'S sons FRANCIS and EDMUND, £5 each; to JOHN FREMAN, son of my cousin, DOROTHY FREEMAN, £5. Executors, Sir JOHN OTWAY and FRANCIS GARDINER, my nephew. Signed, JOHN CALVERT. Witnesses, RICHARD HUSBAND, JOHN MANSELL. (P. C. C. Ent 151).

Proved; 25 Nov., 1689 by FRANCIS GARDINER; power reserved to Sir JOHN OTWAY when he shall apply for the same.

The Will of Rev. THOMAS CALVERT [5] of Heysham, Lan-

Elinor, all of whom were listed as recusants in 1640, when their property was sequestered. The "son-in-law" George Middleton, mentioned in John Calvert's will, may have been the husband of one of his two surviving stepdaughters, Helen and Elizabeth Dalton. Elizabeth Middleton (Dalton) Calvert's sister Joane m., first, Col. Francis Hungate and, second, Wm. Hammond. Sir Thos. Sclater, Bart. (1615-1684), mentions his cousin John Calvert in his will (*Misc. Gen. et Herald.*, new series, Vol. I, p. 382) and Sir John Otway seems to have been related to both (Victoria *Lancashire*, Vol. VIII, p. 103; Dugdale, *V. of Lancashire, 1664/5*, pp. 94, 198; Foster, *Yorkshire Pedigrees*, Vol. I, Hungate Chart; Ormerod, *Cheshire*, Vol. III, pp. 58, 60, etc.; *Cal of Com. for Compounding*, p. 2559; *Rec. Soc. of Lanc. and Cheshire, Royalist Composition Papers*, Vol. 26, pp. 109, 105, etc, Vol. 36, p. 137; Burke, *Commoners*, Vol. I, p. 533; *Trans. Hist. Soc. Lanc. and Ches.*, Vol. 42, pp. 99-124).

[5] The Rev. Thos. Calvert (-1638), father of John Calvert of St. Andrews Holborn (1609-1689), was admitted to Trinity College, Cambridge, 1586. Trinity held the advowson of Heversham, Westmoreland, and Thomas Calvert was its vicar (1604-1638) as was he rector of nearby Heysham, Lanc. (1606-1638). The Rev. Oliver Calvert of Christ's College, Cambridge, presented unsuccessfully as the Rector's successor at Heysham in 1638 and vicar of Heacham, Norfolk, from 1639 to his death in 1661, was quite possibly the son Oliver named in the will above. Rev. Thos. Calvert had a son, Rev. Wm. Calvert, bapt. Heversham, 8 May, 1612,

cashire, dated 3 Aug., 1638. (Abstract; copy of will in full in Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.).

THOMAS CALVERT, Master of Arts, Rector of parish church of Heysham; "my great age"; to be buried in the said church of Heysham; leases in Cockerham and Pillinge or elsewhere in Lancashire; wife ELIZABETH; son JOHN; youngest son THOMAS; youngest daughters "yet unproffered," CLEMENCE and GRACE; to GEORGE CALVERT, £20; to son OLIVER CALVERT; to son WILLIAM CAL-

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admitted to Christ's College, Cambridge, in 1631 ae. 19, who was vicar of Cockerham from 1649. His daus. Grace and Mary are named in their uncle John Calvert's will, 1688.

One of the Rev. Thos. Calvert's daus. had m., before 1638, a Gardiner and was then already the mother of Thomas. The Gardiners of Lancashire were a well-known family, some of whom settled in Norfolk and were prominent there. Another dau. of Rev. Thos. Calvert m. a Caton, which is interesting in view of the fact that Richard Caton, founder of the Maryland family, is said to have come from Heysham, Lancashire (*Md. Hist. Mag.*, Vol. XVI, p. 300).

The Calverts had been in Cockerham parish, Lancashire, since 1363, at least, when the Abbot complained that one Adam Calfherd had cut down some of his trees. After the Dissolution of the Monasteries, the parish was divided among many small proprietors, the Daltons of Thurnham and the Calverts of Cockerham being the principal residents. The name is invariably *Calvert*, spelled in a variety of ways, but none of them approaching *Calverley*. John Calvert of Cockerham, Esq., however (whose relationship to the Rev. Thomas has not been traced by the writer) gave St. George, the Herald, an elaborate pedigree in 1613, claiming descent from the important family of Calverley of the north of England, whereupon he was given permission to use the Calverley arms. Indeed he went so far as to sign the pedigree "John Calverley." Careful writers seem never to have taken this claim seriously, however, and the names are indexed quite separately. Benedict Leonard Calvert (1700-1732), the antiquarian Governor of Maryland, did some research upon his family and told Hearne that he believed himself descended from the "Calverts or Calverleys of Lancashire." Considering the pronouncement of St. George that the Kipling Calverts were recently out of Flanders, this surmise of the Governor's is interesting. It would not be surprising if historians were obliged in time to discredit this tradition of a Flemish descent for the founders of Maryland, particularly as the name is an ancient one throughout the North Counties of England.

Father Charles Calvert (1620-1651) was of the Cockerham family who believed themselves to be Calverleys, but just how these converts to Catho-

VERT; to grandchild THOMAS GARDNER; "loving friend and ancient acquaintance" NICHOLAS WILLIAMSON; Referee, THOMAS CARUS; Executrix, wife ELIZABETH; Overseer, son OLIVER; Witnesses, THOMAS CARUS, RICHARD DANIELL, ROB'T ATKINSON, NICHOLAS WILLIAMSON, WILLIAM WEST." (Archdeaconry Court of Richmond, Kendal Deanery; filed at Somerset House, London. No Probate Act).

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licism were related to the foregoing clergymen of the Established Church does not appear (*English Province of S. J.*, General Statistics, Vol. I, pp. 110, 661). Father Calvert's mother was Jane Pershall, a sister of Mrs. Richard Brent of the Maryland connection.

The Dict. of Nat. Biog. describes a gifted family of North Country Calverts, one of whose members was Frederick Baltimore Calvert, the actor (1793-1874). They seem to have descended maternally from the German family of Raiseley which settled in Coniston, Lanc., and they were long in the employ of the Howards, Dukes of Norfolk (*Trans. Cumb. and Westm. Antiq. and Arch. Soc.*, new series, Vol. X, pp. 375, etc.).

Rev. John Calvert (1671-1739), said by the *Gent. Mag.*, 1739, to have been a "near relative of Lord Baltimore," was a s. of George Calvert and Johanna Meale of Colebrook parish, Bucks. Gyll (*Hundred of Wanting*) says they were of the Hertfordshire family, who appear never to have had any dealings with the Lords Baltimore, although they use arms similar to those granted Sir George Calvert in 1622. The present Lord Verney is a member of the Hertfordshire family (Victoria *Hertfordshire Families*, pp. 53, *et seq*). Some of the existing accounts make Ann Calvert Rolt a daughter of this house. She was, however, the daughter of the fourth Lord Baltimore (*Md. Hist. Mag.*, Vol. XXII, pp. 14, 15; Hearne, *Diary*, Vol. IX, p. 272; Gibbons and Davey, *Wantage*, p. 119; Clarke, *Hist. of Wanting*, p. 197).

Cecilius, Lord Baltimore, had some connection with Samson Calvert of St. Dunstans in the West, London in 1645. Samson had entered Oxford, 1623 ae. 20, and was the s. of one George Calvert and a bro. of Thomas Calvert of All Hallows in the Wall, London, whose estate was administered 1637 by his wid. Judith and his bro. Samson. This George Calvert may have been of the Cockerham family in which the name George sometimes appears (*Cal. State Papers, Comm. for the Advance of Money*, Vol. I, p. 514; *Year Books of Probates*, P. C. C., Vol. II, p. 142).

The identity of Gov. Charles Calvert of Maryland (1688-1733/4) still remains a mystery and this writer has found not the slightest suggestion as to his origin. His mother, Countess Henrietta Calvert, followed her s. to America and d. here circa 1728 (*Md. Hist. Mag.*, Vol. III, pp. 220, The Will of JANE CALVERT[6] of St. Giles in the Fields, Middlesex, widow, dated 13 Jan., 1691/2.

"In the name of God Amen I JANE CALVERT of the parish of St. Giles in the ffeilds in the County of Middlesex widdow being weake in body but of perfect mind and memory blessed be God doe make and ordaine this my Last Will and Testament as followeth first I bequeath my Soule to Allmighty God my Creator firmly hopeing to be saved through the death passion and merritts of my Saviour and Redeemer Jesus Christ and my body to the Earth to be decently Interred as my Executors herein after named shall think fitt and as concerning the Temporall Estate wherewith it hath pleased God to blesse mee I give and dispose thereof as followeth and first my mind and Will is that all those debts by me oweing and which in and by one Indenture bearing date the sixe and twentieth day of November last past made or mentioned to be made between me the said JANE CALVERT of the one part and THOMAS BAGSHAW of Clements Inn in the County of Middlesex gent and JOHN THOMPSON of Grayes Inn in the said County

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321). His aunt's death is recorded thus in the Register of St. Ann's Church, Annapolis: "8 Aug., 1722: Madame Margaret Lazenby, aunt to our present Governor, Charles Calvert, Esq." She was presumably the mother of that Charles Calvert Lazenby to whom land was granted in Maryland in 1701. There were Lazenby's who survived her in Maryland, who were probably her kinsfolk. Charlotte Calvert Brerewood calls Gov. Charles "our cousin the Captain" and he may conceivably have been a Calvert cousin from the North Country, who will be identified when the Yorkshire family background of Sir George is eventually clarified. There was a family of gentry named Lazenby in Catterick Parish, Yorkshire, close by the village of Kipling (Victoria *Yorkshire, North Riding; Md. Hist. Mag.*, Vol. I, pp. 289-90).

[6] The will of Jane Sewell, widow of Philip Calvert, is not unimportant, in that it may hold some clue to the identity of her mother-in-law Joane or Johanna, the first Lady Baltimore. Philip Calvert m., as his second w., Jane, youngest dau. of Dr. Henry Sewell and Jane Lowe, his wife. His nephew Charles, Lord Baltimore, was his wife's stepfather therefore. The burial of Mrs. Jane Calvert, 17 May, 1692, is recorded in the Registers of St. Giles in the Fields, London. Adm. was granted to her in Maryland upon the estate of her husband, 26 Feb., 1682/3. Jane Sewell Calvert does not appear to have remarried (Rec. in Land Office, Annapolis; Bump. Mss. Notes; *Md. Hist. Mag.*, Vol. IV, p. 292).

of Middlsex Gent of the other part are therein and thereby directed and Appointed to be paid and satisfyed as alsoe such other just debts as I shall owe at the time of my death to any person or persons whatsoever be truely and faithfully satisfyed and paid Item I give and bequeath unto Mr. ATKINSON the sume of five pounds Item to the said Mr. BAGSHAW and Mr. THOMPSON each of them five pounds Item to the poore the sume of five pounds Item I give to my honoured freind EDWARD BIGLAND of Grayes Inn aforesaid Esqr. Serjeant at Law the sume of twenty pounds to buy mourning Item to RICHARD PEPPER of Grayes Inne aforesaid the like summe of twenty pounds to buy Mourning and as concerning all the rest residue and remainder of my goods Chattles and personall Estate whatsoever whether in England Maryland or elsewhere after my debts funeralls and the Legacyes by me given and bequeathed are satisfyed and paid I give and bequeath the same unto JANE SUTTON spinster and in the meane time and vntill shee the said JANE shall attaine her age of fifteene yeares my will and meaning is and I doe hereby direct and Appointe that all such Rents Issues and profitts that shall be made of the remainder of my personall Estate shall be paid to my Honoured Mother the Lady BALTIMORE towards the mainetenance and Education of the said JANE SUTTON and from and after her Age of fifteene yeares if shee be minded to live a retired Life or marry in either of the said cases I will and devise all my personall Estate to her as aforesaid and I doe hereby Appointe that all such plate that I shall have at the time of my death shall be sold toward the dischargeing of my debts funeralls and Legacies as aforesaid but if it shall happen the said JANE SUTTON shall dye in my Lifetime or before her said Age of fifteen yeares then I give and bequeath the Interest and proceed Issues and proffitts which shall arise come or be made by or out of the residue and remainder of my said goods Chattles and personall Estate after my said debts funeralls and Legacyes before mentioned shall be paid and satisfyed I give and bequeath vnto my said deare Mother the Lady BALTIMORE for and dureing the terme of her naturall Life, And from and after her decease I give and bequeath all the said rest and residue of my Goods chattells and personall Estate after my said Debts funeralls and Legacyes shall be paid and satisfyed unto my foure Godchildren vizt. CHARLES SAVILE CHARLES PYE CHARLES DIGGS and JANE CHANDLER to be equally devided between and amongst them Item I give and bequeath unto my Cozen Mrs. MARY BYARD the summe of five pounds Item I doe hereby nominate constitute and Appointe the said EDWARD BIGLAND and RICHARD PEPPER sole Executors of this my Last Will and Testament and doe earnestly intreat them to see the same faithfully performed and that they will be carefull as much as in them lyes in calling to an account all and every person and persons whatsoever which have received the Rents and proffitts or any way have had the management of any my Lands Tenements Heraditaments goods or other concernes in Maryland aforesaid or elsewhere and I doe Revoake and make void all former and other Wills by me made and doe hereby publish and declare this to be my Last Will and Testament in Witness whereof I have hereunto sett my hand and Seale this thirteenth day of January Anno do'i One Thousand six Hundred Ninety One JANE CALVERT Signed Sealed published and declared by me the said JANE CALVERT to be my Last Will and Testament in the presence of BRIDGET KIRKHAM ANN THOMPSON ANDREW OGLETHORPE." (P. C. C. Coker 77).

Proved; 11 May, 1693, by EDWARD BIGLAND, sergeant at law and RICHARD PEPPER, the executors named.

The Estate of ELIZABETH CALVERT[7] of St. Giles in the Fields, Middlesex.

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[7] It is strange that so little is known of Cecilius Calvert's dau. Elizabeth, who was buried 16 Jan., 1711/2, by the Registers of St. Giles in the Fields, London. She d. intestate and unm., in what must have been her old age. According to the Pedigree Chart given to Hearne in 1718 by his friend the Governor, she was one of the surviving daus. of Ann Arundell,

Commission issued 25 [Jan., 1711/2] to the most noble and honourable CHARLES, Lord BALTIMORE, brother of ELIZABETH CALVERT, late of the parish of St. Giles in the Fields, co. Middlesex, spinster, deceased, to have, etc., to administer the goods, right and credits of the said deceased. Sworn, etc. Further grant in May, 1716. (P. C. C. Admon. Acct. Book, f. 5).

The Will of GEORGE CALVERT, brother of CECILIUS CALVERT, Lord BALTIMORE, has been published in the *Magazine,* Vol. I, p. 363.

The Nuncupative Will of LEONARD CALVERT, brother of CECILIUS CALVERT, Lord BALTIMORE, is described in *Md. Archives,* Vol. IV, pp. 313-4.

The Will of CHARLES CALVERT third Lord BALTIMORE,[8] dated 29 July, 1714.

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and so the omission of her name in the later list of children was accidental. The Chart is far from perfect and must not be taken literally. It appears, however, to have been the earliest attempt at a genealogy of the Maryland Calverts, and as such is extremely important.

[8] The will of Charles, third Lord Baltimore, has been published in Richardson, *Side Lights on Maryland History,* Vol. II, p. 47, and in abstract in *Md. Wills,* Vol. IV, p. 20, but is here reprinted to facilitate comparison. Charles Calvert was b. 27 Aug., 1637, and d. 20 Feb., 1714/5. He m., first, a dau. (whose name is unknown to the writer) of Ralph Darnall and Elizabeth Breame. She was said in the Calvert-Hearne Chart to have d. in Md. in childbed. Ralph Darnall, sixth s. of Henry Darnall and Mary Tooke of Bird's Place, Essendon parish, Herts, entered Christ's College, Cambridge, in 1624. He was admitted to Gray's Inn, London, in 1632 and was a contemporary there of Cecilius and George Calvert and several others of the Md. group. He was an attorney in the Court of Wards and Clerk Assistant to the House of Commons. He m. Elizabeth, dau. of Richard Breame of Wandsworth, Surrey, and his w. Elizabeth Giles, dau. of the famous Nathaniel, Doctor of Music. Ralph and Elizabeth Darnall had: (1) John, afterward Sir John Darnall, Sergeant at Law, Baron of the Exchecquer, of Gray's Inn, who was bur. at St. Clement Danes, 14 Dec., 1706, leaving a s. John, afterward Sir John Darnall; (2) Thomas, bapt.

"In the Name of God Amen the nine and twentieth day of July in the thirteenth year of the reign of our Soveraigne Lady Anne by the Grace of God Great Britain France and Ireland Queen Defender of the Faith etc. and in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fourteen I CHARLES Lord BALTEMORE of the Kingdome or Ireland being in perfect good health and of sound disposing memory praised be God for the same yet considering the incertainties of this life and being minded to settle my worldly affaires and to make some provision for the Lady MARGARET BALTEMORE my affectionate wife who is daughter of THOMAS CHARLETON of Hexham in the County of Northumberland gentleman to support her in the quality of my wife doe make this my last will and testament in manner following first I commend my soul to the mercy of God my body to the earth to be decently but privately buryed as my executrix hereinafter named shall think fitt Item Whereas by Bill of sale bearing date the ninth day of December last past before the

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St. Margaret's, Westminster, 14 Aug., 1649; (3) Richard, bapt. St. Margaret's, Westminster, 15 Nov., 1652; (4) Susanna, bapt. St. Margaret's, Westminster, 28 Feb., 1653/4; (5) Mary, who m. John Brame of Ash in Suffolk (*V. of Suffolk*, Harleian, p. 39); (6) ———, who m. Charles Calvert circa 1660, and d. before 1667, apparently without surviving issue; (7) perhaps others. Foster, *London Marriage Licenses*, p. 378, records a license, 18 Oct., 1680, for Ralph Darnall of Gray's Inn, Esq., Widower, about 60, and Constance Stronghill of St. Giles, Middlesex, Spinster, about 35.

Charles Calvert m., second, Jane, dau. of Vincent Lowe and Ann Cavendish of Denby Park, Derbyshire, wid. of Dr. Henry Sewell of Md. Jane Lowe had at least five children by Dr. Sewell, who have been amply discussed in the *Magazine*, Vol. IV, p. 292, and Vol. IX, p. 124. Dr. Sewell was the nephew of Sir Wm. Dugdale, the historian. The children of Charles Calvert and Jane Lowe (Sewell) were: (1) Cecil, buried 1 July, 1681, at St. Giles in the Fields, London; (2) Benedict Leonard, fourth Lord Baltimore, of whom later; (3) Jane (or Clare?), who m., 1693, her cousin, Edward Maria Somerset, grandson of Sir John Somerset and Mary Arundell. The bride d. before the last rites of the wedding day had ended and her widower m. her sister Ann, 26 May, 1694 (Register of St. Giles in the Fields). Edward Maria Somerset d. s. p. and his widow m., second, John Paston, of whom later. One of these Calvert ladies trifled with the hopes of Edward Clinton, Lord Lincoln (*Hist. Mss. Comm.*, 1903, *House of* date hereof for the considerations therein mentioned I have given and granted to THOMAS VERNON WILLIAM CHARLETON and NATHANIEL PIGGOTT all my plate and jewells and all other my personall estate whatsoever upon trust that my said trustees should permit me to have the use of the said premises for my life and after my decease In trust for my said now wife the Lady BALTEMORE Now I hereby ratify the said Bill of sale and direct my said trustees after my death to deliver to my said now wife the plate jewells and premises which it is my will she should have to her her executors administrators to her own use and I direct my said trustees to deliver the same to her It being my intention she should have the absolute property of the same Item my will is that all my debts be justly and duly paid Item I give devise and bequeath to my said now wife the Lady BALTEMORE her executors administrators and assigns all my ready money and

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Lords Mss., p. 260). The Register of St. Giles in the Fields also records the burial of "Thomas, a black child from Lord Baltimore's," 12 March, 1684/5. Jane, Lady Baltimore, was buried 26 Jan., 1700/1 (Register of St. Giles in the Fields). There is a remarkable account of an electrical display which emanated from the clothing of Jane, Lady Baltimore, shortly before her son Cecil's death, in *Phil. Trans. of Royal Soc. of London*, 1744/5, Vol. 43, p. 441 (Bump Notes; Gibbs, *Peerage*, for Baltimore).

Charles, Lord Baltimore, m., third, 6 Dec., 1701, Mary Bankes (wid. of ——— Thorpe of Thorpe near Welwick, Yorks), who was buried 17 March, 1710/1 (Reg. of St. Giles) and 9 Apr., 1711 (Reg. of St. Andrews Holborn). The writer can find no further account of this lady than that given by Mr. Cokayne in Gibbs' *Peerage*.

Lord Baltimore m., fourth, Margaret, dau. of Thomas Charlton of Hexham, Northumberland. On 10 Sept., 1713, her husband made her a gift of 10,000 acres, lying north of Baltimore, Md., known to this day as "My Lady's Manor," which she bequeathed to the impoverished Brerewoods. Margaret, Lady Baltimore, outlived her husband and m., 9 Nov., 1718, at Symonds Chapel, Lawrence Elliot of Busbridge, Godalming parish, Surrey (1674-1726), a descendant of that Lawrence Elliot who sailed around the world with Drake. Lawrence Elliot had m., previously, Charity Edmunds of Yapton, Sussex, who d. s. p. He d. 3 Sept., 1726, s. p. His widow, the Dowager Lady Baltimore, d. 20 July and was bur. 26 July, 1731, at St. Pancras, Middlesex, where Charles, Lord Baltimore, had also been laid. This was a favorite burial place for the foreign Catholic gentry of London (Victoria *Surrey; Reg. of Godalming Parish*).

also all arrears of rent Tobacco rent and all other rents debts and duties of any kind that shall any wise be due to me at my death either in England or Maryland and all other my personall estate whatsoever and wheresoever to her the said Lady BALTEMORE her executors and administrators to her and their own use and uses and of this my will I make the said Lady BALTEMORE my now wife my sole executrix hereby revoking all former and other wills by me made in witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seale the day and yeare first above written—C. BALTEMORE. signed sealed published and declared by the said CHARLES Lord BALTEMORE as his last will and testament in the presence of us who in his presence and in the presence of each other have subscribed our names witnesses hereunto—NATH. PIGOT—CHARLES BUSBY—CHA. UMFREVILL—WY'N DAVIES."

Proved: 20 May 1715, (Extract from the Principal Registry of the Probate Divorce and Admiralty Division of the High Court of Justice. 82 Fagg. Non-official copy in Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.).

The Will of MARGARET, LADY BALTIMORE,[9] dated 15 July, 1731.

" In the Name of God Amen I MARGARET, Lady BALTEMORE, Baroness of BALTIMORE; being of sound and disposing Mind Memory and Understanding do make and ordain this my last Will and Testament in Manner and fform following that is to say Item I give to CECIL CALVERT Esqr. youngest Son of BENEDICT CALVERT all my ffamily Pictures Item I give to my Granddaughter CHARLOTTE CALVERT her Heirs and Assignees forever all that my Tract of Land called the Lord Baltemores Guift containing and laid out for ten thousand Acres be the same more or less scituate lying and being in the Province of Maryland in Baltemore County given and granted to me my Heirs and Assigns for ever by CHARLES late Lord BALTIMORE my late Husband deceased by patent under the Sale [sic] of the said Province dated the tenth day of september one thousand seven hundred and thirteen and all my Right Benefit and Interest in the same to hold the same unto her the said CHARLOTTE CALVERT her Heirs and Assigns for ever Item I give to Mrs. CLARE SELBY the sum of ten Guineas to buy her a Ring Item I give to THOMAS SPURRIER the Sum of ffour hundred pounds Sterling to be paid to him by my Executrix herein after named within one year next after my decease Item I give to my two Maid Servants now living with me the Sum of ffive pounds apeice to buy them mourning Item I give to Mr. CHARLES BANASTER the Sum of ffifty pounds Item after all my just Debts ffunerall Charges and Legacyes herein before given and devised are paid and satisfied I give all the Rest and residue of my Estate of what nature or kind soever unto Mrs. FRANCES ERRINGTON whom I nominate and appoint sole Executrix of this my last Will and Testament and do hereby revoke all former Wills by me made and do declare this to be my last Will and Testament and have hereunto set my hand and Seal this 15th day of July in the year of our Lord 1731 M: BALTEMORE. Signed Sealed published and declared by the said MARGARET Lady BALTEMORE to be her last Will and Testament in the presence of us who have hereunto set our hands as Witnesses in the presence of the said MARGARET Lady BALTEMORE MARY

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[9] Long study has thrown no light upon the family background of Margaret Charlton, Lady Baltimore. Research upon the Catholic families of England and America is fraught with difficulties. The severe legislation of other days made it almost a crime for a Catholic to live his normal life, with the result that he seldom appeared in the public records of his time. The Ancient Church in America is extremely conservative with regard to its parish registers and for these two reasons the family history of the Calverts probably never can be written with a great degree of precision. It is sincerely to be hoped that some way may be found to do justice to the biographies and family histories of American Catholics, for while American Catholic history is being gradually written with beautiful accuracy by scholars within the Church, it is disheartening indeed to other students to attempt any work in this important field.

WAVELL JOHN BECQUET ELIZABETH SHUTLEWORTH." (P. C. C. Isham 172).

Proved; at London in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury, 21 July, 1731, by FRANCES ERRINGTON, spinster, executrix named in the said will. (Abstract).

The Will of Sir JOHN DARNALL,[10] Knt. dated 23 Nov., 1706. (Abstract by Miss Lucy Drucker, 118 a, Alexandra Road, London, N. W. 8).

It is no small satisfaction to me now I come to die that there is such entire confidence between my wife and our only son, my wife's weakness and inability for any business rendering her incapable of providing for herself, I therefore give all my lands and tenements to my son, JOHN DARNALL Esqr. and his heirs and all my goods, he providing for his mother. Signed; JOHN DARNALL. Witnesses; TANCRED ROBINSON, RICHARD MEAD, WILLIAM COWPER, THO: DUTTON. (P. C. C. Poley 6).

7 Jan., 1706/7, commission issued to JOHN DARNALL, Esqr. son of deceased, to administer the goods, etc., of Sir JOHN DARNALL, Knt., Sergeant at Law, deceased, no executor being named in the will.

The Will of RICHARD BREAME of Wandsworth, Surrey, dated 21 Sept., 1609. (Abstract; copy of will in full in Md. Hist. Soc. Mss Coll.).

Wife JOAN; manor of Shaw and all other lands in parishes of Old and New Windsor, Bucks and Berks; son JOHN; eldest son RICHARD; son WILLIAM; son THOMAS; dau.

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[10] Sir John Darnall was the bro. of the first w. of Charles Calvert, third Lord Baltimore, by whom he had no surviving issue. The Maryland Darnalls were, of course, his close kinsmen, but just how they were related is not apparent to this writer. The two Richard Breames whose wills in abstract follow were his grandfather and great-grandfather (Woolrych, *Serjeants at Law*, Vol. II, pp. 453, 496).

CATHERINE, wife of GEORGE DUKE of Hunnington, Suffolk; my wife's son EDMUND FYNIMORE; brother JOHN BREAME; three sisters, MARY, AGNES and ANN; EDWARD BARKELEY whose father was "Seargent to Queen Elizabeth in her Seller." Sole Executrix, wife JOANE. Overseers, Mr. JOHN BOWYER, Esq., and son RICHARD BREAME. Witnesses, RICHARD BREAME, Jr., ED. FYNIMORE. (P. C. C. Wingfield, 10).

Proved; 25 Jan., 1609/10 by Executrix named in will.

The Will of RICHARD BREAME of Wandsworth, Surrey, dated 6 Nov., 1616. (Abstract; copy of will in full in Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.).

Mother JOANE BREAME; brother JOHN BREAME; GEORGE DUKE, gent., my brother in law, and KATHERINE his wife; two sons RICHARD and JOHN; wife ELIZABETH; NATHANIEL GILES her father and NATHANIEL GYLES her eldest brother; Sole Executrix, wife ELIZABETH; Supervisors, Sir JAMES STONEHOUSE of Wandsworth, Knt. and NATHANIEL GYLES my father in law. Witnesses, JOHN GODBOLD, FRANCIS BACON. (P. C. C. Parker 28).

Proved; 22 March, 1618/9 by ELIZABETH BREAME, relict and executrix.

The Will of JOHN PASTON,[11] late of Horton, Gloucestershire, now of Bath, Esq., dated 28 Feb., 1736/7. (Abstract from *Somerset Wills,* Fourth Series, pp. 134-5).

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[11] John Paston m., first, Frances (buried 13 Apr., 1712), dau. of Sir Henry Titchbourne, Bart., by Mary, dau. of Wm. Arundell and Mary Browne and thus a kinswoman of his second wife Ann (buried 18 Feb., 1731/2), dau. of Charles Calvert, third Lord Baltimore, and widow of Edward Maria Somerset of Pauntley, Gloucestershire. John Paston m., third, Catherine, dau. of Nathaniel Bostock of Wickshafe, Salop, who d. 1748. John Paston had surviving children, none of them apparently by Ann Calvert. His uncle Edward Paston was the famous president of Douay (*Somerset Wills*, Vol. IV, pp. 134-5; *Paston Family*, p. 45; *Dict. of Nat. Biog.* and *Catholic Encyclopedia* for Edward Paston; *State Papers Series, Cal. for Compounding*, pp. 2817 *et seq*).

My soul into the hands of God, firmly hoping by the merits and passion of my dear Saviour Christ and the intercession of his blessed mother, the Virgin Mary, to be made partaker of His heavenly Kingdom; to be buried at Horton near my wife ANN PASTON; to my eldest son WILLIAM PASTON and his heirs my messuage of Horton Farm in the tenure of DANIEL BIGGS, left me by my uncle EDWARD PASTON; my son WILLIAM'S marriage in 1726; my second son CLEMENT PASTON; my third son JAMES PASTON; to Mrs. MARY MOLINEUX of Ingsborough, Lincolnshire; to my daughter in law, MARY, wife of my son WILLIAM PASTON; my granddaughter, Mrs. ANN PASTON; my wife CATHERINE PASTON; my dau. FRANCES BISHOP, wife of RICHARD BISHOP; to her dau. MABLE, and to her three sons and to her youngest daughter; my granddaughter FRANCES BISHOP; my dau. MARY PASTON; my nephew ROBERT NEEDHAM of Kelston, Monmouthshire and his brothers CHARLES and JOHN; my brother RICHARD BOSTOCK; my brother in law HENRY BOSTOCK and his wife; residue to two younger sons CLEMENT and JAMES PASTON; son WILLIAM and bro. in law RICHARD BOSTOCK, joint executors. (P. C. C. Wake 255).

Proved; 10 Nov., 1737, by executors.

The Will of BENEDICT LEONARD CALVERT, Fourth Lord BALTIMORE,[12] dated 15 Aug., 1713.

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[12] The will of Benedict Leonard Calvert, fourth Lord Baltimore, leads us to a contemplation of one of the most interesting marriages in American history, if such it may be called. Benedict Leonard was the s. of Charles, third Lord Baltimore, and his second w. Jane Lowe. He was b. 21 March, 1679/80, d. 16 Apr., 1715, and was bur. at Epsom in Surrey. He m. 2 Jan., 1698/9, Charlotte, dau. of Edward Henry Lee, Earl of Litchfield (1663-1716) and his w., Lady Charlotte Fitzroy (1664-1718), that "blameless beauty," who was King Charles II's favorite of his fifteen children (*Md.*

"In the Name of God Amen this fifteenth day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seaven hundred and and thirteen I BENEDICT LEONARD CALVERT Esqr make this my last Will and Testament in manner and form following First and principally I recommend my soul to the infinite mercy of God my body to the earth to be decently interred at the discretion of my Executors hereinafter named item I ordaine constitute and appoint my honored father the Right Honble CHARLES Lord BALTIMORE of the Kingdom of Ireland Tutor and Guardian to all my children untill they attain their respective ages of one and twenty years if he the said CHARLES Lord BALTIMORE shall soe long live But if he happens to die during the minority of all or any

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Hist. Mag., Vol. I, p. 275). Lady Charlotte Fitzroy's mother was Barbara Villiers, the lady of excellent antecedents (1641-1709), who played so large a rôle in the life of the "Merry Monarch." Col. Edward Henry Lee was the s. of Sir Francis Henry Lee of London and Ditchley, Oxfordshire, and his w., Elizabeth Pope, dau. of Thomas, Earl of Downe in Ireland, who remarried Robert Bertie, Earl of Lindsay. About the time of his marriage, Col. Lee of the Foot Guards was created Earl of Litchfield by his wife's fond father the King (5 June, 1674). The pair retired to Ditchley Park, Spilsbury parish, Oxon, where they lived the life of an exemplary county family of somewhat intellectual tastes. Edmonson (*Baronogium Genealogicum*) says they had eighteen children. Benedict Leonard Calvert himself had scholarly tastes; Hearne, who called him a "strange, proud man," says he had a liking for Horace, it will be remembered. Elizabeth Lee, Lady Baltimore's sister, m., as her second husband (27 May, 1731), Rev. Edward Young (-1765), author of *Night Thoughts*. Mrs. Delany, whose aunt was lady in waiting at court, touched this circle and in the famous *Life and Correspondence* often speaks of them.

Charlotte, Lady Baltimore, became a Catholic, presumably upon her marriage to the Catholic Peer's son, but, unlike her husband, she never recanted. Hearne in Vol. IX of the *Diary* relates some dark tales he had heard of the lady, for which the present writer has found as yet no corroboration. She appears in general to have been a robust and attractive character. She had by her Lord: (1) Charles, who succeeded his father, b. 29 Sept., 1699, d. 24 Apr., 1751, buried at Erith in Kent, m. 20 July, 1730, Mary Janssen, by whom issue; (2) Benedict Leonard, the antiquarian Governor of Maryland, b. 20 Sept., 1700, d. unmarried, 1 June, 1732, at sea; (3) Edward Henry, b. 31 Aug., 1701, d. April or May, 1730, presumably at Annapolis. He m. circa 1725, Margaret ———, by whom he had Frances Maria, bapt. 29 Feb., 1727/8 (Reg. of St. Margaret's, Westminster), and of my Children then I give and devise the Tuition and Guardianship of such of my children as at the time of the death of the said CHARLES Lord BALTIMORE shall be under the age of one and twenty yeares to the Right Honble the Earl OF PLYMOUTH the Honble JOHN PASTON of Horton in the County of Gloucester Esqr WILLIAM CONSTABLE Esqr and ROBERT WEBBER of the parish of St. Andrews Holborne in the county of Midd'x Esqr and I hereby constitute them and the Survivors and Survivor of them Guardians to my children after my said Father's death and to have the management and education of my Children and their Estate till their respective ages of one and twentty yeares And I humbly entreat my honoured Father the said

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perhaps others, all probably dead in infancy. His wid. m., second, 15 Oct., 1741, James Fitzgerald of the Middle Temple (*Gent. Mag.*, 1741); (4) Cecilius, b. Nov., 1702, with his twin Charlotte, buried at St. Margaret's, Westminster, 9 Nov., 1765, later removed to Epsom. A marriage was hinted at but probably never occurred. This is the man of affairs so frequently met with in the Sharpe Correspondance, *Md. Archives;* (5) Charlotte, b. 6 (?) Nov., 1702, d. Dec., 1744, m., before the 1 Sept., 1718 Pedigree, Thomas Brerewood the poet, and of whom later; (6) Jane, b. Nov., 1703, d. 15 July, 1778, m. 9 June, 1720, Capt. John Hyde of the Guards and of whom later; (7) Barbara, b. 3 Oct., 1704, who probably d. before 1714. Benedict Leonard, fourth Lord Baltimore, became a communicant of the Established Church early in 1714. He writes the House of Lords to ask what arrangement shall be made for the education of his six children. As he had separated from Lady Baltimore in 1705, the list above accounts for his entire family by his wife (Bump Notes).

Charlotte, Lady Baltimore, m., second, 6 Dec., 1719, Christopher Crowe, Esq., of Woodford, Essex, one time Consul at Leghorn, Italy, s. of Patrick Crowe of Roseden, Northumberland, and Ann Mitford (who was descended from the Whartons of Yorkshire and Durham). Christopher and Charlotte Crowe had: (1) Christopher of Kipling, Yorks, who m. Barbara, dau. of Thomas Duncomb, and was mentioned in the 1769 will of the Earl of Litchfield; (2) George, bapt. St. Martins in the Fields, 20 Dec., 1719, d. Oct., 1782, m. (*Register of St. Georges, Hanover Square*) 23 March, 1754, Ann Swift, by whom issue (of Long Ditton, Surrey); (3) Catherine, eldest dau., m. Roger Henry Gale of Scruton, Yorks, whose descendant, Rev. A. T. Coore, is, or was recently, Lord of Scruton Manor. Roger Henry Gale was the s. of Roger Gale, the antiquary, and grandson of Dean Thomas Gale, both described in the *Dict. of Nat. Biog.;* (4) Charlotte, b. 13 May, 1717

Lord BALTIMORE to see my Debts paid and to make up what my Personal Estate is deficient therein And I hereby revoke all former Wills and make the said ROBERT WEBBER my sole Executor In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and Seal the day and year first above written—L. CALVERT—Signed sealed published and declared by the above named BENEDICT LEONARD CALVERT as his last Will and Testament in our presence who in his presence have hereunto subscribed our names as Witnesses hereunto—Witness —PETER SALTMARSHE—DAN LICKMAN—JAMES BUDWORTH."

Proved 2 May, 1716. (Extracted from the Principal Registry of the Probate Divorce and Admiralty Division of the High Court of Justice. 91 Fox. Non-official copy in Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.).

The Estate of CHARLOTTE CROWE, Lady BALTIMORE, late of Woodford Hall, Co. Essex.

Commission issued to CHRISTOPHER CROWE, husband of CHARLOTTE CROWE, Lady BALTIMORE, 4 March,

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(bapt. 23 May, Reg. of St. Margaret's, Westminster), d. 1 Aug., 1742, ae. 24, buried Woodford, Essex.

Charlotte Crowe, Lady Baltimore, d. 22 Jan., 1720/1, and was bur. in the Parish Church of Woodford, Essex. Her epitaph in Latin by her son Benedict Leonard Calvert was shortened for want of space, and Morant observes that it is a "curious monument." After her death, Christopher Crowe bought Kipling Hall, Catterick parish, Yorks, North Riding, from the Calverts, who had held it since Sir George's purchase in 1619 from the Whartons. The Victoria *Yorkshire, North Riding*, Vol. I, p. 307, has a woodcut of the Hall, with this note: "Kipling Hall, the seat of Mrs. Turnor, is a fine Jacobean building of brick with stone quoins and mullioned windows standing in a park. It is said to have been built by George Calvert, Lord Baltimore, about 1625 from designs by Inigo Jones." Mrs. Túrnor held the manor by inheritance in 1914. Christopher Crowe d. 7 Nov., 1749, ae. 68, at Kipling and was buried in the Parish Church at Woodford, Essex, beside his wife (Hearne, *Diary, passim* is the chief source of information upon this family; *Md. Hist. Mag.*, Vol. I, pp. 275-7, Vol. III, pp. 191-283, Vol. IX, p. 140, Vol. XVI, p. 386; *Hist. Mss. Comm.*, 1899, *House of Lords Mss.*, p. 378; *Genealogist*, Vol. VIII, Vol. IX, Vol. X, pp.

1720/1, deceased intestate, etc. (P. C. C. Admon. Acct. Book 55. Abstract from *The Genealogist,* new series, Vol. X, p. 235).

The Will of CHRISTOPHER CROWE, Esqr., of Woodford, Essex, dated 4 Sept., 1740. (Abstract from *Surtees Soc.,* Vol. 118, p. 175 and *The Genealogist,* Vol. X, p. 235).

In indifferent health; to eldest dau. CATHERINE GALE and ROGER HENRY GALE her husband, £20 only; to dau. CHARLOTTE CROWE, £4000; to son GEORGE CROWE, a minor, £3000; to ELIZABETH, wid. of Mr. GEORGE WILLSON, of Workington, Cumb. now living in Chapel Street, Westminster, £50 out of Manor of Ellerton, Yorks; to WILLEY REVELEY of Newby Wiske, 30 guineas for a ring; servants GEROLAMO FRANCISCONI £50 and MARY WILLIAMS 10 guineas; three houses in Whitechapel to be sold; Residuary legatee, eldest son, CHRISTOPHER CROWE; eldest sons failing issue, remainder to heirs of CATHERINE GALE; to be buried in chancel of Woodford Park; trustees of Manor of Ellerton on Swale, CECILIUS CALVERT, Esqr. and WILLEY REVELEY of Newby Wiske, Yorks. Witnesses, GABRIEL NEVE, GABREIL NEVE, Jr. and PHILIP WORLIDGE. Executors, son CHRISTOPHER CROWE and WILLEY REVELEY. Codicil dated 25 May, 1747; son GEORGE CROWE having come of age, has had £2000, so is to have but £1000 more; witnesses, THO: PARKE and PHILIP WORLIDGE. (P. C. C. Greenly 5).

Proved; 15 March, 1749 by CHRISTOPHER CROWE, power reserved to WILLEY REVELEY.

235-307, Vol. XIV, p. 167; *Life and Correspondance of Mrs. Delany,* Vol. I, pp. 253, 281; Burke, *Landed Gentry* for Coore; Burke, *Commoners,* Vol. II, pp. 282, 624; *Surtees Soc.,* Vol. 73, p. 338, Vol. 118, p. 175; Morant *Essex,* Vol. I, Becontree Section, p. 38; Bump Notes).

The Will of JANE HYDE,[13] widow, of St. Margarets, Westminster, dated 22 Dec., 1777.

"In the Name of God Amen I JANE HYDE widow of St. Margarets parish Westminster the County of Middlesex make this my last will and Testament in manner and form following I Com'it my soul to God who gave it me and my Body to the Grave in hopes of a Resurrecetion of Eternal Life I desire my Body may be desently Buried with as litle Expence as possible in one of the Cloysters in Westminster Abbey if I die in London my Coffin lined with Lead I appoint my daughter CATHERINE WILLIS wife of the Rev'd THOMAS WILLIS of Blechley my Executrix I Give to my said daughter all belonging to me at my death for her life after paying my

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[13] Jane, dau. of Benedict Leonard Calvert, fourth Lord Baltimore, was b. 13 Nov., 1703, and d. 12 or 15 July, 1778 (buried in Westminster Abbey, East Cloister). She m., 9 June, 1720, at St. Paul's Cathedral, Col. John Hyde, bapt. 8 Sept., 1695, at St. Paul's, Covent Garden, s. of Frederick Hyde (1675-1713) and his w. Ellen Hemming of London and Kingston Lisle, Sparsholt parish, Berkshire. Col. John Hyde d. before 17 Feb., 1746, and was then of Poplar, Middlesex, which was the location of the East India Docks. One John Hyde of London, merchant, had bought Maryland lands fifteen years earlier than this marriage and we must conclude that John and Samuel Hyde of London, merchants, who had such extensive dealings in Maryland, were older relatives of Col. John.

Alexander Pendarvis was an old friend of Capt. John Hyde and when Alexander and his young wife Mary (Grenville) moved to London from the country, Jane Hyde and Mary Pendarvis became fast friends. Mary Pendarvis met at his sister's house the captivating fifth Lord Baltimore, and Mary, afterward Mrs. Delany, does not conceal her infatuation in her diary. She was godmother to one of the Hyde children and spoke for one of the sons (presumably Capt. Fred., R. N.) at the Admiralty. "E. Barrington" in *The Chaste Diana* makes Charles Baltimore rather more of a villain than he deserves and but slightly disguises the admirable Mary Delany. After Charles Baltimore married, Mary Pendarvis, then a widow, went to Ireland to forget her grief and there, years later, married Dean Patrick Delany, who claimed relationship with the Dulanys of Maryland (*One Hundred Years Ago; Life and Times of Walter Dulany Addison*, p. 21).

The children of John and Jane Hyde were: (1) John, merchant, of Charterhouse Square, London, who d. there 15 Feb., 1771; (2) Herbert, Hubert or Hobart of Bedford Row, Middlesex, who d. 25 Jan., 1771; (3) Samuel of Rood Lane, London, who bought Maryland lands from the other debts and the Legacies hereafter mentioned I give to my Granddaughter ANN JOYCE four hundred pounds Bank Stock to be paid her at the age of twenty one or day of Marriage the Interest in the Meantime to Maintain her living with her Aunt WILLIS or Miss CHARLOTTE BANKS in case of the death of ANN JOYCE before ye Money is paid yn to go to her sister [sic] JANE JOYCE and KITTY JOYCE I leave to Miss CHARLOTT BANKS fifty pounds at ye decease of my daughter WILLIS I desire that all belonging to me may be equally divided share and share alike if she has no children living at her death then to be at her own disposal giving ANN JOYCE and JANE JOYCE two hundred pounds apece more Twenty shilling Rings to my Sister GALES ffamly Mrs. RUSSILL Mrs. WILLIS and Mrs.

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devisees of his father and d. before 9 June, 1748; (4) Capt. Frederick, R. N., living 1763, when he was a legatee of his uncle, Cecilius Calvert, but who d. before 2 July, 1764. The will of Cecilius Calvert, dated 15 Aug., 1763, and pr. 11 Nov., 1765, provides that Miss Charlotte Banks shall be lodged and boarded at his expense with Rev. Stephen Wheatland, Stanton St. John's, Oxfordshire, and given an annuity. The will also mentions Capt. Fred Hyde, R. N., Mary Hyde, Mrs. Joyce and Catherine Hyde; (5) Philip, one of the four younger children; (6) Catherine, one of the four younger children, who m. Rev. Thos. Willis (1743-1789), s. of Henry Willis of Bletchley and Whaddon, Bucks, and grandson of Browne Willis, the antiquary. The numerous descendants of Thomas and Catherine Willis may be traced through Burke, *Commoners,* Vol. II, p. 372, and Burke, *Landed Gentry,* 1871 edition; (7) Mary, one of the four younger children; (8) Jane, one of the four younger children, who m. Walter Joyce and had issue; (9) a daughter, who m. David Graham of Maryland, by whom she had Catherine, probably the same as the dau. b. before 9 July, 1752, in America. David Graham d. on the voyage to England, 1754, and the young widow returned to Maryland under the protection of her brother-in-law, Charles Graham of Calvert County. She m., second, in 1755, Benjamin Young, Jr., by whom she had no surviving issue, and d. before 4 Feb., 1757. Benjamin Young, Jr., remarried, 9 Aug., 1757, Mary Dulany, dau. of Hon. Daniel Dulany, by whom he had issue. Catherine Graham d. before 12 Oct., 1760, at the home of her uncle, Charles Graham of Calvert County. Mary Grenville Delany had Graham relatives, which fact may be a clue to the identity of the Maryland family (*Md. Hist. Mag.,* Vol. IV, p. 195, Vol. XVIII, p. 152; *Md. Archives,* Vol. VI, pp. 75, 207, 354, 524, Vol. IX, pp. 40, 452, Vol. XIV, p. 518, Vol. XXXI, p. 473; *Md. Hist. Soc., Fund Pub.,* ANDREWS one hundred pounds to Mrs. WILLIS for Mourning written in my own hand & signed Dec'br 22d 1777. JANE HYDE." (P. C. C. Hay 288).

Proved; 22 July, 1778 and adm. granted to CATHERINE WILLIS, Executrix named in the will. On 16 July, 1778, SOPHIA DURELL of St. Margaret Westminster, spinster, and BURY HUTCHINSON of Little St. Helens, London, gent., swore that they had known JANE HYDE for some years and were well acquainted with her writing and believed the will to be that of JANE HYDE, deceased. On 4 Sept., 1823 Administration (with the Will annexed) of the Goods Chattels and Credits of The Honorable JANE HYDE late of the Parish of St. Margaret Westminster in the County of Middlesex, Widow, deceased left unadministered by CATHERINE (otherwise CATHARINE) WILLIS (wife of The Reverend THOMAS WILLIS, Clerk), deceased, whilst Living the Daughter, sole Executrix and Residuary Legatee for life named in the said Will, was granted to JOHN FLEMING (heretofore WILLIS), Esquire, one of the Children of the said CATHERINE (otherwise CATHARINE) WILLIS and as such one of the Residuary Legatees substituted in the said Will having been first sworn duly to administer. The said Executrix died Intestate.

The Estate of Hon. CHARLOTTE BREREWOOD,[14] of St. Martin in the Fields, Middlesex.

Vol. 34, pp. 151, 187-8, 226; *Musgrave's Obituaries*, Harleian, *passim; V. of Berks, 1664,* Harleian; *Alumni Oxoniensis* for Hyde, etc.; Victoria *Berks*, Vol. IV, p. 315; Records in Land Office, Annapolis; Calvert Paper No. 143 in Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.; Hearne, *Diary,* Vol. V, pp. 130-2, Vol. VII, pp. 139, 161, Vol. XI, p. 179; Clarke, *Hundred of Wanting,* pp. 170-1; *Burials in Westminster Abbey,* Harleian, p. 427; *Reg. of St. James Clerkenwell,* Harleian, Vol. III, p. 214; *Reg. of St. Paul's, Covent Garden,* Harleian, Vol. I, p. 96).

[14] Charlotte Calvert, dau. of Benedict Leonard, fourth Lord Baltimore, m. Thomas Brerewood, the poet, a fact which seems to have escaped the notice of his biographers. The Calvert Papers (Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.)

On the eleventh day [Jan., 1744/5] admcon of the Goods Chattells and Credits of the Honourable CHARLOTTE BREREWOOD otherwise CALVERT late of the parish of St. Martin in the Fields in the County of Midd'x dec'd was granted to THOMAS BREREWOOD Esqr. the lawfull Husband of the said dec'd being first Sworn duly to Adm'r. (P. C. C. Admon. Acct. Book).

The Will of THOMAS BREREWOOD, Sr. of Baltimore Co., Md., dated 8 Aug., 1741.

"Whereas my Daughter The Hon'ble CHARLOTTE BREREWOOD did by Deeds of Settlement dated the 31st of August 1731 Convey to me a Tract of Land in the Baltimore County in the province of Maryland called My Lord Baltimore's Guift or more commonly my Lady's Manour Consisting of Ten Thousand Acres of Land with powers to Sell Dispose

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abound in data to prove this fact. A melancholy poem written to Lord Baltimore from Gunpowder Forest, Md. (doubtless from the house in "My Lady's Manor") by the exile, completes the identification. It was published in the *Gent. Mag.* for 1737, Vol. VII, p. 760.

Thomas Brerewood was the s. of Thomas Brerewood, gent., of the City of Chester (of which his grandfather, Sir Robert, was Mayor) and Place House, Horton, Colebrook parish, Bucks. The Brerewoods, described as the offshoots of a family of great opulence and literary renown, took over Place House circa 1710. They set about making extensive improvements and the estate became famous in its day. An engraving from a drawing of the house by Francis Brerewood the architect may be seen in *Gent. Mag.*, 1791, Vol. 61, p. 713. Thomas Brerewood, Sr., had issue: (1) Thomas the poet, b. circa 1694, m. Hon. Charlotte Calvert; (2) Charles, buried 26 Dec., 1718, at Horton Church, Bucks, s. p.; (3) Francis, the architect, who m. and had issue, Wm. Brerewood of Somerset Co., Md., who d. before 1743. Francis Brerewood m. also, 31 March, 1773, Mary ———, who outlived him and endeavored to recover through the Board of Loyalist Claims some part of the value of the Maryland lands. Francis Brerewood of Scotland Yard, Westminster, d. in poverty in July, 1781, at the age of 82. A chest of his effects, sold at auction in 1791 as old paper, is the reason for the interesting article in the *Gent. Mag.* for that year. Calvert Paper No. 660 sets forth an unhappy architect's difficulties with an unscrupulous client, but his complaint did not move the hard heart of Frederick, the last of the Baltimores.

of Lett or Mortgage &c in order to pay Debts and to other uses which said Deeds are Enrold in the Baltimore County amongst their Records, Reference being thereunto had may more fully appear. And Whereas the Distance of place and long delayes of Answers and for want of those concern'd Comeing to a Speedy Resolution, laid me and the Estate under such ill Conveniences which hinder'd my Proceeding faster in the discharge of my Trust for it laid a Slur and gave People an oppertunity to under Vallue the Estate, under which circumstances if I had proceeded must have proved a detriment to all concern'd and Especially to my Selfe which I can appeal to my daughter the Hon'ble CHARLOTTE BREREWOOD, whether she is not Satisfyed, I must Justly Claim to be the Bigest Creditor, or wheather it was Reasonable or Equitable that others should Runaway with this Estate and I be Excluded, but my designe is if I live to do Justice to Every Creditor concern'd and as a Reward to that Generosity of my daughter

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The poet and his young wife seem to have plunged themselves into debt quite hopelessly and when Margaret, Lady Baltimore, bequeathed them "My Lady's Manor" in 1731, it was promptly deeded to Thomas Brerewood, Sr., to pay their debts, a large part of which were due their brother Francis. Thomas Brerewood, Sr., seems to have been a man of considerable force and integrity. He left his English estate and came to Baltimore County in 1732 to endeavor to build up a new fortune. He rented out the Manor lands and served as Clerk of Baltimore County from 1741 until his death, 22 Dec., 1746. In 1734, Thomas Brerewood the younger left his wife and came out to Maryland at the suggestion of his brother-in-law, Lord Baltimore, that here he might mend his fortunes. The architect and the poet were described as "young men of spirit and fashion" and the attempt of Thomas, Junior, to earn a livelihood in Gunpowder Forest is not without its pathos. After three years and a half, he returned to England in discouragement. Charlotte Brerewood d. in Dec., 1744, and her husband in Feb., 1747, without issue, both intestate (*Dict. of Nat. Biog.* for Brerewood; Manning and Bray, *Surrey*, Vol. II, p. 613; *Md. Archives*, Vol. IV, p. 50; *London Magazine*, 1744, p. 619; Lipscomb, *Bucks*, Vol. IV, p. 510 *et seq; Md. Hist. Mag.*, Vol. XII, p. 366, Vol. XXII, p. 252; Balt. Co. deed, Thos. Brerewood, Sr., to Wm. Brerewood of Somerset Co., Md., 30 March, 1739; Unpublished wills and deeds in the Hall of Records, Baltimore, Md.; Loyalist Claims, transcripts in the N. Y. Public Library, Vol. 37, for Mary Brerewood's deposition; Gyll, *Wraysbury, Colebrook, Bucks*, pp. 224 *et seq*).

to Relinquish all my Interest and claim to her. Therefore Considering the Uncertainty of life, and the distance and delayes that attend these proceedings before I may accomplish the same, and to put an End to any desputes upon my Account I make this my last Will and Testament. First I doe hereby appoint my Dear daughter the Hon'ble CHARLOTTE BREREWOOD my Sole Executrix in England to this my last Will and Testament in which I doe hereby Bequeave and give up to her all my Right and Title to the whole or any part claim or Title to the said Mannour above or any part thereof as it now Stands or may Stand at my death and alsoe all claim of any debt or demand whatsoever I may or might have upon the said Estate by virtue of such Conveyance as aforesaid. And I ffurther oppoint my dear Grandson WILLIAM BREREWOOD, Esq'r my Sole Executor here in Maryland to Reecive all Such Rents and Arrears of Rents as are due or may become due and other debts and to Act and Let out Leases and to do Everything in the method I have put the Estate for the use and Benefit of my Said daughter CHARLOTTE BREREWOOD untill such time as she shall think fitt by any powers to order it otherways being will assured of her Justice and Equity to fullfill her first intent to the Creditors and of her Attachment and Love to my family to the Utmost of her power. I also Request both my daughter the Hon'ble CHARLOTTE BREREWOOD and my Grandson WILLIAM BREREWOOD not to mollest Mrs. ELENOR TURNER in a Settlement I made to her dated the 4th of April 1740 which is under my hand, and if she has a mind to quit 'em to live Anywhere Else to allow her for life what they may be worth to any body Else, also such other small Goods or Chattels as shall appear under my hand and witness'd by Mr. PEELE and Dolphin. As for my Estate at Chester in old England which was Cheifly leased out upon Lives with small quit Rents which suppose Severall of them are now drop'd I desire it may goe as it is Settled and that my Grandson WILLIAM BREREWOOD Transmits the deed with a coppy of this will attested to England I also order my Grandson WILLIAM BREREWOOD to Receive all such Debts and Effects I have in Maryland after Mrs. ELENOR TURNER has hers to dispose of and pay such debts or Demands any Body may have on me here in this Country. Then as to my Buryall I commit to his Care if I should not live long Enough to buyld a̱ Burying place or vault upon the hill I desire to be laid in one of my Houses. Soe as the possession of this Estate was not my owne Seeking but as providence flung me into it Unexpected so I have Endeavour'd to act uprightly Resolving to doe Justice and Equity to the Utmost of my power and as far as in me lay to please and approve my Selfe to Every Body Concerned Soe I Emplore that Infinite wisdom and Author of my being to give me understanding to pursue the Same to the last moments of life and if it is not his Will to spare my life to Bring to a period this Work that I have begun and to Restore peace and Unity and amity to my Family in my dayes, I pray that Infinite being that maker, orderer and disposer of all things to convince us all of our Errors and give us peace and Tranquillity in this life and at our last moments and to all Eternity, Whereas my Grandson WM. BREREWOOD has Settled a quarter upon the said Mannour (by virtue of four hundred and Thirteen Acres of Land Convey'd to him on Certain Conditions) together with three negers viz: Daniel, Jenny and Hannah a Girle which said Quarter, negers, are made over to me for my care over 'em or for any other debt which may Acrue to me now I doe hereby at the time of my death bequeave and Give to my said Grandson all the said Quarter, negers, Stock or other Improvements with all Encrease of Stock or Negers whatsoever and doe freely forgive and acquit the said WILLIAM BREREWOOD from any debt dues or Demands upon Account of the said Bargains Conveyances or Reconveyances but to the utmost of my power doe freely give and leave to him free of any Incumbrances whatsoever In witness whereof I have Sett my hand and Seal this Eighth day of August one Thousand Seaven hundred and fforty-one.

THOMAS BREREWOOD, Sen'r. Signed, Sealed and delivered at Joppa in the presence of ? BORDLEY, THO'S WHITE, GEORGE BUCHANAN." A codicil dated 2 Nov., 1743 at Joppa states that WM. BREREWOOD living in Maryland at the signing of the will has since died, and Mr. WILLIAM DALLAM, Merchant in Joppa is appointed in his place. Witnesses: GEO. BUCHANAN, ? RIGBIE, Jr., WILL'M CASWELL. (Liber I, p. 379, Registry of Wills, Baltimore, Maryland).

Administration granted Mr. WILLIAM DALLAM, 10 Feb., 1746.

The Will of EDWARD HENRY CALVERT, son of BENEDICT LEONARD, fourth Lord BALTIMORE, is given in abstract in *Md. Wills,* Vol. VI, p. 150.

The Will of BENEDICT LEONARD CALVERT, son of BENEDICT LEONARD, fourth Lord BALTIMORE, and Governor of Maryland, is given in abstract in *Md. Wills,* Vol. VI, p. 241.

The Will of ELIZABETH EVELYN[15] of Epsom, Surrey dated 22 Jan., 1691/2. (Abstract; copy of will in full in Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll.).

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[15] Elizabeth Evelyn was the dau. of George Mynn, Esq., who bought the Manor of Horton, parish of Epsom, Surrey, in 1626, from John Mynn. Horton had long been held by a branch of the Norfolk Mynn family, but the reason for its purchase by George Mynn, a very remote relative, cannot be discovered. He passed on to his dau. Elizabeth lands acquired by inheritance or purchase or both in Hertingfordbury, Herts, and County Surrey. He can hardly have been any one but the son b. after the making of George Mynn's will at Hertingfordbury (*Md. Hist. Mag.*, Vol. XXI, p. 312), and thus the young brother of Ann, Lady Calvert, but his late marriage arouses some uneasiness in the mind of the student who is accepting this plausible theory as a fact. Sir George Calvert had some business dealings with a George Mynn and sometimes referred to his brother-in-law Mynn. George Mynn of Horton m. Ann, dau. of Sir Robert Parkhurst of Porford, Wisley parish, Surrey, and d. circa 1643/4. He had by her: (1) George, who d.

Widow of RICHARD EVELYN of Woodcote, Epsom parish, Surrey; my manor of Horton in Epsom; lands etc. in parishes of Ashted, Headley and Wotton on the Hill, Surrey and in Hertingfordbury, Herts; to LEWIS BUCKLE of Inner Temple, London, Esq. and HENRY FORMAN of Ewell, Surrey, gent., in trust; sister Dame ANN MORLEY, wife of Sir WILLIAM MORLEY of Hannaker, Sussex, K. B., and my nephew JOHN LEWKNER, only son of my said sister by her former husband Sir JOHN LEWKNER late of West dean, Sussex; goddaughter THOMASIN TERRICK: to the first son JOHN LEWKNER may have by any subsequent wife but not any issue by his present wife JANE; in default

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unmarried circa 1651; (2) Elizabeth, above, who m., 5 Aug., 1648, Richard, bro. of John Evelyn, the Diarist, by whom she had Mynn, George, Richard I, Richard II (all dead in infancy), and Ann, who m. 29 June, 1670, in Southampton House Chapel, Wm. Montague, s. and heir of Sir Wm. Montague, Chief Baron of the Exchecquer. Ann Montague d. s. p. at Woodcote, Epsom parish, Surrey, in 1688. Richard Evelyn, her father, d. 7 March, 1669/70. His widow d. 29 Jan., 1691/2, and was buried at St. Martins in the Fields, London, and later at Epsom Church, Surrey. If the theory as to George Mynn's parentage is correct, Elizabeth Evelyn was a first cousin of Cecilius Calvert, to whose son Charles she left her rich estate, Woodcote. Richard Evelyn was a first cousin of the Evelyns who came early to Maryland and Virginia; (3) Ann, who m. 24 Apr., 1649 (*Register of St. Peter Paul's Wharf*, London, Vol. III, p. 289), Sir John Lewkner, K. B. of West Dean, Sussex, by whom she had John Lewkner, an only son, who d. s. p., 1706. Le Neve in his *Pedigrees of the Knights* has a legend about "Ann Evelyn," John Lewkner's wife, which is utterly incomprehensible. Sir John Lewkner d. 1661, and his wid. m. Sir Wm. Morley, K. B. of Halnaker, Sussex, and d. 1704. Among the Calvert Papers in the Md. Hist. Soc. Mss. Coll. is a beautiful illumined pedigree on five skins of parchment, showing the ancestry of the Mynns from whom George Mynn bought Horton (*Misc. Gen. et Herald.*, second series, Vol. III, p. 269, Vol. V, p. 202; *Cal. State Papers, Com. for Advance of Money*, p. 200; Brayley, *Surrey*, Vol. IV; Foster, *London Marriage Licenses*, p. 843; Manning and Bray, *Surrey*, Vol. I, p. 501, Vol. II, p. 617, Vol. III, p. 21; *Notitia Parliamentaria*, Vol. III, p. 174; Howard, *V. of Suffolk*, Vol. II, p. 261; Victoria *Surrey*, Vol. III, p. 274; *V. of Surrey*, Harleian, p. 130; *The Evelyns in America; The Evelyns; State Papers, East India Series*, of such issue, the lands etc. purchased or inherited by my father GEORGE MYNN, Esq., deceased, i. e. the mansion house known as Woodcote and the manor of Horton in Epsom and Ewell, to the Rt. Hon. CHARLES CALVERT, Baron of Baltimore, (or to HENRY LLOYD of Cheame, Surrey, Esq. and SAMUEL PEIRSON of Cheame, Surrey, gent. in trust) with remainder to his heirs; failing such heirs, to JOHN PARKHURST of Catesby, Northhamptonshire, and his son and heir apparent, NATHANIEL PARKHURST, etc., or DORMER PARKHURST, second son of JOHN PARKHURST; the other part of my lands not purchased or inherited by my father, GEORGE MYNN, i. e., the manor and advowson of Epsom which were purchased by my mother ANN MYNN, widow, deceased, lying in Epsom or Ewell to the said JOHN PARKHURST and his heirs, as above, and in default of such issue to CHARLES, Lord BALTIMORE, etc. Executors, my trusty and good friends, Sir CHRISTOPHER BUCKLE, Kt., of Burgh, Banstead parish, Surrey and CHRISTOPHER BUCKLE, Esq., his eldest son. To Master Sargeant MONTAGU, late Lord Chief Baron of the Exchecquer at Westminster, all family portraits at Woodcote relating to his family, i. e., a picture of the old Lord MONTAGU of Boughton, one of the old Earl of LINDSEY, one of Master Sargeant MONTAGU when Lord Chief Baron, three of his present wife, two of his sons WILLIAM and CHRISTOPHER MONTAGU,

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1625-9, p. 699, *Domestic Series,* 1619-23, p. 591; Baker, *Northamptonshire,* Vol. I, p. 288; *Remembrancer,* London, 1579-1664, p. 533; *Dict. of Nat. Biog.* for Montagu).

A series of additions and corrections to these footnotes will be published in a later issue of the *Magazine,* and the writer would be very grateful for any assistance in their preparation. It is to be regretted that so many controversial points have been passed over without comment in the interest of brevity. Only the slightest suggestion is here given of the English works consulted in an effort to sift the evidence. The American descendants of the Calvert family have been so fully listed in the *Magazine,* Vol. XVI, that any work in this field has seemed superfluous.

deceased, one of Master FREEMAN of Absden, Herts, and one of his daugher Mrs. MARGARET FREEMAN, and the hangings and furniture which were my daughter MONTAGU'S at Woodcote; to Mrs. MONTAGU his wife; to JOHN MOORHOUSE, Vicar of Epsom; to CHRISTOPHER BUCKLE aforesaid; to Mrs. JANE LANE, sister of Sir CHRISTOPHER BUCKLE; to Mrs. TERRICK the elder; to LEWIS BUCKLE, second son of Sir CHRISTOPHER; to Mrs. JANE MORETON, wife of Master THOMAS MORETON; to servants JOHN BRAYNES and RICHARD LYON, to ROBERT GRANT, WILLIAM FREEMAN, JOHN TAYLOR, EDWARD PLAW, to THOMAS BARNES, my footboy; to maid servants, SARAH MEER, ANNE PLAW, ANNE HUMPHREYS. To be buried in the chancel of Epsom Church; furniture and portraits otherwise undisposed of, to be offered for sale first to my devisees. Witnesses, FRA: FULLER, SAMUEL MASON, WILL. RANT, RO: PODMORE "Staconer in the Temple." (P. C. C. Fane 150), (see *Misc. Gen. et Her.,* second series, Vol. III, pp. 269-70).

Proved; 3 Aug., 1692 by oaths of Sir CHRISTOPHER BUCKLE, Kt., and CHRISTOPHER BUCKLE, Esq., executors.

COLONIAL RECORDS OF SOMERSET COUNTY.

Contributed by LOUIS DOW SCISCO.

The Somerset County colonial records have been brought down from the past with very few losses and comparatively little deterioration. The county was created in 1665. Its present court house at Princess Anne was built in 1904. The clerk's office has 70 volumes of records dating in the colonial time. Such loose papers as existed in 1904 were at that time boxed and have since remained so, stored in the court house cellars. Whether or not this boxed collection includes colonial material is not known.

The evolution of the clerk's volume records has proceeded along customary lines. For the first three years of the county, conveyances and court proceedings were recorded intermingled. From 1668 onward the conveyances were usually entered separate from the court records, though often placed in the same volume with them. By 1723 the quantity of conveyances had increased so that they ceased to occupy parts of the court record books. From about 1748 the two classes of records were treated as separate groups and this final distinctive grouping is still maintained in the shelfing arrangements of the clerk's office.

Methods of volume designation have also altered from time to time. For about eighty years the clerks were satisfied with an arbitrary letter marking for each record volume. About 1722 the clerk of the time attempted something systematic by assigning serial numbers to the 29 volumes that were on hand. Unfortunately the numbers were imposed without regard to chronology of book contents and must have proved unsatisfactory, for the number series was not extended as new volumes were added. A list of record books made about 1736 paid scant heed to the book numbers that had been imposed. The next change came in 1748 when the deeds and court records began to be considered as separate collections. From that year onward the new deed books were marked as a simple and regular alphabetical series to the end of the colonial period. A separate alphabetic series seems to havve been begun for the court records but soon abandoned in favor of back-title indications of date. The final innovation in book marking came sometime after 1835, when the entire deeds series was given a numeral marking that conforms to the chronology of book contents and effectively serves the needs of shelf arrangement.

The following description covers the deeds series as it now stands in the office of the clerk of the court.

Liber B 1, numbered 0-1, is the original first book of "Records for the County of Sommersett in ye Province of Maryland." It has 150 pages of court sessions records and interim entries of deeds from December 11, 1665, to September 29, 1668, with some deeds entered as late as November, 1668. Separately numbered pages 1-40 and two unnumbered pages carry some hundreds of cattle marks recorded from January, 1665-66, to May, 1719.

Liber B ½, marked "1668" and numbered 0-2, has 44 pages carrying conveyances recorded from December, 1668, to July, 1670, and followed by eight pages of deeds recorded in 1706 and 1710. The most of the book, 157 folios, is blank.

Liber S C, numbered 0-3, is a conveyance record of 310 pages with entries made from August, 1671, to January, 1673-74. Pages 311-319 carry addenda of 1688 and 1689, while an unnumbered page has an entry of February, 1709-10. The book was formerly S C No. 9.

Liber M 4, numbered 0-4, carries on pages 1-431 conveyances recorded from January, 1673-74, to May, 1677. Pages 431-450 and nine other pages erratically numbered carry addenda of 1677, 1688, 1689, 1705, and 1706.

Liber W W, numbered 0-5, has 544 pages of conveyances recorded from June, 1677, to December, 1679, followed by pages 544-548 of added entries made in 1703, 1709, and 1710.

Liber M A, numbered 0-6, has 940 pages of conveyances recorded from June, 1679, to about February, 1688-89. Inside notation shows former title as M A No. 3. A modern transcript duplicates the book contents in two volumes. M A No. 1 carries original pages 1-840, while M A No. 2 carries original pages 841-940.

Liber L, numbered 0-7, has three separately paged sections. Of the first part, pages 1-2 are missing, pages 3-18 carry a deed recorded about 1706, pages 19-140 carry the court proceedings from November, 1675, to September, 1677. The second part has pages 1-34 with court session record for November, 1683. The third part has pages 1-732 of conveyances recorded from November, 1691, tc October, 1704. There is also a modern transcript in two volumes. L No. 1 contains pages 1-459 of the conveyance portion of the original. Book L No. 2 contains the remainder of the original book.

Liber G I, numbered 0-8, has two sections separately numbered. In the first section pages 1-297 have court records for sessions from November, 1703, to September, 1705, and pages 298-304 carry miscellany of 1693 and 1706. In the second section pages 1-149 carry conveyances recorded from October, 1703, to October, 1705. Inside notation gives G I No. 13 as former book title.

Liber A B, numbered 0-9, is a court register for sessions of November, 1705, to June, 1707, with interim entries of conveyances in the same period. Some minor entries of 1707, 1708, and 1715, have been made later. Inside notation shows former title as A B No. 21.

Liber C D, numbered 0-10, has 961 pages of conveyances recorded from

October, 1706, to March, 1713-14, with addenda of 1714, 1715, and 1718. Inside notation gives C D No. 14 as former title. There is a modern transcript volume, made in 1857, entitled C D No. 1.

Liber I K L, marked "1714-15," is considered as 0-11 of the deeds series. Its principal contents are conveyances and vital records entered in alternated groupings throughout the volume. The conveyances occupy, in all, 150 pages, and were recorded from about March, 1713-14, to March, 1714-15. The vital records occupy 156 pages and embrace more than a thousand items ranging from about 1650 to about 1720. The volume has also 60 pages of cattle marks and gifts, entered mostly from 1685 to 1716.

Liber A C, numbered 0-12, has 443 pages. Court session records of November, 1713, to August, 1715, occupy pages 1-264 and part of the session of August, 1718, is on pages 414-430 and 439. On pages 264-443 are conveyance entries made chiefly from March, 1714-15, to October, 1716, but including some recorded bonds of 1714 to 1718 and deed addenda of 1722. Inside notation gives A C No. 25 as original book title.

Liber E F, numbered 0-13, has two separately numbered parts. The first section, paged 1-352, has conveyances recorded from about June, 1716, to about June, 1719. The second section has on pages 1-5 the court record of October, 1717, on pages 8-11 some conveyances recorded about February, 1722-23, on pages 14-195 the court sessions from March, 1717-18, to November, 1718, and on five unnumbered pages a part of the session of June, 1718.

Liber C H, evidently transferred from the court series to the deeds, has 156 pages of court session records from March, 1718-19, to June, 1719, among which records are some conveyances. The volume also has 32 pages of segregated conveyances recorded about June, 1719.

Liber I K, marked "1719 to 1722" is numbered 0-14. It has two sections separately paged. One section, with pages 1-162, carries court proceedings from August, 1719, to August, 1722. The other section, with pages 1-241, has conveyances recorded from August, 1719, to September, 1722. On various pages of the volume are entered about 60 cattle mark and gift records dated from 1718 to 1723.

Liber G H, numbered 0-15, has two separately paged sections. Court proceedings of November, 1722, are paged 1-38. Conveyances recorded from December, 1722, to March, 1725126 occupy pages 1-315.

Liber T H, numbered 0-16, has conveyances recorded from about March, 1725-26, to about February, 1727-28. It is paged 1-141.

Liber S H, numbered 0-17, has 364 pages of conveyances recorded from March, 1727-28, to December, 1731.

Liber A Z, numbered 0-18, carries conveyances recorded from December, 1731, to December, 1735. It has 532 pages numbered to 267 by duplication; that is to say, opposite pages bear the same page number.

Liber E I, numbered 0-19, has conveyances entered from January, 1735-36, to August, 1738. It has 634 pages numbered to 318, by duplication. Many leaves of this volume are broken.

Liber M F, numbered 0-20, has 645 pages numbered to 323 by duplication. Contents are conveyances recorded September, 1738, to August, 1742.

Liber X, numbered 0-21, has 635 pages numbered to 318. It carries conveyances recorded from September, 1742, to July, 1748.

Liber A, numbered 0-22, has 623 pages numbered to 312. Contents are conveyances recorded from July, 1748, to June, 1753.

Liber B, numbered 0-23, has 542 pages numbered to 272. It contains conveyance records of June, 1753, to May, 1759.

Liber C, numbered 0-24, has 536 pages numbered to 269, and contents are conveyances recorded October, 1759, to August, 1765.

Liber D, numbered 0-25, has 545 pages numbered to 273. It contains conveyances recorded from August, 1765, to March, 1769.

Liber E, numbered 0-26, has 455 pages numbered to 228. It carries conveyances entered from March, 1769, to March, 1773.

Liber F, numbered 0-27, has 430 pages numbered regularly. It has conveyances recorded from March, 1773, to August, 1775, with ten entries made later in 1775.

Liber G, numbered 0-28, has 535 pages of conveyance records made from August, 1775, to March, 1785.

The court records, since their separation from the deeds in 1748, have received less preservative care than the latter, notwithstanding which the record pages are, as a rule, in good condition. The flight of time reveals itself chiefly in their bindings. The old leather coverings are in various stages of ruin. The parchment bindings of 1722 onward have fairly well endured the test of time in most cases. On the books dating previous to 1738 the old alphabetic titles are usually present where the bindings have survived. On later volumes a back-title marking by years is the rule. From 1731 onward the court books have duplicated paging, each couplet of facing pages bearing the same page number.

Liber D T No. 7, has illegible back-title but is identified by fly-leaf legend. It contains court proceedings for sessions of September, 1670, to September, 1671. It has 216 pages regularly numbered.

Liber A Z No. 8, has illegible back-title but retains cover title. Contents are 585 pages of court record for sessions of October, 1671, to

September, 1675, followed by 38 unnumbered pages of court summonses recorded in 1674.

Liber A W, marked "1690-1691," has two sections. Pages 1-138 of the first section have the court record of sessions from November, 1687, to June, 1689. Pages 1-183 of the second section have the court sessions from November, 1690, to October, 1691.

Liber E F G is without back-title but is identified by cover legend. It has 203 pages of court record for the sessions of September, 1689, to November, 1690, and with them a few conveyances.

Liber B W Z, without back-title, is identified by flyleaf legend. Pages 1-24 are missing. Pages 26-118 bear conveyances and appraisals recorded June, 1690, to October, 1691. Pages 119-228 have the court record for sessions of November, 1691, to June, 1692. Pages 229-231 have added papers of 1691 and 1692. A separately paged section has 18 pages of wills and conveyances recorded in 1690, and one page carrying a list of 18 colonial laws that were in effect in 1688.

Liber with illegible back-title and no identifying legend contains 249 pages of court proceedings for the sessions of August, 1692, to June, 1693.

Liber without back-title and with indistinct cover legend has 165 pages of court record for sessions of August, 1693, to January, 1694-95.

Liber E No. 26, without back-title, has cover legend only. Contents are 152 pages of court records for sessions of August, 1695, to March, 1695-96.

Liber D D No. 17, marked "1696 1698," has designation on flyleaf. It has 358 pages of session records for June, 1696, to June, 1698, followed by 20 unnumbered pages of dockets and writ records.

Liber D F, with nearly illegible marking "1698 1701," has 520 pages of session records for August, 1698, to June, 1701.

Liber P, without back-title, but identified by flyleaf legend, has 258 pages of court records for sessions of August, 1701, to March, 1702-03.

Liber E F H, indistinctly marked "1707 1710," is identified by cover legend. It has 481 pages of session records for August, 1707, to June, 1711.

Liber G H, has illegible back-title, but readable cover title. The book has 323 pages of court proceedings from June, 1711, to August, 1713.

Liber marked "1715 1716," contains 487 pages of court records beginning with the closing part of the session of August, 1715, and extending to about 1717. A distinct section paged 1-74 carries conveyances recorded from August, 1716, to March, 1718-19.

Liber marked "1719 1720," has cover legend "Lib A View of Land by Commissioners as Appointed." Its contents are 146 pages of decisions on bounds of private properties, recorded from July, 1717, to June, 1721. More than half of the volume is blank.

Liber marked "1722 1724," contains court proceedings from March, 1722-23, to March, 1724-25. It has 546 actual pages, with duplicated numbering 1-274.

Liber S C No. B, with pencilled marking "1724 to 1727," has 551 pages numbered to 276. It carries court sessions records from March, 1724-25, to June, 1727.

Liber A X, marked "1727 1730," has 543 pages numbered to 272, and carrying court sessions from June, 1727, to June, 1730.

Liber F L No. D, with back binding destroyed but flyleaf legend existant, contains 622 pages numbered to 312, carrying court sessions from August, 1730, to June, 1733.

Liber G Y, with back binding destroyed but cover legend preserved, has 545 pages numbered to 273, with court records for sessions of June, 1733, to March, 1734-35.

Liber X A No. Y, marked "1734 1736," has 635 pages numbered to 318, bearing sessions records from March, 1734-1735, to March, 1736-37.

Liber without title, owing to damaged binding, has 615 pages numbered to 308, and carrying court sessions of March, 1736-37, to June, 1738.

Liber marked "1738 1740," and with cover title "Lib. A," has 620 pages numbered to 311, bearing session records from August, 1738, to August, 1740.

Liber marked "1740 & 1742," and with cover title "Lib. A," has 641 pages numbered to 321, carrying court records from August, 1740, to August, 1742.

Liber marked "1742 1744," with pencilled cover title "Lib. N," has 610 pages numbered to 306, carrying the court sessions of August, 1742, to November, 1744.

Liber marked "1744 1747," has 609 pages numbered to 305, with court sessions of March, 1744-45, to June, 1747.

Liber marked "1747 1749," with cover title "Lib. P," has 616 pages numbered to 309, with court sessions of August, 1747, to August, 1749.

Liber marked "1749 1751," has 622 pages numbered to 312 and carries court sessions of August, 1749, to June, 1751.

Liber marked "1751 1752," has 464 pages numbered to 233, carrying the session records of June, 1751, to November, 1752.

Liber marked "1752 1754," has 450 pages numbered to 226, with the court proceedings from November, 1752, to August, 1754.

Liber marked "1754 1757," has 529 pages numbered to 265, with court records of November, 1754, to March, 1757.

Liber marked "1757 1760," has 543 pages numbered to 272, and carries court sessions of March, 1757, to March, 1760.

Liber marked "1760 1763," has 524 pages numbered to 262, with sessions records from March, 1760, to June, 1763.

Liber marked "1763 1765," has 543 pages numbered to 272, with court records from June, 1763, to August, 1765.

Liber marked "1765 1766," has 469 pages numbered to 235, carrying sessions of August, 1765, to August, 1766.

Liber marked "1766 1767," has 445 pages numbered to 223, and contents are court sessions of August, 1766, to August, 1767.

Liber with pencilled marking "1767 to 1768," contains 514 pages numbered to 257 and bearing the session records for August, 1767, to March, 1769.

Liber marked "1769 1772," has 587 pages numbered to 294, with the court records from March, 1769, to March, 1772.

Liber marked "1772 to 1774," has 734 pages numbered to 367, with session records from March, 1772, to March, 1774.

Liber marked "1774 1775," has 433 pages numbered to 217 with court proceedings of July, 1774, to March, 1775.

Liber marked "1775 1783," has 562 pages numbered to 282 and contains the court sessions of August, 1775, to October, 1783.

The probate records are conveniently shelved for reference and are in good condition. There are ten volumes for the colonial time. Like the court registers they have the duplicated numbering of opposite pages.

Liber E B 5, wills, 1664-1700, 1772-1777.
Liber E B 9, wills, 1709-1748.
Liber E B 14, wills, 1748-1749.
Liber E B 4, wills, 1750-1772.
Liber E B 16, inventories, 1706-1730, 1785-1791.
Liber E B 13, accounts, 1685-1723.
Liber E B 12, accounts, 1729-1739, 1749-1750.
Liber E B 11, accounts, 1746-1749, 1772-1776.
Liber E B 6, accounts, 1751-1767.
Liber E B 10, accounts, 1767-1772.

EXTRACTS FROM ACCOUNT AND LETTER BOOKS OF DR. CHARLES CARROLL, OF ANNAPOLIS.

(*Continued from* Vol. XXII, p. 299).

Maryland Sep^{r} 29th 1747

Gentlemen

I Received yours dated 1st June last Inclosing an Acc^{tt} Current wherein you rectifie the article of silk by mistake charged to me and with w^{ch} I am satisfied and obliged. I shall ship you some Effects in the Snow Hamilton John Treynihoe master now lyeing in South River here, belonging to, or Loading for M^{r} William Perkins merchant in London and therefore Request the favour you will make Insureance on the said Vessell here in South River and thence to the Port of London in Great Britain, and there untill unlivered on the Easeist premio you can; and in the severest way that in case of Loss I may Recover one Hundred and fifty pounds Sterling cleere of all Expense and the said Premio with the charges ꝑ Acct to my Account. I desire you will not fail herein & by Doing of w^{ch} you will further oblige . . .

To M^{r} John Philpott & Co. Merchants in London

P. S. Inclosed is Osburn Sprigg on Isaac Levey for £13.. 5.. 10 w^{ch} when paid I desire you will pass to the Credit of my Acc^{tt} or return protested by first oppertunity . . .

p^{r} Cap^{t} Jolly Putuxen to the care of M^{r} Boyce & By Cap^{t} Barrett in the Bridge Town from South River 8^{br} 8th 8^{br} 9th and by Cap^{t} Young via Biddiford

---

Maryland Oct. 6th 1747

Sir

Inclosed is Bill Loading for Twenty Ton Pigg Iron the Ship Bridge Town James Barrett Master w^{ch} tho Insured as (phaps) ordered, hope will come safe to hand.

In the sales hereof hope Marketts will mend or it is Impossible to live I must therefore Request your care therein for my Intrest and the nett proceeds thereof place to the Credit of my acc^{tt} . . .

To M^{r} W^{m} Black Merc^{t} in London ℘ Cap^{t} Barrett X^{br} 2d
p^{r} Capt. Evans from Bush

Maryland October 19th 1747

Sir

I shall Ship you Effects in the Ship Maryland John Farran master Loading now in South River here for you and therefore desire you will make Insureance on the said Ship & Cargo at South River afores^{d} and thence to the Port of London in Great Britain & there untill unlivered that in case of Loss I may draw the sume of One Hundred and Sixty pounds Sterling cleere of all charges & premio, and such premio & charges place to my Account all which I hope you will do in such manner as will be both safe and at as Low a Premio as the case will admit of . . .

To M^{r} William Black Merchant in
London ℘ Capt. Mills via
Biddeford p^{r} Capt. Lyde in the
Love Gally 8^{br} 31st

p^{r} Cap^{t} Young Petapsco

Maryland October 21st 1747

Sir

Of this date I have drawn two setts of Bills of Exch^{a} on you at Sixty days sight one payable to M^{r} Richard Keene or order for fifty Three pounds Ster. the other to M^{r} Thomas Colmere for forty Eight pounds fourteen Shil^{s} Ster. both w^{ch} I desire you will pay and charge to my Account . . .

To M^{r} W^{m} Black Merc^{t} in London
1 ℘ Capt. Chilton
2 p^{r} Sedgwick

Putuxen to the care of Ri. Keene

8br 31st ꝑ Capt Mills via Biddiford ꝑ Capt Lyde in the Love Gally via London 9br 10th and by Capt Young from Patapsco

---

Maryland November 18th 1747

Messrs

Inclosed is Bill Loading for Thirty Ton Pigg Iron in the Snow Hamilton John Treynihoe master in the sales whereof hope you will Act in the best manner so as to make the most thereof for my Intrest as great charges attend all our commodities from hence it might be Expected they would rise in Value with you there and Especialy this as there is so great a demand for Military uses Exclusive of the common necessities but sure it will not sell under Six pounds five shil ꝑr Ton.

We here in weighing make an allowance of 28℔ to Every Ton beside the Gross Tonnage for Loss by Land or otherwise so that there should be no deficiency in Weight.

My son Charles Carroll when in London passed a Goldsmith at the Black Moores Head in Fanchurch Street, A bond to Mr William Woodward for one Hundred and Eleven pounds sixteen shil and Ten pence Ster wch Bond I desire you will pay to the said Woodward out of the nett proceeds of this Iron takeing in the Bond and take his discharge beside in Two Copys, The said Bond I desire you will cancel by Tearing off the Seal and take a Receipt thereon allso wch bond I desire you will send to be by some safe opportunity and allso one of the said Rects or discharges by an other, and the third keep by you wch when paid place to my account. I have Inclosed advised Mr Woodward of my Instructions to you as above and desire you will order the Letter to be delivered him.

In case of any misfortune by Capture or otherwise to the said Vessell that shee may not arrive with you, I desire you will pay the said Bond out of the Insureance money to be recovered in consequence of an Insureance w^{ch} in my Letter to you of the 29th day of September last I desired to be made on the Vessell afores^{d}.

Your favour in the care hereof shall be duely acknowledged and will much oblige . . .

To Mess^{rs} John Philpott and Company
Merchants in London ꝑ Cap^{t} Jo^{n}
Treynihoe
ꝑ Capt. Russell
ꝑ^{r} Capt. Evans

Maryland November 18th 1747

Sir

I have shiped Effects to M^{es} John Philpott & Company in the Snow Hamilton John Troynihoe master and of this date have wrote them to pay you out of the said Effects when sold the sume of one Hundred & Elleven pounds sixteen shillings and Ten pence ster being for a Bond past you by my son Charly Carroll at his comeing away from London and make no doubt of their complyance in due time they will order this Letter to be delivered to you as it go's Inclosed to them.

These are very difficult times with us haveing nothing but what go's and comes thro the fire and attended with great charges in freight and Insureance. In case of Loss of said Vessell I have desired M^{r} Philpot & Company to pay you out of an Insureance ordered to be made on her but hope shee will arive safe with you and be to your content.

I pray my best Respects to M^{rs} Woodward and that you will Accept of the same with my sincere wishes.

To M^{r} W^{m} Woodward a Goldsmith at the Black Moores Head
in Fanchurch street London to the care of Mess^{rs} John
Philpott & Company ꝑ Troynihoe

Maryland Nov^{r} 20th 1747

Gent

Inclosed is a Letter to M^{r} Lawrence Williams left open for your Perusal which Please seal and order to be delivered to him & Tender the Inclosed order which if he refuses to pay return to me with his answer but without Protest.

You will by the Inclosed Letter think it is high time the Ballance were discharged and that if he Trifles now it is an Indication of no clear Intention.

In case the Gentleman now refuses to Pay the Ballance due if any Remedy here agains this Effects no reasonable man can blame me to Endeavour secureing myself your favour herein will much Oblige . . .

To Mess^{rs} John Philpott & Company Merchants In London

Maryland Nov^{r} 20th 1747

S^{r}

Pay to Mess^{rs} John Philpott & Company Merchants In London or order for my use Thirteen Pounds two shillings & Six Pence Ste^{r} being Ballance in your hands for one fifth of Eighteen Tons pigg Iron shiped you in Cap^{tn} Deveal in 1741 and twelve Ton shiped in Cap^{tn} Harrison the same year by Benj^{a} Tasker Esq^{r} & C^{o} and charge the same to my Acc^{t} of one fifth of said Pigg Iron . . .

To M^{r} Lawrence Williams Merchant In London

Annapolis Maryland Nov^{r} 20th 1747

S^{r}

In the Year 1741 there was shiped you By Benja^{m} Tasker Esq^{r} & Comp^{a} Eighteen Ton of Pigg Iron In Cap^{tn} Deveal and Twelve Ton in Capt^{n} Harrison to 1 fifth of the nett Proceeds whereof I am Intitled as also Chargeable with ⅕ of my Excha^{g} on you Payable to your self for salt £84.. 7.. 6 Dated 8th of Sept^{t} 1741 which comes to £16.. 17.. 6 the Ballance of which fifth Part being still due to me and being full time it were discharged I have of this Date Drawn an Order on you to Pay the same to Mess^{rs} John Philpott & Comp^{a} and hope you will no longer Delay Dischargeing the same, Your Compliance will oblige . . . &

To M^{r} Lawrence Williams Merch^{t} In London

Annapolis 9^{br} 20th 1747

Sir.

I Rec^{d} yours with Coppys of your Father and Grand Fathers Wills and have cursorily considered them and conceive that if the Bequest in the Former and confirmation in the Latter of a Rent Charge of 500℔ by 50℔ ꝑ Anum on the Estate therein mentioned to my Late wife your sister be not sufficient to Intitle me to the same M^{r} Tilden has no ocation for a Release or Confirmation of those premises from me, and nor you can in Reason Expect me to Execute such Release untill I have been paid the said sume. It is a new thing and I shall take better advice thereon than I am my selfe capable of giveing more especialy in my own case as I may be somewhat partial (perhaps) to my own Intrest w^{ch} I assure you I would not be in anything between you & me to the best of my Knowledge, but as my Children are concearned herein you will Excuse my refuseal of Executeing the Deed proposed to me by M^{r} Dulaney.

I am ready again to give you any proper discharge for the five Hundred pounds Received In consequence of the Decree in Chancery tho I think what I gave before is sufficient.

I shall forbear makeing any observation on Your Fathers Codicil in Respect to an onely Daughter who had never disobliged him. And assure you that I am with True Respect . . .

To M^{r} Jo^{n} Luger Blake Wy River

Maryland November 24th 1747

Sir

There was shiped you by Benjamin Tasker Esqr & Co in Capt. Mackenzie forty Ton Pigg Iron in 1745 in Relation to wch have had nothing from you. Our Losses have been very considerable since the commencement of this Warr and on Sixty Ton Pigg Iron ℘ Russell the same year was Equal to a Total one wch we think hard of.

I have seen a Letter of Yours wherein you say that Mackenzies ship was carried into Guernsey and with the Loading &c sold for £247 onely, by order of the Governour to pay salvage, Expenses &c. You are sensible that the Pigg Iron could Receive no Damage & that the forty Ton could not be worth less than two Hundred and Forty pounds sterling at any markett in the Brittish Dominions in Europe (the Mediteranean Excepted) Wherefore as the ship was brought unto a Brittish Port so near, We cannot but think it very hard, nay cruel If we Loose the whole of that Commodity for Salvage or charges, whereas the ship & other Effects should bear a proportionable part. I hope we shall not have reason to complain of as Ill useage from those who ought to be our Friends as from our Enemies. Since the later could do no more than to take all had we fallen into their hands.

On behalf of my self and Compn I am to Request you will set this matter Right that We may have satisfaction Adequate to the Justness of our Claim, and that I conceive will be the Greatest part of the value of the said Iron depending upon Your Integrity & care herein I am for self and Company . . .

To Mr William Black merchant In London

Maryland Novr 25th 1747

Sir

There will be shiped you by Benjn Tasker Esqr and Company in the ship Delight Ambrose Judd master Forty Ton of Pigg Iron therefore on behalf of said Tasker and Company I desire you will make Insureance on the said ship & Cargo in Patapsco River here, and Thence to the Port of London in Great Britain untill unlivered at the Easiest Premio and in the Securest manner that in case of Loss the said Tasker & Company may draw Five Hundred pounds cleere of all charges The Premio & Incident charges thereon place to account of said Pigg Iron . . .

To M^{r} William Black merc^{t} In London

Maryland December 3d 1747

Sir

Inclosel is the first George Parker on John Hanburry for fifty three pounds Ten shil ster. w^{ch} when paid place to the Credit of my acc^{tt} & if protested return by the first safe oppertunity . . .

To M^{r} W^{m} Black merc^{t} In London

Maryland Decem^{br} 9th 1747

S^{r}

7^{br} 26 last

Above is coppy of My'n as by the Date thereof I Desire that by this Sloop Cap^{tn} Hammelton you will send me twenty Pounds of Cotton being scarce with us here and if the said Barrel of Sugar be not shiped I would have you ship me one by this opportunity Cap^{tn} Hammelton.

Its to be Hoped that this Warr will not always Continue so that according to all Warrs A Peace will Ensue and open a freer Correspondence than is at Present . . .

To M^{r} Coddrington Carrington Barbados

Maryland Dec^{r} 16th 1747

Sir

of this date I have drawn on you at Sixty days sight payable to Daniel Dulany Esq^{r} for Twenty five pounds ster w^{ch} at time I desire you will pay & charge to acc^{tt} of . . .

To M^{r} W^{m} Black Merc^{t} In London

Annapolis Jan^{ry} 1st 1747

Sir

Inclosed is Bill Loading for forty Ton Pigg Iron in the Ship Marcshall John Fearran master on my acc^{tt} in the sales whereof I hope you will Act the best you can for my Intrest.

I need not mention the dependance I have on your Endeavour, since I assure you that if this commodity do's not sell at some advanced price adequate to the charges neither I nor my Famely can subsist . . .

To M^{r} William Black Merc^{t} in London ⅌ Cap^{t} Fearran

Maryland Jan^{ry} 1st 1747

Sir

Of this date I have drawn a sett of Bills of Exchange on you at Sixty days sight payable to James Dick or order for Thirty pounds Sterling w^{ch} at time I desire you will pay and charge the same to account of . . .

To M^{r} William Black Merc^{t} In London

Maryland Jan^{ry} 1st 1747

S^{r}

I observe by yours of the 28th of March Last that you Incline to have any further Transactions with the Comp^{a} in Iron Works, with one Rather than the Whole Wherefore I am by the Gentlemen directed to transact the same with you in my name which I the Readier do as I conceive no dammage can Arise to you or myself thereby and in order to which I desire you will Raise an Account with me for any future transactions therein, in the Following Terms Vidz^{t}.

Doc^{t} Charles Carroll of Annapolis in Maryland for Account of him self & Comp^{a} in Iron Works, and therein charge what I shall send for on that account by my particular directions under my hand and not otherwise and give Credit for what remittance I shall make to that purpose as I shall from time to time advise.

In the above Account I Expect and desire to have Credit for any Ballance that Remains of the 100 Ton of Pigg Iron in the Britania and forty Ton in the Matilda deducting thereout £474.. 11.. 9 for the Goods Shiped Benj^{a} Tasker Esq^{r} and Comp^{y} p^{r} the Elisabeth Cap^{t} Kerr as allso for the proceeds of forty Ton Pigg Iron ℘^{r} Mackensie & 40 Ton now in the Ship Delight, Ambrose Judd master on Acc^{t} of Benj^{a} Tasker Esq^{r} & C^{o} or the Insureance to be Recovered on the Ship or Ships aforesaid in case of Loss. On the Credit of the said Ballance and the Iron in Judd or Insureance to be Recovered in case of Loss I desire you will by the first good Oppertunity comeing to Patapsco or convenient send the Contents of the Inclosed Invoice for account of my self and C^{o} in Iron Works and take Bill of Ladeing Accordingly to be delivered at Patapsco and the amount of the Cost thereof charge to the account aforesaid.

I am allso to desire that you will make Insureance on the same Goods that in case of Loss I may draw the principal Cost & all Incident charges, & the premio of such Insureance & charges place to the said Acco^{t}.

If you do not send the said goods on the Credit of said Ballance Iron in Judd and Insureance orderd as aforesaid I would not have them sent to Embarass my own affairs or stop any Remittance I have or shall make on my own proper Account & of this I desire you will take notice, at the same time if you send the said Goods on the Credit aforesaid and any Ballance should Remain for them I Engage for my self and C^{o} to make you Remittance in Pigg Iron by the first opportunity after Knowledge thereof to Replace the same.

If we make calculations here, (they are uncertain) of any Cost & charges of goods, but I belive these will not Exceed 150^{lb} or thereabout.

I shall Expect that altho the Shop Keepers may be some little time out of their money, that is till can be made of the Iron that yet the goods will be as low as to others and good in kind. Unless you Gentlemen at the head of Trade and the

Shop Keepers in London will so order & conduct with Respect to the Intrest of the People in the Plantations, that they may Live and be supported by their Industry and Remittance it will fall out with ye as it did with the man in the Fable who had a Hen that Laid Golden Eggs.

I wish you all Happiness and am for Self & Comp^{a} in Iron Works . . .

To M^{r} W^{m} Black Mer^{t} London ℘ Capt^{n} Jo^{n} Fearon

Maryland Jan^{ry} 5th 1747

Sir

I desire that by the first good opportunity comeing convenient to Annapolis you will send me Ten Thousand Twenty penny Nails and forty Thousand Ten penny Flatt point Nails Ten Thousand in a Cask as allso Two Thousand half Crown Nails & the Cost place to my Account I will run the risk of these without Insureance . . .

To M^{r} W^{m} Black Merc^{t} In London

Maryland Jan^{ry} 14th 1747

Sir

Of this date I have drawn Lett Bills of Exch^{a} on you payable to Onario Razolini for Seventeen pounds nine shill & Eight pence ster w^{ch} at sixty days sight according to tenner I desire you will pay & place the same to my account . . .

To M^{r} W^{m} Black Merc^{t} in London

Annapolis Jan^{ry} 21st 1747

S^{r}

I take this opportunity by the Bearer Rich^{d} Wilkins to Request the favour that you will Discharge y^{r} Bond to me dated the 20th of Sept^{r} 1740 for one hundred and fifteen Pounds Curr^{t} money and the Interest thereon ariseing to this Time.

The many Accidents I have had by fire and Captures by sea since the Commencement of this War lay me under some difficultys at Present or would not be Urgent with you therefore these Considered I hope you will favour me by Dischargeing the same.

In Case you have not the Current money I will take Bills at the Current Exch^ag I can have of Others or if that Do's not suit you I can get you the money out of the Paper office you giveing security according to the Rules there and which will be at four p^r C^t p^r Annum two p^r C^t Less than you are now Charged with by me. I Request your answer by the Bearer and hope you will Either way oblige . . .

To M^r John Addison

Annapolis Jan^ry 24th 1747

Sir

Observeing by your papers & common Report that your Town in the summer & Fall Seasons is very Sickly, I thought a hint w^ch might be of service would be agreeable to you.

I was one'st there, and if I forget not the Ground is strong Clay, and Land lies Flat a murther swampy place above the Town and a Muddy Gully Runs thro towards the lower part Your streets for the most unpaved w^ch with the dirt that commonly attends where great number of People are, consequently Annoy the Inhabitants.

I was also at the Falls of Schulkil and Conceive that if a proper Quantety of water could be drawn from them Falls along the Meanders of that River on such Grounds as would admit thereof to the Heights above M^r Hamilton's Lodge, or other suitable Position to command the Plane of the Town, And thence so devided as to cleanse any swamps of Gullys therein on concearn Sewers (w^ch should be made) to carry off the Filth from all parts into Delaware, and also distribute into streams thro different Streets and Squares unnecessary uses would greatly contribute to Health, Pleasure and Proffit.

Ye have the means of doing this, and if it be Feasible and reasonable you will Improve thereon. The work need not come up to the Roman Aqueducts, and drains to be usefull those had a begining. I wish you all Happiness & am with great Esteem . . .

To William Allen Esq^r at Philadelphia

Maryland ffeb. 8th 1747

Gent.

Haveing Transmited ye a Bill of Exch^a w^ch with some small Ball^n in your hands has Induced me to draw on you of this date for Six pounds Sixteen shillings Ster payable to Charles Lord Baltimore Value Rec^d of Benj^n Tasker here w^ch Bill I desire you will pay and charge to my Acc^tt . . .

To Mess^rs John Philpott & Co. Merchants in London ℘ Capt Ogle

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Madam

Yesterday I heard that M^r Higgins died and was Buried. You are Sensible his affairs were in a bad state, and that he was Indebted to M^r Carroll and my self very considerably, And allso Engaged to make some Provision for you.

We are very desireous to use our best Endeavours to serve you, and in order thereto I will wait on you at your House if you desire it, and hope you will not be wanting in giveing us the best asistance you can in the case . . .

Annapolis 18th Feb. 1747

To M^rs Mary Higgins

April 18th 1748

M^r Sutton

I will supply M^r Todd with the Iron at Our selling Rate here & if in lieu thereof He sends Rum Sugar and molasses I will sell it for him at the Current Price and take Payment for the said Iron out of the Produce without any Charge of Commission or Storage.

He shall have the Iron when you have an opportunity of sending it and he may send the Rum Sugar and molasses as soon as Convenient I do not think much of six months Credit at any time to the Gentleman.

The Selling Price for our Iron is Thirty five Pounds p^r^ Ton Bils of Credit or twenty three Pounds six shillings & Eight Pence in Gold at five shil & six Pence p^r^ Penny Weight.

To M^r^ Ashburry Sutton

Maryland May 9th 1748

Gent

On the 5th Instant I drew a Sett of Bills of Exchange on ye payable to Charles Carroll Esq^r^ for six pounds Sterling w^ch^ six pounds sterl I desire you will accordingly pay and charge to my account. Inclosed is M^r^ Charles Lukes Bill of Exch^n^ on Joseph Addams for Twenty seven pounds Twelve shill. ster w^ch^ if paid I desire you will place to the Credit of my account or if Protested return accordingly by the first good opportunity.

To Mess^rs^ John Philpott & Co. Merc^t^ in London

Maryland May 10th 1748

Sir

Inclosed is Bill Loading for Forty Ton Pigg Iron in the ship Delight Ambrose Judd master for Acc^tt^ of Benj. Tasker Esq^r^ & Co. The nett proceeds of w^ch^ you are to Carry to the Credit of my Account & Company in Iron Works . . . Respectfully

To M^r^ W^m^ Black Merc^t^ In London

Maryland May 10th 1748

Sir

I have found the rate of Insureançe and Freight so High and Tobacco so low at home that I thought it best to secure some thing than risk being brought in Debt, and therefore sold my Tobacco in the Country before the ariveal of your ships or you may be assured I had put it on Board.

While the great and Excessive charges on our Commodities from hence Continue and no Advance in their Price we must endeavour some other way of liveing, by makeing Linins and Wollens within ourselves and such other necessaries as may in some Measure suply our wants and keep us from the Extreametys of the Weather.

To assure you that I have your Interest much at Heart and have not been Wanting in my advice and recomendation wherein it might avail, and shall upon all ocations continue to be with much truth . . .

To Mr Wm Black Merct In London

Annapolis Maryland May 15th 1748

Sir

If Mr Griffith Inclines to take Pigg Iron delivered at Patapsco River in Maryland He shall be suply'd with very good tough Pigg at the Markett Price and in Exchange I will Endeavour to Promote the sale of His Manufacture in the Copper or Brass way if as cheap as can be had from London otherwise the People will suply from the latter.

For the Present if you will bring in from Him the following things I will take them next Voyage delivered Here at the anex'd Prices with an addition of the current Insureance from Whitehaven to Maryland Viz.

A Copper still with a Crane Neck Head the Copper to contain one Hundred Gallons to be made strong and sufficiently long Cock to be sett in Brick Work A Good Pewter Worm of suitable demensions to such & still well fortified with Pewter

Barrs and strongly made the Copper at fifteen Pence p^r Pound and the Pewter at Ten Pence p^r Pound.

One Good Brewing Copper to be sett in Brick Work to Contain one Hundred Gallons of Good Substance with a Good strong Cock sufficiently long at the same Rate as for Copper Before Two Dozen of small Brass Cocks for Casks, some with Keys to take out. One Dozen Quart Coppper Drinking Pots with Handles. One Dozen Pint D^o. One Dozen Quart Copper sauce pans with long Handles Tinned. One Dozen Pint with D^o.

These later at the Usual Selling Rate of such as from London.

I will as before take these for Tryall and shall be Glad of a line from the Gentleman wherein I can be of mutual Service.

If Pigg Iron in Exchange will Answer I desire also you will Bring me the following Goods to be delivered Here with the Advance of Insureance from Whitehaven here.

One Hogshead of Felt Hatts about six or Eight Dozen from Eight shillings p^r Dozen to sixteen shillings p^r Dozen.

One Peice of green Broad Cloath of about three shillings and six pence p^r yard. One Peice of Red Shalloon of about Eight Pence p^r yard.

One Peice of Colloured Broad Cloath of three shillings and six pence p^r yard. One Peice of Shalloon of Collour to match of Eight Pence p^r yard.

Two Hundred Yards Best Kendall Cotton.

Two Hundred Yards Mauks Cloath.

These two last I am not acquainted with the Rates and doubt not but they will be so Reasonable as to Encourage sending again . . .

To Capt^n Rich^d Parker

P. S. Please to know of M^r Griffith if He can supply me with Pattrens for Casting Iron Pots Kettles and skillets if by y^r next Return I send dimensions & directions and let me know the Rate p^r Pound and what Mettall to be made of.

May 17th 1748

Sir

I have delivered Mr Howard Twenty six Hundred Barr Iron as pr the Inclosed Acctt for Capt. John Williams. I would come as near an Exact sume and as low as possible so as to get our stated price for the Iron that is what may amount to Seventeen pounds Ten Shs Ster. ꝑ Ton.

I have Credited this account with the Pistoles at thirty Three Shillings Each wch is more than I told you. And I will sell the Iron at Twenty five pounds in Whole Gold or Silver ꝑ Ton.

This is the nearest I can go at present & shall gladly suply Mr Williams at six months Credit if he desires with any sorts of Iron and if he will but send his directions before hand for any pticular kind of Iron it shall be drawn to his size.

To Coll Robert King

Maryland June 5th 1748

Gentleman

Inclosed are the Undernoted Bills of Excha amo to £172.. 19.. 3¾ wch I request you will negotiate but if Protested Return to me by the first opertunity . . .

To Richard Parker on Gabriel Griffith Merct at White haven payable to Mathias Gale	100.. 7.. 0
To Ralph Falkner on Llyde & Cooper Merchants at Bristole	24.. 12.. 3¾
To George Rock on Ralph Vernon at Jas Crosleies Liverpool	48
	£172.. 19.. 3¾

To Messrs John Philpott & Compa Merchants In London

Maryland June 20th 1748

Sr

Inclosed are the undernoted Bills of Excha amg to thirty Pounds wch when Paid I desire you will Pass to the Credit of my Acct or if Protested return by the first Good Opportunity . . .

To William Smith on Rockliff & Williams	£10.. —.. —
To Jon Gassoway Larnar & Philpott	12.. —.. —
To Margrett Hopkinson Jos. Addams	8.. —.. —
	£30.. —.. —

To Mr Wm Black Mercht London

Annapolis July 8th 1748

Sir

Inclosed is George Manlasters Bond to Benja Tasker Esqr & Co for £70 & Interest. Our charges in makeing Iron is Great, & when we give Credit we Exppect Returns this has been long due Our Workmen are Hungary will not Trust us.

Pray Endeavour to secure it first by the Easiest means if that will no do use those wch you judge most convenient for the Interest of the Gentlemen concearned . . .

To Mr Rt Jenkiens Henry pr Favr of Mr Lambden wch was Recd ꝑ Mr Henry as he told me

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Annapolis in Maryland July 9th 1748

Sir

I Received yours dated 30th May last pr Mr Cummings and shall be glad of a correspondence that may turn to our mutual Advantage.

I communicated your Letter to the Gentlemen concerned in Iron Works with me they are very willing to suply you with what Barr Iron you may want at Six months Credit but you being a stranger to them and Remote they would first desire to have a Letter of Credit from some of the Gentlemen of your Place who Trade this way as Mess^{rs} Thomas Cushion & Thomas Hutchinson Merchants in your Town.

The Selling price of our Barr Iron is Thirty five pounds p^{r} Ton this Currency or in Bills at the Current Exch^{a} given.

Our prospect for Corn is here pretty good but short in Crops of Wheat, Tobacco our Staple commodity will not be so plenty or cheap as other years tho sufficient may be had for your Trade I doubt not at Easie Terms. Rum Sugar & molases are never failing commodities here to raise Money and purchase the products afores^{d} some of your own Joynery Turnery & Coopers ware, allso answer, Potts will sell tho we have much Iron we do not fall into Casting potts skilletts or such kind we have neither the Industry or number of People to Create it w^{ch} you have in your Colony to w^{ch} as well as to your self I wish all Happiness . . .

To M^{r} Edmond Quincy Merchant in Boston

Maryland July 24th 1748

Sir

In your acc^{t} Current dated the 20th of January last you charge me Insureance on the Speedwell Creagh & Frances & Elisabeth Beck 25 p^{r} Cent on 470 Com^{n} & Policy £120.. 6.. 0 Whereas I do not find that others charge so Largely nor your self in other ships more than 20 guineas p^{r} Cent Com^{n} & Policy and yet these Two Ships departed with Convoy home and arived at Home with the same, as I wrote you they would in my Letter requesting you to make the Insureance dated Maryland March 21st 1746.

This being a Large charge and more than useual and Especialy as the ships sailed with Convoy. I take it to be a mistake therefore hope you will rectifie it by Crediting me with what is overcharged.

There will many ships go home Dead Freighted as there is not Tobacco or the People do not Incline to ship it's certain the Freights & charges no way Encourage to Expect any thing for the Produce of our Labour.

I am in full hopes to have the above Articles moderated . . .

Annapolis in Maryland Sept. 9th 1748

S^{r}

This day I Rec^{d} the favour of Y^{rs} Dated London the first of May last and Embrace this first opportunity of acknowledgeing the same with an assureance of the Pleasure I have in Hearing the Health of a Gentleman of my Name and so Nearly Related in famyly tho by the Destiny and Revolution of Time and states separated from our Native soil where our Predecessors time immemorial Inherited both ample Estates and Honours. Nothing more Contributes (next to Christian Patience) to alleviate my concerns for such misfortunes, than the Consideration that the Macedonian and Roman Empires are no more, that the Grecian States with many more within the Compass of Europe have been overturned. I therefore Comfort my self and Endeavour to get a Livelyhood in this wild Part of the Globe. I have not had the Pleasure of seeing either of Y^{r} Nephews or hearing of, or from them; and I can not say, but I am glad they have chose to fix at S^{t} Christophers rather than here by Reason I think that or other west India Islands are the most Probable Places for Young Gentlemen to get into Business and make something of a fortune; I assure you if I were Young and had not the Charge of a Famely and an Intrest, w^{ch} I can not get Rid of I would not stay here. My Brother John some Years ago had resolved to go to the West Indies, Spanish Islands, and main; and in his Passige with other Gentlemen from Barbadoes to Anteago the Vessell and all were Lost, w^{ch} Leaves me the onely son of the Famely you mention but by this I do not Expect to Inherit Clanlisk, Ballibrit, Leap, Castle Town, or any other Part or a Foot in Ely O'Carroll. Transplantations sequestrations, Acts of Settlement, Explanations, Infamous Informations for Loyalty &

other Evils forbid. It will be a singular Pleasure to me at all times to hear from you and y^{r} Health and Happyness and that of all y^{r} Famely to which I sincerely wish the same. Any Letters Directed for me here and left under Cover for M^{rss} John Philpot & Company Merchants in London at the Virginia & Maryland Coffee House near the Exchange will come safe. If I hear anything of y^{r} nephews shall not fail to acquaint you.

To The Hon^{ble} M^{r} Daniel O'Carroll at Saint James's Coffee House London

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FAMILY BIBLE OF HARRY DORSEY GOUGH CARROLL*

(1793–1866)

Harry Dorsey Gough, son of Thomas and Sophia Gough, was born January 28, 1745, at five minutes after six o'c. p. m.; was married to Prudence Carnan May 2, 1771. He departed this life May 8, 1808.

Prudence Carnan, daughter of John and Achsah Carnan, born January 16, 1755.

Charles Ridgely Carnan, son of John and Achsah, born December 6, 1762; married to Priscilla Dorsey, October 17, 1782.

Priscilla Dorsey, daughter of Caleb and Priscilla Dorsey, born July 12, 1762. Mrs. Priscilla Ridgely departed this life April 30, 1814.

James Maccubbin, son of Nicholas and Mary Clare, was born December 1762; married to Sophia Gough in December 1787.

James Maccubbin above mentioned was born in the year 1761, December 8. [Last entry interlined and signed James Carroll, January 21, 1827].

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* Harry Dorsey Gough Carroll was buried from St. Paul's Church, Baltimore, January 9, 1866.

Sophia Gough, daughter of Harry D. Gough and Prudence his wife, was born August 2, 1772.

Mrs. Sophia Carroll departed this life December 11, 1816.

Mrs. Margaret Carroll departed this life March 14, 1817, aged 76 years. [Wife of Charles Carroll, Barrister].

John Gough Carroll, son of James and Sophia Carroll, died August 2, 1817, half past three o'clock a. m., aged 6 years 11 months and 25 days.

Charles Ridgely Junior of Hampt., died at Epsom Saturday June 19, 1819, aged 35 years 10 mo. He died at half past nine o'clock p. m.

Mrs. Prudence Gough died at Baltimore 23 June 1822, 10 o'clock p. m., aged 66 years.

Died at Hampton October 2, 1822, at half past three o'clock p. m. Mrs. Prudence Gough Ridgely. She was born October 15, 1795.

Died at Baltimore April 18, 1828, Mrs. James Howard, aged 27 years.

Died at Baltimore July 17, 1829, General Charles Ridgely of Hampton, in the 69th year of his age.

Departed this life in Balto. Friday 27th January 1832, at 9 o'clock p. m. James Carroll aged 70 years 1 month and 19 days.

Died at Baltimore, April 11, 1834, Eliza Onion aged 79 years 5 months and 10 days.

Died at Balto. August 7, 1841, Mrs. Achsah Carroll aged 49 years.

Harry Dorsey Gough Carroll, son of James and Sophia Carroll, born April 4, 1793.

Eliza Ridgely, daughter of Charles and Priscilla Ridgely, born May 24, 1797.

Harry D. G. Carroll was married to Eliza Ridgely, January 19, 1815. [He died

Priscilla Ridgely Carroll, daughter of Harry D. G. Carroll and Eliza his wife, was born April 5, 1816, at 1 o'clock a. m., in North Gay Street.

Charles Ridgely Carroll, son of Harry D. G. and Eliza Carroll, was born Tuesday May 20, 1817, at 10 minutes before 7 o'clock a. m. in Holliday St.

Harry Dorsey Gough Carroll, son of Harry D. G. Carroll and Eliza his wife, was born on Saturday February 27, 1819, at 20 minutes before 2 o'clock a. m. in Front Street, O. T.

Prudence Gough Carroll, daughter of H. D. G. Carroll and Eliza his wife, was born in South Frederick Street, Baltimore, on Thursday, 21 December 1820, at 10 minutes before 4 o'clock a. m.

James Clare Carroll, son of Harry D. G. and Eliza Carroll, was born in Frederick Street, Baltimore, on Thursday may 1st, 1823, five minutes past 1 o'clock p. m.

Eliza Carroll, daughter of Harry D. G. and Eliza Carroll, was born in Frederick Street, Baltimore, on Wednesday September 7, 1825, fifteen minutes past 7 o'clock p. m.

Harry D. G. Carroll, son of Harry D. G. Carroll and Eliza Ridgely, died July 12, 1882, aged 63, No. 90 W. Monument St., Baltimore.

Priscilla Ridgely Carroll, died Thursday March 22, 1821, aged 4 years 11 months and 17 days.

Charles Ridgely Carroll, died Tuesday May 29, 1821, aged 4 years and 8 days.

Prudence G. Carroll, died on Monday July 18, 1825, aged 4 years, 6 months, and 27 days.

Eliza Carroll, died at Perry Hall, Wednesday August 2, 1826, aged 10 months and 25 days.

My beloved wife Eliza Carroll, departed this life Wednesday 12 of August 1828, at 9 o'clock p. m., aged 31 years 2 months and 19 days.

James C. Carroll, died December 19, 1834, aged 10 years 7 months and 18 days.

(On loose sheets pinned in the Bible are the following records.)

James Carroll, son of James Carroll and Achsah Ridgely, died April 20, 1887, at 3.15 p. m., 70 years old on February 23.

Mary Wethered Ludlow (Carroll), daughter of Robert C. Ludlow and Anne C. Wethered, died 31st August, 1888, 70 years.

Harry D. G. Carroll, died on Friday March 2, 1888, aged 36 years and 4 months.

MARYLAND RENT ROLLS.

[Continued from Vol. XXII, No. 3, September, 1927.]

Anne Arundel Co.

Daborns Inheritance

250 A: Sur: 27: Aug: 1668 for Tho: Daborn in Herr. Creek Swamp in the main bra: of broad creek This Land was Res^d^ for the sd. Daborn 29^th^ May 1673 & then added to it 300 A. at new Rent (the other 250 A. being old Rent) makes the whole 550 A. at	—.. 17.. —
Poss^r^ John Carr.	£ 3.. 7.. —

Chandlers Grove

100 A: Sur. 31. Mar: 1664 for Tho. Chandler to the west of Herr. Creek	—.. 2.. —
Poss^r^ John Whipps.	£ 3.. 9.. —

Prestons Enlargement^{t}

65 A: Sur: 1st June 1669 for John Welch at a bounded tree of the Land called Burrages End, rent —.. 1.. 3½
Poss^{r} Robert Welch.

Bedworth's Addition

52 A: Sur: 27th Feb. 1671 for Rich^{d} Bedworth on the north side of a bra: of Lyons Creek rent —.. 1.. 0½
Poss^{r} John Thornbury.

Addition

95 A: Sur: 6. March 1671 for Fran: Holland at a bounded White Oak of the Land called Wells & Herring Creek Road rent —.. 3.. 10
Poss^{r} Coll. W^{m} Holland in Right of his wife the sister of Francis son of the s^{d} Fra: Holl^{d}.

Knockers Hall in W. R. H.

C. Knockers Hall 30a sur 18 ffeb 1671 for ffra Landry in y^{e} swamp Poss^{r} Tho Carr. 0-1.

Portland Landing

200 A: Sur: 17: May 1672 for Jerom White Esq^{r} on the westward of Portland Mann^{r} rent —.. 4.. —
This Land was sold to his Lords^{p} who granted the same to Coll. Hen: Darnall 6th Aug^{t} 1700 & he is now poss^{r} thereof.

The Freindship

50 A: Sur: 20th June 1673 for W^{m} Andrews & Tho: Parsons at a bounded tree of Armiger Greenwood & pattented in the name of the said Parsons he being the surviv^{r} Rent —.. 2.. —
Poss^{r} Benj. Capell.

Papa Ridge

155 A: Sur: 13th July 1673 for Edw^{d} Parish in Herring Creek Swamp rent —.. 6.. 2

Poss^{rs} 105 Wid^{o} Hurst
50 Mordica Price
155

Papa's Chance

45 A: Sur: 20 Decemb. 1677 for Rob: Paca in
Herring Creek Bay. rent —.. 1.. 9½
Poss^{r} Sam: Chew Jun^{r}.
C. Paca's Chain.

Hollands Range

120 A: Sur: 12 July 1677 for Anth^{o} Holland in
Herr: Creek Swamp at a bounded tree of the Land
of Armiger Greenwood. Rent —.. 4.. 9½

Poss^{r} Benj^{a} Holland. £ 1.. 4.. 11

Mavorn Hills

50 A: sur: 12th March 1678 for W^{m} Tuckbury in
the woods to the westward of the Land called
Jerichoe —.. 2.. —
Poss^{r} Charles Hyat of Prin: Geo: Co.

Govers Venture

295 A: Sur: 31 Aug^{t} 1678 for Robert Gover at a
bounded tree of Broughton Ashly Rent —.. 11.. 9½
Poss^{r} John Ward for Rob. Gover's Orp^{n}.

Fords Folly

170 A. Sur. 2^{d} Sept. 1675 for Thomas Ford on the
North of Herring Creek beaver dam rent —.. 6.. 10¼
Poss^{r} Francis Moore for Ja: Fords Orp^{n}.

Hollowayes Everease

54 A: Sur: 15th Sep: 1675 for Oliver Holloway
on Gotts Creek & running west wth Gotts Land
This Land is Esch^{t} for want of Heirs of Holloway.

The Guift

179 A: Sur: 15th Sep: 1675 for Wm Collier on Gotts Creek at the end of the west line of Pascall Chance, Rt. —.. 7.. 1¾

C. The Gift. Possr Robt Franklin.

Devoyrs Range

220 A: Sur: 24th Augt 1675 for Richd Devoir on the north of the Land called Hunts Chance, rent —.. 8.. 9½
Possrs Henry Archers Orphans

C. Devoirs range.

Turkey Island

33 A: Sur: 15th Sep: 1675 for Abell Hill at the Northermost bounds of Paschalls chance, Rent —.. 1.. 3¾
Possrs 16½ Abell Hills Orpn
16½ Goldsborrough's Orpn
———
33
———

C. David Jones for Goldsboroughs orpn.

Robert's Luck

24 A: Sur: 10th 9ber 1676 for Rob. Franklyn Junr near the mouth of Herring Creek Swamp at a bod tree of the Land of Wm Collier, Rent —.. —.. 11½
Possr Robert Franklyn.

Gullocks Folly

85 A: Sur: 11th Sep: 1678 for Tho. Gullock between Herring Creek & Puttuxent Rivr near Birckheads Chance, Rent —.. 3.. 5
Possrs 42½ Wm Gilborn ———
42½ Joseph Owen £ 2.. 2.. 3¼
———
85

Birckhead's Adventure

420 A: Sur. 12th Octobr 1678 for Abra: Birckhead on the North side the main bra: of Lyons Creek at a bod tree of W & S line of John Gramar 250 A: of this Land is pretended to be taken away by a survey of Richd Harrisons, wherefore there is not more paid for but 170 A as pt of this Tract (but I doubt of this) at the Rent. —.. 5.. 5
Possr Josias Towgood for Rd Purnells Orpn.

Emerton's Addition

20 A: Sur: 17th June 1679 for Humphry Emerton upon the main bra: of Lyon's Creek. Rent —.. —.. 9¾
Possr Daniell Robertson.

Emerton's Range

130 A: Sur: 17th June 1679 for Humphry Emerton on the west of Francis Hollands Land Rent —.. 5.. 2½
Possrs 80 A: Sam. Gover
50 A: John Griffin

130

Gover's Ferrin

419 A: Sur. 12. July 1679 for Robert Gover at a bod Oak in the west line of Broughton Ashly —.. 16.. 6
Possrs 209 A. Ephraim Gover
209½ A. Sam. Gover

419

Conant's Chance

25 A: Sur: 2d Janry 1679 for Rob: Conant by the side of Herring Creek bay on the North bounds of Sylvereton. Rent —.. 1.. —
Possr Coll. Wm Holland.

Knighton's Purchase

197 A: Sur: 3d Janry 1679 for Tho: Knighton
about 3 miles to the west of Herr. Cre: bay. Rent —.. 7.. 11
Possrs 98½ A: Sam: Gover
98½ A: Rob. Wood

197

Purnells Angle

140 A: Sur: 24th Feb. 1679 for Tho: Purnell at
a Mr Red Birch tree by the side of the main branch
of Lyon's Creek. Rent —.. 5.. 9

Possr Josias Towgood for Purnells Orpn £ 2.. 2.. 7¼

Spencers Search

17½ A. Sur: 5th Mrch 1679 for John Spencer at
a bounded tree of the Land called Ayres on the N W
corner thereof. Rent —.. —.. 8
Possr James Lee for John Wilson's Orpns.

Gadds Hill

140 A. Sur. 6th March 1679 for John Hall on the
south of Marshes Seat. Rent —.. 5.. 7
Possr John Hall of Baltemore Co.
300 A. Sur: 20th xber 1677 for Robert Paca, the same being part of the Land called Carter & is the same now charged to Sam: Chew Junr in page the first.

Eagles Nest

40 A. Sur. 29th Mrch 1679 for Nich: Gross upon
Herring Creek bay Rent —.. 1.. 7
Possr Morgan Jones.

Hillington

50 A. Sur: 26 July 1676 for Abell Hill on the
west side of Dinah Fords Beaver dam. Rent —.. 2.. —
Possr Abell Hill.

Lords County

201 A: Sur: 16: Janry 1682 for Nath: Smith, this is layd out as Surplus Land to the Land of John Burrage. Rent —.. 8.. 0½

C. Possr Thos Tench Esqr for James Rigbys orpn.

Birckhead's Mill

100 A. Sur: 5th Augt 1682 for Abr: Birckhead on the main bra: of Lyons Creek Rent R.. 4.. —
Possr Abraham Birckhead.

Thornburyes Addition

16 A: Sur. 5th Aug. 1682 for Richd Bedworth near Thornburyes Addition Rent —.. —.. 8
Possr Tho: Tench Esqr.

Locust Neck

50 A: Sur: 18th May 1670 for Edwd Parish in Herring Creek Swamp
This Land was sold by Edwd Parish 18 A: to Antho: Holland, the rest to Rob: Lockwood who sold to Theodorus Young & Robt Phillips, Mitley Marry'd Young's widow in whose right he had the Moyety of the sd rema pt & Phillips left to one Price who gave or sold it to Mord. Price's Brother of whom Mord: Price has the other Moyety of the sd rema pt. These are both Resurvd & Separately Entred in page the 16.

Truswell

30 A: Sur: 14th May 1683 For Theod: Young & Robert Phillips in Herring Creek Swamp This Land from Young & Phillips is under the same circumstance as pt of Locust Neck is from them & with the same is resurvd & entred in page the 16:

Range

211 A: Sur: 2d July 1684 for George Burges near Birckheads Chance at a bounded tree by Pattuxent River vide assigned to George Yate. George Yate's heir lives in Baltemore County but this is supposed to be a mistaken survey of his, for noe pson claims it.

Birckhead's Right

66 A: Sur: 27th May 1684 for Abra: Birckhead adjoyning to his Land of Birckheads chance } —.. 2.. 8
Possr Abra: Birckhead.

The Vale of Pleasure

46 A: Sur: 13 Nov. 1684: for Tho: Gullock at a bod tree in the Line of Birckheads Chance —.. 1.. 10¾
Possrs 23 A: Jos. Owens
23 A: Wm Gilburn

———

46

———

James's Fancy

55 A: Sur: 15 Nov. 1684 for John James at a bounded tree of Birckheads Chance. Rent —.. 2.. 2½
Possr.

C. Possr James Wilson. Q. if not escheat.

Talbots Search

50 A. Sur: 8th Aprill 1687 for Roger Bishop near the branches of Lyons Creek. Rent
This was held by John Battee but he affirms that it is Resurd into the Ridge Mannr.

Talbots Lane

44 A. Sur: 8th Aprill 1687 for Roger Bishop in the woods near the branches of Lyons Creek —.. 1.. 9½
Possr John Battee.

Harrison's Lot

13 A. Sur. 20 Sep: 1687 for Rich^{d} Harrison near
Herring Creek. Rent —.. —.. 6¼
Poss^{r} Rich^{d} Harrison.

£—.. 9.. —¾

Holland's Addition

47 A: Sur. 16 Octob 1687 for Fran: Holland
lying near Herring Creek. Rent —.. 1.. 10½
Poss^{r} Coll W^{m} Holland in right of his wife the
sister of Francis Holland the son.

Long Lane

22 A: Sur: 14 Sep: 1698 for Coll Henry Darnall
on the south side Portland Mann^{r} Rent —.. —.. 11
Poss^{r} John Battee.

Battie's Purchase

53 A: Sur: 14: Sept. 1698 for Coll Henry Darnall
on the south side of Portland Mann^{r} Rent —.. 2.. 1½
Poss^{r} John Battie.

Wrighton

1.. 8.. 7

C. Resurv^{d} Nov^{r} 12, 1684 for Nicholas Terratt & then fo^{d} to be 715a. Poss^{rs} 515a W^{m} Lydall for Nich. Terratt's orp^{n} 50a Joseph Owens 150 Jeremy Chapman.

Mitleys Purchase

121 A: Sur: 3^{d} Octob^{r} 1698 for Xtop Mitley &
Eliz^{a} his wife the Relict of Theod: Young the
same being a Resurvey of the moyety of remaing
pt of Locust Neck entred in page 14 & the moyety
of Truswell entred in page 15, the which lying
together upon a Res: was found to be 121 A: Rent —.. 4.. 10
Poss^{r} Thomas Harris in right of Mitleys widow.

Locust Neck

116 A: Sur: for Mordica Price & is what was found in the other moyety of the sd Rema pt of Locust Neck entred in pa: 14 & of Truswell in page 15. Rent —.. 4.. 7¾

18 A: the same being that sold first out of Locust Neck as in page 14. Rent —.. —.. 8¾

Possrs 116 Mor: Price in his own right
18 ditto Price for Anth: Hollands Orp:

Govers Hills

70 A: Sur: 1 Sep: 1679 for Rob: Gover joyning to Wells Hills Rent —.. 2.. 9¾

Possr John Bowen.

2.. 6.. 6¼

Lott

50 A: Sur: 1st Mar: 1702 for Josias Towgood on the no: side Lyons Creek at the Southermost Beach of Gramars Chance. Rent —.. 2.. —

Possr Jos. Towgood.

Harrison's Enlargement to Gramars Chance

425 A: Sur: 3 June 1699 for Rd Harrison joyning to the Land of Gramars Chance. Rent —.. 17.. —

Possrs 325 A: Rd Harrison
100 A: Jos. Towgood for Richd Purnell an Orphan.
425

Heath's Purchase

32 A: Sur: 10th Aprill 1705 for James Heath lying along the head of Pascall's purchase & between that & Burrages End. Rent —.. 1.. 3½

Possrs 19½ A: James Heath
12½ A: John Wilson
32

C. Possrs 5a James Heath. 27a John Wilson.

Fish Pond

58 A: Sur: 4th Xber 1704 for Tho: Tench Esqr at a bod Poplar in the south line of Burra End.
Rent —.. 2.. 4
Possr Tho: Tench Esqr.

Heath's Landing

138 A: Res: 1st Mar: 1705 for James Heath & granted by Patt: of Confirma to him, the same haveing pt of Pascalls Purchase & the Surplus thereto belonging entred in page 8th Rent —.. 2.. 9¼
Possr James Heath.

Marshes Seat

150 A: Sur: 24th Octob. 1651 for Tho: March on the west side of Herring Creek near the west Cre: This Land pattented in the name of John Hall —.. 3.. —
Possr Christop Vernon.
memd this should have been the first tract entred in this Hundrd.

Oblong

70 A: Sur: 5th Mrch 1679 for Nicho Ncholson assid George Holland at a bod Hiccory of Hunts Hills Rt —.. 2.. 10
Possr Sam: Chew Junr.

1.. 11.. 2¾

Quick Sale

300 A: Sur: 20th Octob. 1663 for John Burage to the westward of Birckheads pcell Rent —.. 6.. —
Possr Abra: Birckhead.

Oblong

(entred before)
70 A: Sur: 5th Mrch 1679 for Nicholas Nicholson & Assigned Geo: Holland at a bod tree of Hunts Hills —.. 2.. 9¾

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SOCIETY.

May 9, 1927.—The regular meeting of the Society was held tonight at its rooms with the President in the chair.

In the absence of Mr. Geo. L. Radcliffe, Recording Secretary, Dr. James D. Iglehart acted in that capacity.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

A list of the donations made to the Library and Gallery was read.

The following persons, previously nominated, were elected to Active membership:

Dr. Caleb Dorsey, Jr.
Mrs. Edward Guest Gibson
Ralph Bolgiano
Mrs. Edward E. MacKenzie
Martin Lehmayer
Walter R. Kirkman
Dr. R. W. B. Mayo
Mrs. Edith Bolgiano
Temple N. Joyce

and to Associate Membership:

John Donaldson
Harry Alexander Davis

A note from Mrs. H. Irvine Keyser was read, expressing her thanks and appreciation for the flowers which the Society sent to her in remembrance of the date (May 7th) of the death of Mr. Keyser.

Vice-President Riggs was recognized by the Chair, and read a letter from George M. Shriver, 1st Vice-President of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, presenting to the Society on behalf of the Company, one of the Centenary Medallions struck off to commemorate the One-Hundredth Anniversary of the granting to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad of its Charter, by the State of Maryland, on February 28th, 1927. It was

"*Resolved,* that the thanks of the Society be extended to George M. Shriver, First Vice-President of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, for his consideration in presenting to the Society, through Vice-President Clinton L. Riggs, one of the handsome Medallions struck in commemoration of the One-Hundredth Anniversary of the corporate existence of the Company.

Mr. Richard M. Duvall was recognized by the Chair and presented to the Society on behalf of Miss Frances Louise Thomson, a miniature painted by her, of the late Admiral Winfield Scott Schley. This miniature was given as a memorial of Admiral Schley and his sister the late Mrs. Parks Fisher. It was

"*Resolved,* that the thanks of the Society be extended to Miss Frances Louise Thomson for a miniature painted by her, of Admiral Winfield Scott Schley, and which was presented through Richard M. Duvall, Esquire, and accepted as a memorial of Admiral Schley and of his sister Mrs. Parks Fisher.

Mr. Duvall also presented for Mrs. Edward Shoemaker a book of "American War Songs" published by the National Society Colonial Dames of America. It was

"*Resolved,* that the thanks of the Society be extended to Mrs. Edward Shoemaker for a copy of "American War Songs," published by the National Society Colonial Dames of America, and which she was kind enough to present to the Society through Richard M. Duvall, Esquire.

The following deaths were reported from among our members:

Miss Catherine M. McLane, April 12th, 1927.
J. Appleton Wilson, April 17th, 1927.
Mrs. Joseph I. France, April 22nd, 1927.
Mrs. Elizabeth Hite, April 28th, 1927.
Key Compton, May 5th, 1927.

Vice-President Riggs was recognized by the Chair and presented the following resolution:

"*Resolved;* Mr. J. Appleton Wilson, whose death occurred on April 17th last, had been since April 10th, 1893, and, therefore, for thirty-four years, an active member of this Society.

"For the past six years, since February 14th, 1921, he was its Corresponding Secretary.

"The Society always had his sincere affection, and its interests, his unremitting attention; even when failing health had rendered his conscientious discharge of official duties an ever increasing burden.

"The Society takes this method of expressing its sincere regret for the loss of an Officer, upon whose loyalty it never called in vain; of a Scholar, whose fund of historical information seemed almost inexhaustible; of a Gentleman, by whom it was at all times adequately and becomingly represented; and of a Friend, whom its members mourn with the sincere sorrow of personal loss."

In placing the Resolution before the Society, the Chair briefly expressed the just affection borne by the Society for Mr. Wilson, and noted especially the high esteem in which he was held by the Staff of the Society with whom he was for so long in daily association.

The Resolution was then seconded and unanimously carried; and it was resolved that it be spread upon the Minutes of the Society and a copy sent to the family of the late Mr. Wilson.

It was stated that the Charles County Record Book had been restored and reproduced by photostat, and was now ready to be returned to the Clerk of the Court of Charles County. The presentation will be made in the autumn, when the County Officers will be present to receive it. It was stated that the South River Club Minute Book has also been repaired and reproduced by photostat. All the work was in both instances done in the Society's Building.

John L. Sanford, Esquire, Chairman of the Committee on Addresses, read a paper on "Magna Carta."

On motion by Mr. Duvall a vote of thanks was extended to Mr. Sanford for his most interesting paper.

June 30, 1927.—A Special Meeting of this Society was held tonight. In the absence of President Harris and the Vice-Presidents, Mr. George L. Radcliffe, Recording Secretary, was in the chair.

The Society had as its guest the Eastern Shore Society of Baltimore City.

The Secretary announced that the only formal business would be the nominations and election of members.

The following persons, previously nominated, for Active Membership were elected:

Mrs. Charles S. Woodruff,
Mrs. Henry T. Matthews,
Miss Helen Murphy,
Mrs. Lewis M. Hayden,
Clement F. Butterfield.

and to Associate Membership:

Mrs. C. H. Baker,
Mrs. Alfred H. Renshaw,
Mrs. George Hillyer, Jr.
Henry C. Shurtleff, M. D.

Mr. Radcliffe presiding for the Society welcomed the Eastern Shore Society guests and spoke of the honor it was for the Maryland Historical Society to have them present. He then introduced Mr. James W. Chapman, President of the Eastern Shore Society of Baltimore City. President Chapman, on behalf of his Society, spoke of the appreciation of this privilege.

Mr. George L. Radcliffe, Chairman of the Historical Essay Contest of the Eastern Shore Society, introduced the winners of each county of the Shore and presented to each a prize of twenty dollars in gold; and a gold bar pin was awarded to the one whose essay was considered as the best from the entire Eastern Shore.

Mr. John H. K. Shannahan was then introduced and read a very interesting paper on the Literature of the Eastern Shore.

In the course of the program Mr. Max Miller, a student of the Baltimore City College, gave a cello solo.

Mr. Radcliffe extended an invitation to the guests to view the historical exhibits of this Society.

Music was furnished during the evening and refreshments were served by the Eastern Shore Society.

October 10, 1927.—The regular meeting of the Society was held tonight at its Home with the President in the Chair.

About seventy-five members and guests were present.

The minutes of the last monthly meeting held on May 9th, and of the special meeting held on June 30th, were read and approved.

A list of donations made to the Library and Gallery was read. Special attention was called to the very interesting old prints which were found on sheet music included in these donations.

A letter was read from Mrs. J. Appleton Wilson and her daughter, Miss Virginia A. Wilson, expressing their appreciation of the minute adopted by the Society at its meeting of May 9th, in reference to Mr. Wilson's death.

The following persons, previously nominated, were elected to Active Membership:

John K. Shaw, Jr.,
Charles Stewart Chesney,
Dr. Dudley Pleasants Bowe,
Miss Roberta Chesney,
Mrs. Edwin Arthur Canterbury,
Dr. Francis C. Nicholas,
Henry J. Fickus.

The following deaths were reported from among our members:

Mrs. Geo. Washington (Margaret Roberts) Hodges,
May 14th, 1927.

Rev. Benjamin T. Hynson, May 20th, 1927.
Miss Elizabeth Lee Collins, May 15th, 1927.
Mrs. Samuel E. D. Stuart, June 2nd, 1927.
T. McKean Meire, June 16th, 1927.
Augustine J. Ryan, June 28th, 1927.
Miss Ann E. H. Boyle, July 11th, 1927.
Dr. Henry M. Hurd, July 19th, 1927.
Howard Sill, July 22nd, 1927.
William M. Hayden, August 23rd, 1927.
Thomas McKenzie, September 7th, 1927.
Edwin L. Turnbull, September 22nd, 1927.
J. Swan Frick, September 26th, 1927.
Charles O. Scull, October 3rd, 1927.

Professor Raphael Semmes of the University of Virginia read a paper on "Economic Beginnings of Maryland."

Upon motion of Mr. Sanford, a vote of thanks was unanimously given to Professor Semmes for his most interesting paper.

November 14, 1927.—The regular meeting of the Society was held tonight at its rooms with the President in the Chair.

The following persons, previously nominated, were elected to Active Membership:

John H. Skeen
Daniel T. Hanley
Herbert C. Aiken
Edward Guest Gibson
Dr. T. Howard Fowler
Mrs. Kenneth O. Munroe
Mrs. Roger R. Ricker
Mrs. A. P. Badger
Miss L. A. Weedon
Dr. Fannie E. Hoopes

and to Associate Membership:

Clement H. Congdon
Mrs. Isadore Rayner
Mrs. John E. Cochran
Miss Agnes Z. Carpenter
Miss Betty DuVal Baker

Mr. George Harvey Davis was elected to Life Membership.

The President called attention to the new lighting system in the library and expressed his wish that it would meet with the approval of the members.

It was stated that the Society had been represented by President Harris at a dinner given at the Hammond House in Annapolis, upon the invitation of Dr. James Bordley, Jr.; and by the request of the President of this Society Dr. Bordley has consented to address the Society, at its meeting to be held in December, upon the history of the Hammond House.

The President stated that it had been brought to his attention by Mr. Wm. J. McClellan, that 1929 will mark the 200th Anniversary of the Founding of the City of Baltimore. It has been suggested that the Society take such part as would be fitting in this celebration.

Mr. Thomas Foley Hiskey moved:

That, a Special Committee consisting of the Vice-Presidents of the Society be, and it is constituted with power to enlarge its number, to confer with the Municipal authorities concerning the advisability of some formal recognition of the approaching two hundredth anniversary of the Founding of the City of Baltimore, and the part which might properly be taken by the Maryland Historical Society in such formal recognition if it be taken.

Mr. William L. Marbury offered the following amendment to the motion:

That, the Special Committee consisting of the Vice-Presidents of the Society, after conferring with the Municipal authorities, report back to this Society the plans and suggestions of said Committee.

The amendment was accepted and the motion then duly passed.

Mr. Louis H. Dielman was recognized by the Chair and presented on behalf of the Publication Committee Vol. 45 of the Archives of Maryland, being "Journal and Correspondence of the State Council 1780-81"; which should have been issued last year but was delayed on account of the death of Bernard C. Steiner, Editor. He stated that a great deal of credit was due to Dr. J. Hall Pleasants, editor, of this volume, assisted by Miss Carolina V. Davison and Charles Fickus, who read the proof with the original manuscript and prepared the index.

Judge Walter I. Dawkins presented to the Society a check for $4,000.00 from the estate of the late Mrs. Elizabeth C. Hite, which was left by Mrs. Hite to complete the gift of $10,000.00 which her husband had intended to give to this Society.

Mr. George L. Radcliffe presented the following motion:

Whereas, The Maryland Historical Society is keenly interested in historic buildings in the State,

Whereas, no one of the United States is more fortunate than Maryland in the possession of houses representing very valuable types of colonial architecture,

And, Whereas, the management of St. John's College has acquired the Hammond House in Annapolis, Maryland and certain other Colonial buildings there, and is making arrangements for their preservation and use,

Now, Therefore, be it, and it is hereby resolved, that the Maryland Historical Society notes with pleasure these activities of the management of St. John's College, Annapolis, and hereby expresses its interest in, and appreciation of what has been done in the matter.

The above motion was seconded by Judge Dawkins and unanimously carried, with directions that the Secretary transmit a copy of same to the President of St. John's College.

Judge Walter I. Dawkins was then introduced as the speaker of the evening and read a paper entitled "Baltimore in Ireland."

NOTES.

In the note on the Muster roll of Capt. Thomas Price's co., published in the September issue of this *Magazine,* page 275, it is stated that "the personnel of Captain Cresap's co., has appeared in print." This is an error. The names of the *officers* of this company have been printed in Scharf's "Western Maryland," but no muster roll has as yet come to light.—[EDITOR.]

Numbers one and two of Volume 21 of this *Magazine* are "out of print." Any member of the Society who has these issues for which he has no further use, will confer a favor by returning them to the Society.

Winston of Virginia, and allied families, compiled and edited by Clayton Torrence. Richmond, 1927.

This is a genealogy of unusual interest and one that has been exceedingly well done. It contains genealogical tables of the ancestry of Ann Lovelace, Ancestry of Hon. John West, Descendants of Sir Thomas West, and of the following allied families: Waters, Bickerton, Todd, Bernard, Robinson, Beverley, Waring, Pendleton, Taylor, Madison, Gregory, West, Claiborne, Bassett, Cary, Burwell, Bacon, Littlepage, Quarles and Lovelace. The volume is well printed and well indexed.

Endress Im Hoff. A genealogical history of the Endress family. By William Fries Endress. N. Y., 1926.

This volume has been printed solely for the family and with that end in view it has been illustrated with many cuts that to the casual reader seem not germane. Chapters on Fitzhugh and Chew families are of local interest. There is no index and consequently the information contained in the volume is not readily accessible.

Genealogy of the Holloway Families, by Olin E. Holloway, M. D. Knightstown, Indiana, 1927. $7.00.

A volume of 462 pages, crudely put together and without index! Publication of a genealogy without an adequate index should be classed as a misdemeanor.

Book No. 6, The Stetson Kindred of America. Sketch of Cornet Robert Stetson. Compiled by Nelson M. Stetson, Campello, Mass. $2.00. Pp. 144.

Another volume without an index.

Descendants of Richard and Elizabeth (Ewen) Talbott. Compiled by Ida Morrison (Murphy) Shirk. Baltimore, 1927. Pp. 569.

This volume, the result of the labor of many years, is a distinct contribution to local genealogy. A great mass of information has been gathered from many sources and while there are some errors present, inescapable in a work of this character, the volume as a whole is a credit to the compiler. An index of 133 pages makes the contents of the work accessible.

The Gateway to American History. By Randolph G. Adams. Little, Brown & Company, Boston, 1927. Pp. 176, $3.00.

This admirable volume, the work of the Librarian of the William L. Clements Library, was written primarily for children, but if the text is interesting to children, the illustrations are more so to persons of more mature years. These illustrations have been reproduced from the rare Americana of the Clements Library, and all of them give the source from which taken. It is a delightful work and we recommend it for all children from the age of eight to eighty.

A History of the Jewish People. By Max Margolis and Alexander Marx. Philadelphia, The Jewish Publication Society of America, 1927. Pp. 825.

The authors of this work have realized the difficulty of writing the story of the life of the Jewish people within the compass of a single volume, but their work seems to be well done. The book is not encumbered with foot-notes, but it contains a bibliography, a series of Chronological Tables, a number of illustrative maps and an excellent index.

The index to the *Magazine* will be issued with the March number.

QUERIES.

John Greenwade was born in Maryland in 1796, emigrated early to Bourbon County, Kentucky, where he married 1818 to Ann Thomas, and reared a family. His children were named Isaac, Martha, Eliza, and Henrietta. He died there 1867. Can any of the readers of this *Magazine* put me in touch with the Greenwade family of Maryland?

Mrs. John Trotwood Moore,
State Library, Nashville, Tenn.

Information is desired as to how the families of Carroll of Carrollton and Brown of Ellicott City became related. John Carroll Brown baptized an adult, in St. Paul's P. E. Church. He was born about 1792 and married Elizabeth Merriken, Nov. 14th, 1815. He died May 19th, 1834 and was buried in Baltimore Cemetery, but was later removed to Greenmount Cemetery.

Charles Hoover White,
Rolling Road, Relay, Maryland.

Wright. Information wanted concerning John Wright, Sr. of Harford county, a private in Capt. Webb's Co., during the Revolution.

Was William Wright, soldier in War of 1812, the husband of Elinor Henderson of Harford county?

Mrs. W. A. Hixenbaugh,
628 S. 19th Street,
Omaha, Nebraska.

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